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RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1915.

According To Report, Human Cargo and Convoy Steamer Lost By British

LONDON REPORTS ONLY SINKING OF ONE SHIP

This Was Small Irish Coast Steamer Downshire, and Here Germans Let Crew Escape, Then Used Bomb On Vessel: Submarines Appear Unable To Attack The Faster Ships; Russians Appear To Have Decisively Checked German Advance From East Prussia; No More News of Dardanelles Bombardment

Berlin, Feb. 21.-By wireless to Sayville .- The report of the sinking of a British transport with troops and an accompanying steamer, reached Berlin today too

submarines or mines.

If, as is indicated by the foregoing, a British transport has been sunk, the news probably has been withheld in London.

Although accounts of the sinking of various other steamers by German submarines or by mines have been passed promptly by the British censors, there was no inti-mation in London dispatches of the destruction of a transport.

Loudon, Feb. 21—10:45 p. m.—A. German submarine, described by some as the U-12 and by others as the U-21 operating in the Irish Sea yesterday, found another victim in the little Irish coasting steamer Downshire. The Downs ire was sunk not far from the spot where the British steamer Cambank was torpedoed a few hours earlier. The Downshire's crew, however, were given time to escape in their boats, and, instead of wasting a torpedo, the Germans used a bomb. On the other side of the British isles in the North Sea near the Island of Borkum, the American steamer Evelya, cotton-laden, struck a mine. She sank, but her crew was saved.

PAST LINERS SEEM IMMUNE.

This makes up the total of steamers destroyed by submarines and mines during the past 24 hours, as far as is known. The submarines up to now have demonstrated their ability sow have demonstrated their ability to attack only slow steamers or those anchored, as a number of liners have passed to and fro in the Irish Sea where the German craft have been at work, without being approached. In fact, with respect to Liverpool and other West coast ports, the arrivals and departures have been above t. e Saturday and Sunday average, according to Lloyd's list.

ing to Lloyd's list,

LITTLE NEWS FROM LAND.

None of the official reports of the land fighting contains important information, although there are big battless in progress near the East Prussian frontier, where the Russians claim to have stemmed the German advance; in Western Galleia, where the Russians have become more active; in the Carpathians, and in Bukowina, where again the Russians have been reinforced and are resisting toe Austro-German advance.

heen reinforced and are resisting the Austro-German advance.

Petrograd dispatches say the Germans have met an impenetrable barvier in the vicinity of Ossowetz and that their difficulties have been increased by the overflowing of the Nieumen River. They are in great force, however, and the battle, which is only liegianing, promises to be a sewere one.

There seems to be little change in the relative positions in West Galicia and in the Carpathians, the battle lines remaining about as t ey were. A big-hatile is being fought north of the Natworns-Kolomea line in Southeast-ern Galicia, and, according to German correspondents the Russians have brought up large reinforcements from Stanislan.

Russians and Turkish forces again have come into touch in the Cancasus in the Trans-Tehoruk region, but the result of the encounters is not given. There again has been a slackening in the activity in the West.

No further word has been received of the attack on the Dardenelles forts by the British and French fleets.

London, Feb. 21.—(5.35 p. m.)—A British military observer with the French army describes advantages the French army describes advantages the Brench have gained in the last few months in a statement given out to-day by the official information bureau as follows:

"Since the repulse of the Germans in Fianders no battle of great importance has been fought. A few hundred yards, north of Arras, a village or two between Arras and the corner of the line nearest Paris a belt varying from a mile and a half to two hundred a mile and a half to two hundred yards in breadth east of Kheims and a few miles of what was German territory in Alsace—these acres are all that bave been gained. The enemy's hold on Belgium and northeastern France is as strong ab ever."

The British observer nevertheless.

The British observer, nevertheless, contends that the strem of the French army has been very great and than its work is deserting of the gratitude and admiration of the allied powers. It has kept the German army so busi-

(Continued on Page Three.)

