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Weather Today
Fair Friday, colder in southeast portion; Saturday fair, light to fresh northwest winds.

The News and Observer.

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Leads all North Carolina Dailies in News and Circulation

UNIFORM RATES IN ALL STATES

To be Charged by Southern Railway

KITCHIN ELECTED

Third-term Talk is Revived—Washington Times, "One Best Bet"—"North Carolina Corn" at Auction in Washington City Yesterday.

By THOMAS J. PENCE.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—At the general offices of the Southern Railway in this city the statement was obtained today that the act passed at the special session of the North Carolina Legislature regulating the charges of, passenger transportation in the State are in line with the uniform rate offered the Executives of the States of the South, which will be put in effect by all the railways of the South, April 1st. The North Carolina Legislature could hardly do more than ratify the intrastate feature of the compromise offered by President Finley, of the Southern, which made the rate for the sale of intrastate tickets two and a half cents. Officials of the Southern declare that this same rate will apply to the sale of interstate tickets, and that two cent mileage books will be placed on sale as promised. The new schedule of rates is to go into effect April first. Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, South Carolina and North Carolina have already accepted President Finley's compromise, and it only remains for the Virginia State Corporation Commission to fall into line. It is well understood here that the Virginia Commission will promulgate the new rate at an early date. While Virginia has in effect a two-cent intrastate rate, the State officials realize that it is best for all interests to accept the rate agreed upon by the other Southern States in which the Southern Railway operates. In pursuing this course the State of Virginia will get the benefit of a two and a half interstate ticket and a two cent interstate mileage book, which it does not now enjoy.

Tennessee and South Carolina have made no fight to secure lower charges for passenger transportation, yet these States benefit equally with the States of North Carolina, Georgia, Virginia and Alabama, the officers of which have made possible the new rates that are to go into effect April first.

At the special session of the Legislature the prediction was made by several members that the Supreme Court of the United States would decide against the State in the habeas corpus case from Asheville, involving the right of the Legislature to fix railroad rates. It is the privilege of any individual to make a prediction. The Supreme Court has had this case for more than a month, and there has been no intimation as to how the various members stand with reference to the case in question. The North Carolina delegation in Congress is a representative body of men, and yet there is division of opinion among them as to how the Supreme Court will decide this case. An early opinion by the court has not been anticipated. It is admitted on all sides that the questions involved are the most important that have come before the court in many years. Along with the North Carolina case is one of similar character from Minnesota, and dependent upon the decision in these cases are a score from other States which have tackled the rate-fixing proposition. When the Supreme Court tackles a case of this importance, there is no hurry to reach a decision. Evidence of this fact was given in the Selma connection case. Although the court rendered a unanimous decision in this case, it was held under advisement for two years. The principle involved was an important one, but not nearly so important as the underlying principle that exists in the rate-making cases from North Carolina and Minnesota.

"North Carolina Corn" in Washington

"Bargains in whiskies and wines as the result of prohibition in North Carolina," was the significant wording of a placard at an E street establishment, which attracted a large crowd of would-be purchasers today. Pedestrians, who were plowing through the snow, were invited to enter by a strong-lunged auctioneer, who announced that he would sell at bargain prices the stock of an Asheville "bar keep" who was forced out of business as the result of prohibition in North Carolina. A big crowd was on hand. The article that brought the highest price was North Carolina corn, which the vendor declared was "twenty years of age, and has cob webs on it."

The armored cruiser North Carolina is to be given another trial trip. This will take place Saturday, the fifteenth instant.

Kitchin Elected.

At a meeting of the North Carolina delegation in the House Representative W. W. Kitchin was today elected the member of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee from North Carolina. Mr. Kitchin has held this honor for ten years. Representative Page was elected chairman of the delegation at today's meeting and Representative Page secretary.

Senator Simmons today introduced bills authorizing surveys for an eight foot depth of water between Beaufort and Morehead City.

Third Term Revival.

The Roosevelt third term talk has been revived with [illegible] abruptness of a [illegible] that is disc[illegible] ing to the "reactionaries," following the President's recent message to Congress and the spontaneous and not always discriminating praise accorded that message by Democrats.

