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HAS ROOSEVELT **TOLD THEM ALL?**

Adopted by Senate.

THE PANAMA MATTER

Mr. Bacon's Suggestion of Building a Railroad for Colombia From Bogota to the Canal Opposed by Mr. Platt of Connecticut.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29 .- The Senate today adopted the resolution introduced by Mr. Culberson for the Democratic caucus which calls upon the President to state whether the Senate has been supplied with all the facts bearing upon the controversy over Panama. There was no division, so that the vote on the resolution was unanimous; but there was a roll call on the amendment suggested by Mr. Cullom, for the Republican side of the chamber, calling for the information only in case the President should consider it not incompatible with the public interest to supply it, and it was adopted by the decisive vote of 39 to 20, all the Republican Senators present voting for the amendment and all the Democrats, except Mr. McEnery (who voted with the Repub-licans), casting their votes against it. There were during the debate frequent assurances that notwithstanding the modification all the papers bearing upon the question would be sent to the Senate Speeches on the resolution were made by Mr. Cockrell and Mr. McLaurin and both were favorable to the resolution and opposed to the Cullom amendment.

The Senate then at the request of Mi Bacon took up the resolution introduced by that Senator advising the President that the Senate suggests a treaty with Colombia looking to a satisfactory adusiment of all claims on the part of that country against the United States grow ing out of the Panama revolution. Mr. Bacon addressed the Senate in support of the resolution saying that its purpose is that of securing an amicable settlement of avert hostilities. He contended that the measure is in direct accord with and policy of this government to avoid conflict whenever it is possible to do and quote many authorities in support

of this statement. Much of Mr. Bacon's discourse was devoted to presenting the question of aru; tration for the settlement of interna-tional disputes and he quoted many eminent Americans of the past in support of that policy. He reached the conclusion that the people of the United State were thoroughly committed to a policy of concession to avoid war in all proper cases and he contended that in the present instance the United States could not afford to violate the well established

He said we should first proceed by corcillatory advances towards Colombia and in case our proffer should not be favorreceived then the entire matter should be submitted to arbitration.

He said even if we assumed that all of the representations of the United States were true and all those of Colombia false. still there was an issue, and the proper way to settle it was the way of peace and conciliation. He did not contend that our right to recognize Panama should be arbitrated, but he did hold that a question for arbitration was presented in the differences that have arisen over the construction of the treaty of 1846. All he wanted was that we should approach the Colombian government in a proper spirit and not treat that country in a haughty and defiant manner.

Speaking of the proposition to tender the good offices of the United States looking to a settlement of the controversy between Colombia and Panama Mr. Bacon said that this mode of proceeding would be inadequate because it would not take into account Colombia's differences with the United States. In this connection he reiterated his conviction that the Panama revolution was an accomplished fact and added his further conviction that the canal would be built at Panama. 1018 being true he argued that "there is no more important duty than to remove whatever source of friction there may

He had heard it stated that Colombia would be perfectly conciliated if the United States would devote ten million dollars for the purpose of building a railroad connecting Bogota with the canal, and if were the case he did not believe the United States could do better than to meet the suggestion in a favorable

Mr. Platt (Conn.) suggested that if it was to be the understood policy of the United States to buy its peace with all countries which made claims against this country or have controversies with it we should have an abundance of opportunity for the expenditure of our money. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

No Interregnum, Says Littlfield.

Washington, Jan. 29 .- The House today considered whether members of Congress are entitled to be paid mileage a second time. The controversy arose on an item in the Urgent Deficiency Bill providing for two payments of mileage for Senators and members of the House on account of struction and maintenance of post roads. a multiplicity of details such as attached tion of that city until recently.

the extra session which merged into the regular session. A point of order was raised by Mr. Maddox (Dem. Ga.) against the respect of mileage a second time and the payment of mileage a second time and ne was supported by Mr. Littlefield (Rep. Me.) who contended that there had been no interregnum and consequently but one session of Congress, and therefore no authority of law for a second appropriation for mileage.