Says Provocation Forced The Nation To Enter The War Against Entente

RUSSIA

Ottomans Had No Faith Change of Heart at Petrograd: Turks a White Race and Fighting For White Man's Chance, Says Halin in First Interview

-11:20 p. m.-Prince Said Hallm, the Turkish Grand Viser, in the first interview he ever has given; has outlined to The Associated Press Turkey's reason for entering the war. He explained the abolition of the ca-

He explained the abolition of the capitulations and pointed out advances made during the past six years.

"We have rejected the Triple Entente's offer to guarantee Turkey's integrity for thirty years," said the Grand Vizier, "because acceptance would have been detrimental to Turkey's sovereignty. Turkey's experience with the promises made by the powers forming the Triple Entente (Great Britain, France, and Russia), has not been favorable to the promotion of confidence.

"Turkey knew that to enter into relations with Great Britain, France.

steamer, reached Berlin today too late for comment by morning papers.

All of the papers, however, feature the report in first page headlines, together with reports of the sinking of other vessels by submarines or mines.

"We were tired of the hypocrisy actuating the Triple Entente when dealing with Turkey; so we did what provocation forced us to do—went to war." Turkey was made the object of many falsehoods by the Entente. Now the Allies assert that the government lacks the support of the people. Could we make such a good military showing if the government had not obtained the hearty cooperation of all Ottomans?"

mans?
Turkey Making Progress.
"This fact is, the present war shows Turkey even more united than we had expected. That Turkey is capable of developing the highest form of national colidarity is a demonstrated fact.
The Turkish people want a chance to work out their destiny. Our start six years ago was good. Much has been accomplished aiready. We have initiated many measures promoting

initiated many measures promoting the well-being of the people in Con

the well-being of the people in Constantinople.
"I realize there is much to do, but the world should not forget that our means are limited and that hereto-fore we have been hampered by the capitulations.

Claims to Be White Race.

Claims to Be White Hace.

"We are not a barbaric people, not savage, not black, not brown, not reliow, but white, with every right of the other white races, a people willing to invest its wealth and blood in the opportunity to make good, as Americans say.

Americans say.

"Turkey has been misrepresented and misunderstood; hence she is lacking the sympathy to which she is entitled. Heretofore we were the pawn in Europe's politics and our interests were wholly unconsidered. We were thred of this, and now are fighting for the chance to have Turkey exist for the sake of Turkey.

"The claim that Turkey is bound to pass under the sway of Uermany is absurd. Have Austria-Hungary and Italy passed under the sway of their powerful ally in the alliance?

rful ally in the alliance?

Foreign Schools Not Affected.

"The matter of foreign schools is simple enough. We propose to give these institutions the status enjoyed by them in the United States, the management continues." by them in the United States, the management continuing to be independent. All we wished to accomplish by the ablitton of the capitulations was the elimination of the small States within Turkey created with the capitulations. I do not assert that these will never be needed, but the time has come when Turkey is anxious to extend to all within her borders the protection and guarantees given by other governments."

PALMETTO SOLONS ADJOURN. Session Ends Up Acter All Night Sit-

(By the Americal Press.)

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 21.—The angual session of the South Carolina General Assembly ended here early today, after an all-night meeting made fereessary in order to man bills. made necessary in order to pass bilis earrying the appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Important legislation enacted at this

important legislation enacted at this session included a law providing for an election on State-wide probibition on September 14, next, a measure limiting the importation of liquor for beverage purpose into "dry" counties to one gallon per person per month; authorisation of bond issues, not to exceed an aggregate of \$5,000,000 by the counties for road improvement. the countles for road improvement; a commission to study workmen's com-

peasation laws.

The session was made notable by reason of the fact that three difreason of the fact that three dif-ferent men occupied the gubernatorial chair during its life. They were Cole L. Blease, who resigned on January 16, soon after the assembly convened; C. A. Smith, who, as lieutenant-gov-ernor, succeeded Blease, and Richard I. Manning, the regularly elected gov-ernor, who began his two-year term lanuary 18.

ANTI-JUG BILL URGED.

Wilmington Mass-Meeting Petitions Schate on House Bill, Wilmington, Feb. 21.—A resolution

Wilmington, Feb. 21.—A resolution urging the State Senate to enact the anti-jug bill as it left the House was adopted by a rising vote of 1,509 representative people at the clowing meeting of the "Flying Squadron" at the Opera House tonight.

