The Weather Today: {FOR NORTH CAROLINA} Partly Cloudy.

The News and Observer.

VOL. LIII. NO. 16. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1902. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Libry Of Congress July 19

Leads all North Carolina Daily Papers in Both News and Circulation

THE COAL MAGNATES GO TO WASHINGTON

President Mitchell is Also on the Way.

HOPE IS MORE BUOYANT

It is Based Largely Upon Roosevelt's Determination.

MITCHELL WILL EXPRESS NO OPINION

Morgan Talks With Some Leading Operators. It is Understood That They Have Prepared a Statement to Submit to the President.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Oct. 22.—"It is expected that all the men to whom invitations were sent yesterday will be at the conference tomorrow. Mr. Baer and Mr. Mitchell have accepted."

This was the only statement that could be obtained at the White House today regarding the conference, which will be held tomorrow on the coal situation.

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, was in conference with the President an hour today, and it is understood he came at the request of the President to discuss the situation. The President and Senator were not interrupted, and two Cabinet officers who called did not see the President while the conference was in progress. Senator Quay, after he left the President, would not discuss the situation or express an opinion as to the probable effect of the coming conference.

During the day Secretary Root, Attorney General Knox and Secretary Shaw were in conference with the President. Secretary Wilson was at the White House for a short time, but the first three remained with the President for nearly an hour. It is understood that the President discussed the subject of the conference tomorrow, the abinet officers making a number of suggestions as to what the President should say to those who will participate in it.

It has been decided that Attorney General Knox shall attend the conference tomorrow between the President, the coal operators and Mr. Mitchell of the Miners' Union. He will be the only member of the Cabinet who will be present. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, who recently made an investigation of the strike situation, also will attend upon the invitation of the President.

While every one connected with the administration is extremely reticent concerning the coming conference, there is a feeling of hope among those close to the President that it is going to result in a settlement of the strike. This is based upon the acuteness of the situation and the necessity that exists for a settlement. The determination of the President to bring about a settlement, if possible, is largely responsible for the confidence which is felt in the outcome.

Off for the Conference.

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 2.—The coal presidents left for Washington at 4:11 o'clock on a special train. The party consisted of E. B. Thomas, of the Erie; President Fowler, of the New York, Ontario and Western; David Willcox, Vice-president and General Counsel of the Delaware and Hudson, who went as the personal representative of President Olyphant; President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and John Markle, the independent operator.

President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who received a special invitation from President Roosevelt to attend tomorrow's coal conference, was a visitor at J. P. Morgan's office today. "I have not yet decided to accept the President's invitation," said Mr. Cassatt, "but I expect to make up my mind later in the day."

Mr. Morgan and his representatives talked with some of the leading operators today. It is understood that certain memoranda have been prepared and will be submitted to the President at tomorrow's conference.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 2.—The coal presidents arrived here at 6:20 p. m. President Baer, of the Philadelphia and Reading Company, joined the party here. To this point the train consisted of a passenger coach and the private car Atlas. Here the coach was taken off and President Baer's private car Philadelphia, was attached. The special train left here at 6:26, running as the second section of the Royal Limited Express over the Baltimore and Ohio road, under orders to run slow.

MITCHELL EN ROUTE

Disorders in Plymouth, Troops Called Out. Several Arrests Made.

(By the Associated Press.)

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 2.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, accompanied by District President Nichols, Duffy and Faly, left here this evening for Washington via Philadelphia. Mr. Mitchell conferred with the district presidents through the day. It is known what policy the executive board of the miner's union will pursue at the conference.

Mr. Mitchell declined to express any opinion. All he would say was that he hoped for the best. The general feeling is, however, that President Roosevelt will succeed in bringing both parties together.

The mining town of plymouth, which has been free from any disturbance since the strike began, was the scene of much disorder today. Mobs surrounded the Sterling and North American washeries and Sheriff Jacobs being unable to disperse them, summoned the military. Colonel Dougherty sent three companies of the Ninth regiment to the scene and they arrested eleven men charged with rioting. They were brought before Magistrate Pollock of this city, who, after a hearing, held them in $1,000 bail each for trial at court.

A strong guard was placed over the washeries tonight. They are expected to resume operations tomorrow.

The washery of the Hollenbeck mine started up work this afternoon. This was a surprise to the strikers. Despite the conference called to meet at Washington, the operators in the Wyoming Valley are very aggressive.

OPERATORS MUST APPEAR.

And Show Cause Why Proceedings Should Not be Begun Under Donelly.

(By the Associated Press.)