Mr. Grosvener proposed an amendment providing that any member so desiring Culberson's Resolution might cover any money due him under So Far as Buying the this appropriation into the treasury. Laughter followed its reading.

Mr. Maddox said he had heard cheap amendments offered before and he could exercise his right to accept or return money without amendment.

The interest manifested in the question was shown by the fact that there were few empty seats on either side of the chamber when the mileage item was reached. Mr. Littlefield received close attention and was placed with numerous questions as to his interpretation of the law and the Constitution. An adjournment was taken before a conclusion was

Consideration of the amendment increasing the appropriation for the expenses of the district land offices precipitated a discussion on the subject of alleged land frauds. Mr. Mondell (Rep. Wyo.) author of the amendment, in urging an increased appropriation called attention to the inreased volume of business. Mr. Robinson (Dem. Ind.) asked if the increased business was not due to fraudulent entries. Mr. Mondell replied that he had no knowl- of Winston, appeared before the House the reports of frauds to be greatly exaggerated by persons in whose interest it s to have such reports circulated.

national Exchange Commission and another provision authorizing the consolidation of customs collection districts, were

The House adjourned until tomorrow.

Corpse of W. J. Lee Found the committee but they have always been rejected though in some instances in the Road.

The Body is Cut and Gashed in Several Places. Clarence Glover is Arrested on Suspicion and Lodged in Jail.

(Special to News and Observer.) Dunn, N. C., Jan. 29 .- W. J. Lee was Smithfield and his home near here. His brought forth many expressions of re- condition and the attendance large. body is cut and gashed in several places. gret from his colleagues in the House of Clarence Glover accompanied him to Smithfield yesterday, where both became intoxicated before leaving together late in the afternoon. Upon being strongly suspected Glover has been apprehended and in default of bail is now in fail at

TILLMAN SAYS HE'S DODGING.

He Fires More Questions at Shaw as to the Status of Crum.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 29 .- In the Senate to day Mr. Tillman introduced a resolution asking for more specific information from the Secretary of the Treasury concerning the nomination of W. D. Crum as Collector of Customs for the port of Charleston, S. C., than was contained in the letter from the Secretary received yesterday by the Senate. He said that the Secretary's letter is ambiguous and fails entirely of its object. He asserted that the Secretary had with great adroitness dodged the issue.

Following the text of the resolution: Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, instructed to send to the Senate information in regard to teh apointment of W. D. Crum as Collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., and that he answer specifically the

following questions: "First. Is W. D. Crum now holding a commission as collector? If so, give date and send to the Senate a verbatim copy

"Second. Was his second appointment made in accordance with law, and if so

"Third. Is there any law or precedent for the holding of an office of this kind by a de facto official?

"Fourth. Is it the contention or intention to claim and exercise the authority to make such appointments, during a con structive recess, as this appears to be?" Messrs. Aldrich and Spooner objected to immediate consideration and the reso lution went over for a day.

For a Pow-Wow Over Panama.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Jan. 29 .- Senator Gorman has called a caucus of the Democratic Senators to be held tomorrow at 11 a. m. It was announced that no general plans were entertained except that a "powwow" over the Panama question seemed to be necessary from a Democratic point

Bill by Maddox for Post-roads.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, aJn. 29 .- Representative Maddox, of Georgia, introduced a bill today providing for the per capita distribution of not to exceed \$25,000 annually of the surplus in the Treasury, among the States and Territories for the con-

SEEM TO BE VAIN

County Court House.

MOODY-GUDGER CASE

Little Doubt That the Committee Will Report Unanimously in Favor of Gudger. Ready to Pay for Public Building Site af Betsy.

