FOUR-MONTH TERM FOR EACH DISTRICT

Boards of Education to Prepare Estimate

BASIS OF NEW TAX RATE

New Law Guaranteeing a Four-Months' School in Every School District in the State Becomes Effective This Year—Basis For Fixing Salaries of Teachers.

State Superintendent Joyner will send to the country board of education in each county today a blank form of 48 pages to be filled out and presented to the county board of education before the first Monday in June. It is for the complete estimate of expenses of each school district for the school year 1909-'10, and is made necessary by the act of the last legislature guaranteeing a four-months' school in every school district in North Carolina. The board of county commissioners is required to take this statement, showing the funds necessary to run a four-months' school in each district, and levy a tax necessary to carry out the provisions of the act. The tax will be decided upon by the various boards of county commissioners at their June meeting.

The new law, under which this estimate is made, is as follows:

"On or before the first Monday in June of each and every year the county board of education of each county shall ascertain the amount of money that will be needed to maintain the public schools of such county for four months during the succeeding school year. The board of education, using as a basis the receipts for school purposes during the current school year ending June thirtieth, shall ascertain the amount that will be available for school purposes from the regular school tax, from fines and penalties and from the amount appropriated under section four thousand and ninety-seven of the Revisal of one thousand nine hundred and five of North Carolina. If the amount to be received is less than the amount ascertained to be needed the board of education shall submit a statement of the above facts to the board of county commissioners of such county; and it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners to levy a special tax on all property and polls in said county to supply one-half the deficiency for the support and maintenance of the public schools of such county for four months: Provided, that this special tax shall not be less than one cent on the one hundred dollars valuation of property and three cents on each poll, nor more than five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property and fifteen cents on each poll in any county. This tax shall be levied and collected as other county taxes are levied and collected and the funds thus raised shall be expended in such manner as the county board of education may determine for maintaining one or more public schools in each school district for four months in each year. The calculation of the amount that will be necessary shall state separately the amounts needed for supervision, for administration, for buildings and repairs, for expenses (this to be itemized) and for salaries of teachers. The limitation placed by law on each of these objects shall not be exceeded. The county board of education shall further state the number of teachers, white and colored, to be employed in each district, and the salary of each teacher in each district, and the average of salaries to be paid, according to this statement, shall not exceed the average salaries paid in the State during the preceding year for white teachers and colored teachers, respectively. In the event of a disagreement between the county board of education and the board of county commissioners as to the rate of tax to be levied, the county board of education may bring an action in the nature of mandamus against the board of county commissioners to compel the levy of such special tax in the manner and form as provided in sections eight hundred and twenty-two and eight hundred and twenty-four of the Revisal of one thousand nine hundred and five of North Carolina, and it shall be the duty of the judge hearing the same to find the facts as to the amount needed and the amount available from the sources herein specified, which finding shall be conclusive, and to give judgment, requiring the county commissioners to levy the sum which he shall find necessary to maintain the schools for four months in said county."

Fixing Salaries of Teachers.

Relative to fixing the salaries of teachers, State Superintendent Joyner says:

"Different salaries may be fixed for different districts, according to the grade of work and qualification of teacher required in each district. In some districts, to secure the sort of teachers required, the salary of white teacher may exceed $32.24 and that of colored teacher $22.48, but the average of salary of all white, and colored teachers of the county, respectively, cannot exceed these amounts. To illustrate: Should the present number of white teachers employed be ten, the total monthly salary allowed them could not exceed $322.40; but five of these might be paid a monthly salary of $39.48 each, aggregating $197.40, and the other five a monthly salary of only $25 each, aggregating $125. In other words, the aggregate monthly salary allowed all the white teachers could not exceed $322.40 and the average of monthly salary could not exceed $32.24, the average of the State; but the salary allowed each teacher might be different, according to the work required and the qualification of the teacher, and the monthly salary of some might exceed $32.24 and that of others be less than that amount. The same principle applies to the total of white teachers and salaries of any county, and also to colored teachers. The average of the salaries of the whole county for white teachers, obtained by dividing the total of monthly salaries allowed all white teachers by the total number of white teachers to be employed, cannot exceed $32.24; but in reaching the average for the county it will be possible to pay some of the teachers more than this per month, provided a sufficient number are paid less to bring the average to the average salary of the State. The same rule applies to the colored teachers, whose average of monthly salary cannot exceed $22.48."