Former Governor Hanly, of Indiana, and other speakers made stirring and dressure.

Takes a Turn For The Better and Had Comfortable Day Sunday

Rallied From Operation of Saturday and With No Unlooked For Complications Believed That He Will Rapidly Recover; Senator Johnson Is in Normal Condition

The friends of Speaker Emmett R. Vocaton whose condition for the post few days has been such as to cause much concern, will be gratified to know that he is resting more comfortably and that he had a good day yes-The spirit of the day, the him and after the very difficult and serious operation of Saturday evaing, he seemed to rally and all day yesterday his suffering was apparently less severe and if no unlooked for complications set in it is now believed that he has a fine chance for complete

After the operation, which he stood with Spartan-like fortitude, he was was restless during the night, only getting alight anatches of sleep but with the coming of the day he rallied and as stated above had a very com fortable day.

He is being given every attention by the faithful physicians and nurses and his devoted wife and grey-haired

Hundreds of sympathizing friends have called at the hospital and the telephone line is kept busy answering inquiries as to his condition.

There is no more popular man in the State than the Speaker and many prayers are ascending dally that he may soon be restored to perfect health, to his family, to his friends and to the State which he has served so ably and well.

Senator Johnson Almost Well. The exactorized reports sent out from Raleigh as to the condition of Senator R. D. Johnson are unfounded and does that gentleman an injustice Senator Johnson, while still suffering severely from the shock and sried over the loss of his friend. William Aycock, and the terrible injuries sustained by Speaker Wooten, is in his normal condition and will be able to be at his seat in the Senate this morrance. He was able to take an automobile drive, in company with a number drive, in company with a number of friends yesterday afternoon and himself at the steering wheel,

Negro Driver Improving.

The negro driver of the machine,
Tuma Matthews, is at St. Agnes hosoital where he was taken directly after or the accident. While suffering se-verely from bruises received in the accident, no bones were broken and it is said that he will be discharged from the bospital in a few days. from wreck and ran with the speed of the wind, himself badly bruised, to the city for aid to his stricken master. As soon as he could be located by Senator Johnson he was sent to St. Agnes hospital where he has been

given every, attention Pathetic Incident. One of the most pathetic incidents onnected with this unfortunate affair was the heroic conduct of Senato Johnson. Himself stunned and bruis ed from the shock, his friend Speake Vooten terribly infured, his friend Villiam Aveock buried under the ma hine, his life cruched out, the Dunlin Senator retained his presence of mind and when help reached the party he placed Speaker Wooten in the car and sent him to the hospital refusing to leave the body of his dead friend. When the car returned help had ar-rived and the body of young Aycock had been taken from under the machine and Senator Johnson was found

sitting on the side of the road with his arms around his dead friend. Upon reaching the hospital Senator could restrain himself longer and fell on his neck and strong man as he is wept like a child. Others standing by could not restrain their tears and

urned away in silence.
The meeting at Fremont Friday hetween Senator Johnson and Mrs. Ayeock mother of the dead boy was an affecting scene and one calculated to bring tears to the heart of a man

Many wild and baseless rumors have been flying around the city arther the State in regard to this very de-blorable accident and statements have been made that are absolutely

without any foundation.

The fact that these gentlemen, all The fact that these gentlemen, all men of fine character, one of their the Speaker of the House and another a State Senator had been to the Country Club and were returning at a late hour is po valid reason why such reports as have been in circulation should have been started.

Tuma Matthews, a neuro it is true, but a trusted servant of Senator Johnson, was at the wheel and he had not

son, was at the wheel and he had not been admitted to the privileges of the Country Club. He was cool sober, in fact it is said, and not denied, that he is not addicted to the use of liquer in any shaps, form or fashion. It is hoped that such idle talk will crass. There is no ground for it. It will bring sorrow to the family of the urging the State Senate to enact the anti-jug bill as it left the House was adopted by a rising vote of 1,509 representative people at the closing meeting of the "Flying Squadron" at the "Gopera House tonight.

