

The Weather  
For North Carolina: Fair  
Wednesday, cooler east portion  
Thursday cloudy.  
Highest temperature, 74;  
lowest, 69; precipitation, 0.

# News and Observer

NORTH CAROLINA'S  
GREATEST DAILY

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 95.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 29, 1913.

PRICE, 5 CENTS.

## Three of Greatest of Nations Defer Action With Regard to Mexico

Until United States Formulates and Submits Plan of Future Treatment of Revolution-Torn Republic and Submits It For Their Consideration

### FRANCE, GERMANY AND GREAT BRITAIN

Make Agreement to This Effect, But There Is No Intimation of Time When Note of U. S. To the Powers Will Be Presented

### DIAZ GIVEN PROTECTION

First at Consulate and Finally Taken Aboard Admiral's Flagship By the Order of Sec'y Bryan; May Come to the United States

### MR. WILSON SAID NOTHING

On Subject of Mexican Affairs as His Train Passed Through on Return Trip to Washington—But Some Plan Will Be Devised to Rid Mexico of the Domination of Gen. Huerta, Day's Developments Show Situation To Be Still Tense and Unsatisfactory.

### WARSHIPS ORDERED TO MEXICO LAST NIGHT

Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—President Wilson returned to the capital tonight at 10:30 o'clock from Mobile, Ala., and immediately motored to the White House. He had nothing to say about Mexico.

### But Keeps His Powder Dry and Warships Sail for Mexico

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 28.—The battleships New Jersey, Nebraska, Rhode Island and Virginia, will leave Hampton Roads tomorrow morning for Mexico. The ships carry a large quantity of ammunition and provisions enough to last six months. They will proceed "with all haste" to Vera Cruz and are expected to average fifteen knots.

### Embassy to Japan Held on Mexican Warship

Havana, Oct. 28.—The Mexican training ship Zaragoza arrived here today from Vera Cruz. On board under strict guard were the members of the embassy to Japan, of which Gen. Felix Diaz was the head. They had been arrested at Vera Cruz for disobeying orders to remain at Havana and went with General Diaz to Mexico.

The prisoners were not allowed to land and Colonel Adolfo Martinez, who is in charge of them said he would await instructions from his government.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Three European nations, Great Britain, Germany and France, have agreed to adopt no new policy toward Mexico until the government of the United States can submit for their consideration a definite plan for the future treatment of the revolution-torn republic in Central America.

That a request of the powers to submit a proposal regarding Mexico from this government had been made, and that the three great European nations had yielded to the request late today, was announced by Secretary Bryan.

Wilson and Bryan Confer Today.

President Wilson was enroute to Washington from the south when the announcement was made and the Secretary of State did not indicate what would be the nature of the contemplated negotiations with the foreign governments. The president arrived here late tonight and planned to confer early tomorrow with Mr. Bryan.

When the note of the powers will be presented has not been determined. It is believed that the powers will be given for the announcement from the Huerta government in Mexico of the result of last Sunday's election for a new government.

No President Was Elected.

That this announcement will be that the election of a new president failed because of the insufficiency of the vote still is the expectation of official circles here.

It is believed that the government interested in Mexico to construct a canal.

## NAMING OF INCOME TAX COLLECTORS

To Be Prerogative of Collectors of Internal Revenue

NOT OF COM'R W. H. OSBORN

The Latter Is So Advised by His Own Legal Advisers—Of Two Statutes Which Bear Upon the Subject, the Collectors Have the Under Hold, Other N. C. News.

(By W. E. YELVERTON.)  
Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—That the collectors of internal revenue in the various States will have the appointment of deputy collectors of the new income tax is the latest instruction of law by the legal advisers of Commissioner of Internal Revenue W. H. Osborn.

Though the tariff law provided that these collectors should be appointed by the Commissioner with the advice and consent of the Secretary of the Treasury, a later regulation was that any position in which a man is bonded directly to his superior officer should be filled by that superior officer.

Two New Statutes Apply.  
There are two laws bearing on the point, both of which were enacted during the present Congress. The first was the tariff act, which created the collectors of income tax, those to work under the collectors of Internal Revenue, and to be appointed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Then came the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, which carried as a rider the provision that all employees bonded directly to their superior officers should be appointed by those officers. This measure was passed after the tariff bill, and it is claimed by the Treasury Department lawyers that it annulled the provision of the Commissioner and put the appointment in the hands of the collectors themselves.