The President's convincing proof that there is still a great deal of fight left in him, started the talk. His most ardent supporters are pointing to the message as evidence that he cares more for the success of the program he has outlined than for any personal victory. He is believed to be frankly and sincerely in favor of Mr. Taft, whom he depends upon to continue the fight for the establishment of the Roosevelt policies. But if the country refuses to have Mr. Taft, and if the reactionary element threaten to control the party, the President will take charge of the situation personally and the result will be inevitable.

The more conservative political prophets predict that the President's control of the next national convention of his party will be absolute. His influence will govern in the selection of a candidate, they say, and the principles and policies outlined in his recent message will be converted into platform declarations.

If the power of the President is so complete and his influence in controlling in the convention, there will, of course, be no occasion for him to throw himself into the breach; but should the convention get away from Mr. Taft, the President's friends will stampede the convention for Roosevelt.

The present outlook is for Taft on the first ballot or Roosevelt on the second.

Times Makes "Announcement."

There has been a great deal of comment of late upon this line and the impression is growing that if the country refuses the man whom the President favors, the only alternative will be the President himself. In the Washington Times of Wednesday afternoon on the editorial page, a prediction is made with the confidence and lack of reserve that ordinarily marks a straight item of news.

Immediately under the editorial page heading, set in conspicuous type and in double column appears the following:

"The One Best Bet."

"An analysis of the political situation today, and a careful estimate of the personnel and running strength of the various candidates in the Presidential race, point emphatically to the conclusion that Mr. Roosevelt will be nominated in spite of himself. And this renomination will mean his reelection by a majority of matchless dimensions. This is the one best bet."

Today Representative Clayton, of Alabama, who introduced early in December a resolution in the House declaring against a third term for any President, announced that he proposed to make a fight to have the committee report the resolution and to have it pass the House. The resolution has lain for several weeks in the Committee on the Election of President and Vice-President, and it was thought no further attention would be paid to it, but recent agitation has evidently made Representative Clayton determined to put the matter through. In disqussing the matter today he said:

"On the day the President announced his adherence to his election night promise to be a candidate nor accept another nomination, I introduced in the House a second resolution congratulating him upon his loyalty to the precedent set by Washington and Jefferson and commending him for his wisdom and patriotism.

"I have not been able to get a hearing on either resolution before the Committee on the Election of President and Vice-President, of which Mr. Gaines, of West Virginia, is chairman. I was today assured by him that he would call the committee together in a few days and would have full hearings on this and other election measures now pending in the committee."

Asked what he thought of the prospect of President Roosevelt being renominated at the Chicago Convention, Mr. Clayton said:

"I believe the President wants to see Taft nominated and elected. I do not believe Mr. Roosevelt himself could do what General Grant could not do. Still human nature is weak and the President is ambitious. It may be that under great pressure and in response to appeals to his sense of patriotism, he might be induced, notwithstanding his unwillingness and his repeated declarations not to run, to accept a nomination for a third term.

"I hope, however, he will succeed in nominating Mr. Taft, for I believe Mr. Bryan can defeat Mr. Taft.

"It seems to me the only other man to be taken seriously into consideration now is Governor Hughes, of New York, but I believe that the gentlemen with the superabundance of orrindapair tissue will be stronger in the Republican national convention than the gentleman with the preponderance of whiskers."

THREE MARRIAGES.

The Brides Are Popular in Wilson—Two Married There—One in Baltimore.

Wilson, N. C., Feb. 6.—Last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. B. E. Barnes led to the hymenial altar beautiful Miss Edna Earl Coley. At the appointed hour the parlors and adjoining rooms were filled with invited guests, who had assembled to witness the beautiful ceremony, which was performed by Rev. John T. Jenkins, of the First Baptist Church.

The bride was beautifully gowned in white satin and carried a boquet of white carnations. The bride's attendants, two in number, were neatly and becomingly attired in white and carried lilies of the valley.

Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple and the invited guests repaired to the new home that Mr. Barnes had prepared for the reception of his beautiful bride.

A surprise marriage was consummated in the study of the First Baptist Church last evening, wherein Mr. James Garris and Miss Bessie Ayers were happily united. Rev. John T. Jenkins performed the ceremony.

At the home of her parents, 515 East 30th St., Baltimore, Md., Miss Ida L. Mason was married last night at 7 o'clock to Mr. D. R. Dixon, of Rocky Mount. Miss Mason is well and favorably known here, having been for two seasons the very popular milliner for Mrs. Luper. She is a lady of rare charm and culture, and her many friends here wish her much happiness and congratulate Mr. Dixon, who is a trusted employe of the Atlantic Coast Line, on his good fortune in securing such a prize. They left for Washington city after the ceremony and will spend a few days there and then come to Rocky Mount, thir future home.

