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RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 14, 1907.

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# Leads all North Carolina Dailies in News and Circulation

## KING OF SHARPS VISITS GATE CITY

### Works C. L. Van Noppen for \$125 Cash

### BOUGHT \$397 RING

### The "Sickest" Swindler Perhaps That Ever Came North Carolina Way—

### Receives the Glad Hand as an Investor by Business Men of Greensboro, Even at Banquet.

By ANDREW JOYNER.

Greensboro, N. C., Nov. 13.—Another "confidence" man has just made the people of Greensboro wake up and take notice.

Probably there has never been a bigger swindling sensation here than that perpetrated on some of our business men in the last few days, the perpetrator having laid his plans before landing in the city. A chain of events connected with the affair are interesting and extend over a period of some two or three weeks, at which time Charles L. Van Noppen, of this city, while stopping at the Huffman House, in New York, while at supper got into conversation with a gentleman who gave his name as Mr. Charles E. Smith, of Pasadena, California. This gentleman spoke of the extensive slaughter houses owned and operated by his father, Mr. Sherman H. Smith, in Norfolk, Richmond, Atlanta, Memphis, New Orleans, and most of the large Western cities, being a strong competitor of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Curdie & Co., and others in the meat packing business. Upon the subject of Van Noppen was from North Carolina, Mr. Smith stated that he was the very man he wanted to meet, as his father was contemplating the location of a branch house in North Carolina, and was desirous of locating the best town in the State for the location of this plant. Mr. Van Noppen being one of Greensboro's most enterprising men, spoke in the highest terms of Greensboro, whereupon Mr. Smith stated that he would be in this city in a few days to look the field over.

On last Saturday morning Mr. Smith put in his appearance, and immediately made known his presence to Mr. Van Noppen, who immediately took Mr. Smith out to look for a suitable location for the proposed plant. Mr. Smith in the meantime, having met one of the bankers of the city, who informed the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Mr. Smith's presence and proposed plans, with the request that he be extended every courtesy of the Chamber of Commerce, whereupon Mr. Z. H. Clegg, secretary, met Mr. Smith, drove him over the city, showing him such available sites as would suit such a plant as Mr. Smith proposed to locate.

Things progressed smoothly and without event until Monday morning when Mr. Smith intimated that he had decided to purchase a site shown by Mr. Van Noppen, the prevailing idea being to have the land surveyed, stating that his father would be here on Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning, at which time he would probably close the contract for the purchase of the site.

At this time Mr. Smith was in the employ of Mr. W. E. Brewer, one of the leading architects of the city to draw up suitable plans for the necessary building. He also carried over from Mr. Charles L. Van Noppen a set of "Sketches of North Carolina," in payment of which he gave a check on the Exchange Bank of Los Angeles, California, for \$125.00. Mr. Smith stated that the books should be shipped to a friend at Germantown, Pa., by express. Mr. Smith while in company with Mr. Van Noppen told him that on the previous day he had cashed a check for a friend for \$250.00, drawn on New York Exchange Bank, New York City, and endorsed by Mr. C. C. McCormick. Mr. Smith stated that he had several checks made of material on the way, and would need some cash and that he wanted Mr. Van Noppen to deposit his check for \$250.00 to his credit in the bank.

Mr. Van Noppen could let him have a portion of the amount which was summed up he estimated would be \$125.00, which would be necessary to meet his demands. FOUR Whereupon Mr. Van Noppen having on his person a sufficient amount, paid him in cash the sum of \$125.00, plus Smith's check for \$250.00 to his personal credit for collection. Later during the day, while in conversation with Mr. Van Noppen, Mr. Smith stated that Wednesday, the preceding day, his birthday, he desired to secure a nice present for his father and was taken to the jewelry store of Mr. R. C. Bernau to whom Mr. Smith was introduced. Mr. Van Noppen purchased a valuable diamond ring, giving in payment his personal check drawn on the Exchange Bank of Los Angeles, Cal., for the sum of \$397.

