The Weather
Washington, Nov. 26.—For North Carolina: Fair Thursday and Friday.
Highest temperature, 64; lowest, 40; precipitation, 0.

The News and Observer

NORTH CAROLINA'S GREATEST DAILY

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HEAVIER GUARD IS ORDERED TO THE MEXICAN BORDER

For Protection of El Paso and Neighboring Territory On Texas Line

ANOTHER SEIGE POSSIBLE

Fighting Between Mexicans Around Juarez Arouses U. S. War Department

HUERTA'S TROOPS ROUTED

Request of Red Cross To Bring Wounded Across Border Into El Paso Granted

MORE PACIFIC CONDITION

In the Oil Region, Reported to Washington By Wireless, Interests Officials

CAUSE OF MUCH RELIEF

tion By United States Considered Necessary Where British and American Oil Interests Are Situated.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 26.—The rout of the Mexican Federals near Juarez by the Constitutionalist forces and a wireless report from Rear Admiral Fletcher indicating that conditions in the oil regions near Tuxpam were not as threatening as previously had been reported held the interest of official Washington today in the Mexican situation.

Welcome News From Oil Region.

The wireless message to the Navy Department from Admiral Fletcher who left Vera Cruz on the battleship Rhode Island late Monday night, with John Lind to investigate alleged threatening conditions in Tuxpam and Tampico, brought evident relief to officials here. The admiral's report, regarding the Tuxpam field, where British and American interests are situated, gave indications that no immediate aggressive action on the part of the United States to furnish protection would be necessary. Though no official report has come with relation to the Tampico district, it is thought that the situation there will be found similarly controlled.

Conditions Around Juarez Alarming.

The border situation as a result of the vigorous operations near Juarez and the possibility of another siege of the border city aroused the War Department to action to afford ample protection for El Paso and the neighboring border territory and late today orders were issued for the movement from Fort Douglas, Utah, to El Paso, of the Twentieth United States Infantry which will be used to preserve order within the city limits.

Heavier Border Guard On Duty.

This will permit the use of the two regiments of cavalry now at El Paso, Fort Bliss and Environs to guard the border in each direction from the city. In addition to these two regiments the Fifteenth, just arrived from northern posts, and the Second, there is a battery of the Fifth artillery, while Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, with a squadron of the Twelfth Cavalry will go to El Paso as soon as he has composed the threatened outbreak among the Navajo Indians in New Mexico.

Red Cross May Bring Wounded Across Border.

The War Department upon the request of the Red Cross, issued orders which permit the bringing of wounded Mexican soldiers across the border into El Paso, the permission applying to Federal and Constitutionalist soldiers alike. Red Cross authorities find it easier to care for the wounded Mexicans in American territory than to enter into the international negotiations necessary in order to cross the boundary, and it also is known that facilities for the care of the wounded in Juarez are entirely inadequate.

Effect of Victory On Carranza's "Recognition."

It was suggested tonight that one important result of the rebel victory at Juarez might be to bring in to greater prominence the question of recognition by the United States government of General Carranza's constitutionalist party as the defacto government of northern Mexico.

[illegible] Carranza was [illegible] claim that his party is in [illegible] possession of all of the Northern States, it is expected he will establish a permanent capital at Hermosillo or Magdalena and complete the organization of his provisional government.

Hale Expected in Washington.

This question is said to have been discussed by Dr. William Bayard Hale in his recent conferences with General Carranza and Senor Escudero. Dr. Hale is expected in Washington within a few days.

No Knowledge of Mooted "New Note."

There was no confirmation here today of a report from Berlin that the American Ambassador, James W. Gerard, in discussing the Mexican situation with the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, Gottlieb Von Jagow, had submitted a new note from Washington reaffirming the attitude of the United States in regard to the elimination of General Huerta and the non-recognition of the new Mexican congress. Acting Secretary of State John Bassett Moore said he had no knowledge of any new note on the subject.