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 2.--Attorney General Davies announced today that he had granted the application of the New York American and Journal that the coal operators be summoned to appear before him and show cause why proceedings should not be instituted against them under the Donnelly Anti-Trust Law. A hearing will be given in this city October 8th.

THAT INDE-PUBPOPLICAN POW-WOW IN JONES COUNTY

All But Two of the Twenty-one That Met and Nonimated a Partial Ticket Were Republicans or Populists.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Trenton, N. C., Oct. 2.—After much advertising and other effort the "Independents" again met in mass meeting here onday, 29th. Twenty-one all told. Of that number, all but possibly two were Republicans or Populists of long standing. The affair was maanged by Frank Brown, Pop-Rep., ex-clerk in aMrshall's office at Raleigh; Frank Green, Populist postmaster at Trenton, and M. M. Collins, Republican. These were all that had any say so in it. They concussed long and then put out part of a ticket. I am quite sure if they had known of the force in store for them the "mass meeting" would never have been called.

We have not yet forgotten the negro magistrates and Fusion mismanagement these same "Independents" leaders helped to put on us, and our good people are letting them alone. They tried to get several Democrats who were candidates before the Democratic convention to let them nominate them, but were refused every time.

Jones is allright and will give in November the largest Democratic majority in its history.

CASTRO AWAITING ATTACK.

Mates and Mendoza Unite Their Revolutionary Forces. Desertions From Castro's Army.

(By the Associated Press.)

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, Oct. 2.—News has reached here from Venezuela that the Venezuelan revolutionary forces under General Matos have effected a junction with the command of the revolutionary general, Mendoza, near Camatagua, in the State of Miranda, fifty miles south of Caracas. The combined forces of Generals Matos and Mendoza now total 6,500 men.

Last Wednesday the revolutionists were at San Juan de los Moros, near Villa de Cura. At this point the government forces under President Castro, amounting to 4,000 men, retreated precipitately before the vanguard of the revolutionists. There have been many desertions from President Castro's army. President Castro is now at Los Teques, a very strong strategical position, but a few hours' ride from Caracas and which is considered nearly impregnable. He is awaiting attack by the revolutionists.

Cresceus Tries Again and Fails.

(By the Associated Press.)

Cincinnati, Ohio, Oct. 2.—Cresceus, George H. Ketcham's champion trotter, made an attempt to lower the world's record at the opening of the Grand Circuit meeting in this city today, but failed on account of a bad track. He covered the mile in 2:08, which is the fastest ever hung out on the Oakley track, where the races were held.

Two Homicides in Virginia.

(By the Associated Press.)

Alexandria, La., Oct. 2.—Specials to the Record say that George Dorman, Jr., shot and instantly killed Jacob Pirit at Richland, near here.

At Tioga, a lumber town near here, Marshal Moore, aged 12 years, was shot and killed by John Stallings, aged 11 years. Stallings has been arrested and jailed.

The Strike at Tracey City.

(By the Associated Press.)

Tracy City, Tenn., Oct. 2.—The strike situation here seems to be growing worse. All the private mine operators have been asked to stop shipping coal and as some failed to do so their mines were wrecked and rendered useless. The miners at Clause Hill are out and no coal is being shipped over the Tracy City branch road.

A woman's idea of a bargain is something she can't afford when she needs it and which is offered at a reduction when she has no use for it.

A GREATER TOBACCO COMBINE

Mr. Ryan Explains the Agreement Between American-British Interests.

(By the Associated Press.)

New ork, Oct. 2.—An authorized statement regarding the agreement between the American and British Tobacco Companies was made known today by Thos. F. Ryan, who returned on Tuesday from London. Mr. Ryan said that the statements made in several of the papers on the morning after his arrival,, purporting to quote his interpretation of the agreement in London were inaccurate, and in some instances misleading. As to the conditions under which the new agrement was formed he said today:

"The agreement made between the representatives of the Imperial Tobacco Company, of England on the one hand and the Consolidated Tobacco Company on the other, was mutual in its character, but entirely satisfactory to both sides. It was accomplished by friendly conference after full consideration of the interests of all parties affected. The agreement was of an international character which has not belonged, I think to any previous trade arrangement. It means the reunion of the representatives of an important business in Great Britain and America for the purpose of seeking trade hand in hand throughout the world. My visit to London grew out of an invitation extended to me in July last by the directors of the British Company, after several of the directors had visited the United States, and while here had conferred with Mr. Duke, President of the Consolidated Tobacco Company and myself regarding the respective interests of the companies we represented. The agreement made to transfer to the Imperial Tobacco Company the business of the Consolidated Tobacco Company in England was made for full and satisfactory consideration. The American Company becomes shareholder in the English Company with three representatives on its board of directors, one of whom is Mr. Duke.