FAMOUS JUDGE HARGIS NO MORE

Shot and Instantly Killed by His Son

"BOSS OF BREATHITT"

Young Hargis Arrested Acting Like a Maniac—The Famous Feudist Who Figured in the Courts on Account of Four Murders.

(By the Associated Press.)

Jackson, Ky., Feb. 6.—Former County Judge James Hargis, for many years member of the State Democratic Executive Committee, accused of complicity in many killings and a prominent figure in the feuds which have disrupted Breathitt county for several years, was shot and instantly killed in his general store here about 3:30 p. m. today, by his son, Beach Hargis. The son fired five shots in rapid succession at his father, who fell dead while his clerks were waiting on customers. The exact cause of the murder has not been learned, but it is supposed to have been the result of differences which have existed between father and son for some time. The two men are reported to have had a severe quarrel several nights ago, when the father, it is alleged, was compelled to resort to violence to restrain his son. Young Hargis, it is said, had been drinking heavily of late. He came into the store this afternoon and was apparently under the influence of liquor. Judge Hargis, it is said, spoke to his son about drinikng and a quarrel resulted. Father and son stepped behind a counter when the son, after a few minutes conversation, drew a revolver and fired five shots. Four took effect, Judge Hargis falling dead. The young lady stenographer and the customers in the store fled in fright.

Young Harbis was arrested and placed in jail. He was raving like a maniac and the officers were compelled to drag him to jail.

Judge Hargis has been for years a prominent figure in Kentucky, both in political and criminal circles. He has figured in the courts in the mountains for years on account of the murders of Dr. Cox, Attorney Martin and "Jim" Cockrell. Judge Hargis was the political leader o fthe Democrats of the Tenth District, and was regarded as the "boss" of Breathitt county. For years his sway was not opposed, but some years ago James B. Marcum had the temerity to oppose Hargis in a law case. From that date he was a marked man.

Judge Hargis had been on trial at various times for complicity in the murder of Marcum, "Jim" Cockrell and Dr. Cox, but had been acquitted on all the charges. He was recently forced to pay a judgment of $8,000 to Mrs. Marcum in connection with the death of her husband.

Judge Hargis had just disposed of this, the last of the cases in which he had been involved when he pail the judgment of the court. Mrs. Marcum had sued Judge Hargis and others for $100,000 alleging that they caused the death of her husband.

The Hargis-Cockrell geud had its inception in a political contest. The Hargises had long been dominant in Breathitt county, where they conducted a general store, were engaged in the lumber business and were generally active. The brothers, James, Alexander and Elbert, were good business men and accumulated a fortune.

The trouble with the Cockrells arose when the latter opposed Hargis at the polls. Feeling was bitter, when one day Benjamin Hargis, a younger brother of Judge Hargis, met one of the Cockrill boys in a "blind tiger" near Jackson and was killed by his enemy.

In the fall of 192. Dr. Cox, the guardian of the Cockrill boys, wholived in the outskirts of Jackson, was shot as he entered his gate on his way home one night by assassins concealed across the way. John Smith, John Abner and others of the alleged Hargis band, were accused of the crime, and in a confession made by one om. Judge Hargis was charged with having hired them to kill Dr. Cox. Rrom this time on the story of the Hargis-Cockrill feud was written in blood. The next to fall was "Jim" Cockrill feud was written in blood. The next to fall was "Jim Cockrill, the town marchall.

Fire in Goldsboro.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 4.—Fire last night destroyed a small storehouse and stock of goods in the cotton mill district belonging to a Mr. Deems. The fire company responded promptly, but found when they got there that the hose would not reach the fire. The loss will not exceed $500.

May Yet Accompany the Clansman.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 6.—Captain William Forrest, who was taken ill at the Lyceum Theatre on Tuesday evening while witnessing a performance of "The Clansman," in which play his father, the famous General Nathan B. Forrest, is portrayed, has nearly recovered and will in all probability accompany the organization during the Southern tour as originally planned.

Ex-Representative James Parker Dead

Suffolk, Va., Feb. 5.—James Parker, a prominent citizen of Gates county, N. C., and formerly representative of his county in the North Carolina General Assembly, died about 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home near Gatesville, aged about 70 years.