NORTH CAROLINA TEACHERS HOLD FIRST SESSSION

Opening Exercises Last Night. Governor Craig Speaks—Reception at Yarborough

THANKSGIVING SERMON

Dr. Neal Anderson Will Preach It—President Reynolds Tonight—Features.

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

Thursday, 12 M., November 27.
(Raleigh Auditorium.)
Hymn.
Prayer.
Hymn.
Bible Lesson.
Special Music.
Sermon—Rev. Neal L. Anderson, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Winston-Salem.

Thursday Evening, 8:30, November 27.
(Raleigh Auditorium.)
President's Address: "A Professional Body of Teachers for North Carolina and Suggestions How to Secure and Maintain Such a Body;" Pres. A. C. Reynolds, of Cullowhee Institute.
Address: "The Montesorri System Expected," Dr. [illegible] the History of Education in the Teachers' College, Columbia University.

The North Carolina Teachers' Assembly opened ts sessions last night in the city auditorium with more than a thousand people, who shivered patriotically through the interesting hour.

The Southern's snail, No. 22, crept in an hour late and imposed additional burden upon the teachers on that train, by sending them to the auditorium without refreshments of any kind. The Southern's sinner arrested the opening and it was 8:45 when President A. C. Reynolds, of Cullowhee, called the body together.

The city was well represented. It is an eight day municipality. It is good enough to forget the frigidity of its great indoors from time to time, and though the house kill it, yet will it trust and return for every big thing. President Reynolds last night offered to assume the duties of the janitor and will fill the vast building with heat and comfort.

Novelty lent something to the visitors. The bulk of them had never attended the meeting in the auditorium before. They found what Col. F. B. Arendell has denominated a "decorated dream" and the auditorium never looked better. It has felt a trifle so.

The absence of Collector J. W. Bailey, who was to make the welcome word, gave Mr. Charles J. Parker the pleasure of saying something for the city. Mr. Parker did the job well.

Mr. Parker began by regretting that Collector Bailey could not be present to play his "long suit," making addresses of welcome. "He told me that he spent thirty days on his introduction and went away without leaving me a word."

Mr. Parker declared that Raleigh plays gracious host to all sorts of conventions, but the city's heartiest cordiality is reserved for Teachers' Assemblies, Baptist Conventions, Presbyterian Synods, Methodist Conferences and Episcopal Convocations. The city is no longer the butt of the cheap jokesmith by reason of its slowness. He pointed to the police patrol, the steel-caged "resting room" once known as the calaboose. The ten and and eleven story bank buildings under the very roof of which, Dr. J. Y. Joyner has his office.

Dr. Joyner spoke for the teachers in response to the address of welcome.

"We teachers have tasted the cordiality of Raleigh's welcome before," he said. "We like the taste of it and if you will let us we will come and taste often. Thank God, we have beat the old and new that made the South famous for its cordiality, and Raleigh has more of it than any other place I know."

He told the story of the country people who came to the First Baptist church and were so impressed with that church's hospitality that the rural folk thought the congregation a country people. He told the story of Dr. D. H. Hill, who let two colored ball teams play on his grounds. "Bats and skulls met somehow, with injury to both," he said, "and one old 'Uncle Remus negro' said, 'I declar', boss, dese niggers is gittin more lak white folks every day." The speaker wanted to see townspeople grow more like country people.

Dr. J. D. Eggleston, president of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, spoke next, he and Governor Craig exchanging places on the program.

Doctor Eggleston's subject was [illegible] and he treated it largely. He drew a fascinating picture of Brown and Jones, farmers. He used epigram to show the good offices of education in agriculture. "What Jones has been thinking was worn-out land is nothing but worn-out ideas in his head," Dr. Eggleston said.

"The child should get at the school and through the school everything he needs in his normal life," he said. "The day is already here when the country looks to its school for its food supply."

The speaker told of the fame that has come to boys and girls who have made great yields of corn or tomatoes. "It was the son of a Baptist preacher who knew little about Jeremiah, but everything about Jerry Moore, who who grew more corn on an acre than anybody else in South Carolina."