(Special to News and Observer.) Washington, D. C., Jan. 29 .- Representative W. W. Kitchin, with Mayor O. B. Eaton and Postmaster C. F. Comlinson, edge to that effect, and said he believed Committee on Public Buildings today and made arguments for the bill appropriating \$135,000 to buy the county courthouse

The provision in the Urgent Deficiency at Winston for a government building Bill to defray the expenses of the Inter-. The committee reached no decision regarding the matter, but the prospects for th bill do not appear bright as severas influential members of the committee have indicated opposition to it. They say they have no objection to voting an appropriation to erect a public building Winston can make out a good cause one. But they are opposed to th policy of purchasing buildings origina y designed for the purposes. Several similar propositions to that of Winston have from time to time been before

> the buildings were offered at much less There will be a hearing February 1410 on Mr. Gudger's bill appropriating sixty thousand dollars to enlarge the Ashevine public building. He expects a delegation from Asheville to go before the

the committee but they havd arways

The government is now ready to pay for the site of the proposed building at Elizabeth City, and Congressman Small, who secured \$140,000 appropriation for the building at the last session of Congress, will urge an early beginning of the work. He thinks it will be one of the bandsomest public buildings in the State,

The announcement of the retirement ad today on the road between Congressman Kluttz after this term has mile free-for-all. The course both political parties. Mr. Kluttz has made many warm and influential friends | Vanderbilt and others will try for world's during his three terms in Congress and records on Monday. Two of Barney Oldthey sincerely regret that he has decided not to return.

While the report of the sub-committee on the Moody-Gudger contest has not yet drawn its report there is little doubt that it will be unanimously in favor of Gud-FRED L. MERRITT.

NEITHER GALLOWS NOR CELL.

Crazy, She Kills Him, But Recovers and Escapes Asylum.

(By the Associated Press.)

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 29.-Mrs. Lulu Prince Kennedy Kramer, on trial a second time for the murder in January, 1901, of her first husband, Philip K. Hennedy, was found not guilty by a jury here today. At her first trial she was convicted and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

The case was reversed, giving her re lease on bond. Last February she married John Kramer, an attorney. Mrs. Kennedy killed Kennedy, who was local agent for the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation Company, a month after they had been married. He had refused to live with her, bringing suit to have the mar riage annulled on the ground that he had been forced into it.

The first verdict was reversed on a technicality. Mrs. Kennedy's defense was emotional insanity and evidence was presented to show that her grandfather and great-grandfather had died in insane asylums, one in New Hampshire and one in Connecticut

The verdict of acquittal was found sole ly on he ground that Mrs. Kennedy was insane when she shot her husband. The save her from being sent to an asylum.

MACHEN IS TO TAKE STAND.

May be Put on Tuesday. Case Goes to Jury Next Week.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Jan. 29.-The third week

f the postal trial closed today, and the indications now are that the case will go to the jury about the end of next week-August W. Machen, the former General Superintendent of the Free Delivery system, probably will take the stand Tuesday and the present intention is for the other defendatns, Dr. and Mrs. George E. Lorenz and Dillet F. and Samuel A. may not be carried out.

The defense today sought to show by

to the rapidly growing rural free deliv er yservice, to give personal attention t all the mail and other official matters.

There was considerable conroversy over the admission of testimony of Diller B. Groff regarding what he knew of the transactions between his father, one of the defendants, and Dr. Lorenz, and objections to part of his testimony, caused a withdrawal of some of the questions as to the early history of the fasteners until Monday.

Small Blaze in the Capitol.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Jan. 29 .- The Washington fire department was called on at 4:45 this afternoon to distinguish a blaze coming from the chimney leading from the fireplace of the Foreign Affairs Commit tee room at the House end of the capitol The fire was speedily extinguished by the use of the chemical apparatus without apparent damage to the building. No commotion was occasioned by the fire which was not generally known until after it had been extinguished.

Improving Their Armory.

(Special to News and Observer.) Fayetteville, N. C., Jan.a 29.-The Fay etteville Independent Light Infantry, Co First North Carolina National Guards, and "The Grays," have given out the contract for extensive improvements on their large armory here. They will build new company and property rooms, with galler es on the sides and rear.