Mr. Parker had been sick several weeks with asthma complicated with

ELECT[illegible] DIRECTORS

Th[illegible] Biblical Recorder is Under New Control

The stockholders of the Biblical Recorder met yesterday and elected a new board of directors, as follows: C. J. Hunter, chairman; W. O. Allen, L. Johnson, Hight C. Moore, T. B. Parker and C. F. Meserve, of Raleigh, and George Norwood, of Goldsboro. The board ratified the action of the committee appointed by the Baptist State Convention, which elected Mr. Hight C. Moore to the editorship of the paper. This committee is composed of W. C. Dowd, Y. P. Hobgood, J. C. Massee, J. T. Alderman, Wm. Lunsford, C. A. Jenkins and C. J. Thompson.

Mr. C. W. Blanchard, the retiring editor, was repaid all the money he put into the paper with the interest thereon. He left yesterday afternoon for Louisville, Ky., where he will take a special course in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

The first issue of the Recorder under Mr. Moore is just out. It is ably edited and reveals the hand of one of the strongest writers in the State.

Mr. John S. Pearson will remain as business manager, having receded from his determination to leave this work and study the law at Wake Forest College.

It will also be learned with great pleasure by thousands of Baptists in this State that Rev. J. S. Farmer, the general representative of the Recorder, will still be with the paper and not go to Louisville, where he intended entering the seminary to pursue his theological studies.

In regard to the Recorder under its new management, Mr. Moore says, editorially:

"For seventy-five years it has been at the center of your denominational life. Your State Convention names the Editor, the one essential thing in its management. Your brethren in various parts of the State are the legal owners of the paper, no one having a majority of its stock, and they get but the legal rate of interest. Its one earthly possession is its subscription list of about fifteen thousand names of your fellow-workers in the Master's vineyard. Its one aim is to glorify God by serving the brotherhood to which you belong. In its moral, if not legal ownership, you are a partner and its offices shall keep no secrets from you."

CADE SPRINGS SCHOOL.

An Attendance League Organized After the Presentation by Supt. Judd of a Prize Won by The School.

County Superintendent of Schools Judd returned to his office yesterday afternoon after a two day's visit to schools in Swift Creek and St. Mary's townships.

He was present at Cade Springs Wednesday night, where he presented for the Women's Betterment Association of the county a teacher's chair and desk, won last year by the Cade Springs school. The chair and desk, worth $17.50, was a gift of Royall & Borden Furniture Company, of this city.

Wednesday night Cade Springs organized what is to be known as the Cade Springs School Attendance League. The purpose of this league is to do systematic work toward enrolling every child in the district in the school. The watchword of the league will be "Every Child in the School Every Day of the Term."

A committee to be known as the "Lookout Committee," consisting of five members, will make a list of all the children in the district who are not attending school. This committee will assign each week to each member of the league a certain number of children not attending school. This member will visit these children. The following week this same list of children will be visited by some member of the league. In this way each child not attending school will be visited each week by some member of the league.

The following officers were elected: President, Mr. A. J. Bryan; Vice-President, Miss Myrtle Bryan; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. W. L. Stancil. Miss Sarah Stancil, teacher, was elected chairman of the "Lookout Committee," and Mr. Charlie Johnson was elected chairman of the "Membership Committee."

The organization was attended with much enthusiasm and good results are expected. It will meet once a week—every Friday afternoon at three o'clock.

On the same evening ten dollars was raised for a library. The new school building for Cade Springs has just been completed, and the school entered it for the first time yesterday. The building was erected by Mr. John T. Wrenn at a cost of $1,650. It will be remembered that Cade Springs recently voted a local tax, the election being carried unanimously.

Old Fiddlers at Asheboro.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Asheboro, N. C., Feb. 6.—The Old Fiddler's Convention is to be pulled off at the auditorium Thursday night. An interesting program has been arranged. The entertainment will be given for the benefit of the Betterment Association for Schools.

(Specia lto News and Observer.)

New York, Feb. 5.—Edgar Rogers, a North Carolina man in search of work in this section, sought repose in the top of a hay rack. He fell asleep and rolled to the ground, breaking his leg. He dragged himself three miles, consuming nine hours in covering the distance, before assistance was given.

THE WEATHER.

Fair Friday, colder in southeast portion; Saturday fair, light to fresh northwest winds.

