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RESULTS OF THE **ELECTORAL VOTE**

All the Formalities Consume Fifty Minutes, the Two Houses Meeting in Joint Session for the Pur-Pose of Declaring the Election.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 8 .- Although the result of the Presidential election was known early in the evening of November 8th, it was not until today when the Senate and House met in joint session that Theodore Roosevelt and Charles W. Fairbanks were officially declared to be elected President and Vice-President respectively for four years, beginning March 4, 1905. This quadrennial function of Congress attracted to the House Chamber, where the electoral vote was canwhere the electoral vote was can-vassed, an immense gathering, promi-nent among the auditors being Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt, the President's sister, Mrs. Captain Cowles, and Mrs. Charles W. Fair-banks, wife of the Vice-President-elect. President Pro-Tempore Frye, of the Senate, presided and delivered the announcement of the result of the the announcement of the result of the count which showed that Roosevelt and Fairbanks received 336 electoral votes, and Parker and Davis 140. The whole proceeding consumed exactly fifty minutes, thereby establishing a new record in counting the electoral votes.

Reading the Certificates.

The tellers of the two houses, Messrs. Burrows (Mich.) and Bailey (Texas), of the Senate, and Gaines (W. Va.) and Russell (Texas) of the

House, took their places at the Speaker's desk and the certificates were read, by each teller in turn.

Alabama came first, 'the certificate showing that Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, and Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, had received the votes of the State. The Department lib of that State. The erally applauded. State. The Democrats lib-plauded. The other States led in alphabetical order. The first mention of President Roosevelt's name came when the vote of California was announced. This also was the signal for applause from the Republican side.

The announcement that Maryland had given one vote for Roosevelt and Fairbanks was greeted with applause and handclapping by Republicans, which was renewed by Democrats the further announcement was made that Parker and Davis had re-

ceived the remaining seven votes. There was marked demonstr demonstration the Republicans when Missouri's eighten votes were announced as having been cast for Roosevelt and Fairbanks. The applause came most-

ly from the members of the House. By a coincidence, it fell to the lot of Senator Balley to read the vote of his own State. Texas. General ap-plause greeted him as he announced that Parker and Davis had received the 18 votes of that State.

coincidence occurred A similar when Mr. Gaines read the vote of West Virginia.

Announcement by Frye.

As soon as the votes of all States had been read, Senator Frye directed the tellers to make formal announcement of the result. Senator Frye recapitulated the vote and then made the following announcement:
"This announcement of the state of

the vote by the President of the Sen-ate shall be deemed a sufficient declaration of the persons elected president and vice-president of the United States, each for the term beginning March 4, 1905, and shall be entered together with a list of the votes on the journals of the Senate and House of Representatives."

This ended the proceedings. For two hours preceding and for three hours following the count of the vote, the question of freight rate regulation held full sway. As on the previous day of the debate, that Republicans and Democrats claimed

the credit for originating the present Mr. Bartlett (Ga.) supporting the minority bill, explained the attitude of the South as not being radical. It was, he insisted, conservative and he said that when the time came to prethe country from radicalism, ism. or anarchy, the South

would rally to its support and save it from destruction. Insincerity was ascribed to the Republicans by Mr. Cochran (Mo.), in the matter of rate legislation, who stid that it was not intended to pass lating to Arizona and New Mexico proposed legislation, but simply under his motion. to do something to pacify public sent'-

Mr. Esch (Wis.), who assisted in framing the Townsend Bill, summed ip the arguments for and against that bill up to the present time. Some, he said, had regarded it as the most important legislation since the Civil War, while others had contended it amount ed to nothing. Such extreme views, he held to be indicative of the fact that the bill was what it was claimed to be-a compromise. He then entered into a lengthy discussion just ing the action of the majority of the committee in providing the special

which he said opposition seemed to be centered. Pou on The Railroad Trust.

Maintaining that the rai roads constituted a trust. Mr. Pou (N C.). Postmasters: Georgia, Leon P. Wirnberly. Abbeville: Thomas A. Jones, Elberton. Tennessee. Daniel W. Starnes, Lawrenceburg.

trusts and that any legislation which popular clamor forced would be the mildest and least hurtful to the railroads that Republican ingenuity could

possibly evolve.

