

The Weather
For North Carolina: Fair
Wednesday and Thursday.
Highest temperature, 69;
lowest, 44; precipitation, 0.

The News and Observer

NORTH CAROLINA'S
GREATEST DAILY

VOL. XCIII. NO. 83.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 15, 1913.

PRICE, 5 CENTS.

HUERTA HAS BEEN PERKEE UP PRETTY HARD BY UNCLE SAM

Washington Tells Him American Government is Astonished at His Assumption of Dual Powers

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS ABOUT TO BE SUSPENDED

Reported in Mexico City That Relations Have Already Ceased But Moheno Denies Them

WILSON LOSES PATIENCE

Optimistic Mexican Minister Assumes That Presence of German and British Warships are Mere "Visits of Courtesy"

U. S. WILL NOT REGARD ELECTION CONSTITUTIONAL

One of the Two Notes Sent Was Written by Sect'y Bryan and Was Strongly Phrased Which Leaves a Sharp Opening for Construction

Washington, Oct. 14.—The United States government today informed Provisional President Huerta that it looked with abhorrence and amazement upon his assumption of both executive and legislative powers in Mexico, and in view of his course would not regard a constitutional election planned for October 27.

Two notes, one strongly phrased and written by Secretary Bryan inquiring about the safety of imprisoned members of the Mexican congress, and the other drawn in forceful language by President Wilson himself, and said to constitute practically the last efforts of the Washington government to deal with the Huerta authorities by diplomatic means, unless there is a decided change of spirit on the part of the officials in Mexico City.

Plan Was Working Well.
The negotiations through John Lind had progressed to the point where the state department accepted the endorsement of Frederick Garrison, the president of the United States, of the election of Huerta, and where it confidently was hoped that a fair and free election would be held October 27. Now, however, President Wilson has made it clear that the Washington government had, with the events of the last few days—the imprisonment of the deputies and the establishment of a dictatorship by Huerta—lost all hope of seeing a constitutional election held by the Huerta regime.

The steps taken by the United States were formally communicated to all foreign governments, and further negotiations were planned through diplomatic channels and it would not be surprising if John Lind, who has been waiting at Vera Cruz to observe the manner in which Huerta would carry out their promises should at once return to the United States.

Document Read at Cabinet Meeting.
Huerta's decrees proclaiming himself as in charge of the departments of the interior, administration, finance and war today were received here and the text given out at the State Department. The documents were read at today's cabinet meeting and members of the cabinet expressed their belief as antagonized at the audacity of General Huerta. They were appraised by Mr. Wilson of the nature of the two communications sent to Gen. Huerta through Charge O'Shaughnessy and all voiced approval of the vigorous representations. The cabinet meeting was about to adjourn when press dispatches announced that Senor Querido Moheno, Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, had characterized the American communications as "intemperate."

Awaiting Huerta's Reply.
Official Washington tonight waited the formal reply being drafted by the Huerta administration. Charge O'Shaughnessy, who had been assured with respect to the imprisoned deputies that no violence would be done them, but that they would be tried for sedition.

It is the second note of the American government said to be only 150 words in length, practically breaking off negotiations with Huerta, which is believed to have prompted Foreign Minister Moheno's description, "intemperate."

Administration officials hold that with most of the members of the Mexican congress in jail, a prominent member of congress who dared to speak adversely of the administration still mysteriously concealed and the congress dissolved, it is impossible for the civilized world to believe that the Huerta government is maintaining constitutional authority in the southern republic. They also feel that the Huerta officials no longer are deserving of such diplomatic relations as hitherto have existed.

Drastic Measures.
As yet there is no concrete evidence that the Washington administration intends to use drastic measures. The War Department has dispatched the heads of the army and navy

RADICAL CHANGES BY EPISCOPALANS

In Methods of Governing The Church Proposed

AT GENERAL CONVENTION

Must Consider Field of Religious Education From Moral Angle — Protestants and Catholics Must Reach Common Ground for Religious Education in Public Schools.

New York, Oct. 14.—Medical changes in the methods of governing the Protestant Episcopal church in America—by grouping the various dioceses into provinces, or synods—according to the method that has long prevailed in the English branch of the church, today were proposed at the general convention.