The Weather Yesterday.

Maximum temperature 56 degrees, minimum temperature 35 degrees, total precipitation for 24 hours ending 8 p. m., .25 inches.

SPEECHES ON POLITICS OVER

The House May Legislate a Bit Now

INDIAN BILL RESUMED

After an Address by Mr. Clayton, the Consideration of the Indian Appropriation Bill Was Taken Up and Discussed at Length.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Political speech making came to an end for the time being in the House of Representative today, and actual consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill was resumed. A bitter fight was waged on the proposition to abolish non-reservation schools, and the subject was discussed through the afternoon. The question was raised by the offering of an amendment by Delegate Smith, Arizona, to restrict the appropriation for collecting and transporting Indian children at school to the State in which they live.

Previous to the debate on the Indian Appropriation bill Mr. Clayton, of Alabama, spoke on the President's recent special message and help up the Republicans as being divided into two classes—the reactionaries and the White House Cuckoos.

The message, he charged, was an indictment against the Republican party for its dereliction and incompetency.

Consideration of the Indian Appropriation was not concluded when the House at 5:03 p. m. adjourned.

Clayton The Message.

A characteritic speech by Mr. Clayton, of Alabama, was delivered in the House of Representatives today, his text being the President's recent special message to Congress. That message he said, adopted in every particular, the principles advocated by the Democratic party.

The President, he said, was admirable as a man in some respects and a man most worthy of admiration in some respects; but he declared he would indulge in no panegyric nor would he give him credit for what the Democrats had stood for many years.

The message, he said, was a remarkable document from a most remarkable man," a man who has dominated hi sparty, a man who today dominates his party."

Where his story would place him he did not know. "It may put him in the category of the great residents," he said, "it may put him along with Washington, Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln or it may write him down otherwise. oSme people." Mr. Clayton continued, "say the President is changeable, eccentric and dangerous, while others launch him as a great man of decision of purposes, but I reserve the right to withhold my judgment until after his administration has wound up, when we can see the fruits of his efforts."

Taking up the President's recommendations Mr. Clayton insisted that a Republican House and Senate had been warned by the Democrats, but the Republican party paid no heed. If, he declared, those warnings had been heeded the unconstitutionality of the employers' liability law would have been saved.

"It is an indictment against his own party," he said of the message, addressing the Republican. "It is a complaint from beginning to end of your failure and of wour dereliction, of your incompetency, of your tack of patriotism and manhood to rise and meet the legislative demands of the country.

"The President not only indicts you but he furnishes the proof to convict you."

"If on that side a mother's son of you enjoyed that message I failed to discover it."

The Republicans did not like the message, he charged, because there was too much "big stick on the one hand to suit the reactionaries and not quiet enough to arouse the enthusiasm of the White House Cuckoos." He held the Republicans as a party divided into two factions. "Not warring factions," he said, amid Democratic laughter. "Because you have laid down." The Republicans, he declared, were not even fighting for their convictions.

The Democrats had not, Mr. Clayton said, heard any protest against the use of the "big stick," which was being wielded over the heads of the Republicans.

"So," he said, and addressing the Republicans, "you White House cuckoos, and you reactionaries—the two hostile camps into which you are divided—there is hardly one of you with nerve enough to declare for anybody."

The Republicans, he declared, did not like President Roosevelt nor his policies. The President at one time had believed in tariff revision, but "he is now a protempore stand patter."

Mr. Clayton spoke of "the vast army of unemployed," and charged the industrial condition to the Republicans. "We might as well face conditions as they are," he said, "and it would not do for the Republicans to adhere to the announced program that the present would be a do-nothing Congress. He appealed to the Republicans to do their duty.

He then secured permission to insert in the Congressional Record Mr. Bryan's "Thou Shalt Not Steal Speech," and predicted that Mr. Bryan would be the next President.

Johnson, of Kentucky.

Mr. Johnson, of Kentucky, spoke briefly on the subject of the President's message and said it was simply an endorsement of Democratic policies. He did not believe the Republicans would pay heed to the recommendations of the message and he challenged the President to say whether or not in the approaching election he would use the influence of his great office "to re-elect men who in this hall stand between the people and their needs."

He also wanted the President to come out squarely and say whether or not he had not offered powerful patronage to the Republican Congressmen of Kentucky "that they may use it to be returned to these halls to again vote against the restoration to the people of those rights of which the successfully dishonest have, under Republican laws, deprived them."