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"There's a Reason."

Why Does It Cure

Not because it is Sarsaparilla, but because it is a medicine of peculiar merit, composed of more than twenty different remedial agents effecting phenomenal cures of troubles of the blood, stomach, liver and bowels.

Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, eczema, anemia, catarrh, nervousness, that tired feeling, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and builds up the system.

Get it today in the usual liquid form or in chocolated tablet form called Sarsatabs.

SHAW COMMENCEMENT

ANNUAL ADDRESS BY UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.

The commencement exercises of Shaw University, at Raleigh, N. C., occur this year from May 9th to 13th inclusive.

On Sunday, May 9th, the baccalaureate sermon will be preached by Rev. C. T. Walker, D. D., of Augusta, Ga. On Monday, May 10th, the address before the literary societies of the College Department will be given by Jas. E. Shepard, Ph. G., of Durham, N. C. On Wednesday, alumni day, the principal address will be given by Rev. S. N. Vass, D. D., of Raleigh.

The commencement exercises proper occur on Thursday, May 13th, and an unusually interesting program has been prepared. The invocation will be by Rev. J. A. Whitted, D. D., of Winston-Salem, N. C. The degrees will be conferred and the diplomas awarded by Prof. Frank M. Harper, superintendent of the Raleigh schools. The annual address will be given by Hon. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, U. S. Commissioner of Education. The benediction will be pronounced by Rev. S. N. Vass, D. D., of Raleigh.

At the close of the exercises there will be an extensive and attractive industrial exhibit in both the young women's and young men's departments. A large class will be graduated, representing all departments of the institution.

Shaw has had a great growth during the last fifteen years. The average daily attendance has increased from 211 to 493 and the annual receipts during this time has more than doubled.

ARREST INSURANCE AGENT

ORDERED BY COMMISSIONER YOUNG FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE LAW.

Insurance Commissioner Young yesterday notified the sheriff of Vance county to arrest J. A. Wheedbee, representative of the American Finance Company, of Richmond, Va. This company had made application to be licensed, but had never complied with the State insurance laws. Wheedbee's office is at Henderson. "The man," Mr. Young said, "was indicted at Monroe for selling the stock of the Seminole Securities Company."

The trial of Mills and Bequest, the two insurance agents charged with defrauding a white woman of Scotland county out of $9,000 five or six years ago, will commence in the Superior court at Laurinburg next week.

Deputy Commissioner W. A. Scott is attending Surry court at Dobson this week, at which three negroes are being tried for burning a house for the insurance money.

The license of the Modern Woodmen of America has been cancelled because of their failure and refusal to put up the advance assessment required under the North Carolina insurance laws.

The Insurance Department has received inquiries as to Mingle and Wood, proposing to insure moving picture shows. Mr. Young said this concern is not licensed to do business in this State, and that any policy issued by them is null and void.

The commissioner has stopped the representative of the Insurance Audit and Inspeciton Company, formerly the Policy-Holders' National League, from working in this State, for violating the law in rendering assistance to non-licensed companies.

Mr. Young will be in Greensboro today on official business.

SPECIAL TERMS OF COURT.

Ordered by Governor for Onslow and Mecklenburg Counties.

Governor Kitchin yesterday ordered a special term of criminal court for Mecklenburg county, commencing June 14th. Judge W. B. Council will preside.

A special term of civil and criminal court was ordered for Onslow county, beginning May 10th. Judge O. H. Guion to preside. This court was made necessary by a conflict in courts caused by an act of the last legislature, which gave Sampson county an additional week, interfering with the first week of the Onslow court.