Former Governor Hanly, of Indiana, and other speakers made stirring nilled resses.

The gathering was the largest of its kind in recent years in Wilmington.

Upper Body Must Pass Upon Hundred Millions a Day This

ALWAYS ENEMY GIVEN EVERY ATTENTION AND THEN THE SHIP BILL TRAIN

Measure Comes Out of Conference, Is Guarded With Secrecy: Philippine Independence Will Likely Go By The Board

Washington, D. C., Feb. 21. Cor gress sets out tomorrow on a six-day race with the waiting array of appropriation billa.

The Senate must dispose of the big supply measures at the rate of nearly hundred million dollars a day, if, eccording to agreement among the leaders, it is to bring the ship purchase bill from the conference closes February 27 to debate it until March

In the House the crush of the appropriation bills is over, but the Senate still has fourteen of the most important supply bills to pass. Leaders expect to dispose of the grist before the end of the week.

Plans for the ship bill are more or less closked in mystery. It was put in conference last week until next Saturday, with the understanding that the supply bills should be passed in the meantime. Its opposents declare it is dead and that if it is not they can talk it to death. That the conference could make the bill acceptable to administration Democrats, to insurgent Democrats and to progressive Republicans as well and pass the changed bill in both houses is looked upon as doubtful.

Several Projects Will Die.

The death of other measures at this Congress also seems certain. They include the Philippine independence bill and the conservation bills designed to unlock resources of the West for devenpment.

Some miscellaneous minor legislation will be attempted during the closing fortnight of Congress. An effort will be made in both houses to repeal the old Spanish war revenue taxon mixed flour to aid in meeting the demand for cheap food.

A special sub-committee investigating charges against Federal Judge Alston G. Dayton of W. Virginia, is expected to meet tomorrow to begin framing its report.

Gardner to Speak Again.

The fortifications bill tomorrow will be a vehicle of discussion of national

The forthcations bill tomorrow will be a vehicle of discussion of national defenses in the House. Representative Gardner, who will make another speech on the inadequacy of coast de-fenses made public today a letter from Charles J. Egonaparte, Secretary of the Navy under President Roosevelt, in 1905, which said:

"The navy should be made just as soon as possible strong enough to en-counter with at least an equal chance of victory the entire fleet of any powor whose hostility is a reasonable posibility of the future. For prac-tical purposes, this means to my mind the entire fleet of any power except Great Britain."

DEDMILADOT HARED

Great Singer Holds Courage in Face of Ordeal and Prob-- able Death

(By the Associated Press.) Bordeaux, via Paris, Feb. 21.-Surcons at the Hospital of St. Augus tine of Archachon decided definitely to amputate the right leg of Sarah Bernhardt tomorrow. Mme. Bernhardt maintains her courage. She is receiving a large number of tele-grams from all parts of the world ex-pressing sympathy.

Principal Learns Its Role.

(By the Associated Press.) Paris, Feb. 21—4:35 p. m.—The Intransigeant today prints the follow-ing letter from Sarah Bernhardt to Mme. Jane Catulle Mendes, widow of the poet, who is about to leave for the

the poet who is about to leave for the United States:

"My Dear: As you perhaps have learned, fivey are going to cut off my leg Monday. They should have done so last Sunday, but it seems I was not sufficiently prepared for that first performance. The principal artist, my right leg, had not learned its role. It now has learned it, and it will be charming.

are some photographs. May God aid you is your voyage. It mat-ters little to me, one can die but once, Good bye, my dear. I embrace you tenderly until our early meeting."

WM. M. KAVANAUGH DEAD

Southern Financier and Baseball Magnate Expires Suddenly at Little Rock.
Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 21.—William M. Kavanaugh, former un wordent of the Southern Trust Company, of this city and for a number of years President of the Southern Association of baseball clubs, died suddenly at his home here late today. His feath is attributed to an attack of acute indigestion. He was 50 years old.

old.

Mr. Kawanaugh apparently was in his usual health and spirits until an hour before his death. Yesterday be presided over the annual meeting of the Southern Baseball Labociation and just night was host at a banquet to the club managers and officials.