Dr. Eggleston spoke against that policy of allowing time to cure the evils that accompany the paucity of schools. "We cannot afford to wait for time to cure this ill, it is too great a cost to the country." It was notable

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Thanksgiving

For Every One Of Us

Every day in every year should be a Day of Thanksgiving for every one of us, for there is so much to be thankful in life for that each day, no matter what it brings, should set to singing a song of joy in the heart. Disasters and troubles there may be, but each may be used as a lesson and each may prove a blessing.

That we live, is in itself a cause for thanksgiving, that the sun shines, that the winds blow, that the fruitage of the earth is with us. Oh, we can find cause for thanksgiving in everything if we but try, for blessings are to be found on every side of us. And it is most fitting that once a year there people [illegible] may assemble and with thankful hearts give praise to the Giver of all good gifts for His manifold blessings. And this is the day set aside by proclamation of the President of the United States, and by proclamation of the Governor of North Carolina for all these people to assemble that thanks may be given.

The people of North Carolina have every reason to give thanks for they have been abundantly blessed by the Giver of all gifts. Peace, prosperity and happiness abound in the State, and we may well regard it as having come to us in full measure, "packed down, heaped up and running over."

The News and Observer, desiring to give from every portion of the State expressions from its citizens of special reasons why they are thankful at this season, sent requests for sentiment appropriate of the day, asking that in a few words there be set forth the causes for thanksgiving which most appeal to the writer, and there has been a liberal response to the request.

These replies show that indeed this State and its people have been blessed, and that there are many things for which to be thankful. And there is one lesson which is taught with the coming of the day, this referred to in some of the replies, that today should be made one on which we should endeavor to make some one else feel its blessings. And there is no better way than by remembering the orphans of North Carolina, and with practical gifts make life better and brighter for them.

The replies to the requests for Thanksgiving Sentiments from North Carolinians are as follows:

GEN. JULIAN S. CARR.
Commander-in-Chief North Carolina United Confederate Veterans.

[illegible] good from stem to stern, barring Hitchcock, of Nebraska.
Durham, N. C.

FRANK CARTER.
Judge Nineteenth Judicial District.

A quickened public conscience; a perceptible uplifting of the center of gravity from things material toward things spiritual; a more vital consciousness of the brotherhood of man, and a widening sweep of the democracy of character—these I conceive to be the most valuable things of the year that is passing. In these, and in the secondary blessings of material prosperity, God has been very good to us.
Asheville, N. C.

CAPT. M. O. SHERRILL
Librarian of the State of North Carolina.

The dangers seen, and unseen, through which we have passed, together with the manifested blessings of the year 1913 are sufficient to call forth our gratitude, in devoting a day of thanksgiving to the Supreme Ruler, of the Universe. Our Nation has been exceptionally blessed in 1913.
Raleigh, N. C.

COL. P. M. PEARSALL
Member of the New Bern Bar.

To the Editor: We should be grateful to the health officers (the doctors) for the vast progress made in sanitation and hygiene. We should be thankful that malaria and drunkenness are fast passing away.
New Bern, N. C.

GENERAL W. R. COX
Brigadier General in the Confederate Army.

Give thanks. The Prince of Peace is with us. Intelligent labor is meeting with its due reward. The schoolmaster is on the job. The [illegible] "cease firing." An able and patriotic southerner is at the helm at Washington. His course has softened defeat and won the confidence and respect of whilom political foes. Good.
Penelo, N. C.

CHARLES S. WALLACE.
Mayor of Morehead City.

I am thankful for a peaceful Nation; for a prosperous State with its honest officials and contented citizenship, and for innumerable personal blessings that have come to me daily during the entire year.
Morehead City.

DR. R. T. VANN.
President Meredith College.

For the increased facilities for popular education and the wider dissemination of knowledge; for our marvelous gain in material wealth and the awakened sense of responsibility in the use of it; for the quick-

(Continued on Page Seven.)

WESTERN NORTH CARO. CONFERENCE

Of the Methodist Episcopal Church South

BEGINS AT CHARLOTTE

With Bishop J. H. McKoy Presiding—His Theme, the Importance of Keeping Active the Revival Spirit—Outline of Bishop's Address and Other First Day Work.