Brother of Ex-Governor Taylor Dead.

(By the Associated Press.) Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 29 .- N. C. Tay lor, brother of ex-Governor R. S. Taylor, and Hon. A. A. Taylor, died today at the Taylor home near Johnson City, Tenn.

Youthful Scorcher Vanderbilt House is Something Fierce.

(By the Associated Press.) Ormond, Fla., Jan. 29 .- This was a field day for W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., in the automobile tournament for he won every race in which he started. In the one nile class he beat Brokaw Breese and Border, winning his final heat in 47 3-5 seconds. Mr. Vanderbilt won both the five-mile

ace for gentlemen amateurs and the five-The automobile races tomorrow will be at ten, twenty and fifty miles, W. K.

field's machines are disabled. Summary of today's events: One mile, class B, owners drivers, first heat: H. A. Bowden won, time 51 4-5 second heat, Vanderbilt won, time 47 3.5; third heat, A. B. Proctor Smith won, time 1:07 1-5. Vanderbilt won in the final

his time being 48 cents. On mile, class A, 105 class, one heat, three starters. H. A. Bowden won, time 52 2-5: F. A. LaRoche 55 1-5 seconds. One mile 56 seconds, class A, first heat. Bowden won, 48 seconds; S. B. Stevens 48 1-5; W. G. Brokaw 49 seconds, third. Second heat, LaRoche won, time 53 2-5. Bowden won the final in 50 4-5.

One mile for motor cycles: A. W. Curtiss won, time 59 1-5; Oscar Hedstrom 104 second.

Five mile invitation for gentlemen amateurs. First heat won by James C. Breeze yesterday; second heat won by Vanderbilt, time 3:38 1-5; S. B. Stevens, cond 3:39. Bowden, 3:30 2-5 third. The seconds, Stevens 3:41 3-5 seconds.

Five mile free for all. First heat won by Earney Oldfield, time 3:48 4-5, La-Roche, 4:01 2-5; second heat Vanderbilt won in 3:40, Bowden second 3:55 1-4. Final won by Vanderbilt in the fast time of 3:31 3-5, Bowden second 3:45 4-5.

Five mile handicap won by S. B. Stevens, time 4:00 2-5; Joseph Tracy, second. Seven started in the handicap from scratch to ninety feet.

Half a Mile of Glowing Embers.

(By the Associated Press.)

North Tonawanda, N. Y., Jan. 28 .- Hall square mile of glowing embers was an that remained today of one of the largest jury, however, found "that the defendant lumber yards in North Tonawanda, after has since regained her sanity, which will last night's big fire. All of the north end of Tonawanda Island was swept by the flames and between twelve and fifteen million feet of lumber, valued at a quarter of a million dollars was destroyed. The loss is fully covered by nsurance The heaviest loser is the firm of White Rider and Frost, whose loss will amount to \$225,000. Other firms who suffered are W. W. Tyler & Company and the Lee Lumber Company. The fire is generally believed to have been of incendiary origin from the fact that oil soaked waste was found burning in several ...f ferent places.

Frankfort Wins the Fight.

(By the Associated Press.)

Groff, also to testify, though this plan by the Senate today to the unanimous vote of the House bill appropriating a He was followed by Mr. Kumler, for the million dollars for a new capitol at Frank- Lorenzes who asserted that as far back for the Groff fasteners were sent out in the orders of government since the Legislature as a reprefor the Groff fasteners were sent out in the ordinary orificial routine and that it sentative from Lexington, and started a Machen \$25,000 and that whatever money sentative from Lexington, and started a Machen \$25,000 and that whatever money is into the characteristic from Lexington, and started a Machen \$25,000 and that whatever money is into the characteristic from Lexington, and started a Machen \$25,000 and that whatever money is into the characteristic from Lexington, and started a Machen \$25,000 and that whatever money is into the characteristic from Lexington and th was impossible for a chief of bureau with fight which has been the cherished ambi- Lorenz paid to Machen was in settlement

RUSSIA CAN DO MORE FOR PEACE

If Japan Rejects This, Let her accustomed place in court.