General debate on the Indian Appropriation bill then closed and the bill was taken up for amendment.

OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

New Heating Apparatus in Elks Building—Bar Association—Ladies of the Maccabees—Mass Meeting of Baptists.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 6.—The seventh annual meeting of the policyholders of the Security Life and Annuity Company, was held yesterday afternoon at the home office of the company in this city. There was a large attendance.

After the meeting of the policyholders the trustees assembled and reelected the officers for the next year as follows: J. Van Lindley, president; P. H. Hanes, vice-president; G. A. Grimsley, secretary; Brooks & Thompson, legal advisors; C. C. Taylor, agency director; Lee H. Battle, treasurer; Drs. E. R. Micheaux and J. P. Turner, medical directors.

The secretary's report showed that the year 107 was the most prosperous period in the history of the company. The income for the year was $376,271.85. Assets of the company are put at $545,587.13 and liabilities $406,315.53; reserve on policies outstanding, $400,540.50; suplus as to policy-holders, $138,771.60; excess of income over expenditures, $152,763.16; new business for the year on a paid basis, $3,135,670; total insurance in effect over $11,000,000; increases for 1907 over previous year—earned surplus, 145 per cent; interest income, 92 per cent.; assets, 42 per cent.; legal reserve, 55 per cent.

Mortality losses were less than for the previous year. This company, which is the pioneer life insurance company in Greensboro, is now operating in four States, namely: North and South Carolina, Georgia and Virginia.

Mr. B. MacKenzie, of this city, is installing a heating apparatus in the new building of the Elks at New Bern, the contract calling for an expenditure in the neighborhood of $6,000. This building is five stories in height and cost about $150,000. The Elks will have quarters on the top floor, with offices and stores on the lower floors.

Mr. Frank P. Morton, who so successfully conducted the Atlantic Hotel at Morehead City last summer and will have charge of it again the coming season, has been spending the winter here. Mr. Morton is gratified to learn this morning that the State Bar Association will hold its annual session at his hotel this summer June 28-July 3rd. This added to the fact that both the State Pharmaceutical and the Bankers' Associations have selected the Atlantic as the meeting place for this year, gives Morehead a front seat on the convention band wagon.

At last night's meeting of Greensboro Lodge, No. 602, B. P. O. Elks, two applications for membership were received and the initiation was conferred upon twenty-four candidates, this being the largest number ever received into the lodge at one time. By unanimous vote the members decided to dispense with "lockers" in the club rooms.

A well-attended meeting of Greensboro Hive Ladies of the Maccabees was held last night. Fifteen were elected to membership and will be initiated at a later meeting. The lodge is growing rapidly and the members are enthusiastic over its prospects. A social session which is expected to prove very enjoyable will be given soon.

The police raided a colored joint on Bilbro street last night and captured a number of negro offenders. They found nine negroes in a small room, the shades of which were drawn. Dice, cards and other paraphernalia of gambling were also found.

Next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the First Baptist church there will be a mass-meeting of all the Baptists of the city and vicinity. The object of the meeting will be partly to give the Baptists of the city and community to meet Dr. White, the new pastor of the First Baptist church, and partly to launch a movement for the establishment of city missions.

LEFT LETTER WITH BABE

Mother Desires that It Be Found a Good Home—John Randall in Jail.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Asheville, N C, Feb. 6.—A message from Marshall this afternoon stated thta John Randall, charged with the murder of his wife near Barnard, Madison county, Tuesday night, had been arrested at his home and today placed in jail at Marshall

Randall made no effort to escape, denying that he was responsible for his wife's death. The message stated that the coroner's jury had not yet returned a verdict.

The county officers have been searching today for the woman who shortly after midnight last night left a three-weeks-old baby on the doorstep of Former Sheriff Reed's home. The person left a note with the abandoned infant addressed to Dr. Swope, and requesting that a home be found for the infant in some Christia home.

The ot was signed "The Mother," who she said, preferred that the child go into an "Episcopal home." The officers believe that they will shortly locate the woman guilty of abandoning the child. The letter found with the babe follows:

Murder Trial Postponed.

(By the Associated Press.)