"The Consolidated Tobacco Company will pursue its business in the American field, including not only the United States, but Cuba, Porto Rico, the Hawaiian Islands and the Philippine Islands without competition from the English Company. The Imperial Company will not encounter the competition of the American Company in the business of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, including Scotland and Wales in the new British-American Company, the Bdition Company has one-third of the stock and the American Company has two-thirds. The Baord of Directors consists of six representatives of the British Company and twelve of the American, with Mr. Duke as its president, who remains abroad to perfect the organization. This British-American Company will take over the entire business of the Imperial Company and of the Consolidated Company in all foreign countries and in the colonies of Great Britain, including India, Canada and Australia. The agreement made is satisfactory to both sides and equitable to all interests represented."

Manila, Oct. 2.—General Chaffee and Vice Governor Wright sailed for San Francisco today on the transport Sumner. They were accorded a general and popular farewell demonstration.

TWELVE KILLED BY FIRE DAMP

The Lawson Mine in Washington Badly Wrecked by an Explosion.

(By the Associated Press.)

Black Diamond, Wash., Oct. 2.—An explosion of fire damp occurred last night between nine and half past nine o'clock in the south end of the fourth level of the Lawson mine, badly wrecking the minYe and killing twelve miners.

Fortunately no fire was started. Three bodies have been taken out. There are supposed to be nine more bodies in the mine. Three miners were injured, one badly.

The dead are:

JOE JACK.
FRANK FLINDER.
FRANK ROCHELLE.
ROBERT LUNDBERG.
JOHN SWANSON.
JOHN CREGNINO.
SIMON TERSUAVICH.
EDWARD ACTLENAT.
—— ERICCO.
JOHN LETER.
HUGH LEVANDER.
LOUIS BERKMAN.

The Pacific Coast Company is the owner of the mine.

Everything possible is being done to recover the bodies. The fourth level is 1,600 feet below the surface.

The fans are now working in the mine and the deadly air is being cleared out.

PRITCHARD INSULTS THE BEST PEOPLE OF THE STATE

Such Charges Though Sugar Coated With Political Argument Are Enough to Provoke Hisses, Says One Prominent Gentleman.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 2.—Speaking today of Pritchard being hissed here last night, a prominent gentleman said he deprecated that form of rebuke. "But," said he, "when a man who represents a great State as its Senator stands up and repeatedly insults its best white men and women by not only excusing the awful reign of terror just passed in this State, but actually declares that these white people (who faced death and endured worse than that to bring about a change in spite of his moving heaven and earth and invoking aid from the Federal government to have such horrible conditions continue) are themselves political lovers of the negro, and their pretended love of Anglo-Saxon supremacy a sham, I think it is time for self-respecting people to resent it.'

"Mr. Craig begged them not to leave and they had no other resort but to hiss. And, too," he continued, "the offense was intensified by the fact that every time Pritchard praised Russell and vilified Democrats as being real negro lovers, the whole revenue contingent would raise the roof off with howls of delight. When respect for Mr. Craig induces ladies and gentlemen to attend these meetings, respect for himself should prompt Mr. Pritchard to at least be decent, and if such infamous aspersions are made justifiable from a politician's standpoint in joint debate, the sooner self-respecting white people cease attending, the better for them.

"It was all well enough for Mr. Pritchard," said he, "to talk about pitching hissers of Craig out of the window in his country, but suppose Craig was to go there and accuse every Confederate soldier of being at heart a vile traitor and deserter in spite of the fact that they fought four long years for Southern homes and honor, he would himself be pitched out a window deservedly, and his offence against the truth and the commonest sort of decency would be exactly parallel to Pritchard's offence here yesterday.

"It is shameful to have to tacitly endorse such slander and be helpless to resent it properly, and have no one else do it.

"You may call these old fogy ideas and raking up the past if you will, but neither my manhood nor my sense of honor have yet been sapped by commercial or twentieth century ideas of everything being legitimate in political discussion, sufficient to swallow the base charges Pritchard makes because they are sugar-coated with justifiable, strong and legitimate political arguments."

GET WILCOX OUT OF THIS JAIL.

Trouble Threatened in a Scrawl Nailed on the Wall at Night.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Elizabeth City, N. C., Oct. 2.—"Get Wilcox out of this jail by Saturday night, if you don't want trouble.

"VOX POPULI."