Mr. James (Ky.), accused the President of taking the platform of the Democratic party "that bears the bloody stain of Bryan's faithful feet" Roosevelt and Fairbanks

Declared Elected

Declared Elected

SCENE IN CONGRESS

Discovering to the people of the country. He cared not how much it was said the Democrats were following the President. He knew that the soldiers of the United S. ates followed the President gallantly at San Juan Hill. "But," he added, "no more, sir, than the Democracy will follow him when he charges the Harrimans, the Vanderbilts, the Cassatts and the Hills in this country of wealth." The Democrate has advocated the present legislation l advocated the present legislation lefore the people of the country. In a charactertistic speech

charactertistic speech Gaines (Tenn.), who was the sole Democrat who yoted with the Republicans on the adoption of the rule, said he did so because he found them right on the question, even though they gritted their teeth after having been 'egged on' by the President who had applied the cat'o nine tails to their

A number of other Representatives spoke for the bill, and several against it. The House adjourned until to-

Will Grow Now Faster Than Ever.

(Rockingham Headlight.)

Hamlet claims to have a population of nearly 2,000. Two new churches are to be built there soon, one by the Baptists, and the other by the Metho-dists. The Presbyterians have a nice church. Hamlet is a nice, growing

Scheme to Sell Water, Sewer and Lights.

Hearing This New Bern's City Fathers numbed from the cold that they had Petition the Legislature to Await a Vote of the People.

(Special to News and Observer.) New Bern, N. C., Feb. 8 .- It was rumored on the streets yesterday

evening that a petition had gone to Raleigh to the Legislature seeking authority to sell the water, sewer and regular meeting night of the board of aldermen, and the following resolution

was passed: the board of aldermen of the city of New Bern in session at its regular meeting Feb. 7, 1905, "Resolved, That whereas the elec-

tric light plant of the city was built by the city by virtue of a popular vote in its favor and "Whereas the water and sewer

plants were bought by the city in pursuance of a vote of the people upon the question submitted to them: Therefore, be it

"Resolved, that the board of alder men request the General Assembly of North Carolina and our Representative and Senators therein, that no act be passed allowing the electric light plant or the water and sewer works of the city to be soid without the proposition being first submitted to a vote of the people at a legal election and a majority vote in favor thereof,
"And the terms of any such sale

ought to be made known to the peo-ple in the resolution submitting the question and no sale should be authorized upon other terms than those so submitted.

'And the city attorney is hereby directed to present this resolution immediately to our Senators and Representatives and through them to the

General Assembly. DISCLAIMER FROM KEARNS.

Says He Did Not Vote in Favor of Separate Statehood for New Mexico.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Feb. 8 .- The Senate today received from Mr. Kearns, a dis-claimer of the vote in favor of separate statehood for New Mexico, which with. He said that he had been misunderstood by the clerks and that he had voted against the provision, Several Senators corroborated his state-ment, but a number asserted that they had understood him to vote for the

amendment. as prepared for transmission to the House includes that amendment, while he contended that that provision nad gone out with the other provisions re-

Mr. Lodge said that in order to cor rect the mistake if it is such it would be necessary to re-call the bill.

Reports from Arknsas and Texas be necessary to re-call the bill.

The Senate spent almost an hour in onnection with the House of Representatives in canvassing the Presidential vote, and the remainder of the session was devoted to executive busi-

The Senate adjourned until temor

Appointed by The President.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 8.-The President court of transportation feature, upon today sent to the Senate the following nominations:

William L. Short, of Mississippi, to be collector of customs for the district

OF THE ICY OCEAN

Leads all North Carolina Daily Papers in Both News a.

Sheathed in Ice, They are Drawn to Land and to Glowing Hearthstones of Hospitable Homes.

(By the Associated Press.) Halifax, N. S., Feb. 8 .- After batgrees below zero and a mighty gale the American government. have reached Pleasant Point in safety. The news of their safe arrival The council's decision caustically criti-

point of landing. The news was brought to Musquodobolt after a hard day's travel through almost impassable snow drifted roads, by one of the crew, who landed in the first boat that left

to be lifted out of their seats. The landing was effected with the greatest difficulty and all in the boat were thoroughly drenched by the big breakers. Every person was encased with thick ice from head to foot. Nearby houses were opened up to the sufferers, but it is not known wheth-er or not any of them will succumb. It will be several days before the survivors can be brought to this city.

Mrs. Prowes, the woman passenger who was inthe boat bore up under the trying ordeal wonderfully well and endured the great hardship with fortitude. She encouraged the men when they were almost overcome by the cold and wearied with constant work at the oars. When near the landing, the rowers were so fatigued that they could not force the boat through the surf, and the men on waded out and dragged the

WRAPPED IN SLEET.

