PROOF OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE

This company closed the month of May with the largest amount in examined applications received during any month so far this year, the sum total being WELL OVER

ONE HALF MILLION DOLLARS

showing conclusively the absolute confidence reposed in this STRONG INSTITUTION by the people of the South, and their realization of the wisdom of keeping money at home.

Capital Surplus and Reserve
$1,053,474.15
Insurance in Force
$11,115,942.00

STRONGEST IN THE SOUTH

Every policy in this company is backed by the full legal reserve as required by law, and in addition to this the company's large capital stands between the policyholders and any possibility of loss. See our nearest agent and allow him to explain the various attractive features of our policies which are clear cut, as liberal as consistent with safety, every feature being absolutely guaranteed.

JEFFERSON STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

HOME OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

JOS. G. BROWN, President. P. D. GOLD, Jr., 1st Vice Pres. and Gen'l Mgr. CHAS. W. GOLD, Secy. and Supt. Agencies.

THE CALL TO ARMS ISSUED BY EX-GOVERNOR GLENN

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE THREE.)

the people. Giving to the people the sacred right of petition, referring to them all matters not expressly delegated by them to a national government, choosing and demanding of all officers the strictest obedience to the law and reserving the right in proper methods and procedure to punish or remove them for failure to discharge their duties or for any corruption in its discharge, adding all these things to do, otherwise, the laws and constitution, as elected by the people themselves.

With such principles as these and a leader well chosen at Baltimore, and with the banners of our opponents, it seems to me that we are not all boasting when we prophesy victory in the November election.

State Issues.

In what I have just said I have tried to keep to the home rather than the national meetings and to elucidate those principles around and for which have very represented its party from the time of Thomas Jefferson to the great leader, who is to this present hour. And having laid down these principles, so essential as I believe, for national progress, let us now contemplate the record as made by both Democrats and Republicans in controlling our own State.

In one sentence we could assert that the progress of the State and Democracy are synonymous terms. The advancement of education, the moral uplifting of the people, the social and material progress of the State, the coming of railroads and other corporations, the development and encouraging of the manufacturing interests, the work done for the promotion of agriculture and the protection of our farmers, and, in fine, all that, all of this, we more, has been the wise result of Democratic administration.

Democratic History.

In 1876 led by the Great Commoner of the State, Zebulon Vance, the Democratic party came into power and found [illegible] as legacy to the State from the Republican party. During the [illegible] in all administration of affairs, the people of [illegible] were taxed and [illegible] for school purposes, for taking care of the insane and destitute and for the upbuilding of the State. Yet no school houses were built, no buildings erected as asylums, or institutions for our deaf, dumb and blind, no railroads constructed, but the money collected was wasted and squandered.

The best citizens of our State disfranchised, and the negro enfranchised, the government of the State was in the hands of corrupt and incompetent rulers and there was such disorder, mismanagement and insecurity both of life and property that the people could endure no longer, but rose in their power, broke the shackles that bound them to ruin, and restored the State to the control of its best people.

Need I remind you today of how under Democracy law and order were restored, schools established, asylums built, adequate protection given to all. Need I inform you how the State went forward in progress and development, as never before in its history. For these things are written on the hearts of every loyal North Carolinian, and testify what Democracy has meant to our people.

In 1896, dissatisfied with the management of national affairs, by a combination of parties, the State again came under the control of Republicans, and passed into the hands of such men as Marion Butler and Daniel Russell. But so black and damnable was their administration and so grossly wronged and outraged were the people by their misdeeds in office, notably their effort to destroy the credit of the State that they refused to stand such corruption and incompetent rule longer than one term, and upon return to their wrath and choosing for their leader that matchless statesman and stainless citizen, Charles Brantley Aycock, once more drove it back to honor and dignity and to enthroned education, progress and morality.

If you will read the old geographies of 1896 and 1900 you will find that under Republican misrule there was only one important question asked about North Carolina, and that read: "What is North Carolina principally noted for?" and the answer was "Tar, pitch and turpentine."

What Democrats Have Done.

Scan the advancement under Aycock's administration and those following after him, and you will find no such record. We have taken the first place as a State in the manufacture of plug and smoking tobacco. The second place in the manufacture of cotton goods, passing every State except Massachusetts. The second place in the manufacture of furniture, passing every State but Michigan. The railroads have been compelled to obey the law, and at the same time have themselves been amply protected. School houses have increased at the rate of one each day for every day under these administrations, and North Carolina is recognized everywhere as a State that is standing for the education of its youth. Over the entire country we are honored as the one State above every other State that enforces its laws, and we are held up as a pattern, for our sense of sobriety, morality, and true religion.

Thus North Carolina under Democratic rule has forged to the front, as one of the foremost, if not the foremost, State in the entire South.

With such a record then for the education of its children, the development of its agricultural resources, the protection of its manufacturing interests, as well as for the high stand it takes for all that elevates and makes man truer and stronger, shall we again go backward? Shall we again allow ignorance and lawlessness, drunkenness and crime to prevail? Shall we reinstate a party in power that caused our indebtedness, denied our children education, and refused comfort to our needy and afflicted? God forbid.

So progressive indeed has been the Democratic party during the last few years, there is little left for us to do but to reaffirm what we have done, and go forward with the work commenced, taking no backward step as to the development of the State materially and morally.

I have already stated that we are looked upon as one of the most progressive States in the South, and wherever I have been, I have heard it frequently prophesied that on account of our location, our climate, our water power, and the character of our people, we would in a few years rank with Massachusetts and Michigan in the manufacture of cotton goods and furniture.

Fewer Criminals.

Today we have less criminals per capita than any State in the Union and are second per capita in [illegible] if honest, and if we will [illegible] courage the right kind of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]