(By MAMIE BAYES.)

Charlotte, Nov. 26.—The Western North Carolina conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, convened in the twenty-fourth annual session this morning at 9 o'clock, in Trinity church. The presiding officer of the conference, Bishop James H. McCoy, of Birmingham, was in the chair and conducted the opening devotional services.

The Bishop's Address.

The theme of his remarks was the importance of keeping the revival spirit active if the church is to succeed and accomplish the work which she has been commissioned to do in the world.

He said in this connection that what he considered the greatest single event of the kind that had taken place within his memory, was the address of the college Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, during the meeting of the general conference in 1910, when, under the leadership of Dr. [illegible] dresses to the churches was issued in which it was urged that the keynote of the grand reunion for Southern Methodism be revivals, and the entire church was called to its knees.

The Sweep of Religious Revivals.

He then said that revivals of religion had swept throughout the entire territory of the church during the three years of the quadrennium that had passed since the general conference Southern Methodist he said is the most evangelistic of all branches of World-Wide methodism.

Church Must Not Be Worldly.

No church, he said, can be a church that is used largely in the salvation of sinners, until it makes up its mind to be an unworldly church; that until a church becomes unworldly, it cannot be a spiritual power in the world.

He said there is a place for social service in religion, but that nothing must be allowed to supplant evangelistic notes.

Perfecting Organization.

After the singing of another hymn, W. L. Sherrill was nominated to succeed himself as secretary of the conference. The nomination was seconded, and he was reelected unanimously. Mr. Sherrill named as assistant secretaries Harold Turner, W. F. Sandford, J. F. Harrelson, J. B. Carpenter, W. T. Uzzy, C. A. Wood. For the presiding elders submitted the nominations for the standing committees. Bishop McCoy announced that he had received a number of communications relative to the general interests of the church, and these were referred to the general interests of the church, and these were referred to the proper boards and committees of the conference.

"Nothing Against Him."

The presence of visiting ministers was noted, they were introduced to the conference. Frank Siler, a former member of the Western North Carolina conference, but for five years past a member of the North Carolina conference and who has been transferred to this conference again was one of these. Bishop McCoy called minute question 22, "Are all the preachers blameless in their life and official administration?" Answering this question in part, the names of the eleven presiding elders of the conference were called, their characters were passed, the answer to the question regarding each one of them being "Nothing against him." The presiding elders then made their annual reports of the work of the past year on the district which they presided over.

Address by Bishop Kilgo.

During the call of this buestion and while the presiding elders were making their reports Bishop John C. Kilgo arrived and was presented to the Conference by Bishop McCoy, who expressed special pleasure at his presence. Bishop Kilgo addressed the Conference briefly and said he was glad to be here, this the first time he has been present at a session of the Western North Carolina Conference since his election to the Episcopacy, his work having called him to other parts of the church at the time of the meeting of the Conference during the past three years.

Presiding Elder's Reports.

The reports of the Presiding Elders, C. A. Wood, of the Asheville District; J. R. Scroggs, of the Charlotte District; G. T. Rowe, of the Greensboro District; J. E. Gay, of the Morganton District; R. M. Taylor, of the Mount Airy District; H. M. Vestal, of the North Wilkesboro District; W. R. Ware, of the Salisbury District; R. M. Hoyle, of the Shelby District; G. T. Mann, of Statesville District; L. T. Cardelle, of the Waynesville District, and P. T. Durham, of the Winston District, were presented. The reports all gave evidence of growth and progress in the work. [illegible] work. Many of the churches in the districts show large increase in numbers in the reports submitted. Sunday schools and women's missionary societies are growing in membership and activity and numbers of instances of church and parsonage buildings weer noted.

Dr. Plato Durham's Report.

