VOLUME LXXXV NO. 112

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1908.

PRICE 5 CENTS

Weather Today

# Leads all North Carolin Dailies in News and Circulation

Besten-Beaufort Project Has Gained Much

APPOINTS

man Godwin Has Named in the Sixth District 400 Correspondents to the Department of Agriculture-Meeting of Public

Buildings Committee. By THOMAS J. PENCE. Washington, D. C., April 1 .- The truly national project of a continuous inland waterway along the Atlantic Scaboard from Boston to Beaufort Inlet and thence to the Cape Fear River has made notable advance at this ses-

ion of Congress. The progress is not indicated by legislation, but by an awakened public opinion, and particularly by obtaining recognition in quarters which have heretofore vigorously opposed it. It would be recalled that there was organized in Philadelphia last November what was designated as the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association. This meeting was represented by delegates from every seaboard State from Maine to Florida, and continued in session for two days during which time it was mon he asked all in the congregation. two days, during which time it was

addressed by some of the foremost men of the country. Hon. J. Hampton Moore was elected as the president of that association. Mr. Moore is an interesting personality. He has had varied newspaper training and has occupied public positions in Philadelphia and more recently was chief of the Bureau of Manufactures in the Department of Commerce and Labor. He was elected to Congress about two years ago. At the beginabout two years ago. At the beginning of the present session of Congress a voluntary committee was formed with a view of impressing upon Congress, and particularly upon Chairman Burton and the members of the River and Harbors Committee, the importance of the project. This committee consisted of Representa-

the importance of the project. This committee consisted of Representatives Moore, of Philadelphia; Capron, of Rhode Island; Goulden, of New York; Burton, of Delaware, and Small, of North Carolina. This committee has held frequent meetings for formulating their plans and have waged a quiet but insistent campaign. The result was shown when a resolution was drawn and introduced today by Mr. Moore, which has the approval of Chairman Burton. This resolution authorized the Secretary of War to cause a survey to be made for a continuous waterway from Boston to Beaufort inlet, North Carolina, of a minimum depth of 16 feet, and to report the most available route with an estimate of cost thereof. The resolution carries an appropriation of \$100,000 for paying the expenses of the survey. It is expected that this resolution will be favorably reported by the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, and it will pass at this session of Congress, provided there is any river and harbor legislation whatever, which now seems doubtful.

It will be observed that a most important step has been taken in that this survey has the approval of the River and Harbor Committee, while heretofore every bit of legislation for these waterways along the seaboard has been obtained against the vibor-

these waterways along the seaboard has been obtained against the viborous opposition of Chairman Burton. ous opposition of Chairman Burton. In spite of this opposition, Mr. Small and his colleagues in the House and our Senators have secured several surveys, and finally secured an appropriation of \$550,000.00, and this fact has aroused the of Congress and the Country. The Norfolk-Beaufort Inlet Waterway is ahead of the procession in this respect.

Mr. Small is not alone in his contention that the Norfolk-Beaufort Inlet Waterway, which lies behind Hatteras, is the most important of all the several links and that it will be of enormal to the several links and that it will be of enormal to the several links and that it will be of enormal to the several links. mous local benefit to North Carolina. He contends that not only will Eastern North Carolina receive a great impetus, but an opportunity will be afforded by which cheaper and more efficient transportation can be extended to all the interior towns and cities of the State of the

Public Buildings.

The House Committee on Expenditures on Public Buildings, of which Mr. Small is the ranking minority understood that portion represented by Judge to be unconstitutional. It is understood that other large tax-paymember, held a meeting today. Mr. ers in paying their taxes are holding Small stated that this meeting was back the 33 1-3 per cent Small stated that this meeting was notable in two respects: While he said he had been a member of this committee since his entrance into Congress, it was the first meeting which it had ever held. Again he said the business upon which it had entered was of exceeding importance, because the committee proposed to make a detailed investigation of the laws authorizing the erection of public buildings and the expenditures therefor. There are no allegations of misuse of the public funds in this connection, but there was a general belief nection, but there was a general belief that the administration of the office of the supervising architect of the Treasury Department was extravagant and cumbersome. Only slight progress was made today as the first meeting was necessarily occupied in preliminary arrangements. preliminary arrangements.

courtesies, in the way of Year Books.
Horse Books, Books on the Diseases
of Cattle and other publications of
Cattle and other publications of the department, and also a copy of the "Crop Reporter" which is pre-pared and published monthly. Mr. Godwin expects that the arrangements will prove of much beneto the farmers of his district.