Collectors Have the Under-Hold.  
Whether this is correct or not, the collectors could certainly refuse to bond a man appointed by the Commissioner under the law. Naturally a collector would not fly in the face of his superior officer unless he had superb Congressional backing. But the possibility is there.

Some of the 1,000 after the jobs.  
J. D. Turner, Raymond Sawyer and Dr. J. W. Brown, of Elizabeth City, were here in the interest of W. H. Sawyer, one of the two thousand North Carolinians who want to be collector of the income tax.

### Important Error Corrected.

Chairman E. L. Travis, of the North Carolina Corporation Commission, today corrected an error in a recommendation to Congress by a committee of the National Association of Railway Commissioners. The Association was about to recommend a law prohibiting a change in the rate of railroads until the change had been posted in every railroad station affected for thirty days. Mr. Travis pointed out that this might cause needless confusion if that failure of the railroad in a single case would void the entire law and would work just as badly on a lowering as on a raise in rates. He suggested that the roads be required to post the changes in all stations, but that failure to do so should be punished by penalty without affecting the validity of the law. His suggestion was adopted.

### Movements of Some North Carolinians

Representative Godwin has returned to the capital after a vacation of several days at his home in Harnett county.

R. C. Jones, of Granite Quarry, is here. He is an applicant for the position of assistant bank examiner in North Carolina.

Col. and Mrs. A. B. Andrews, Miss Mary Bibba, Mrs. Andrews' companion, and C. D. Mackay, Col. Andrews' secretary, are here.

J. E. Parks, of Pikeville, mail clerk on occasion, was here today on a visit in the State.

Dr. W. W. Faison, of Charlotte, is here on his way home from Baltimore.

Julius Cone and J. E. Latham, of Greensboro, are here in conference with officials of the Department of Agriculture regarding standardization of American grades of cotton to conform with the Liverpool revised grades, which become effective next September. Cotton exchange men and mill men from various points of the South are here.

## FELIX DIAZ ON BOARD UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP

By the Direct Order of Secretary Bryan a Huerta's Political Enemy Is Given Refuge, as His Life Was Endangered.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Vera Cruz, Oct. 28.—General Felix Diaz applied to the United States consulate during the night for protection and was taken on board the United States gunboat Wheeling.

Jose Sandoval and Cecilio Ocon, Mexicans, and Alexander Williams, a United States newspaper correspondent, who had made similar application to the consulate, also were taken aboard the gunboat with General Diaz.

Diaz May Be Brought to United States.  
Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—Gen. Felix Diaz was given asylum in the American consulate at Vera Cruz and so-called "political" refugees of the direct instructions of the United States government, called a few days ago by Secretary Bryan to Consul Canada, instructing him to shelter Diaz if his personal safety were endangered.

Later it was understood that he will be taken aboard a commercial ship bound for the United States.

Diaz Transferred to Flagship.  
Vera Cruz, Oct. 28.—General Diaz late today was transferred to the battleship Louisiana, Rear Admiral Fletcher's flagship. He was allotted quarters in the ward room.

## CURRENCY HITCH IS THREATENED

Through Possible Deadlock in Banking Committee

O'GORMAN FALLS IN LINE

And He and Reed May Yet Save the Administration Measure, Despite the Defection of Hitchcock, Who Has Joined With Republicans for Central Bank Plan.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—A threatened deadlock in the Senate Banking and Currency Committee over the proposal to substitute a government-owned central bank for the regional reserve bank plan in the administration currency bill today became apparent when the committee began executive consideration of the measure. Discussion was confined to the central reserve bank scheme, and while no vote was taken the debate disclosed six senators for the government-controlled central bank and six for the administration regional system.

The five Republicans on the committee, Senators Weeks, McLean, Nelson, Cawter and Brewster, argued for the central bank scheme. They were joined by Senator Hitchcock, who has opposed the administration bill in many of its provisions. Senators Reed and O'Gorman swung into line with the other Democrats for the administration plan.

The vote was delayed until tomorrow and Chairman Owen, at the close of this evening's session, said he believed the administration plan finally would be adopted.