Half a Continent Under a Glassy Mantle That Benumbs the Pulse of

(By the Associated Press.) Louisville, Ky., Feb. 8.-With rain and sleet falling over nearly mile of country from the Ohio river to New Orleans the usual avenues of wire communication which have been demoralized since Sunday, today went from bad to worse. Nearly every from bad to worse. Nearly every branch of commercial life felt the interruption and the prospects for better conditions are not promising. Cloudy weather, with rain, sleet or snow prevails from the Dakotas to the Gulf of Mexico, where, with warmer weather, a heavy rain has been falling for 48 hours. A storm area is moving in over the Central Gulf region. The indications are for warm rains over the entire district south of the Ohio during the next 36 hours, which it is expected will raise all streams and rivers and start the ice which has bound many of them in a tight clasp for several weeks.

The telegraph and telephone panies are fighting against tremendous odds. Enormous quantities of new material are required in a widely scattered area and difficulty is expected in finding workmen. Business is accepted only subject to indefinite de Business is The loss in revenues to the telethe records for yesterday credited him graph companies and to the brokeris enormous. The small armies of linemen sent out in every direction to repair the damage are handicapped by the continued rain and sleet. Wires are no sooner strung than accumulated ice snaps them. The broken ice covered wires but added weight on the Kearns' amendment to the Stat-hood ground. It is believed that it will be Arizona to Utah. He said that the Arizona to Utah. He said that the bill sumed over regular routes. It is estimated, also, that with the large force of men it will be ten days before the wires are restored between Chattanooga and Atlanta alone, to say nothing of repairing miles of broke vires and broken poles throughout Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas.

are that the temperature is rising. The demoralization to telegraph and Choate telephone wires continues and com-munication with many points in several sections of the South is uncer-

Natchez, Miss., has been shut off from the world since Saturday last. Vicksburg, Miss., was cut off for two days and nothing has been heard from Shreve ort, La., since yesterday. special from Mobile reports general rains in Alabama and all rivers are booming.

river is rapidly rising.

Knoxville reports the streets there (Continued on Page Six.)

GREENE, GAYNOR

Exhausted With Toil, Their Forms The Extradition Trial Halted by the Writ of the Canadian Judge Demanding the Bodies of Greene and Gaynor Will Now Go Forward.

(By the Associated Press.) London, Feb. 8 .- The Privy Council ling for twelves hours in an open rendered its decision this morning in boat with the temperature two de- the Greene-Gaynor case, in favor of

ents to pay the costs of 'he appeal. was received here late today in a cises the action of Justice Caron in telephone message from Musquodo-bolt Harbor, twelve miles from the ron's "extraordinary intervention, and

adds: "Where a prisoner is brought be fore a competent tribunal charged with an extradition offence, and i remanded for the express purpose of affording the prosecution an oppor-tunity of bringing forward evidence the wreck yesterday. He telephoned the agents here that Captain Gorst and the others in the second life boat, which had been reported missing, reached Pleasant Point just before dark last evening. The seamen reported that all in the Captain's life boat were badly frost bitten and exhausted, some of them being so benumbed from the cold that they had impossible for proceedings in estradi-

tion to be effective."

The decision simply reverses Justice Caron's judgments and leaves Greene and Gaynor under remand as before Justice Caron intervened.

John F. Gaynor and Benjamin D. reene were indicted in Savannah, Ca., December 8, 1899, charge with em bezzlement and defrauding the ed States government, together with Captain Oberlin M. Carter, in the performance of government contracts for the improvement of the Savannah river and other river and harbor work in that district, the illicit profits be ing estimated at \$2,000,000

Gaynor and Greene were arrested in ew York. They contested extradition to Georgia, and when the United States commissioner decided that they must go to that State and plead to the indictments, they fled to Canada. They had been at liberty on \$40,000 bail each and this was forfeited. Efforts to extradite Gaynor and Greene from Montreal were progressing favorably and the extradition commission was sitting in Montreal when Gaynor and Greene went to Quebec. A question arose as to whether they could be brought back and detectives kidnapped them and took them to Montreal. There was a big legal fight over this action and a Quebec judge issued a writ of habeas corpus which was served on the jailor at Montreal, who delivered up the prisoners without notification to the extradition tribunal, and permitted them to be rushed back to Quebec. Efforts to quash the writ of habeas corpus under which they had been returned were denied by Justice Caron. After a long legal con-troversy Gaynor and Greene obtained their liberty within the limits of the province of Quebec. The United States government then appealed to the Privy Council of England, the highest court

The Trial to Follow.

(By the Associated Press.) Montreal, Feb. 8 .- Judge LaFontaine, extradition commissioner, before whom the case was being heard on its merits at the time of the habeas corpus proceedings, said today:

"Unless something unforseen curs the sheriff of Quebec will now have to deliver the prisoners to Gov-ernor Vallee at the Montreal jail and they will then be brought before me age houses controlling leased wires, and the regular trial, halted by the writ of habeas corpus will be recom-menced. I shall then upon the evidence submitted decide whether or not there is sufficient grounds for extraditing the accused. however, that nothing whateve be done until the receipt in Quebec of the official papers announcing the decision of the judicial committee."