To U. S. Supreme Court.

A writ of error to the United States Supreme Court was sued out yesterday before Chief Justice in the case of Ives vs. Green, which was affirmed on appeal from the Pasquotank Superior Court of North Carolina. This is the case of a tug boat damaging a marine railway at Elizabeth City. The lower court gave the owners of the marine railway damages. Mr. Walter Clark, Jr., appears for the defendant.

One Charter Yesterday.

The Brown Supply Company, of Bailey, Nash county, was incorporated yesterday with an authorized capital stock of $25,000. The company will do a general mercantile business and its incorporators are: J. D. Finch, B. W. Brown and McBissett.

MATTAMUSKEET LAKE PROJECTS

State Board of Education Defers Action

WILL IT DRAIN OR SELL

Offer of $60,000 for the 50,000 Acres Covered With Water Has Been Received—Landowners Desire That the State Board of Education Issue Bonds in the Sum of $300,000 to Drain the Lake—Board to Meet Again.

The State Board of Education, composed of the constitutional officers of the State government, met yesterday morning in the office of Governor Kitchin to receive a petition from a majority of the land-owners in the vicinity of Mattamuskeet Lake, Hyde county, for the drainage of the lake, under the Mattamuskeet drainage act passed by the last Legislature. It was estimated that the reclamation work would cost $400,000, of which the State would have to pay $300,000 and the land-owners $100,000. The land, after being drained, would, it has been estimated, be worth from ten to fifty dollars an acre, and there are in round figures 50,000 acres. The Board of Education has been offered $60,000 for the property by individuals who would develop it, converting the lake bottoms into some of the most fertile farming lands in the country.

As two members of the Board, Lieutenant-Governor W. C. Newland and Secretary of State, J. Bryan Grimes, were absent, no action was taken.

Representing the petitioners were S. S. Mann, of Swan Quarter, ex-State Senator and president of the Mattamuskeet Railway Company; and Col. H. C. Carter, of Fairfield, a director of the Mattamuskeet road. Ex-Representative J. C. B. Ehringhaus, of Elizabeth City, and M. Mackley, of Belhaven, representing other interests, appeared before the Board, opposing the drainage proposition.

The members of the Board of Education have not determined upon what course they will pursue. The Mattamuskeet property is the most valuable they hold, its bottoms being of superior farming soil to the bottoms of Angola Bay, in Pender and Duplin counties, according to the reports of experts.

It was said to be beyond a doubt that, should the lake be drained, by either the State or a private corporation, the Mattamuskeet Railway would be rushed to completion, thus being provided with better marketing facilities than any other agricultural section in the State, owing to its proximity to Norfolk and to the markets of Eastern North Carolina.

This company was chartered by the General Assembly on the 6th of March, 1907, and was formally organized at Swan Quarter, on the 12th of May, 1907, and commenced business with a stock subscription list amounting to eleven thousand and four hundred dollars.

Application was at once made to the Board of Directors of the State Prison for convicts, with which to grade the road, and the first work was begun on the 14th of August, 1907. The work of grading has been carried on continuously since that date until there has now been graded between Fairfield on the north side of Mattamuskeet Lake, around the east and south sides of the lake, through the towns of Engelhard, Middleton, Wysocking, Juniper Bay, Swan Quarter, Rose Bay, Scranton and Leechville, toward the proposed terminus at Belhaven, 51 1-2 miles of roadbed. This includes 2 9-14 miles spur track.

Of the sixty and one-half miles between the towns of Fairfield and Belhaven, which is the terminus of the Norfolk and Southern Railroad on Pungoriver, there remains now only 12 1-2 miles of main line roadbed to be constructed.