Mr. Kawanaugh was born in Kentucky, but came to Arkansas when a young man. In 1912 he was elected by the legislature to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Jeff Davis.

R. B. Hayes Meets Death a Wake Forest in Most Tragic Manner

MOVING SLOWLY

What Will Happen When This In Order To Save Distance Young Man Steps Off at Crossing and Is Mangled Beneath Wheels: Taken To Hospital But Efforts To Save Life Hopeless

Wake Forest Feb 121 MR. B. Hayes, of LaCrosse, Va., a Wake Forest student, was struck by the Seaboard northbound passenger train No. 6 at 2 o'clock this morning, as he was attempting to get off of the train at the crossing near the station, and three hours later died in the Wake Fgreat hospital. Memorial services were held at the Baptist church this morning and his body was shipped to Norilna at noon today, where it will be met by relatives.

This sad accident has cast a deep gloom over the college and village. Hayes was a member of the Freshmen class and very popular with the faculty and student body.

Returning From Baleigh.

Hayes had gone to Raleigh yesterday afternoon and was returning on the early morning train which is due here at 2:49 o'clock. With him was one of his friends, C. E. Ingle. The train pulled in the siding to let the fast Florida Limited pass. It was running at a very slow rate of speed, and the two boys made an effort to item rooms, at Mr. Roy Mitchell's residence. By getting off there invited of going up to the station the boys would save some distance in voing to their rooms. Ingle jumped off safely and was on his way to his room when he was called back by the ray of distress of his friend. When liayes jumped off the was in some way thrown back under the train and dragged along about seventy-five yards. His overcoat may have gotten caught and pulled him back or he ten caught and pulled him back or he may have struck against some obstruction and was thrown under the moving train Mr. J. C. McDuffie, a student who works at the power house which is near by, was the first to each Mr. Hayes. Hayes was conscious although his body was terribly mangled. He gave the trainmen information about himself and said that he was trying to jump off and was way.

Operation in Vain.

Haven was carried to the college hospital where he was operated upon by Dr. Wilbur Smith. Several bones were found to be broken. Interies were found on his head and the whole-leht side of his body was completely mangled. Hayes said at the hospital that there was no use to operate, that he realized he was going to die. He was suffering intense pain and begged that some one cut his threat. At ten minutes to six o'clock this morning

The student body and faculty is seply grieved over the accident that lotted out the life of this young man Although this was his first year in col about 179 pounds, being almost a nerfect specimen of voing manhead all the year Haves has been telked of as a baseball pitcher and he had almady been working out with the been working out with the

Rev. W. E. Crocker, a missionary, and President Potent spoke at the memorial service held at 11 o'clock this in the new church. Doctor Potent spoke about the distress of blotting out the life of a young man and of the shock to the student hody and familty. He spoke tenderly of the registry. He space tenderty of the carlest to the parents and relatives. The nallhearers were six of his collected than A. F. Pote, C. E. Bird. R. M. Griffin, H. B. Harrell and C. C. War-

Messrs, R. M. Griffin, A. I. Fore and I. S. Browsheld accompanied the remains to Norlina, where the party will be met. The remains will then be carried to the old home place for burial: not far from Norlina.

EXPRESS ROBBERY A PAKE.

Messengers of Const Line Confess They Smashed Safe. Washington D. C., Feb. 21.—Mystery surrounding the reported robbers of the express car on the Atlantic his paper, the Buffalo Courier, urging Coast Line's Florida Fiver near Alex-American business to take up the andria. Va. last Thursday night has manufacture of many thing which the neen cleared up, according to an annuncement by the Adams Express. Company here today, through a statement from the two messengers in the from the movine train.

The box contained no valuables.

The box was broken into, the expla-

The box was broken into, the explanation says, so the messengers could get some stationery. Fearing their act would get them into trouble, the messengers agreed to tell the story of "the masked robber." It is said. The messengers are A. Y. Chamblis, of Charleston, S. C., and M. M./ Wil-Bams, of Rose Hill, N. C.