The proposal came in the form of a report of a joint commission appointed at the last triennial convention. Many of the low church delegates opposed the change on the ground that it was a step in the direction of arch-bishops and "an American Pope." The report provides for eight provinces or synods, in which the various dioceses and missionary districts of the church shall be grouped according to their geographical location. Each of these provinces would be governed by a council composed of two houses.

Practically all of the Southern States would be included in the fourth province, which would include dioceses and missionary districts within North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Kentucky. Virginia would be a part of the third province with Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and the Diocese of Washington.

The first of a series of conferences in connection with the general convention was held this afternoon by a joint commission on social service, which met at the last triennial convention. Bishop William Lawrence, of Massachusetts, presided.

Religious Education.
"The church and industry" was considered today. Bishop Thomas F. Connelley, of western Michigan, said the church must consider the field of religious education from the moral angle. Bishops, clergymen and laymen of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies today held a joint session of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies.

Dr. Alexander Mann, of Boston, president of the house of deputies, presided. Bishop Thomas F. Connelley, of western Michigan, said the church must consider the field of religious education from the moral angle. Bishops, clergymen and laymen of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies today held a joint session of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies.

DUNCAN WINS

The French Open Golf Championship.
Chantilly, France, Oct. 14.—George Duncan, the fast playing English professional, today won the French open golf championship with an aggregate of 364 strokes for the four rounds of the 18-hole course. James Braid, of England, who has held both the British and French open golf championships, was second with 397; H. Shrock, of England, finished third with 399; Arnaud Massey, former French champion, finished with 316, and Dr. H. D. Gillies, a London amateur, scored 311.

Suspected Murderer Released.

Thomasville, Ga., Oct. 14.—T. W. Duane, detained as a suspect in connection with the death of Miss Dorothy Haug, of Knoxville, Tenn., whose body was discovered in the local boarding house, was released from arrest by direction of the coroner's jury. He was, however, directed not to leave town.

FIVE REPORTED KILLED IN RAILROAD COLLISION.

Dallas, Texas, Oct. 14.—Five persons are reported killed and a number injured in a head-on collision between a Dallas-Waco interurban passenger car and a work train south of here tonight.

Bobby Leaves the Hospital.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Fifteen-year-old Bobby Crawford, a messenger who rode in front of President Wilson's automobile a few days ago was a happy lad yesterday. When he left the hospital fully recovered he received a brand new wheel, the gift of the President, and a personal letter.

Foot Gone in 'Possum Hunt.

Winston-Salem, Oct. 14.—George Sowers, a Davidson county farmer, while 'possum hunting last night cut down a tree which fell on his right leg, crushing his ankle. Sowers was brought here and had the foot amputated.

CAPT. INCH TELLS OF SEA DISASTER

Horrors of Terrible Ordeal Are Crudely Depicted

DOESN'T STATE CAUSE

Of Burning of Volturino in Mid-Atlantic Which Cost Near 150 Lives and Imperilled 500 Others — But It Is a Readable Story — How Relief Was Finally Secured.

New York, Oct. 14.—Captain Francis Inch, whose steamer, the Volturino, was burned at sea with the loss of 150 lives, tonight told his story of the disaster. It is a plain seaman's tale, but in it, line by line, the horrors of the disaster and the terrible ordeal through which passengers and crew passed are brought out all the more clearly, perhaps, because of the marked directness and simplicity with which the story is told.

From its beginning, where the outbreak of the fire, which spelled the doom of the Volturino, is recorded, the narrative runs without the slightest omission of any salient fact, but to the point where the blazing ship was abandoned, the last remaining passenger taken off and the captain and what was left of the crew hoarded the waiting Kronland as it burst through the forward hatch and was rapidly spreading.

Although all possible measures were at once taken to subdue the fire, the captain's story shows that even then it was too late to save the watch below. The men were trapped in the forecastle and burned to death.

Then came explosions which wrecked part of the midship section of the steamer. The situation plainly was becoming desperate. The call for help by wireless had gone out as soon as the flames shot through the forward hatches and the crew was doing its best to stay the progress of the blaze. It then looked as if there was no possible chance to save the steamer, and although the sea was running high and the Volturino was rolling, the captain and his crew were determined to stay on board.

"Boats Nos. 1, 2 and 3 were smashed," is the simple way Captain Inch describes the first result of the attempt to launch the life craft. But Chief Officer Miller's boat was away and although she capsized, throwing everybody out, she eventually righted herself and Miller and several of the crew got aboard her. Another boat was launched and the crew was saved.