These words were scratched upon a piece of paper and nailed upon the outer walls of the county jail some time during the dead hours of last night. Some one saw it early this morning and before hundreds had flocked thitherwards, read and questioned its import.

This created no little excitement, and many thought it was a warning from some organizing mob. Others believe with the authorities that it is some plot of Tom Wilcox, to leave the impression upon the outside world that Jim was being hounded.

DIDN'T NEED THE REWARD.

Colored Physician Met Green McAdo Looked at His "Heels" and Wilted.

(Special to News and Observer.)

High Point, N. C., Oct. 2.—Chair manufacturers of Kentuck will establish a large chair factory heer for finishing purposes. The prospective superintendent is Mr. Jno. Petty, of Winston. The buildings will be erectedat an early date.

One day last week Dr. Gerran, a colored physician of this place, was on the train between Greensboro and Raleigh and ran up against a proposition that tried his nerves. He has known Green McAdoo, the Greensboro negro who murdered his wife sometimeago, and who has been laying out in the woods since. When the train stopped at a small station, Green entered the car, shaking the rain from his coat, looked around the car. He spoke to Dr. Gerran and eyed him with suspicion. He then took of his coat, brought to view two guns and laid them under his coat. He told Dr. Gerran he was going to Selma. In the meantime the poster came along, and be and Dr. Gerran agreed that the man was Green McAdoo, for whom a reward of $300 was outstanding. The officers at Raleigh were wired to be at the train. When the train pulled up Green slipped out of the car with his guns and was lost to sight, although diligent search was made. Dr. Gerran said he would like to have won the money, but concluded at this time he didn't need the money.

It is understood that workmen will in a few days commence to break ground for the new depot for High Point. Hooray!

WATSON AT WADESBORO.

A Strong and Convincing Argument for Straight Democracy.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Wadesboro, N. C., Oct. 2.—Hon. Watson spoke in the court house today with his usual force and power. The crowd, while not large was very appreciative. His explanation of the difference between trusts and legitimate corporations was so plain that all understood. His argument and proof that the Republican party fostered and protected by National legislation these trusts, was powerful, convincing and unanswerable. He clearly proved that independentism in the State was nothing but an aid to put Republicanism back in power. He spoke of Pritchard voting in the State Legislature against pensioning loyal Confederate soldiers, and voting in Congress to pension deserters. He spoke forcibly of the injustice and cruelty of prosecuting the Philippine war.

The speech from beginning to finish is considered by all who heard it to be the strongest and most convincing for straight Democracy that has been delivered here for many years.

AUGUSTA RAILWAY BOUGHT.

By Interests Identified With the Railway and Light Company of America

(By the Associated Press.)

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 2.—Interests identified with the railways and Light Company of America, who are also the controlling owners in the North Augusta Electric and Improvement Company of Augusta Ga., and the Augusta-Aiken Electric Railway, consummated the purchase in this city today of a majority of the stock of the Augusta Railway and Electric Company of Augusta, Ga. The purchasers are as follows:

J. W. Middendorf & Company, of Baltimore; John L. Williams & Sons, of Richmond, Va.; John Blair Macafee, of Philadelphia; Adfred S. Elliott, of Wilmington, Del.; James W. Jackson, of Augusta, Ga.

The Augusta Railway and Electric Company owns the entire Street Railway and Electrict Lighting properties of the city of Augusta, Ga. The control of the company was bought from Messrs. Jarvis & Conklin, of New York, and Colonel L. B. Dyer, of New York. Its capital stock is $1,000,000, and it has $1,000,000 of bonds outstanding.

HE SHOT HIMSELF.

J. B. Makepeace Was Driven to Suicide by Melancholy.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Sanford, N. C., Oct. 2.—Mr. J. B. Makepeace, a prominent business man here, committed suicide at his home at noon today by shooting himself through the head with a 32-calibre Winchester rifle. Death followed instaneously. The cause of the rash act is said to have been melancholy.

The deceased was interested in several cotton mill ventures and was wealthy.

Negroes Prosperous in Mississippi.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 2.—An intelligent coloredman named Madkins, who has lived in azoo City, Miss., for over thirty years, was in the city yesterday on a return from a visit to his former owners in Caswell county, where he was most kindly received. Madkins says the negroes of Mississippi are in better shape financially than they have ever been before. They are rapidly acquiring property in the State and live in perfect harmony with the white people. Of course he referred to the bettel class of negroes, and not the "low-flung niggers," as he termed the others. Negro labor in Mississippi is contented, he says, very few people having left the State in recent years to seek their fortunes in the North. Some have found it a costly experiment.