The present officers of the corporation, elected May 12, 1908, are S. S. Mann, president, Swan Quarter; C. W. Davis, vice-president, Engelhard; Geo. I. Watson, secretary and treasurer, Wysocking; H. C. Carter, Fairfield; C. E. Mann, Middleton; G. L. Swindell, Belhaven; T. H. B. Gibbs, Fairfield, directors; Samuel A. Windley, State proxy, Lake Landing.

Three hundred and eighty shares of stock have been issued to the State of North Carolina, the State now owning a considerable majority of the aggregate stock now paid in. Said shares are in denominations of $100 each.

The present plan of the management of the company is to complete the construction of its roadbed into the town of Belhaven, and, if sufficient capital can be secured for that purpose, the construction of its roadbed over the most direct practicable route to Washington, N. C. Under favorable conditions the work of grading roadbed can be completed to Belhaven by May 1, 1909.

The original object sought in securing the charter for this company was to furnish outlet for the magnificent agricultural resources of the county of Hyde, and the eastern part of Beaufort county; also to furnish quick and prompt transportation for the multitudinous products of Pamlico Sound and its tributaries as well as a great trucking section.

It is the hope of the management and stockholders to finance and equip the road in its entirety in the next twenty-four months.

An officer of the railroad said, with reference to the agricultural importance of Hyde county, in which Mattamuskeet is situate, covering 50,000 acres of the best land in the county:

"The importance of Hyde county as railroad territory has been overlooked to a great extent because of fact that nearly three-fourths of the county line is a water line. The county is a peninsula, seven-eights of its territory being embraced by the waters of Alligator river, Pamlico sound, Pungo river and its tributary creeks. Its water facilities put the shipping points of Fairfield, Engelhard, Wysocking, Juniper Bay, Swan Quarter, Rose Bay, Germanton, Sladesville, Makelyville and Scranton almost equidistant from the markets of Elizabeth City, New Bern, Washington and Belhaven and have caused its products to be carried noiselessly in sail vessels and distributed, almost impartially, among the markets named and furnish the reason why the magnitude of its resources has never been exploited in the interest of any railroad scheme."

Mr. J. O. Wright, chief drainage engineer of the U. S. Agricultural Department, at a farmers' institute at Swan Quarter, said:

"The last census showed that Hyde county contains 1,061 cultivated farms. The average size of these farms is 87 acres. The value of the land alone is $1,084,230. The improvements are worth $142,700; the live stock $130,125, and the farm products not fed to stock $225,525.

"The area of the county is 247,680 acres. If it were all drained and cultivated as it can be and it produced corn at 40 bushels to the acre it would yield 9,907,200 bushels. If this were loaded in box cars at 400 bushels per car, it would require 24,768 cars to haul the product away. Allowing 23 cars to a train and running three trains a day, it would require one year's time to remove the crop. Selling this corn at 60 cents a bushel, it would bring a revenue to the county of $5,944,320."

It was said yesterday:

"It costs the farmers of Hyde county from five to seven cents per bushel to get their grain to market; four cents per bushel from points where there is no lightering to do with smaller boats, five to seven cents a bushel where the grain has to be carried in small boats to the larger ones and there is canal toll to pay. Certainly if they could get their grain marketed cheaper, say at four cents a bushel, and one-half the hauling saved, then a railroad would get the business. At four cents a bushel in seasons of fair production it would cost the farmers of Hyde county $61,538, to market surplus of a fair corn crop.

"We would be even more conservative than this and say that to successfully compete with the sail vessels and secure the business of carrying these crops, the railroad would have to make a rate of three cents per bushel. At three cents per bushel to market 1,538,450 bushels of corn would bring to the railroad a revenue of $46,153.50. When we consider that it takes 22 vessels with an average tonnage capacity of 25 tons, 3 steamers, one making weekly and semi-weekly trips, and two making daily trips (one gas boat line making tri-weekly trips and, perhaps 100 vessels ranging down from 10 tons down to move the farm products of Hyde county, no one will dispute the proposition that $45,000 for moving the agricultural products of Hyde county, is rather below than above the actual figures."