"Both sides have shown a conciliatory disposition," he said, "and I believe the vote tomorrow will dispose of the matter to everybody's satisfaction. The matter will be thoroughly discussed before a vote is taken."

Members of the committee tonight expressed the belief that in view of the opposition to the central bank scheme, the plan would be rejected, but that the committee would take advantage of the President's concession to reduce the number of regional reserve banks provided for by the bill from twelve to as low as four or five.

A compromise plan along these lines was suggested by Prof. J. H. Moore of the Federal Reserve Board, who would be pooled and distributed by the Federal Reserve Board among the banks pro rata, according to the capital stock. The reserves would be pooled under the control of the Federal Board. This 170-ft. Jenks said, would unify the system.

### New York, Oct. 28.—Frank A. Vanderlip, chairman of the New York Clearing House committee, appointed to analyze the currency bill, tonight said that the committee would take up the bill early in the next session of the Senate committee, the committee had decided to wait for the Senate bill to be reported before making its report to the Clearing House Association.

### The "Mobile Declaration"

The first of these was the "Mobile Declaration" that this country would not increase its arms and munitions in the Philippines with instructions which showed it to be the policy of this country to go forward with Philippine independence as quickly as can wisely be done.

### Philippine Independence Coming.

"A third feature of the administration's executive program was the sending of Burton Harrison, to the Philippines with instructions which showed it to be the policy of this country to go forward with Philippine independence as quickly as can wisely be done."

The fourth feature was the proposition of Secretary of State Bryan now accepted in principle by a score of nations, for the holding of conferences prior to a declaration of war, with no increase in armaments during the discussion of differences.

### In Re Battleship Building.

As to a battleship program, the Secretary of the Navy said the present administration endorsed the plan of building an entire fleet of battleships in the competition resulting in overgrown navies and excessive expenditures for military establishments.

Big Powers Must Act in Unison.  
"If our own government can control its own program," he added, "the United States cannot do so; neither can England. It will be necessary for the large nations to act in unison. I am sure the United States is ready to co-operate in any such plan."

## CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNORSHIP OF MASSACHUSETTS



DAVID I. WALSH  
Boston, Oct. 28.—David I. Walsh is the Democratic candidate for governor of Massachusetts. He is opposed by James Fitzgerald, Republican, and Foxe, Independent. Walsh is Houlihan's governor. He styles himself a "progressive Democrat."

## UNITED STATES IS ALWAYS A RECON

For Republics Founded Upon Constitutional Liberty

SAYS SECRETARY OF NAVY

And President Wilson's "Mobile Declaration" Will Live in History—Mr. Daniels Made Brief Stop in Atlanta Yesterday on Way to Raleigh Where He Spends Today.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 28.—"President Wilson's speech yesterday at Mobile was epochal; it will live in history as the 'Mobile Declaration,'" declared Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels. "It was a logical and necessary doctrine still is our pillar of cloud, but since the United States acquired Porto Rico, the Philippines and the Panama Canal Zone, there has been a growing suspicion that we were falling into the ways of some other nations; that we were using the Monroe doctrine to keep other nations out of the Latin-American republics, but would go in ourselves whenever we felt like it."

No Further Voluntary Acquiescence.  
"The Mobile Declaration" effectually has put an end to any such thought. It has shown Europe where we stand, and it should allay suspicion for all time and bring us into closer spiritual relationship with the countries to the south."

Mexican Situation May Adjust Itself.  
Secretary Daniels made a brief stop in Atlanta en route from Mobile to his home in Raleigh, N. C., where he will spend all day tomorrow attending to private affairs. This program was taken to mean that the secretary and the administration at Washington did not regard Mexican matters as acute at this time.

Mr. Daniels today expressed the belief that the situation in Mexico soon would adjust itself and that it would not be necessary for this country to act in any way except in friendly capacity. He impressed this opinion upon all with whom he talked.

### Tariff and Currency Legislation.

Mr. Daniels said:  
"At Mobile last night Majority Leader Underwood of the House of Representatives, in a statement, said that the legislative program undertaken in the present Congress as the greatest legislative program of a decade. I believe the country appreciates that fact."

"To the legislative program of the present administration, however, should be added four all-important features of an executive program."