About three o'clock in the afternoon Secretary J. S. Kuykendall was in conversation with Mr. Bernau, who had just received Smith's \$397 check, congratulating himself on having sold this valuable ring. Mr. Kuykendall remarked that it was rather unusual for a business man such as Smith represented himself to be, making such an investment and asked Mr. Bernau if he were sure the check was good, whereupon Mr. Bernau stated that as Mr. Van Noppen had introduced Mr. Smith, stating that he was all right, he felt safe that it was. Mr. Kuykendall suggested that for his own protection and that of Mr. Van Noppen's he thought it advisable that he wire the bank on whom the check was drawn to know if it would be honored when presented. Mr. Bernau immediately wired through one of the banks of the city, not being able to receive an answer until the following morning. Mr. Smith with several prospective investors who happened to be at Greensboro at this time was receiving such attentions as are usually shown prospective investors who visit the Gate City.

One of the features of entertainment shown Mr. Smith and others was

an invitation to attend a banquet given by the Merchants' Association of the city at the McAdoo Hotel at which Mr. Smith met a number of the business men of the city who extended him a glad hand of welcome.

On Tuesday morning a telegram was received from the bank at Los Angeles that no funds sufficient to cash the check were available at the point. Mr. Bernau immediately waked up to the situation and went to the hotel at which Mr. Smith was stopping where he secured the return of his ring. Smith however expressed great surprise, but refused to take the check he had given Mr. Bernau in payment of the ring, stating that there was a mistake somewhere as he had money enough to pay for anything he wanted to buy, and told Mr. Bernau to deposit the check which he said would be honored and when his local bank here received notice from the Los Angeles bank to this effect that he would then secure the ring, which he still wanted.

Mr. Smith had stated several times that his father would come to Greensboro and that he would be obliged to go to Danville Tuesday morning and would return on the evening of that day in company with his father, and left the hotel about nine o'clock presumably to await the train. It was however learned that he did not leave the city until the afternoon. In the meantime Mr. Van Noppen was growing anxious about his \$125, but until the first of the train he arrived, which brought him Smith, though the Benbow Hotel received a telegram sent from Danville by Smith, about six o'clock requesting the hotel to reserve a room for himself and his father, stating that he would arrive in Greensboro on the midnight train. As there is no train arriving in this city at this time, it was apparent that Smith's game was unquestionably one of bluff, and the authorities there after proceedings that might be brought against him. On being advised of the telegram, Mr. Van Noppen immediately notified the police who wired to Washington, and a number of surrounding cities in North Carolina, of Greensboro's citizens went to Danville where the only information received was that the telegram sent to Greensboro was by a man who stepped off the train about three o'clock, wrote a telegram to the Benbow Hotel, Greensboro, and ordered it sent about six o'clock. Smith returned to the northbound train and resumed his journey to Washington where it was learned that the authorities there arrested him, but for some reason his release was effected.

It is generally supposed that the same C. A. Smith is the party wanted in Oakland, Cal., for a murder committed in that city on April 29, 1907, from which he escaped, and is wanted by the authorities at that point. From all indications a well laid scheme was laid for a larger sum than has yet been secured and that his two accomplices in Greensboro to aid in a more perfectly carrying out of his proposed plans. The only actual loss is that of Mr. C. L. Van Noppen for the sum of \$125, though it is believed that any time the arrest was effected, Mr. Smith was well dressed man about 6 feet in height, light hair, light blue eyes, rather florid complexion, his nose having fallen at one time broken drooping to a point, a serious ear avert, with a very small mole in the corner of the right eye next to the nose, false teeth, hair very thin on the back of his head, almost bald, parted on the side and combed flat to the right. When last seen he was wearing a suit with a light vest, black stiff hat, light rough long overcoat with brown collar.

**Statesville Swindler in Greensboro.** It has been learned that Mr. W. F. Clegg, Greensboro, has been swindled out of seventy-five dollars by R. W. Harris, who represented himself as being a traveling man for the Missouri Glass Company, of St. Louis, Mo. Harris was here several days ago and tried to get a check cashed at the Southern ticket office for \$75. The agent refused to cash the check unless Mr. Clegg indorsed it, which he did, and the check has been returned protested.

**Hotel Irredell, of Statesville, checked a check for \$75 for this same man, and his check was also returned protested. Upon his wiring to the Missouri Glass Company to know if Harris represented them, he received the following reply:**

"Don't know Harris. Some rascal has been cashing forged checks purporting to be ours, during the last two weeks."