Fourth Officer Langell, also got away filled with steerage passengers. Captain Inch knew nothing of the fate of these boats and, so far as is known, they were never discovered and were probably lost with the ship.

Captain Inch describes the arrival, one by one, of the rescuing craft summoned by the wireless operators, who worked until 11 o'clock at night when the fire had progressed so far that the magazine on the bridge, containing signalling rockets and lights, blew up, carrying away the aerial apparatus and compelling the wireless men to cease their efforts.

SECTY DANIELS MAY GO TO SCHOOL AT THE NAVAL WAR COLLEGE

Newport, R. I., Oct. 14.—The possibility that Secretary of the Navy Daniels will take a course of instruction at naval war college here next summer has aroused much interest among officers stationed at Newport. Secretary Daniels during a visit here last summer, praised the work of the college and recently unofficial word has come from Washington indicating that the secretary may attend lectures here.

CAUGHT POCAHONTAS POSTMASTER AT LAST.

Assistant Postmaster Silberger, who is charged with the robbery of \$14,000, arrested in Ohio.
Roanoke, Va., Oct. 14.—It has taken Uncle Sam 14 days to catch the assistant postmaster of Pocahontas, who is charged with the robbery of that office of fourteen thousand dollars. Postmaster Maguire received a telephone call from Roanoke, Va., this morning stating that his late assistant Edwin M. Silberger, has been caught in that city and some of the money has been turned over to the officers making the arrest. He was in company with his wife who was arrested as being an accessory to the crime.

The secret service men traced Silberger after leaving Pocahontas for Norfolk, the home of his brother and from there they located his wife and followed her to Cleveland. They were arrested at the home of his mother in Cleveland.

Both are expected to arrive in Pocahontas Friday.

NO VERDICT YET IN SULZER CASE

And There May Be Long Delay in Reaching It

QUESTION IT DEPENDS ON

Specific Issue Placed Before Court of Impeachment in the All-Day Argument Was Whether Park-Morgenthau Testimony Constituted a New Charge Against Sulzer.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The possibility of an indefinitely long delay in reaching a verdict as to the guilt or innocence of Gov. Wm. Sulzer today loomed up at his impeachment trial here. This was suggested when counsel for the impeachment managers asked that the court recommend to the assembly the bringing of a new article of impeachment. It was the testimony of Duncan W. Peck, superintendent of public works, and Henry L. Morgenthau, ambassador to Turkey, which should not be found to be relevant to any charge contained in the present articles.

In Executive Session.
Whether this testimony was relevant to article 4 which charges the governor with suppression of evidence before the Bradley investigating committee today was the subject of debate in executive session. The executive session will be continued tomorrow and the result of the court's deliberations will depend on the question as to whether it will at once proceed to vote or await the action of the assembly in the question of bringing the suggested new article of impeachment.

Should the latter course be adopted the future program of the trial will be a matter of speculation. The question at once would arise whether the necessary two-thirds majority could be obtained to vote the new article.

Can Claim 20 Days' Notice.
Even should it be possible to muster enough votes to adopt the new article at an early date the constitution requires that the Governor be given 20 days' notice before being called upon to answer.

The specific issue placed before the court in all day arguments of counsel was whether the Park-Morgenthau testimony constituted a new charge against the Governor.

EXPLOSION KILLS SOME 400 MINERS

Works Shattered After Men Descended into Pit
OF UNIVERSAL COLLIERY

About 500 of the Force of Welsh Coal Miners Brought to Surface Alive by Rescue Parties — Police Detachment's Services Required, Shock and Poisonous Gases.

Cardiff, Wales, Oct. 14.—More than four hundred Welsh coal miners perished, it is believed, from fire and after-gas in the Universal colliery, near here today. A terrific explosion shattered the works shortly after 8:31 men had descended into the pit. It was at first stated that the day shift was composed of 740 men, but later the larger figure was given out by the officials. About 500 were brought to the surface alive by rescue parties up to noon and the managers of the mine then expressed the opinion that there was no further hope for those remaining below.

The men brought to the surface were found on the east side of the mine where the ventilation remained fairly good. On the west side, where the explosion occurred, the rescue parties were unable to make any progress. The officials of the mine found it necessary to call a detachment of police to keep back the women and children who crowded round the entrance in hopes of obtaining some news of their relatives.