House Summary.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., April 1.-Debate on the agricultural appropriation in the House today was devoid of the charges and impulations which mark-ed its consideration on Monday and Tuesday. More progress was made whii the measure than ony any previous day, and the indications are that it will finally get through tomorrow.

Today's discussion dwelt on a proposition for an increase appropriation for the farmers' bulletins, which however, was refused, and the subject of inquiries into road building, etc., by the department, the trend of opinion being that such work should be en-

The session was opened with a bitter attack on Attorney General Bonaparte by Mr. Clark, of Florida, who denounced him as being no lawyer and unfit to hold his office. The occasion for the utterance was the reporting out of committee of a resolution by Mr. Clark calling for a statement of the expense connected with peonage investigations and prosecutions. That the resolution was simply a further and unnecessary attack on the attorney general by Mr. Clark was the declaration of Mr. Cautfield, of Missouri, who led the opposition. The resolution was tabled.

At 4:46 p. m. the House adjourned. Surry in Dead Earnest for Prohibition.

mon he asked all in the congregation who were for prohibition and who would work for prohibition to stand up. Every man, woman and child except one stood up. The one that not stand up is one Quiller

Draughan, an idiot. At New Hope, some five miles away, another large meeting was addressed by Lewelleyn Reece and others on the prohibition question. The indications are now that the liquor forces of this county will have an up-hill business if they carry this county as they have been predicting.

Senate Summary.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, D. C., April 1.—The
passage of a bill authorizing the construction of a dam across the Snake
river in the State of Washington, and the consideration of a measure for adjudicating the claims of States against the government account of the disposition of the proceeds of public lands occupied nearly the entire session of the Senate today. The Senate at 4:14 p. m. adjourned.

Refuses to Pay Certain Special Tax in Buncombe County

Takes Advantage of Ruling of Judge Moore in Case of Southern Railway vs. Commissioners-Oth-

ers May Do Likewise,

(Special to News and Observer.)

Asheville, N. C., April 1.-George W. Vanderbilt, the largest tax-payer in Buncombe county, has taken advantage of Judge Fred Moore's recent the Southern Railway against commissioners and tax collectors of this tax levy in Buncombe was unconstitutional, and has refused to, pay that cent road and bridges and 18 1-3 cent | the table if it was desired." interest bonds, which amounts to tofore Vanderbilt has paid his tax in closed. remainder of his tax with the excep-

lution for Waterway From Boston to Wilmington

was necessarily occupied in preliminary arrangements.

Representative Godwin, of the Sixth-North Carolina district has appointed four hundred men, scattered throughout the counties of his district, to act as correspondents to, the Department of Agriculture, here, to assist the department in collecting statistics for the coming year. Mr. Godwin hopes to have the crop reporting service of his district greatly improved and augmented by the addition of names of reliable and representative farmers or planters of his district who will give accurate information by answering monthly inquiries sent to them.

These men will be isted as special correspondents of the bureau, and wills they will not receive a salary, they will be favorably considered by the department, and will receive many in the department, and will receive many.

Washington, D. C., April 1.—Senator Southern Bouther resolution directing a survey of a continuous water way by the route deemed in the country of the continuous water way by the route deemed a constant of the partment in collecting statistics for the coming year. Mr. Godwin hopes to his district greatly improved and augmented by the addition of names of reliable and representative farmers or planters of his district who will give accurate information by answering monthly inquiries sent to them.

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Subject Before the House North Carelina Farmers' No Law Against Slander-Union to Organize. Yesterday.

CLARK'S RESOLUTION SCORE OF COUNTIES THE STATE APPEALS

Caulfield, of Missouri, Attacks The Resolution Requesting Information as to Money Paid Detectives-Some Heated