Roanoke, Va., Feb. 6.—When the case of Frank Cauthorn, charged with the murder of Mrs. Ada Jones, was called in the circuit court at Christiansburg, Va., today Judge Moffett postponed the hearing until the thirteenth instant. It is said the plea will be that of insanity. Cauthorn says he loved Mrs. Jones and he killed her because she became the bride of another.

FINANCIAL TALK BY CULBERSON

Government Exhibit at Alaska Exposition

BILL PASSES SENATE

Upper House of Congress Adjourns Until Monday—Texas Senator Scores Secretary of the Treasury—The Day's Session.

(By th Associated Press.)

Washington, Fb. 6.—A financial speech by Senator Culberson, of Texas, and the passage of a bill providing for a government exhibit at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition were the chief features of interest in the proceedings of the Senate today.

Mr. Culberson gave the results of his analysis of the recent report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the Panama canal bond issue in order to substantiate his contention that national banks of New York city were unduly favored by the Secretary in the disposition of public funds and had violated the law by issuing these bonds. The last hour of the day was devoted to a further consideration of the bill to revise the criminal laws of the United States and at 4:28 p. m. the Senate adjourned until next Monday.

Senator Culberson's Address.

In a speech in the Senate today Senator Culberson declared that the Secretary of the Treasury by his report to the Senate has raised an issue of facts to whether national banks in New York used the $75,000,000 of public money deposited with them for speculative purposes or whether this money was used to meet the demand of outside banks for reserve purposes.

Mr. Culberson complained that the committee on finance had failed to take any action on his resolution directing that it inquire into the causes of the recent financial stringency.

He declared that the report of the Secretary had shown that the official had violated the laws in issuing Panama bonds because money for the canal was not needed, and that he had violated the law in awarding these bonds to national banks, instead of to individuals and in using the proceeds of the sales for the purposes set forth in the report and not for the construction of the canal. In issuing the 3 per cent certificates the Secretary also violated the law, Mr. Culberson said, because they were not used for the purpose provided by the statutes, as there was ample funds for such purposes. Moreover, he said, the Secretary had violated the law in issuing the 3 per cent as the law limits the basis of such notes to registered bonds of the United States and to Panama bonds. He had also failed to distribute this money as provided under the act of March 4, 1907. His distribution was inequitable, said Mr. Culberson as the money was used by New York banks for speculative purposes.

"The public money deposited in the national banks of the United States," said Mr. Culberson, "on March 22, 1907, was $140,000,000. On Dcember 3, the amount reached the enormous sum of $223,000,000. In New York city alone on March 22, the amount on deposit there was $14,000,000, on August 22, $28,000,000, and on December 3, $75,000,000.

"New York city with about one-sixth of the capital and surplus of all the banks secured one-third of all the public money on deposit. The eastern States, including New York, having only about three times the capital and surplus of the Southern States were given four as much of the public money.

"The increase of government deposits in the eastern States from August to December, 197, was $54,000,000, and the increase in deposits in Southern States was $7,000,000.

WILL HOLTON BE CHAIRMAN?

Dosn't Look Like It, But—Endeavor Convention.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Winston-Salem, N. C., Feb. 6.—District Attorney Holton was question today regarding the report that he is to enter contest for State chairmanship of the Republican party. He replied that he had no idea of tawing such action. He explained that he did not believe this was a position that should be sought after, knowing that the chairman and committee should be selected by the convention after consulting the candidates upon the State ticket. It is known here that there is a strong opposition to State Chairman Adams, it being argued by some that he is incompetent. District Attorney Holton admits that he would be required to resign his present job which pays $4,500 with expenses if he should take the State chairmanship.

The State Christian Endeavor Convention will be held at Elon College in April, exact date to be announced in a few days.

TO BURN HOTEL

Two Unsuccessful Attempts Made—Negro Gets Mad and Gets Shot.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Roxboro, N. C., Feb. 6.—Two unsuccessful attemtps have recently been made to burn Hotel Dowdy, of this place. The last attempt was made this afternoon and came near succeeding but the building was saved by the prompt action of the fire department. Suspicion fell upon one of the colored employes of the hotel by the name of Jeane Bailey. Soon after the fire Mr. W. E. Winstead, clerk of the hotel, interviewed Bailey, who became very angry, denouncing Winstead as a liar and made a rush upon him. Winstead drew a pistol and fired three or four shots, first shot going wild, the others taking effect in both [illegible] and hip. Bailey is not considered dangerously wounded.