THEIR IMMEDIATE ARREST.

It is the Understanding Here That This May Follow.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 8.—The State De-partment received notice of the action of the Privy Council through the following cablegram from Ambassador

"Court decided in ear favor in lation to Gaynor-Greene case. Opin- utterly untrue. ion rendered by Lord Chancellor. p case of the Kitty D. versus the King. the court granted leave to appeal on condition of return of vessel to cus-

Although sufficient detail is not yet before the law officers here to warrant by which, their names are now as-a final opinion as to the effect of the sailed. Still, I am sure that they act-Privy Council deciison, the present understanding that it wil Iresult in the lieved for the best interests of coun-Chattanooga reports a slow and cold rain and telegraph and telephone lines in a demoralized condition. All bec under surveillance of Washington country at that time. trains are delayed and street cars socret service officers. There will be are interfered with. The Tennessee a re-opening of the extradition proceedings before Judge Andrews, which more room in a crowded street car had been vacated by Justice Caron's than she does to a room with only action and the officials here feel sure, her and a mouse in it.

that the request for extradition will

be granted.
Taybor and Greene are technically charged with obtaining government money under false pretenses and the application for extradition was denied 1902 by Judge Caron on the ground that no such offense was set out in the extradition treaty. If the renewed application is granted the men will be brought to Atlanta, Ga., for trial on charges growing out of the misappropriation of government money in connection with the river and harbor Bill Providing for This works on the Georgia coast under the administration of Captain Oberlin M.

Carter.
The attorney general speaking today

of the decision of the Judicial Com-mittee of the Privy Council in the Greene-Gayner case, said that the various and obvious reasons, and especially before the receipt of the full text of the opinion, it isim possible to speak of its effect and the precise resuit upon the future program of the government toward the accused. "The government is, of course, greatly frat-ified at the result," he said. "It has always been convinced that the decision and action of Judge Caron in discharging the defendants was erron-eous and unjustifiable, and has been confident of sucess in its contentions before the Privy Council. clear from the cable reports of the decision that the jurisdiction of the Montreal extradition commisisoner, LaFontaine, to issue a warrant of ar-rest valid in Quebec, is sustained, and that, on teh other hand,

lashing the sea, Captain Gorst, three passengers and ten of the crew of the ill-fated Furness liner Damara, August, 1902, and ordered the respondpus, was bound to follow the remand. He was therefore in error in taking the case on the merits and discharging (Cnotinued on Page Six.)

the Situation."

Letters From Over the State Asking Senator Simmons to Use His Influence to Secure Immigrants From Austria.

(Special to News and Observer.) Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.-Today Representative Pou delivered an able and exceedingly sensible speech on the railroad rate bill.

He was followed closely by memapplauded and heartily congratulated its conclusion. This speech made a profound im-

ression in the House and has been the subject of much discussion and exceedingly favorable comment since the adjournment tonight. Col. Bill Sterret the veteran Texas newspaper man, probably the

known newspaper correspondent here. said to your correspondent, "Your man Pou has made the only speech worth a picaune on this question; he correctly sized up the situation.

In fact Mr. Pou wully sustained his enviable reputation by this speech, he is easily one of the strongest speakers in the Hous

Since the publication that Mr. Kalterbrunn, the Austrian immigration agent, would visit North Carolina in March for the purpose of selecting a location for immigrants from country, Senator Simmons has ceived a large number of letters from all over the State requesting him to use his influence with Mr. Kalterbrunn to get him interested in the writer's There is deep interest in this question, from the mountains to

General Julian S. Carr. of Durham. is here on private business. Mr. D. K. Pope, assayer of the mint and Mr. Jake F. Newell, late Repub-

lican candidate for Congress, both of bill is as follows:
Charlotte, are here. They say there
Whereas, Willi They say there Charlotte, are held in their is no political significance in their Their doubtless is. Mr. Pope will apply for re-appointment to his present position and it is said Mr. Newell will app! for a Federal posi-tion outside of North Carolina, probably a consulate.

FALSE! EXCLAIMS MILES The Charge That He Sought to Humiliate Jefferson Davis.