Remarks. (By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., April 1.—The subject of peonage in the Southern States arose in the House today when Mr. Caulfield, of Missouri, from the Committee on Judiclary, called up the resolution of Mr. Clark, of Florida, requesting the attorney general to in-form the House as to the amount of money paid to detectives in gathering evidence in peonage cases and also making inquiry concerning the capacity in which Mrs. Mary Grace Quackenboss has been employed and the amount of money paid her. The resolution, he declared, was intended as "an unnecessary attack on the De-partment of Justice for doing its duty. To think," he exclaimed, "that human liberty can cost too much—clation, for Mecklenburg. President that the Department of Justice can be Barrett, of the mational union, a Geortoo vigilant on behalf of human lib-One would think, he declared, epartment "was going a raging lion seeking that the department whom it may devour, seeking some innocent citizen of Florida to clap into jail." The department, he said, had been exceedingly conservative in its actions. Indeed, it had done its full duty, "and a righteous act" when, in response to a long list of complaints of peonage the investigations were made. Hade the department done otherwise than it did, he said, it would have been derelict in duty. Mr. Cauifield denied that peonage prosecutions injured the prosperity of a State. 'It is not the prosecutions," he said amid applause, "but the acts

"The Department of Justice," Mr. Caulfield said, "was carrying out Republican policies, when it dignifies and emancipates labor," he added, "that is one of the policies we did not steal from a Democratic platform." Reply to Mr. Caulfield, Mr. Clark denounced Attorney General Bonadenounced Attorney General Bonaparte. "He does not know the law," he charged, "and he is unworthy of his high place at the head of the Department of Justice." He produced court records tending to show that in the last five years "the name of Attorney General Bonaparte does not appear as counsel for anybody in any case in the Supreme Court of the United States." Mr. Clark said further that for ten years previously to enter the states of the ten years previously to enter the states of the ten years previously to enter the states." that for ten years, previously to en-tering the Cabinet, Mr. Bonaparte had appeared only thirteen times out of 3,400 cases in the Maryland Court of Appeals; in three of those cases he

of the men which make the prosecu-

woman belonging to the laboring "This man," he exclaimed, "is not fit to be attorney general because of his ignorance of the law, and he is not fit to hold his office because of his admission that he is furthering a conspiracy to invoke the criminal law to warn people against 'dangerous communities.."

cents for repairs to a spigot in one of

"I say to this man Bonaparte, say to this man Russell, his assistant Attorney General, I say to the female assistant and all the horde that follow in the wake of Bonaparte." he said, "come down with the immigration of Pennsylvania, offered an amenddecision in the injunction hearing of commission and let the facts be brought out and the truth be known. priation for publications of the De-We beg it, we are ready for it. "He county, holding that one-third of the could be content," he said, "with the fact that Lis former resolution for an investigation had been adopted, and portion of his tax, representing the 15 the present resolution could lie on On the vote being taken, the resoabout eight thousand dollars. Here- lution was tabled and the incident was

Funeral of Mr. N. J. Bennett. Wadeshoro, N. C., April 1 .- The funeral of Mr. Nevil James Bennett, who died early yesterday morning, was conducted this morning at the known as Bennett's Grove. Mr. Bennet was an unusually industrious man and a good citizen. He was a mem-ber of the 14th N. C. Regiment during the Civil war and discharged his full duty as a soldier.

Present Wage Scale on bribe the farmers of the country to bribe the manufacturers or Southern to Continue.

Agreement Reached Last Night by

ing One's Wife.

Represented in Charlotte Yesterday When Preliminary Steps Were Taken to Organize the State Into the Union With Two

(Special to News and Observer.) Charlotte, N .C., April 1 .- Preliminary steps were taken here today at the convention of the members of about a numbering two million farmers. The opening exercises were held at ten o'clock in the morning and were open to the public. E. R. Preston, of the Charlotte bar, delivering the address of welcome for the city and President H. Q. Alexander, of the county association, for Mecklenburg. President

Million Farmers.

gian, responded. night they have completed and adoptformally launched. There are approximately one hundred delegates present. Mr. Barrett, national head of the union stated that the preliminary work in this State had been more promising than in any of the other eleven States organized. There are several delegates from the mountains of Cherokee, while the entire State is likewise well represented. The mem-brahlp is confined not alone to cotton planters but to all farmers and agriculturists and none others are eligible.
The organization claims it origin in Ratnes county, Texas, four years ago.
Mr. G. W. Fant, of Texas, has been in the State five months perfecting the organiation of the counties. There are over five hundred members in Meck-

gressmen te Distribute

was party to the suit," and in one of them the question at issue was 75 Subject of Much Discussion in House Yesterday-Additional Aphis houses he had rented to a poor propriation of Fifty Thousand Dollars Advocated.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., April 1.-The insufficiency of the number of farmers' bulletins furnished members of Congress for distribution among their constituents was the subject of much discussion in the House today during the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill with the view to enlarging this work. Mr. McHenry, ment, to add \$50,000 to the appropartment.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, strongly supported the amendment, while Messrs. Scott, of Kansas, and Mann, of Illinois, opposed the amendment, which was lost.