**Taken to Reform School.** U. S. Marshal Millikan left here this morning accompanied by S. E. Coletrane, of Guilford College, as guard, to take to the reform school in Washington, D. C., a white boy sentenced by Judge E. C. Telford to fifteen months in the institution named for breaking into a postoffice and stealing money.

**Lieutenant A. Martin, of the divisional force of the Salvation Army, of Baltimore, has been placed in charge of the Greensboro corps. He arrived yesterday and held his first service last night in the Salvation Army hall. The Salvation Army will doubtless make great progress under his direction.**

tour with a view to establishing a deep sea fishing industry on that island. None of these gentlemen have given out anything as to their plans, but while on the island it is known that they looked over the most advantageous sites, looked the otom of the sea side and sounded into the probabilities of navigation between that island and this city. All the islanders are deeply interested in this probable scheme, as it means much to them should it be put into effect.

President C. C. Moore, of the North Carolina Division of the Southern Cotton Association, will address the local farmers in this city on next Saturday, November 16th, at three o'clock. Quite a number of the most influential farmers from all over Beaufort county expect to be present at this meeting.

The Washington Light Infantry, Company C, National Guards, of this city, are planning a grand competitive shoot and target practice on next Thanksgiving day. A turkey will be awarded the first, second and third best shots. The contest will take place in three forms, standing, running and lying down, with a possible score of 25 at each contest. On December 23rd Captain Rodman will award the yearly prizes to members of this company. One for the best overall average during the past year, and the other to the most soldierly.

The Agricultural Lime Works of this city, and situated on Castle Iron in Pamlico river, have recently installing extensive improvements in the way of a new system of drafts to the lime kilns, which greatly facilitates and enlarges the output. This company does a large business in this city and has a daily capacity of 125 tons of fertilizer.

Mr. Edward L. Conn, of The News and Observer, who has been in this city for the past two weeks at this time, will be published by Washington, soon to be published by The News and Observer, has returned to Raleigh. While in this city Mr. Conn made many friends and he will always be a welcome visitor here.

## APPARENT DEATH FOR MANY.

**Engineer Sees Bridge on Fire Ahead of His Train Load of Passengers.** Winston, N. C., Nov. 13.—Engineer E. S. Pollard, who was in charge of the passenger train which left here at 5:15 o'clock yesterday morning, had a nerve wrecking experience when his train was nearing a trestle, three miles south of here, when the trestle was struck by a few yards from the trestle Mr. Pollard discovered the bridge to be on fire. There was no time to lose; delay, it appeared to the engineer, would mean the plunging of his train into the vacant space and the death or serious injury of a majority, if not all, of his passengers.

The emergency brakes were applied instantly and the engine reversed. The engine stopped about the middle of the trestle.

The fire which had made only slight headway, was quickly extinguished. Only four crosses ties were burned and the train passed over safely.

The bridge caught fire from a spark from a freight train that passed along about thirty minutes ahead of the passenger train.

## MAY TAKE UP JOURNALISM.

**Rev. Plato Durham to Give up Ministerial Work.** (Special to News and Observer.) Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 13.—It is rumored that Rev. Plato Durham, pastor of Trinity Methodist church of this city, and one of the most brilliant men in the North Carolina Conference, will resign his membership in the Conference now in session at Salisbury, or at least give up his ministerial work, and will accept an editorial position on the Charlotte Observer. The rumor has not yet been officially verified, however.

## 'WHAT'S GOD TO DO WITH COIN?'

### Roosevelt Didn't Approve the Inscription

### WRITES TO EXPLAIN

### This in Answer to Numerous Protests

### Against Omission of 'In God We Trust' on New Gold Coins—

### 'It's a Custom, But—'

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 13.—In answer to one of the numerous protests which have been received at the White House against the new gold coins, which have been coined without the words: "In God We Trust," President Roosevelt has written a letter, which is today made public.

The letter follows: "When the question of the new coinage came up we looked into the law and found there was no warrant therein for putting 'In God We Trust' on the coins. As the custom, although without legal warrant, had grown up, however, I might have felt at liberty to keep the inscription had I approved of its being on the coinage. But as I did not approve of it I did not direct that it should again be put on. Of course the matter of the law is absolutely in the hands of Congress and any direction of Congress in the matter will be immediately obeyed. At present, as I have said, there is no warrant in law for the inscription.