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## IMPORTANT CASE IN SUPREME COURT

Involves Attempt to Require Railroads to Change Rates Wholly Within a State.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—The Shreveport rate case, involving the first attempt of the Interstate Commerce Commission to require railroads to change rates wholly within a State, late today came before the Supreme Court of the United States for argument.

Railroads traversing Texas and Louisiana are seeking to have the Interstate Commerce Commission's order requiring them either to reduce their rates from Shreveport, La., to Texas points or to increase the Texas rates for similar distances. The railroads say the Texas Railroad Commission required them to reduce the State rates.

The Louisiana Railroad Commission was allowed to participate in the argument and the time for consideration of the case extended so that it will consume most of tomorrow.

H. M. Garwood, of Galveston, opened the case for the railroads today.

## MARTIAL LAW IN MINING FIELDS

Follows Failure to Secure Pacific Settlement

MILLIONS LOST IN WAGES

And Large Number of Deaths, Injuries and Damage to Property Already Resulting From Strike and Its Attendant Disorders—18 Battles, 28 Killed.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Denver, Col., Oct. 28.—Mobilizing in approximately six hours, the commands of the Colorado National Guard today began moving toward the Southern Colorado fields where martial law will be established. Telephone advices from Sheriff J. S. Grisham at Trinidad to the governor's office, stated that a large force of Greek strikers started at 6 o'clock this morning for a coal camp at Tabasco, Herwind, Hastings and Delagua, announcing that they would attempt to take the camps and if successful would hold them against the State troops.

While ordering of troops to the coal field followed the failure of Gov. Ammons' efforts to arrange a settlement an additional reason for the action today was found in the list of casualties and property damage that have marked the 25 days of the strike. These strike incidents were summarized as follows:

Battles and skirmishes 18.  
Killed 28.  
Wounded 41.  
Personal assaults 2.  
Buildings and bridges wrecked or damaged by dynamite 11.  
Property damage (estimated) \$50,000.  
Loss in wages (estimated) \$2,500,000.

### Strikers Would Dynamite Train.

Trinidad, Col., Oct. 28.—Troops from the Arkansas valley, who were to entrain from La Junta for Trinidad, delayed their departure because of reports received by them that strikers were preparing to dynamite their train. The troops were held at La Junta to await the arrival of the National Guard from Denver, according to reports here tonight.

The strikers congregated in great numbers about the Colorado and Southern Station at Trinidad, where they were ordered to disperse by the National Guard. They denied any intention of molesting the troops.

Troops from the Trinidad company of the National Guard today entered the mine camps at Herwind, Tabasco and Hastings where by orders of the military government the saloons were closed.

### CUMMINS ATTACKS NEW TARIFF LAW

Iowa Senator Injects National Politics Into Massachusetts State Campaign.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Taunton, Mass., Oct. 28.—National politics today was injected by Senator Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa, into the State campaign. Speaking here with Congressman A. F. Gardner, Republican candidate for Governor, Senator Cummins attacked the Democratic tariff bill and declared the rank and file of the Republican party would come into its own at the next National convention "on the basis of Republican strength in the several States and not upon the absurd indefensible plan now in force."

### As I Look at It.

"As I look at it," said the Senator, "the supremacy of the Democratic party is a disaster and we must retrieve it very soon if we would escape the fatal consequences of a policy that never has failed to bring ruin upon the industrial and commercial structure which houses the multitudes of hard working, efficient men and women who have given the United States the distinction it now enjoys."

### Speaking of the tariff act, he said:

"It is either leniently or maliciously discriminatory and open the doors for that increase of imports which must, before a year passes, leave tens of thousands of laboring men and women without employment they now have."

### Being Taught at East Carolina Teachers Training School.

Greenville, Oct. 28.—A banking system, by which the students deposit and withdraw their money from the business office as if from a regular bank, has been established at the East Carolina Teachers Training school. This system has been established for the purpose of giving the students practical business training.

### Widow Acquitted of Murder Charge.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Gray, Ga., Oct. 28.—Mrs. Kate King, on trial here for complicity in the murder of her husband, James King, a wealthy farmer, late today was acquitted of the charge. She had been out since noon. Mrs. King, a farm hand, already has been convicted of murdering King and is now under sentence to hang.