The provision for an experiment station on the Island of Guam went out on a point of order by Mr. Madden, of Illinois. Considerable discussion occurred on the paragraph relating to inquiries of the Agricultural Department in reference to systems of road management. Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, spoke in support of his bill to distribute among the several States the surplus of the treasury up family burying ground near the home, to \$25,000,000 for road construction. He believed that no better use for such a surplus could be made. Mr. Payne, of New York, asserted that the only purpose of the Williams bill was to bribe voters, but he said they were not to be deceived. "His plan is paternalistic," Mr. Payne charged, and he said Mr. Williams

was simply trying to get his hand in the treasury and have the national government do what the state governments ought to be proud to do. "Do you think it is any more iniquitous," Mr. Williams inquired, "to bribe the farmers of the country than "No I do not,' Mr. Payne responded.

He produced general laughter when "And I hope the gentleman will join me and not bribe anybody." With some minor amendments still pending the bill was laid aside and the House adjourned.

JEFF DAVIS FINED

Pays \$25 for Disturbing the Peace-Tried in Palice Court.

(By the Associated Press.)

Little Rock, Ark., April 1.—United State Senator Jefferson Dayis was fined \$25 in police court today for disturbing the neace. The fine was administered for the Senator's action in getting a pistol and appearing on the street yesterday afternoon where he had been attacked and beaten a few minutes befor by Thomas Hlm, deputy prosecuting attorney. It is alleged Dayis flourished the revolver and made threats of taking a shot at his late antagonist who had vanished. Helm was fined \$10 for assault.

Glenwood, to cost \$15,000.

The Greensboro Wall Paper Company, and by Lieutenant C. R. Train, his flag alieutenant, and by Past Assistant Surpany, with a paid in capital of \$25,000.

The Old North State Paper Company, with a capital of \$10,000.

The Greensboro Drug Company, with a capital of \$10,000.

The Greensboro Drug Company, with a capital of \$5,000.

Southern Collar and Bridle Company are now building a two-story factory 40x120 feet in size, on the corner of McCulloch street and the Corner of McCulloch street an

Fulton Still Under Bond-Good Month of Commercial Growth

and New Buildings-Business Change--Mule Thief Caught -Social Events.

By ANDREW JOYNER. Greensboro, N. C., April 1 .- In the Superior Court the cases against W. D. McAdoo for manslaughter and H. Va., but is disposing of his business some of county unions to formally organize the North Carolina Farmers' Union, the twelfth State to be thus added to the ranks of the union now dering his wife, Mrs. Carry J. Fulton, was taken up at 1 o'clock today. The first bill of indictment found several terms ago, simply charged Fulton with slandering a virtuous woman, to-wit, Carry J. Fulton. An amended

bill was found by the grand jury this morning, charging the slander to be against "Carry J. Fulton, the wife of said Winston Fulton." It was explained that this amendment was for The farmers immediately thereafter the purpose of bringing squarely bewent into secret session, and by to- fore the court the question of whethed a constitution for the State organization. There will be meetings tomorrow when a full quota of officers
will be elected and the State union
formally launched. There are approxton moved to quash the bill of indictment on the ground that it did not charge any offense under the taw.

Representing the defendant are the following attorneys: Messrs. W.

F. Carter, of Mount Airy: Sams, of Lexington: King, Kimball & Bell, and David Stern, of Greensboro, while assisting in the prosecution besides So. David Stern, of Greensboro, while assisting in the prosecution besides Sotice & Broadhurst, and ex-Judge Bynum, of Greensboro. On the mo-tion to quash, Mr. King, for defend-ant, contended that the Supreme Court in State vs. Eaton, 95 N. C., had expressly decided that a husband could not slander his wife under the

judge of the Superior Court had no right to over-rule a decision of the Supreme Court. Mr. Justice, for the prosecution, replied to this argument by citing many cases to show that in the Eaton case, the main point now before the court had been overlooked, and that priniciples now involved had been established in later decisions, no. been established in later decisions, notably in State vs. Dowell, 106 and Harvey vs. Johnson, 133. He said that in State vs. Oliver, 70 N. C., Judge Settle decided that a husband could be punished for beating his wife, thus bringing society out of barbarism, and if, according to the contentions of counsel for defendant, the lapse was made back to barbarism in State vs. Eaton, the Supreme Court had brought us back to civilization in

the cases of Dowell and Harvey vs. Johnson. Court then adjourned to three o'clock pending argument of other