"My own feeling in the matter is due to my firm conviction that to put such a motto on coins, or to use it in any kind of manner, not only does no good but does positive harm, and is in effect irreverence which comes dangerously close to sacrilege. A beautiful and solemn sentiment such as the one in question should be treated and uttered only with that reverence which necessarily implies a certain exaltation of spirit. Any use which tends to cheapen it, and above all, any use which tends to secure its being treated in a spirit of levity, is from every standpoint profoundly to be regretted. It is a motto, which it is indeed well to have inscribed on our great national monuments, in our temples of justice, in our legislative halls and in buildings such as those at West Point and Annapolis—in short wherever it will tend to arouse and inspire a lofty emotion in those who look thereon. But it seems to me eminently unwise to cheapen such a motto by use on coins, just as it would be to cheapen it by use on postage stamps, or in advertisements.

"As regards its use on the coinage we have actual experience by which to go. In all my life I never have heard any human being speak reverently of this motto on the coins or show any signs of its having appealed to any high emotion in him; but I have literally hundreds of times heard it used as an occasion of, and incentive to the sneering ridicule which it is above all things undesirable that so beautiful and exalted a phrase should excite. For example,

throughout the long contest extending over several decades on the free coinage question the existence of this motto on the coins was a constant source of jest and ridicule, and this was unavoidable. Every one must remember the innumerable cartoons and articles based on phrases like, 'In God we Trust' for the eight cents, 'In God we Trust for the short weight,' 'In God we Trust for the thirty-seven cents we do not pay,' and so forth, and so forth. Surely I am well within the bounds when I say that the use of the phrase which invites constant levity of this type is most undesirable. If Congress alters the law and directs me to replace on the coins the sentence in question, the direction will be immediately put into effect, but I very sincerely trust that the religious sentiment of the country, the spirit of reverence in the country, will prevent any such action being taken." (Signed.)

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

## STATUE TO NATHANIEL JACOB.

### Salem Lodge of I. O. O. F. Takes the Initiative in a Movement to Honor the Father of Orphan's Home.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Nov. 13.—At a regular meeting of the Salem Lodge, No. 36, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, held last night, a movement was started for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late Mr. Nathaniel Jacob, father of the Odd Fellows Orphan's Home at Goldsboro.

Without delay a resolution was passed by the lodge to contribute a sum of money to the erection of the statue. The splendid work of the institution at Goldsboro is well known to all who are the least bit familiar with Odd Fellows in North Carolina. The home has grown from year to year and many homeless and friendless children have been taken in, cared for and equipped for life's service. The records made by the children from the institution have been enviable ones. Several members of the lodge made enthusiastic speeches in which they eulogized the life and character of the father of the home.

The following named were appointed as a committee to draft suitable resolutions regarding the action of the lodge and forwarded copies of them to the press of the State: Messrs. Eugene P. Albee, W. E. Beck, W. F. Kleih, the latter being the first individual contributor.

## SAM GREEN GIVES RAIL

### He Was Committed to Jail on Charge of Being a Party to the Killing of Lawrence Nelson.

Lenoir, N. C., Nov. 13.—Sam L. Green who was committed to jail by Judge Ward, on the evidence of Mag Lewis and Oma Greer, on the charge of being a party to the killing of Lawrence Nelson, in September 1906, has furnished bail and has been released. The testimony of these two women is so conflicting, that not much credence is given to their latest statements to the effect that Green and Jenkins were implicated in the matter. Oma Greer swore in the trial of Kendall and Vickers, that there was a third man there, whom she did not know and who ran away. She now swears that man was Sam Green and upon this testimony Green was bound to court.