The first witness for the defense was the War Come.

SO SAYS AN OFFICIAL

The Russian Reply Containing All Concessions That the Czar Can Make Will Not be Transmitted to Tokio Until Next Week.

(By the Associated Press.) St. Petersburg, an. 29.-The authorities here now say that the Russian reply to apan will not be transmitted until next

It is said that the delay was necessitated in consequence of the extreme care taken in drafting the document, Viceroy Alexieff's views are also awaited before

its transmission to the Czar. a It is fully realized here that the forwarding of the answer will mark another critical stage in the negotiations, every thing depending on Japan's attitude. It is feared that despite pacific influence the hands of the authorities may be forced on account of the excitement of the ress and people.

A high official said: "Of course we cannot prevent war Russia will to her utmost to offer Japan basis for a durable peace, but there are limits beyond which we cannot go. Korea we grant practically everything and in Manchuria we already recognize all the treaty rights of apan, and all the other powers. Should apan reject our conciliatory propositions the world must place the responsibility upon Japan."

Reply Said to be Satisfactory.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, aJn. 29.-The Associated Press has the authority of the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg for the an nouncement that the Russian reply is satisfactory. Although no further details are obtainable, it is assumed if the information of the Ambassador is correct that Russia has made certain concessions and that Great Britain will prevail on Japan

to accept them as satisfactory. The statement of the British Ambassa dor went from St. Petersburg to the Brit ish Legation in Tokio, where Mr. Grisheard of it and cabled the news to the State Department, the cablegram arriving over night.

Mobilizing Japan's Army.

(By the Associated Press.) Port Arthur, Jan. 28.-A telegram re-

ported to have been sent by the Russian military attache at Tokio, was received here yesterday. It gave information of and had the effect of renewing preparations for the dispatch of the troops already ordered to the north, but who had been of affairs.

Paris, Jan. 28 .- The Port Arthur correfinal was won by Vanderbilt in 3:34 3.5 suffering from influenza, but he confers agreed that in case Mr. Borden could not daily with his military chiefs.

Huge Cotton Cargo for Japan.

(By the Associated Press.) Houston, Texas, Jan. 28.-A shipment of left here tonight via the Southern Pacific for San Francisco. The shipment required forty-one cars and is a record. so far as Oriental trade is concerned. The ture shows a very attractive and handfeight bill amounts to \$23,000.

Japanese Cruisers Sail.

Colombo, Ceylon, Jan. 28 .- The Japanese rmored cruisers Niassin and Kassaga, which arrived here January 27th, have

Japan Buying Cattle.

Manila, Jan. 28.-The Japanese govern-

Islands.

WEPT WITH SELF-PITY.

Mrs. Lorenz's Lawyer Harrows Up Her Feelings by His Eloquence.

(By the Associated Press.)

the postal trial opened today. Mr. Mad- in a week or ten days. dox, on behalf of the Groffs, said he would prove that George E. Lorenz had, Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 28.-The passage in 1895, purchased for the sum of \$500 a one-half interest in the Groff fastener.

half of Machen, agreed with what Mr. 661491 and Mr. Kumler had said and would prove there was When Mr. Kumler, in the pening remarks said that bening remarks, said that d been scandalized by the government which had treated her with cruelty, Mrs. Lorenz broke down and wept bitterly. She was led from the room by Mrs. Machen and Mrs. Phillips, Mr. Machen's sister. She recovered her comocsure during the recess and occupied

Miss Ina S. Liebhardt, chief clerk of the rural free delivery division. that since 1901 she had placed Machen's name and initials on nearly every paper going out of the free delievry division. many of them relating to Groff fasteners. She was still under examination when court adjourned.