At the afternoon session of court Solicitor Brooks and Judge Shaw for the prosecution, presented argument opposing the motion to quash, while Attorneys Carter and Stern argued in support of the motion. Judge Webb stated that while he could not concur in the reasoning of the Supreme Court, the case of State vs. Eaton, in which it is said that a husband could not slander his wife, yet this was the law until over-ruled by the Supreme Court or repealed by the Legislature, and he should allow the motion to quash the bill of indictment. The State took an appeal and defendant Fulton renewed his bond of three thousand doffar bond for his appear-

ance at the December term of court. Growth Despite Panic. The month of March, just closed has proved quite a good one for Greensboro, in the way of financial growth despite the prevailing depres-

The secretry of the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. J. S. Kuykendall, who keeps an accurate record of such matters, shows that for the month of March, seventeen new families, the heads of which have engaged in new business enterprises, have come to the city from States other than North Carolina, as follows: West Virginia, Virginia, Alabama, Florida, Delaware, New York, Georgia and New Jersey. This new capital, together with the new buildings under construction, and for which permits have been granted within the city limits since

will cost \$25,000.

The Telfair Institute, a new 30-room sanitarium, is being erected at Glenwood, to cost \$15,000.

who suffered a heavy loss in their fire in January are re-building their plant and making improvements which will give better facilities for handling their business than they previously had be-

The Standard Oil Company has received building permits for the erection of three brick, metal-covered buildings on East Washington street at a cost of \$11,000. Improvements to the extent of \$500

Boiler and Machine Company has been increased from \$50,000 to \$200,000.

The Normal and Industrial College has received a building permit for the erection of a new Science Hall at a

cost of \$52,000.
Business Change. W. B. McGregor, who recently pur-chased the business of the Benefield Furniture Company here, has now purchased the interest of H. C. Guntley and J. I. Faulkner in the Huntley-Stockton Hill Furniture Company, and will consolidate the Benefield stock with the latter. Mr. Huntley retires as manager of the Greensboro business but will continue with the firm

Mr. McGregor has been a successfu furniture dealer in Parkersburg, W

tinued until the next term of court.

The case of State against Winston Fulton, indicted on a charge of slandering his wife, Mrs. Carry J. Fulton, was taken up at 1 o'clock today. The first bill of indictment found several terms ago, simply charged Fulton with slandering a virtuous woman, to-wit, Carry J. Fulton. An amended bill was found by the grand jury this morning, charging the slander to be against "Carry J. Fulton, the wife of said Winston Fulton." It was explained that this amendment was for the purpose of bringing squarely before the court the question of whether a husband could slander his wife, and let the judge rule on it, before detain the negro and the mule until

Social Events.

At the Normal College Friday evening, April 3, the first of a series of musicals will be given. On his occasion, "A Mendelssohn Evening" will be the attraction. Selections for the had expressly decided that a husband could not slander his wife under the statute of 1879, making it a crime for a man to charge incontinence in a virtuous woman, and argued that a judge of the Superior Court had no young society neonle of the city is

Admiral Evans Hies to Mineral Springs.

counsel on the motion to quash the Lands at San Diego and Takes Special Car-Says His Physician Advises That His Rheumatism Cannot

Be Cured Aboard.

(By the Associated Press.)

San Diego, Cal., April 1.—The flag-ship Connecticutt, of the Atlantic fleet, with Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans on board, arrived off Coronado today and the admiral was taken off on the tender. Yankton and was secured.

Mr. Taylor said he had stated to an Associated Press representative in Waterbury that he thought he had influenced Mr. Lilley to vote for submarine boats. He assumed this, he said, because when Mr, Lilley came to Waterbury he said:

"I voted yes, frankly, with your face before me when I voted." This referred to the naval appropriation bill of 1906 or 1907. today and the admiral was taken off on the tender Yankton and was brought to this city where a private car had been placed at his disposal. Admiral Evans plainly showed the effects of his illness. He left this afternoon for San Lus Obispo to receive treatment at the mineral springs. To the Associated Press Admiral Evans said:

"On the advice of my physicians I am going to Paso Robles Springs for treatment. I am told, that my rheumatic pains, which have become at Elihu Frost, vice-president of the strength of the naval appropriation bill of 1906 or 1907.