(By the Associated Press.) Boston, Mass., Feb. 8 .- In a state

"The matter has been agitated at ford of Gred different periods during the last forty \$232.50: now, years, but never before has it been discussed in the halls of Congress. As far as my official action is concerned. it was directed by the highest authority: it received the approval of, and has never been questioned by my superiors or the government. I have no apology to offer of any kind to any ment or myself were prompted for the purpose of humiliating Mr. Davis or thized with him, is as puerile as it is

"It is to be regretted that the high officials, President Johnson, Secretary Stanton and Danta, Judge Advocate General Holt and Major General Hallack are not living in order that they might answer the vicious vituperation ed in good faith, and as they try upon the information then in their possession and the condition of the

A woman takes up a great deal

\$500,000 ASKED

In the Senate,

PASSED SCALES' BILL

Quiet, Uneventful Day Passed in the House. No Discussions. But Unfavorable Report was Made on Advance Liquor Bill, and

Postponed. The Senate was aroused from its slumber yesterday morning during the routine of reading the new bills introduced by the bill of Senator Charles A. tion of Justice Andrews in remanding Webb, of Buncombe, to authorize a bond issue of \$500,000 The issue would be for the purpose of providing sufficient funds to equip the State Hospitals for the Insane, and the several State educational institutions with

ecessary permanent improvements. Mr. Scales made a strong and effec-ive speech on his bill requiring the delivery of freight to conveyances with reasonable promptness. A fight was made on the speech before the committee to which it was referred, and certain concessions made to the representatives of the various railways who "He Correctly Sizes Up opposed it, with the definite and unqualified understanding that the railroads would not offer further resistance to the measure when it should reported formally to the Senate. But the railroads holding out set their machinery to work in the Senate and opposed the bill regardless absolutely of any and all promises, and this falseness seemed to inspire Mr. Scoles with renewed determination and power, and he fought the opposition to the last ditch, finally winning, and his bill passed with an overwhelming ma-

Mr. Mason, of Northampton, offered " a resolution that the rate of taxation ought to be lowered, in some way,

consistent with the public welfare.

Mr. Foushee introduced a new bill to enlarge the powers of the tion Commission relative to telegraph. telephone and express companies.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Ellington to relieve Mr. W. H. Worth, late Treasurer of the loss sustained by the failure of the First National Bank of Asheville, and the Bank of Guilford of Greensboro.

SENATE-THIRTY-FIRST DAY. The Senate convened at 11 o'clock

Lieutenant Governor Winston presiding, and prayer was made by Rev. M. M. Marshall, D. D., of Christ Episcopal church.

Petitions.

Pensions.

Military Affairs.

Announcements of petitions were made by: Stringfield, from the inmates of the Soldiers' Home, ninety-three in numdenying charges of A. C. Smith.

The following new bills were intro-By Grady, to amend chapter 548 of the public laws of 1903, decreasing the salary of the brigadier generals.

By Grady, to amend chapter 374 of the public laws of 1899 to increas the rank of quartermaster general, etc. Military Affairs. By Ellington, to relieve William H.

Worth, late Treasurer, of the loss sus-tained by the failure of the First National Bank of Asheville, the Western Carolina Bank of Asheville, and the Bank of Guilford, Greensboro, 'The

Whereas, William H. Worth, late Treasurer of North Carolina, did, in pursuance of the laws of the State, deposit in the First National Bank of Asheville, in the Western Carolina Bank of Asheville, and in the Bank of Guilford, Greensboro, to the credit of the State, certain funds of the State, as was customary with his predecessors in office, said banks having been de positories of the former State Treas-urer and all of said banks having failed; and after having given credit for all dividends paid by the revenues thereof, there still remains unpaid of the funds deposited in the First Na ment issued today concerning the re-cent discussion of the imprisonment of Jefferson Davis at Fortress Mon-the Western Carolina Bank of Asheroe in 1865-6 General Nelson A. Miles ville, the sum of \$67.50; and of the says: Greensboro, the sum

Therefore, The General Assembly of

North Carolina do enact: Section 1. That the Auditor of the State is hereby directed to credit on the books of his office the amount of money still due from the banks afore said, amounting to \$2,600, and the State Treasurer is directed to make a person. The charge that the acts of the highest officials of the governand that William H. Worth. late Treasurer of the State, be absolved and relieved from any further liability for and on account of the monie deposited in the banks as set forth in

the preamble to this act. That any dividends here after paid on said deposits shall be paid to the State Treasurer and turned nto the general fund. Finance.

By Webb: To incorporate the Ashe ville & Northern Railway Company.

Railroads. By Mason, of Northampton: joint resolution that the rate of taxa-tion ought to be lowered. Whereas, the assessment of property for taxa-tion has been greatly increased, and tax levied thereon has become

burdensome: Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring. (Continued on Page Three.)