## DISASTROUS FIRE AVERTED.

### Fayetteville Wooden Ware Company's Dry Kiln Burned—Loss Several Thousand Dollars.

(Special to News and Observer.) Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 13.—Heroic efforts saved the city today from one of the most disastrous fires in Fayetteville. The dry kiln of the Fayetteville Wooden Ware Company, manufacturers of buckets, tubs, etc., caught

fire about 9:15 this morning, and for some hours it looked very dangerous for the entire neighborhood, for around the large factory are several dwellings. The main building, consisting of stock rooms, machinery and office were miraculously saved from destruction by the fierce fight of the fire companies and hundreds of citizens who fought the way through dense smoke and dangers of falling walls to the heart of the fire. At two o'clock the scene is one of charred ruins where stood the immense dry kiln. The main house but upon the ruins will be built a much larger structure, for the company did an immense amount of business, being probably one of the largest factories in the county. The loss is estimated at buckets and tubs. Mr. Roy D. Jones is at the head of this concern and the loss is said to be several thousand dollars.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS ELECTED

### Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Life Insurance Company.

Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 13.—An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Life Insurance Company met at 12:30 p. m. at the Odd Fellows' Hall. Mr. E. H. Williamson, president of the company, presided, and Messrs. Jno. A. Oates and A. W. Peace acted as secretaries. Upon a call a large majority of the stockholders were represented in person and by proxy.

The following board of directors was elected, being recommended by a committee of five: A. J. James, Z. V. Pate, J. W. Carter, R. F. DeVane, W. H. Sikes, W. J. Johnson, John Blue, G. B. McLeod, J. W. McLaughlin, T. E. Upchurch, Dr. L. W. Wright, L. Shady, Daniel Carter, A. McDowell, N. McQueen, Jno. Elliott, J. B. Carville, J. W. Johnson, R. D. Caldwell, J. A. Brown, H. W. Ward, J. E. Hart, John A. Oates, E. R. Williams, J. M. Shaw, A. B. Rankin, R. McMillan, C. J. Cooper, Dr. J. V. McGowan, W. A. Vanosty, A. McArthur, R. G. Smith, A. H. Slocomb, A. L. McCaskill, K. M. Biggs, H. B. McEachern, John McDuffie, W. J. Carter, Dr. J. H. Marsh, Dr. H. W. Lilly.

The annual meetings hereafter will be held in March instead of as now in September.

## FELL FROM A CAR.

### Young Man Seriously, if Not Fatally, Injured.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Nov. 13.—Alex. Davis, a young white man about 25 years old, brakeman on the local yards of the Southern Railway, was seriously if not fatally injured yesterday afternoon about one o'clock by falling from a coal car on the yards. He was carried to the Twin-City Hospital immediately after the accident and was attended by the competent physicians of that hospital. He is internally injured. There are no visible bruises on his body and no bones are broken.

A report from the hospital this morning was to the effect that the young man was resting very well.

## U. D. C.'S IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

### Revision of the Constitution and By-Laws Among the Most Important Matters.

(By the Associated Press.) Norfolk, Va., Nov. 13.—The fourteenth annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy opened here today for a session of four days with an attendance of several hundred delegates, including representatives from every State that formed the Confederacy, and delegates from other States, North, East and West.

The convention was called in the Auditorium in the Jamestown Exposition grounds by the president general, Mrs. Lizzie Brown Anderson, of Guilford, Miss., who made the response in the name of the Convention to addresses of welcome by President Tucker, head of the management of the Jamestown Exposition; Rear Admiral Harrington, U. S. N.; Mrs. James Y. Leigh, of Norfolk, president of the Hostess chapter, and Mrs. William R. McCleary, of Petersburg, president of the Virginia Division, U. D. C. The reports of the officers were then taken up. The afternoon feature was a reception at Beauvoir, a replica of the famous home of the president general, Mrs. Lizzie Brown Anderson, erected on the Exposition grounds by the Daughters of the Confederacy. Among the most important matters to be considered at the present session is a revision of the constitution and by-laws, with a change in the time of holding the annual meetings from November to October.

## OFF TO WASHINGTON.

### To Ask Modification of Order Not to Accept Checks for Tobacco Stamps.

(Special to News and Observer.) Winston-Salem, N. C., Nov. 13.—A committee representing the tobacco manufacturers, bankers, and merchants' association left here tonight for Washington to confer with the secretary of the Treasury and ask a modification of an order issued by Collector Brown, of this Internal Revenue District, requesting the stamp clerk not to accept checks for tobacco stamps. The order says only currency must be accepted. If enforced the order will prove disastrous to every tobacco manufacturing town in the country.