The witness said he did not consider that he had done anything improper in asking Mr. Lilley to vote for sub-marines.

Mr. Taylor said that he had been requested by Mr. John P. Kellogg, one of the attorneys for the Electric Boat Company, in January, 1908, "to get busy with Mr. Lilley, and again cell him about the possibility of sub-marines."

matic pains, which have become at times almost unendurable, cannot be conquered as long as I remain in air and aboard ship, where the necessary diet and the treatment cannot be se-

of physicians which is now so positive. By doing this at once, I may be able to rejoin my fleet and take part district and that of Mr. Loud, of Michael Company of Mr. Loud, of Mr. Lo March 1st represent a total investment of \$161,000.

Two large jobbing houses, the
Transou Hat Company, and the Murphy Stove and Range Company, have phy Stove and Range Company, have as soon as the physicians consent, re-

In addition, improvements have been made on eleven residences at a cost of \$3,600, making a total investment of capital and improvements in new business houses of \$28,500.

The capital stock of the Greensboro Roller and Machine Comments and

MORE DENIALS

Frank Taylor Testifies that Lilley Said That in Case of Adverse Decision

by the Committee, Which He Expected, He Would Tell All He Knew of Case.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., March 1.-Franklin A. Taylor, of Waterbury, Conn., today testified before the Special House Committee investigating the charges against the Electric Boat Company, that he had heard Repre-

Saturday in Waterbury. Mr. Lilley, according to the witness, said that he proposed to see that the Lake people had a fair chance.

He was present in the Waterbury Club a week ago Saturday, he said while Mr. Lilley was talking with a while Mr. Lilley was talking with a number of gentlemen about the present investigation. According to Mr. Taylor, Mr. Lilley said it was quite likely that he would get an adverse decision and in that event he said he would go on the floor of the House and tell all that he knew about the whole matter of sub-marine boats.

Mr. Taylor said that he never lost an opportunity to impress upon Mr. Lilley that he ought to vote for sub-marines and that he had shaken his fist at Mr. Lilley several times, but always in a jocular manner. He did not intimate to him that he had gone to him at the instigation of the Electric Boat Company.

Electric Boat Company,
The Electric Boat Company,
said, had never promised him
contract if the desired legislation

diet and the treatment cannot be secured.

"It will be a keen disappointment to me if I am unable to be present at the various functions that have been planned, and unable to greet the kind friends on the Pacific coast who have made such elaborate plans for my coming, but I must yield to the advice of physicians which is now so posi-

phy Stove and Range Company, have established and begun business. Other businesses begun and chartered being:

The Greensboro Mattress Company, manufacturing straw and felt mattresses, with a monthly output of 1,000 mattresses.

Greensboro Manufacturing and Coal Company, a new ice plant, which will cost \$25,000.

Transou Hat Company, and stray and the water of the springs, I shall. as soon as the physicians consent, rejoin the officers and men of the fleet in a frolic ashore, but from now on I shall obey the doctors orders, come what will."

The Connectfoutt returns to Magnot a mountain a lobby in Washington and declared that he had made contributions in behalf of his contributions in behalf of any campaign fund. He said that he water of the springs, I shall.

Mr. Friost denied that he had made contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said that his company to any campaign fund. He said lobby in Washington and declared that he had made contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said lobby in Washington and declared that he had made contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said lobby in Washington and lobby in Washington and lobby in Washington and lobby himself or anyone or any member of Congress, nor had any money been temporarily in command of the fleet as company had been brought to bear be a company had been brought to bear bear of the second squadron, is the contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said that he had made contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said that he had made contributions in behalf of his company to any campaign fund. He said that he water of the fleet in a frolic ashore, but from now on I shall obey the doctors orders, come what will."

temporarily in command of the fleet as commander-in-chief.

Admiral Evans was accompanied ashore by his son, Lieutenant Frank Evans, of the battleship Louisiana, and by Lieutenant C. R. Train, his flag lieutenant, and by Past Assistant Surgeon P. E. McDonald.

The convention left Magdalena Bay early Monday, making the run to San Diego, a distance of 620 miles, in about 48 hours.

THE WEATHER.

Maximum temperature yesterday, 65 degrees.

Minimum temperature yesterday, 57 degrees.

Minimum temperature yesterday, 57 degrees.