Most of the rescued men presented a pitiable appearance. Nearly all were suffering from burns, shock or the effects of poisonous gases.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS
SENATE:
Not in session; recess tomorrow.
Banking committee continued work on the administration currency bill.
HOUSE:
Met at noon.
Fight for a quorum resumed with Republican Leader Mann forcing roll-calls.
Adjourned at 12:28 p. m. to noon Wednesday.

CLOSE CURRENCY HEARING OCT. 25

Senate Committee Decides to Hold Night Sessions

TO EXPEDITE THE WORK

Committee Revises Its List of Witnesses and Will Hear Willis, the House Expert; Starck and Others—Views of Country Bankers Corroborated.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 14.—If necessary, the Senate banking and currency committee will hold night sessions to hear all witnesses listed to discuss the administration currency bill, in order to close the hearings October 25.

The committee today received its list of witnesses and agreed to hear H. Parker Willis, who acted as expert to the House committee during consideration of the bill; National Bank Examiner Starck, in charge of bank examinations in New York; representatives of the National Chamber of Commerce and a delegation of country bankers from Minnesota, in addition to witnesses already scheduled.

Views of Country Bankers.
When the hearings are closed the bill will be taken up for amendment. The committee this evening worked late getting views of country bankers. After members of the delegation appointed by the conference of country bankers at Boston last week, had been heard in criticism of parts of the bill, Robert H. Aramaine, of Ithaca, N. Y., and James H. Perkins, of Albany, N. Y., presented the views of the New York State Bankers' Association. They generally endorsed the bill but urged that the bankers be given representation in the Federal reserve board.

F. S. Larabee and E. R. Moses, representing country banks of Kansas, generally corroborated the views of the country bankers' delegation.

NEW DIRECTORS OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Selected at Annual Meeting, Board of Directors Southern Railway, With Col. A. B. Andrews Presiding.
Richmond, Va., Oct. 14.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Railway was held here today, Col. A. B. Andrews, first vice-president, presiding.
The annual report for the year ending June 30, 1913, was approved and the following were elected directors of the third class for a term of three years:
George F. Baker, Jr., Adrian Iselin, Jr., Charles Lancer and Edmund Randolph, of New York.

ANOTHER "FEAR" OF HARRY THAW WHICH WOMAN WHO WRECKED HIS LIFE IS PROCLAIMING

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 14.—Fing Bodie, who says she is the woman who wrecked Harry Thaw's life, tonight found in his final say evidence to support her theory that he was drunk when he was discovered by Manager Callahan drinking a stein of beer in St. Louis last summer.

Bodie's contract included a stipulation that he must refrain from drinking during the season or forfeit \$500 of his annual salary and his consumption of the beer was a technical violation of the terms. Pleaded with the jury's all round work, Manager Callahan remitted the fine.

Bodie tonight was so grateful he pledged himself never to drink again during the playing season.



NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw greeted her two-year-old son Russell with delight when he arrived from England in charge of a nurse. She is reported to be afraid that her husband, Harry Thaw, might attempt to kidnap the child if he succeeds in getting free. "I will keep Russell close to me now," said Mrs. Thaw, "for I believe Harry will do him harm if he gets the opportunity."
Mrs. Thaw is not stated to have advised her to "make public" this latest "fear," the object of which is very apparent.

NEW BIDS CUT DOWN COST NAVAL ARMOR

Sec'y Daniels' Kick Yields Uncle Sam \$111,874

COMPETITION THIS TIME

In Contractor's Bids for Armor for New Battleship No. 39, To Be the "North Carolina" When Christened — Total Saving to Date on This Ship \$614,136.

Washington, Oct. 14.—New bids for armor for battleships number 29, today were opened at the navy department with the result that the Midvale Steel Company was given the contract at a total saving to the government of \$111,874 under the figures of identical bids for the same material recently submitted by the Midvale, Carnegie and Bethlehem companies.

Still for Government Plant.
In announcing the award, Secretary Daniels declared his intention of continuing to urge the erection of a government armor plant. He said he was far from satisfied with the reduction secured by rejecting the original bids but had accepted the lowest bid to prevent delay in completion of the battleship and because of improbability that further reduction could be obtained.

Some Saving, this.
Today's award brought the total saving through competitive bidding on material for the new battleships up to \$614,136, the reduction under prices formerly paid having amounted to \$602,261 in contracts for structural steel, lighter plates and turbine castings.