"Hdye county and the lower part of Tyrrell can, owing to the higher temperatures, caused by surrounding waters, market potatoes, peas, kale, letruce, beans, cucumbers and nearly every other garden product from five to ten days earlier than any other territory in North Carolina of the same latitude. Its soil is specially adapted to the production of these products and the only reason it has not been developed as a trucking territory has been lack of quick and certain transportation. The yield per acre can be made as great as any other territory, it having already been demonstrated that as many potatoes per acre can be raised as anywhere in the State; that from four to five thousand quarts of strawberries per acre can be harvested in any favorable season. Asparagus grows wild in Currituck township and can be raised in the greatest profusion. The black land surrounding Mattamuskeet Lake will produce as fine celery as any in the world. The abundance of wild blackberries, blueberries, dewberries, etc., attest the value of this soil for small fruits. The Lake Ridge with a subsoil of fine white sand is especially adapted to peach-growing, the Mattamuskeet apple and the scuppernong grape, indigenous to Hyde county soil, are already justly celebrated. Pecans are being planted and thousands of small trees will within a year or two, reach the bearing stage. One man in Hyde county has for several seasons sold from thirty-five to forty dollars' worth of nuts from one tree, the selling price being one dollar and twenty-five cents per peck. There are valuable cranberry bogs that will be utilized and made very profitable within a few years."

The entire State is interested in the Lake Mattamuskeet projects, and the East especially awaits the decision of the State Board of Education. With the drainage of the lake the railroad would be assured, and the development of the large area as a farming country would result in increased wealth to the State.

Major Joseph E. Kuhn, United States engineer in charge of the Norfolk district, has gone to Hyde county for the purpose of making a preliminary examination of Lake Mattamuskeet region with a view of ascertaining the practicability of connecting the Albemarle and Pamlico sounds by a canal as a part of the inland waterway from Norfolk southward. The examination is at the request of the inland water board. Major Kuhn expects to spend four or five days in the inspection.

Woman, Lovely Woman

But Alas, Without Beautiful Hair No Woman Can be Handsome

A great many newspapers and magazines are painting pages on how a woman can be beautiful and keep beautiful.

And everyone, as you can see for yourself, admits that no woman can be really beautiful unless she has lustrous and luxuriant hair.

The Girl with the Auburn Hair is on every package.

The women of Paris are, as a rule, beautiful and keep beautiful, and a careful American observer who has traveled much claims that their beauty is due to their knowledge of how to keep their hair luxuriant, which they do by using a superior hair tonic.

Many American women are as wise as their French sisters, and that is why Parisian Sage, the quick acting and greatest of all hair restorers and tonics, is now having such a tremendous sale in America.

We ask every woman reader of this paper to give this marvelous hair beautifier a thorough trial, and we gladly make them this liberal offer:

Get a large 50 cent bottle from Bobbitt-Wynne Drug Co. today, the largest for the money in America. Use it as directed for two weeks. If at the end of that time you are not satisfied with results, say so to Bobbitt-Wynne Drug Co., and they will give you your money back.

Besides being a delightful and invigorating hair dressing, free from grease and stickiness, Parisian Sage will surely cure dandruff, stop falling hair and itching of the scalp, or money back.

The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package, and leading druggists in every town sell Parisian Sage.

Washing Windows.

Before windows are washed, remove the dust both outside and in with a dry soft cloth, clean the corners and grooves with a skewer, covered with a cloth. Have ready a pail of warm suds made by dissolving a tablespoonful of Gold Dust washing powder in warm water. Dip a soft cloth in the water, squeeze almost dry and wipe the glass off. Polish with chamois as it leaves no lint and does the work with more ease. Do not wash windows when the sun is shining on them. Wash mirrors in the same way as windows. Then polish with a soft cloth charged with powdered whiting. Finish with an old silk handkerchief.

DISTINGUISHED TAR HEEL

DR. GUY CARLETON LEE VISITS RALEIGH.