Rarely, if ever, has the report of a preacher submitted on the floor of the Western North Carolina Conference produced such effect as that which followed the report of Rev. Plato Durham, Presiding Elder of the Winston District, this morning. After making a report touching upon the different details of his work, he emphasized especially the need of a revival spirit in the church and pleaded for a greater spirituality in the pulpit and the open, saying that the greatest work in which a preacher can be engaged is that of seeking to turn men from the paths of sin to righteousness

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NO CHRISTMAS FOR LAWMAKERS TILL CURRENCY ACTION

Democrats of Senate Determined to Force Vote On Bills at Early Date

RESULT OF CONFERENCE

Extreme Measures to Relieve Uncertainty Existing in Financial Circles

MAKE IT A PARTY MEASURE

Senator Simmons Says Immediate Action Is Demanded By Business World

TO MAKE CLEAR PURPOSE

Of Congress Democrats Make the Measure a Party One; Arousing Republicans

Resolutions Adopted Outline the Most Exacting Legislative Program Attempted in United States Senate in Many Years.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 26.—Extreme measures were decided upon today by the Democrats of the Senate to force the currency reform bill to an early vote. Determined to relieve the uncertainty in financial circles the Democrats agreed to make the bill a party measure at once, to have no Christmas recess unless the measure has been passed before the time set for the holiday, and to sit day and night until final action is secured.

Two Sessions of Conference.

These decisions were reached at conference which began in the morning and was resumed tonight. Senate leaders, working in harmony with President Wilson, decided to sit behind closed doors for the balance of the week, not excepting tomorrow, Thanksgiving Day, until an agreement can be reported, that will insure united support for the bill. Actual work on it began tonight. The fight will be transferred to the Senate floor Monday and from that time forward daily sessions will be held from 10 a. m. to 11 p. m., with no recess in prospect except for Christmas Day.

"Immediate Action," Says Simmons.

"Immediate action on currency legislation is demanded," said Senator Simmons, at the close of the conference, "to relieve the uncertainty that exists throughout the business world. There has been a cessation of activity in many lines of business because Congress has not yet made clear its intention as to currency revision."

"The Senate has no right to hold up the business of the country," said Senator James, another who took part in the conference. "The country demands action at once on currency legislation."

Republicans Don't Like It.

The decision of the Democrats to make the currency bill a party measure surprised and aroused the Republicans.

"This is merely a political move," said Senator Smoot, one of the minority leaders. "It is designed to make it appear that the Republicans are obstructing currency legislation. This is not the case. I am convinced that proceeding in the normal way we would have reached a vote earlier than we will under this forced process. The Democrats who are urging this unwonted industry will have to keep a quorum present. Legislation that is so important as to keep the Senate in session from thirteen to sixteen hours a day ought to be considered by a full quorum."

Resolutions Adopted.

Two resolutions adopted by the Democratic conference outline the most exacting legislative program attempted in the Senate in recent years. One, presented by Senator O'Gorman, provided that it was the sense of the conference that beginning Monday, December 1, the Senate should meet at 10 o'clock in the morning, sit until six in the evening, resume after a two hour dinner recess and continue until 11 o'clock "until the currency bill is disposed of." It further set forth that unless the bill is out of the way no holiday recess shall be taken "except an adjournment from December 24 to December 26" over Christmas Day. Not even New Year's will be a holiday unless the bill is passed before then.

The second resolution, presented by Senator Reed, of Missouri, made the currency bill a party measure. It provided that the members, in conferences should meet [illegible] should complete the consideration of the bill.

Caucus May Make Changes in Owen Bill.

In the absence of Senator Hitchcock, the only Democratic member who has held out against the administration bill, it was expected that the Democrats of the Banking and Currency Committee would have little difficulty in committing the caucus to the support of the draft of the measure presented by Senator Owen. It was made clear, however, that some of the amendments proposed by Senator Hitchcock would be written into the bill by the conference.

Debate in Senate on Subject.

The currency debate continued in the Senate today, Senator Newlands making a lengthy speech explaining his plan for a Federation of State Reserve Associations as a substitute for the various proposals put forth. The Senate adjourned until Saturday to allow the Democratic conference time to work on the currency bill.