The three companies in the so-called "combine" had been given until today to submit new bids to replace the identical ones, originally submitted and rejected by Secretary Daniels.

RECEIVES MONEY HE THOUGHT WAS TAKEN FROM HIM

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 14.—Fing Bodie, who says she is the woman who wrecked Harry Thaw's life, tonight found in his final say evidence to support her theory that he was drunk when he was discovered by Manager Callahan drinking a stein of beer in St. Louis last summer.

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Bodie tonight was so grateful he pledged himself never to drink again during the playing season.

That in the creation of the new system of regional reserve banks, conditions warrant that the Federal reserve board be increased gradually by the Federal reserve board as in their judgment event attended by several hundred conditions warrant.

Concerning the issue of Federal reserve notes to \$500,000,000 be eliminated; that interest on Federal reserve notes be eliminated; that it be made unlawful for any Federal bank to pay out any notes not its own; the notes issued being given an identifying number.

That Federal reserve notes should not be obligations of the government; but should be guaranteed by the United States and that they shall be redeemable by Federal reserve banks and not at the treasury of the United States.

That Federal reserve banks mutually guarantee the Federal reserve notes provided that said notes shall become a first and permanent lien upon the combined assets of Federal reserve banks.

That the reserve requirements of the Owen-Glass bill be modified and reduced for both country banks and banks in reserve cities.

DELEGATES LINE UP FOR THE CURRENCY REFORM MEASURE

Chambers of Commerce of U. S. Favor Legislation During Present Congress

REFERENDUM VOTE WAS OVERWHELMING

At National Meeting of Delegates Representing Commercial Bodies in All the States and Large Cities Seven Recommendations for Passage of New Act are Formulated and Adopted.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 14.—The greater part of today was devoted to recreation by the directors of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, who are meeting here to discuss important legislative matters and business conditions in general. As guests of the local Board of Commissioners the delegates were entertained at local manufacturing institutions and tonight a banquet was given in their honor.

It was announced today that the referendum vote was overwhelmingly in favor of currency legislation in the present Congress.

The committee, in its report, stated:
Necessary to Needs of the Nation.
It regards the measure as a piece of constructive legislation and believes that it embodies in large degree, elements necessary to provide the nation with a safe currency and banking system. In view of the fact that the framers of the measure invite friendly criticism and suggest that we are prompted to point out wherein the proposed act may be materially improved and strengthened."

The seven recommendations:
1. In favor of the increase of the Federal reserve board to nine members, the additional members to be chosen by the original seven members, subject to the approval of the President; that compensation of the governor and vice-governor be fixed by the board itself.

2. The creation of the Federal reserve council to be elected by the regional reserve banks, the president vice-president and four members of the Federal Board, but without vote; their salaries to be fixed and paid by the banks.

3. That in the creation of the new system of regional reserve banks, conditions warrant that the Federal reserve board be increased gradually by the Federal reserve board as in their judgment event attended by several hundred conditions warrant.

4. Concerning the issue of Federal reserve notes to \$500,000,000 be eliminated; that interest on Federal reserve notes be eliminated; that it be made unlawful for any Federal bank to pay out any notes not its own; the notes issued being given an identifying number.

5. That Federal reserve notes should not be obligations of the government; but should be guaranteed by the United States and that they shall be redeemable by Federal reserve banks and not at the treasury of the United States.

6. That Federal reserve banks mutually guarantee the Federal reserve notes provided that said notes shall become a first and permanent lien upon the combined assets of Federal reserve banks.

7. That the reserve requirements of the Owen-Glass bill be modified and reduced for both country banks and banks in reserve cities.

Will Take 'Em to Washington.
The board of directors has requested an opportunity to be heard before the Senate committee, for the purpose of presenting the opinions recorded.

SYLVIA PANKURST IN JAIL IN LONDON.
In Boat With Police She is Arrested While About to Speak, and Charged with Obstruction of Justice.

Waynesville, Oct. 14.—A young mother of West Hill, Wilson, Mrs. Callwell shot in the month September 23 at the same time killing his young wife, a niece of Moody's, died at 12:00 o'clock last night. Moody's mother will be at the home, 1000 ground Wednesday evening.
He leaves a wife and several children. Last week his death was erroneously reported in papers which contained the following report: "From citizens of the town."

ONLY 6 DAYS TILL THE GREAT STATE FAIR