Dr. Guy Carleton Lee, member of the faculty of Johns Hopkins University, a noted author, lecturer and educator, left the city yesterday after a visit to his University of North Carolina classmates, Messrs. Victor A. Boyden and W. W. Vass, and while here he called on Governor Kitchin and Chief Justice Clark.

Dr. Lee never omits to say that he is "from North Carolina." He loves the State, her history and traditions, and before leaving Raleigh he declared it to be the prettiest residence city he had ever seen.

Dr. Lee is renowned as a scientist and as a student of conditions. Correctly speaking, he is one of the leading sociologists of the world. His utterances on the questions with which he is familiar are like the dictum of a high court.

Some months ago Professor Lee gave a very scholarly talk upon a profound sociological subject before a convention of scientists in the east. After his lecture he was greeted by an English nobleman who has engaged in certain scientific investigations. The man from across the sea remarked:

"I've heard of you, Mr. Lee, and in my own library I have several books bearing your name; but somehow I have never been quite able to place you definitely in any one class of investigators. Now tell me, just what is your specialty?"

"Man!" was Dr. Lee's very brief but significant reply. As a matter of fact, although the present age is one of specialing, it is not always the specialist in particular fields who is best able to understand, and direct men. Some of the most learned psychologists know nothing of life or human emotions, outside of what they find in books or in their own laboratories.

But when Dr. Lee asserted that he specializes in man, he spoke a truth that has frequently been revealed by his platform work, for he has come to understand his fellow beings as few lecturers do. And the reason for this is not far to seek. Dr. Lee has been friend and companion to all sorts and conditions of men.

Before he assumed a position as one of the foremost platform lecturers in America, he has won rank as one of the ablest of the young historians of the country. Before the had compelled recognition as a historian, however, he won a place among the great newspaper editors of the present day. And he had been called to the newspaper desk from a university professorship, where he had accomplished much in advancing the method and manner of imparting historical knowledge to older students.

But back of all this—back of the career of lecturer, historian, editor, professor and graduate student, Dr. Lee had a long line of occupations and experiences that tended to develop the best that was in him and at the same time to give him a remarkable insight into men.

And out of this varied career, Dr. Lee, through his ready sympathy with his fellowmen, and his winning personality, which has drawn the roughest men and women to him, has made one long and loving study of man.

REWARD FOR MURDERER

NEGRO KILLED DEPUTY SHERIFF OF COLUMBUS COUNTY, IN COLD BLODD APRIL 5.

Governor Kitchin yesterday offered a reward of $100 for the apprehension and capture of Sam Wilson, a negro, charged with murder in Columbus county. He shot in cold blood, killing instantly, Deputy Sheriff Jesse S. Long, in Bug Hill township, six miles from the South Carolina line, on the night of April 5th.

Wilson had been arrested by the officer on a warrant charging abduction. He was being held for the night by Long and his brother-in-law, Miller Gore, who searched the prisoner, but failed to discover a pistol, which Wilson had concealed in his sock. At about 11 o'clock that night the negro asked to be taken out of the building, and was accompanied by Long. He then reached for his pistol, killed Long, and escaped into South Carolina. The sheriff and a posse with a blood-hound, pursued the fugitive till the following morning, when a storm destroyed the track and the pursuit with the hound had to be abandoned.

It is believed that Wilson is being befriended and concealed by negroes in the rice fields near Georgetown, S. C.

B. W. HUNTER, President and Treasurer. E. C. BIRDSONG, Vice-Pres. and Sec'y.

KING-CROWELL DRUG COMPANY

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILBERT MEADOW VIOLET

Talcum Powder

25c A POUND

KING-CROWELL DRUG CO.

WOMAN'S TRIAL MONDAY.

Charged With Burglary and Attempt to Kill.

The preliminary hearing before the police justice in the case of Hannah Harrison, colored, charged with burglary and assault with intent to kill Mrs. Caroline Carswell, house-keeper of Mr. A. Dughi, Monday night, April 12th, will be held next Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The negro woman denies her guilt, but the police authorities believe they have a strong case.