Changes on the Southern.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Jan. 29.-The Southern Railway has, made the following changes in its freight traffic representatives located in New York City, effective Febru-

ary 1 H. Tyler Smith, Soliciting Agent, Piedmont Air Line, vice S. W. Britton, re-

J. W. Thornburn, Soliciting Agent of the Asheville line, vice Smith, promoted.

Accidentally Killed His Friend.

(Special to News and Observer.) Lincolnton, N. C., Jan. 29 .- Berry Abernethy and Earle Seagle, of Reepsville, each aged fifteen, were hunting today when they jumped a rabbit, and running with cocked gun, Seagle feil. His gun was discharged and the entire load entering the head of Abernethy at one ear and came out at the other, killing him in-

DEATH IN THE CAN

Seven Girls Are Dead And Six Others Are Now Dying.

(By the Associated Press.)

Berlin, aJn. 29 .- Seven girls belonging to the cooking school at Darmstadt are dead and six others are dying from poisoning which resulted from partaking of a dish of canned beans and meat, and a medical inquiry into the occurrence is being made. Up to the present the investigation has failed to define the exact na-ture of the poison which brought about such fatal results, although it is now thought that allanto-toxicum or sausage poison, was the cause.

SELMA HEARING POSTPONED.

Tuesday is Set---Continued on Account of Illness of Supt. Borden.

The hearing before the Corporation commission on the exceptions of the Atlantic Coast Line to the order of the Commission calling for an extra train to make the Selma connection, which was to have been today at eleven o'clock, has been the mobilization of the Japanese army, postponed until next Tuesday, on account of the illness of Superintendent of Transportation E. Borden, of Wilmington. Yesterday afternoon Corporation Commissiondetained on account of the peaceful aspect er Rogers received a tlephone message to the effect that Mr. Borden was threatened with pneumonia, having been seized with spondent of the Paris edition of the Now an attack of grip on a trip to Savannah, York Herald announces the departure of from which place he had just returned. the ninth, tenth and eleventh Siberian Mr. Rogers consulted with the other mem-Rifles for the Yalu River. The correspond- bers of the Commission, and it was deent says that Vice Admiral Alexieff is cided to grant the postponement. It was come on Tuesday, General manager J. R. Kenly of Wilmington, would be here.

Charlotte's New Station.

The Corporation Commission yesterday received from General Agent J. S. P. 600 bales of cotton destined for Japan, Thompson, of the Southern Railway, at Atlanta, a beautiful, nicely framed colored design of the proposed new Southern passenger station for Charlotte. The picsome building, two stories high, with handsome train sheds and dining hall. The design is by Frank P. Milburn, architect, of Columbia, S. C. There is now no doubt that the Southern means to build a new passenger station at Char-lotte. But the question still remains as to whether Charlotte will have a Union Station or not.

Exact Loss \$31.778.25.

The Federal Union Surety Company, of ment is buying cattle in the Philippine Indianapolis, was admitted yesterday by Insurance Commissioner Young, to do business in North Carolina.

The North Carolina Fire Insurance Company of New York, made application for papers, with a view to entering the State. Commissioner Young says that the exact amount of insurance upon the burned portion at the Greensboro State Normal is \$32,678.09. The full value of the property destroyed was \$64,456.34. The insurance Washington, Jan. 28 .- The defense in will all be paid, says the Commissioner.

Two Birds With One Stone.

Turner Thorne, a negro sentenced a rew days ago by Judge Justice, holding court in Pitt county, to three years for larceny. has been brought to the State's Prison Miss Ina S. Leibhardt, for some years fort, marked the end of a fight which had as 1888 Machen, George E. Lorenz and his here by Sheriff O. W. Harrington, of chief clerk of the Free Delivery system, been waged for the removal of the seat brother engaged in the oil business in Pitt. While here Sheriff Harrington paid and by other witnesses that the orders of government since the days when Henry Ohio, and that as a result of their va- to the State Treasurer \$1,250 on Schedule

> Every man is introduced to a lot of peoof an honest debt. Conrad Syme, on be- ple who don't care to know him.