## Business Men Urge the Legislature.

(By the Associated Press.) Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13.—At a mass meeting last night of business men from all parts of the State, the legislature was urged to desist from further attempt to pass laws that disturb business, having special relation to the proposed railroad acts. A resolution adopted requesting the members to refrain from the passage of additional legislation at this time affecting the business interests of the State.

## 22 COTTON WAREHOUSES.

These Have Been Organized—Work on Thirty-Five More by Committees—This Work of a Year.

(Special to News and Observer.) Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 13.—President C. C. Moore, of the North Carolina Division of the Southern Cotton Association, reported that twenty-two warehouses and holding companies have been organized, and committees are working on thirty-five more in the State as a result of twelve months work. New warehouses at Burgaw, Wallace, Faison, Mount Oil, a Mayeville, Pollockville and Tanton have just been organized. The president is now on a tour of every corner of the State in this State to encourage the farmers to build warehouses and hold their cotton.

## Mus Have Been Paid

(By the Associated Press.) Corral, Colo., Nov. 13.—Although this place is but a few miles from the scene of the alleged fight between United States troops and Ute Indians in which a number of Indians are reported to have been killed, no reports of any serious nature have been received here.

## DOZEN VESTS IN CREAM FREEZER

### Round Up of Systematic Set of Thieves

### TWO HORSES BURNED

### Barn and Stables Destroyed by Fire—

### Inspection of Whiskey Sales by

### Druggists to Be Made—Speaking at Glenn School Last Night.

(Special to News and Observer.) Durham, N. C., Nov. 13.—Charles Davis, a white man, was arrested here this morning on the charge of stealing a set of twelve vests in a cream freezer in the possession of P. O. Scoggins, in East Durham. There was no question as to how Mr. Scoggins came in possession of the vests, and Davis said he purchased the vests from a negro. The court held at the preliminary trial that Davis was responsible and he was sent to the higher court under a writ of habeas corpus. In jail, Davis has been in trouble in this county on several occasions, and has also been in trouble in Raleigh on account of some horse transactions. He is a young man and in the past has had backing saved him from time on account of his shady transactions. He is now in jail, however, being unable to give the required bond.

The barn and stables of Henry Hicks, colored, who lives some two and a half miles west of the city, were burned this morning about 9:30 o'clock. With the barn and stables were also burned two horses. The loss is about \$400. Hicks had a horse that was suffering from distemper and had been smoking the animal with tar. It is supposed that fire started from this smoking. Hicks was threatened. The change in wind and hard work of neighbors' bucket brigade saved much of the property. Mrs. Annie Newman returned this afternoon from Apex where she was called on account of the death of her sister, Mrs. Nathan Holleman, who was cut in twain by a train on the Seaboard a few days ago. Mrs. Holleman, who was sixty-two years of age, was passing across the track and a train backed on her. The funeral and burial took place yesterday afternoon.

Several days the police have been engaged in running down a gang of thieves who preyed on the clothing stores of the city. As a result of the campaign that is on five of the thieves have been sent to the State Prison and much of the stolen goods recovered. Up to this morning, the officers had recovered a large number of pants that had been taken but none of the many suits that have been found. Today, probably a dozen of these vests, all belonging to very fine suits, were found in an old ice cream freezer in the rear of the Slater Co. store, from which they were taken. The most recent discovery is that another gang of thieves who have been doing business in Durham have been found.

Sergeant J. W. T. Aldridge has been detailed to make an inspection of the whiskey sales on prescription in the city for four months and to prepare a report for the board of aldermen. He has been at work on the matter for several days and it will take several days more in which to complete the work. In Durham there are three saloons that have been found. Today, probably a dozen of these vests, all belonging to very fine suits, were found in an old ice cream freezer in the rear of the Slater Co. store, from which they were taken. The most recent discovery is that another gang of thieves who have been doing business in Durham have been found.

There was a final rally and speaking at Glenn's school tonight. The local tax proposition is on in that district and there will be the voting on Friday. Tonight there was speaking at the school house and several of those interested in educational matters went out from here. It is a foregone conclusion that the special tax will be voted by the people of that township.

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Uncle Sam—Here, you! Put that money in circulation and quit hoarding it up so