INVITED TO RALEIGH.

Chamber of Commerce Sends Invitation to President Taft.

The Chamber of Commerce has invited President Taft to Raleigh while he is in North Carolina on the occasion of his visit to Charlotte on the occasion of the 20th of May celebration. It is desired to have President Taft here in the early evening of May 19th while en route to Charlotte.

Hearing in Raleigh.

The representatives of the Atlantic Coast Line and Southern Railway, as stockholders of the Goldsboro Union Station Company, a corporation, will meet in Raleigh on April 29th, next Friday, with representatives of the Norfolk and Southern Railway to determine upon what basis the Norfolk and Southern is to enter the new passenger station at Goldsboro.

He Agreed to Leave Raleigh.

Elmer Lewis, white, was before Justice Badger, charged with being drunk on the streets; and judgment was suspended upon the defendant's agreeing to leave town.

E. M. Bridgers, white, was charged with being drunk on the streets and taxed with the costs in the case, which amounted to $3.65.

The Southern's Brief.

Col. W. B. Rodman, of Charlotte, district counsel for the Southern Railway, has filed with the Corporation Commission the brief of the Southern in the matter of a new subway crossing at Durham. The Corporation Commission held the hearing several days ago.

HANDSOME NEW RESIDENCE.

Mr. "Tom Collins" has decided to build him a fine new $10,000 residence on Boylan Heights, and has given the contract for his building material to the Ellington Building Supply Company, of this city, manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds and all kinds Building Material. It

EDUCATION NEEDED.

It seems that education is needed in the handling of money. Our officers make this a study. Open an account where you secure greatest protection with advice on handling money. It pays to deal with the largest and strongest bank

KILLING REPORTED.

Seaboard Offices Cannot Verify Rumor of Death of Flagman.

It was stated yesterday by a man who claimed to be an employ of the Seaboard Air Line Railway and whose home is at Wake Forest, that Milton Jones, a flagman on the Seaboard, was killed in an accident this side of Norlina Wednesday. The Seaboard authorities in this city stated they had heard nothing of the matter and that the report was probably incorrect.

The informant said that Jones was riding on the engine, when the spread of the rails caused the engine to jump the track. The flagman was said to have been caught between the engine and the tender and crushed to death.

Jones' home was said to be in South Carolina.

Resigns as Member of Board.

Mr. J. J. Laughinghouse, of Pitt county, recently elected Superintendent of the State's Prison, yesterday tendered to Governor Kitchin his resignation as a member of the State Board of Agriculture. His successor has not yet been appointed.

$30.50

From St. Louis

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Pacific Northwest Points

Take advantage of this low one-way rate—in effect daily to April 30th, inclusive.

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The Safe Road to travel—equipped with electric block signals. Union Pacific trains are the finest on wheels—provide every comfort and convenience of travel. All trains carry dining cars—meals served a la carte.

Write for information; address,

J. F. VAN RENSSELAER, G. A. Chandler Bldg., 121 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

GENTLEMEN

DRESS UP--IT PAYS

Don't be behind the procession—be a leader. Now is the time to select your SPRING SUIT—New Neckwear—Shirts and Furnishings; yes, and Rain Coat or Top Overcoat.

What a glorious feeling to deck out in new Clothes—particularly in such clothes as we are the exclusive agents for. Fabrics that one likes to fondle—they are so good. Style kinks that gladden the heart and makes one proud of his clothes.

Fit and Draping that are perfect models of the tailoring art—'tis such clothes that bring to us the best trade.

These are Character-Making Clothes—'tis difficult to convey by cold type the Subtle individuality of these clothes. They are designed and made by

CELEBRATED MASTER TAILORS

You must come and try on one of these garments, and you will then realize the difference between these and the ordinary clothes of the shops.

CROSS & LINEHAN COMPANY

Up-to-Date Clothiers and Furnishers.