### Federals to Attack Constitutionalist Capital.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Douglas, Ariz., Oct. 28.—The rumor was persistent here today that General Ojeda and his Federal army had left Guaymas in two columns, one marching toward Tucson in the rugged Valley, and the other toward Hermosillo, the Constitutionalist capital.

## ACCOMPLISHMENT IS NOT CLOSE ENOUGH

Between U. S. and Latin American Republics

COMMERCIAL CONGRESS

Second Day's Business at Mobile Meeting—Columbia's Claim for Reparation—Last Night Was Pan-American Night, Featured By a Diplomatic Dinner.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Mobile, Ala., Oct. 28.—Two speakers at sessions of the Southern Commercial Congress today emphasized the necessity of the American business man becoming better acquainted with needs of the people of Latin-American and then giving those people what they need and want. John M. Parker, honorary president of the congress, seemed to strike a popular note when he declared:

"Our manufacturers should offer these people what they want and not what we think they should have." Senator Federico Alfonso Ferrer, representing Peru, said Americans should send men into Latin-America to ascertain what was needed there.

Competition After the Canal Opened.  
"That the United States would have been completely from Peru in its efforts to get Latin-American trade after the canal is opened, was shown by the attitude of Senator Ferrer in his speech. Ferrer, he said, was in better position to gain by the opening of the canal than was the United States and the country was doing everything it could to get ready to handle that trade. A wealth of ideas as to what might be done to better fortify the American business man against competition after the canal is in operation today was given in many speeches at the three sessions."

Women's Auxiliary.  
The first convention of the women's auxiliary to the congress was opened and women orators told how, by a system of education in the south, they hoped to lend a strong arm to Southern merchants in going after trade. The auxiliary adopted a resolution opposing an amendment to the constitution granting women the vote and in favor of state aid.

The morning session was followed by a resolution offered by Senator Underwood of Tennessee, in which it was provided that the United States should be urged to indemnify the Colombian claims that the Panama canal zone was improperly acquired by the United States.

Columbia's Claim of Reparation.  
After mentioning the statement of President Wilson that the United States would gain no more territory by conquest, he said that Colombia's claim should not be ignored and if well founded the United States should make reparations. His resolution was referred to a committee.

W. D. Boyce, of Chicago, author of "Illustrated Central America," offered the unique idea that a great American city should be established on the coast and that it should be "city-free of all export and import duty. This, he said, would aid in the fight for this new trade."

### Diplomatic Dinner.

This was a "diplomatic dinner." Early in the evening and a program composed of speeches by Central and South American representatives later. At the dinner were represented Costa Rica, Peru, Ecuador, Brazil, Argentina. That the bond of friendship between the United States and countries of South and Central America would be strengthened by the Panama canal influence, seemed to be undisputed opinion of all the speakers.

John Temple Graves, of New York, was the subject of comment among delegates to the congress. He gained favor with his audience by swinging into line with the arguments of Majority Leader Underwood in favor of upbuilding of the American merchant marine and his advocacy of a larger navy to help protect Panama canal.

### Grant and Lee Proposed As Names for Feet.

The memorial in honor of the memory of Senator Morgan and the suggestion that one of the forts at the Panama canal should be named for him, tonight brought on a general discussion of that subject at a general meeting tonight.

Senator John H. Bankhead of Alabama, in a speech announced that at the next session of congress he would ask in a resolution that if one of the forts at Panama be named "Grant" another one be named "Lee."

This also was the subject of extended discussion of the women's auxiliary meeting tonight.

Mayor Martin Behrman of New Orleans who was on the program for tomorrow, this evening delivered his address, having been accorded a place because of his inability to be here another day.

Houston and Tampa are making strong bids for the next convention of the congress with sentiment seemingly favoring Houston because of its being the site of the last year's meeting. The next meeting place will be selected by the directors several weeks hence.

### Roosevelt in Brazil.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Sao Paulo, Brazil, Oct. 28.—Colonel Roosevelt early today spent several hours inspecting various industries. He visited the works of the Anglo-American Iron company, of which the colonel is an officer, and inspected much interest in his iron bridge constructed under his son's supervision.

### Brewer Back's \$50,000,000 Will.

(By the Associated Press.)  
St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 28.—Hans to file the will of Adolphus Brewster, which disposes of an estate estimated at \$50,000,000.

Charles Nagel, who drafted the will, said it would be filed Wednesday.