Mr. Joseph W. Kates, of Richmond, Superintendent of the Southern division of the Postal Telegraph Company, is here to direct the work of the removal of the Postal to a new office just across from its old place. Mr. Robert Alison, a Richmond lineman, is also here to aid in the work. The Postal is going into the office vacated by Peacock and Gold It hopes to be in the new place by this evening or certainly tomorrow morning.

Rev. G. Green, a promising young Methodist Episcopal minister, is dead at Graham. He has been in the ministry about three years.

National League.

(By the Associated Press.)

At Philadelphia—		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn..	000000000	0	2	2
Philadelphia	00002002*	4	7	1

At Boston—		R.	H.	E.
Boston	00001000000001	2	10	0
New York.	00001000000000	1	11	1

Pittsburg..	031000000	4	6	2
Cincinnati..	100110030	6	15	3

PRITCHARD-CRAIG DEBATE AT LENOIR

They Will Meet no More Until the Eighth.

THEN AT STATESVILLE

Craig Hammers the Trusts in an Impersonal Speech.

PRITCHARD HAS NO REMEDY FOR EVIL

He Classes Mr. Craig as an Ambitious Youngling and the Latter. Then Makes a Brief Impassioned and Patriotic Rejoinder.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Lenoir, N. C., Oct. 2.—Senator Pritchard and Locke Craig spoke here today to a crowd of about three hundred and fifty people, almost equally divided between the parties. Neither of the gentlemen were in the best of condition. Mr. Craig had a bad sore throat and Senator Pritchard a severe headache. Craig led off for one hour and five minutes, followed by the Senator in a speech of one hour and ten minutes with a ten minutes rejoinder by the first speaker.

Mr. Craig devoted fifty-five minutes to the trusts, denouncing them in strong and eloquent language, and charging that the Republican party was not only responsible for them, but that it was owned body and soul by the trusts, and that they were fostered and fed by a high tariff imposed upon the consumer for the benefit of their masters and owners, who in return supplied it with campaign funds to corrupt and control the election.

He read the Richardson resolution to leave it with the President and Secretary of the Treasury to put trust made articles on the free list, and made a powerful appeal for its fairness and justice and begged Senator Pritchard to support it, not to save the life of its author as he had declared he would not do, but to save the life and liberties of the people.

Coming down to State matters, Mr. Craig made an excellent defense of the last Legislature in making liberal appropriations for schools, asylums and Confederate pensions, and contrasted in vivid colors the record of the two parties along these lines. He congratulated the people that to the Democratic party they owed it that for the first time in thirty-five years a discussion on living issues was possible in North Carolina.

The speech was entirely impersonal and in excellent temper.

Mr. Pritchard in his reply took ground against any revision of the tariff whatever and denied that the tariff was responsible for the existence of the trusts, citing as evidence of his position the Standard Oil Company and the Anthracite Coal trust, neither of which he claimed had any protection for their products. He further declared that free-trade England had more trusts than America; that only twelve per cent. of manufactured articles were made by trusts and declared that we had better "endure the ills we have than fly to others we knew nothing of." He offered no remedy for the evil, but claimed that the Republican party had suppressed and broken up several unlawful combinations failing, however, to say what they were. He further charged that J. Pierpont Morgan was helping the Democrats because they were more favorable to his schemes than the Republicans on State matters. He attempted to sustain his charge of extravagance, charged that the Democratic machine had foreordained that Craig should be his successor and classed him as a youngling, whose ambition was pushing aside the Confederate veteran for his own advancement. The burden of his speech was "prosperity" and he argued strongly for the protection of raw material, and especially lumber.

Mr. Craig made an impassioned rejoinder. He declared that he was a tariff for revenue man only and gave notice that the Democratic party would continue to care for the old soldiers, cost what it might.

Both gentlemen were liberally applauded by their parties. The crowd was good natured and accorded to both a respectful and attentive hearing.

There will be no more debates between Senator Pritchard and Mr. Craig until they meet in Statesville on the 8th. Senator Pritchard will go to Washington to attend to some business matters and will return on the 7th. The debators will then speak as follows:

Statesville, October 8.
Charlotte, October 9.
Hickory, October 10.
Asheville, October 11.

Grand Army Men Arrive.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Oct., 2.—The first of the veterans from the outside, who are to attend the Grand Army Encampment, arrived here today, and it is expected that from this time on the beginning of the encampment exercises, the arrivals will continue.

General Torrance and his staff are expected tomorrow.

The commander-in-chief will find the city quite prepared to receive himself and his comrades. Within the last twenty-four hours hundreds of flags, big and little have been unfurled along the principal streets.