-BREAD TICKETS TODAY. Government Decree Touches All Ger

Berlin, Feb. 21—Via London.— Bread or flour will not be obtainable bere after Monday except on the pre-mentation of bread tickets. Proprietors of the largest resam-rants announce they can make bread containing he wheat, outs or barley flour which can be served without breall tickets. The ingredients have been kept secret but they are be-lieved to be mainly sice flour and po-tatoes.

Peru Paces Crisis.

Lima. Peru. Peh. 21.—The govern-ment has decided to import flour from the United States to self at cost to redues bread prices.

The finance minister is seeking a loan of \$1,750,000 to meet the financial crisis.

SMALL AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK BY MINE IN NORTH SEA

The Evelyn, Loaded With Over Five Thousand Bales of Cotton Lost, But the Crew is Saved. Washington Starts Inquiry in Motion.

(By The Associated Press.)

Bremen, Via London, Feb. 21 .- 7:40 p. m .- The American steamer Evelyn, which sailed from New York January 29, with a cotton cargo wor Bremen, was sunk by a mine yesterday off Borkum Island in the North Sea.

The vessel's captain and 27 of her crew were saved. The nationality of the mine which destroyed the Evelyn has

not been established.

Norman Mack Says It's a Waste of Time To Consider Any Other

HOLDS NEW YORK PIVOTAL

Former Chairman Democratic National Committee Aboard
Ship On Way To San Francisco Says Country Turns to
Wilson and Gives Some of
The Reasons For This

(By HOWARD A. BANKS.)
San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 12.—Exational Committeeman Norman E lack, of Buffalo, with Mrs. Mack and lack, or l

ational Committeeman Norman E their two charming daughters are passengers on the Great Northern, which put into port here today. The young ladies are evidently loyal to their Scotch lineage, for they walk the deck wearing dainty Scottish bonnets,

with ribbons fluttering in the breeze. Mr. Mack thinks that it is a waste f time to consider anybody else than Vilson as presidential timber in 1916 on the Democratic side. He is the one an who can win.

man who can win.

Like Gov. Glynn, who is also aboard, Mr. Mack believes that Justice Hughes of the Supreme court or Gov. Whitman will carry the Republican banner. Mr. Lamont, of New Jersey, however, another prominent Democrat who is aboard, believes that Herrick of Objects in the running. Hernick, of Ohio, is in the running, and is a much stronger man than most people usually believe. He had occasion to look into some of Hernick's report to the government made when the Ohioan was ambassa-dor to Paris, and he says they show

dor to Paris, and he says they that he is a brainy man.

"The Republicans stand a show of carrying Ohio whoever runs in the next campaign," said Mr. Mack, "but the next President of the United States, of whatever party, cannot be alected without campying New York. elected without carrying New York.
It is again the pivotal State. The
Southern and Eastern States, with
New York, will elect a Democrat, or
the Western and Eastern States, with New York, will elect a Republican. The history of the Tilden and Cleve-land elections will be repeated, if the

Democrats are successful.

'If the Wilson administration leg-"If the Wilson administration legislation has a fair chance to prove its worth before 1916, the Democrats will win. The people approve Wilson's Mexican policy. Over 200,000 Americans went to Europe last summer, critising Wilson's watchful waiting policy as they went, and they were caught in the war zone. They got a glimpse of war. They had an oppor-tunity to realize what it means. When they were rescued by means of the zeal of Mr. Wilson and his cabinet, who lent all the agencies of the gov-ernment to their relief, they came back converts to watchful waiting. back converts to watchful wait and the leaven of their conviction still at work. watchful waiting the Democrats would have lost Congress. That policy prevented history repeating itself, for you know the passage of a tariff bill is invariable followed by the loss of the lower House by the fourty in power. party in power."

Mr. Mack is writing editorials in

world has largely left to Jermany to make, and now needs, such as toys, medicines, like triance, snaline dyes, etc., and he favors a little protection car that one of them amagned the to the merchants to encourage them company's strong box and threw it in undertaking the enterprise, while to the merchants to encourage them in undertaking the enterprise, while then raw materials needed should come in free. He is getting letters from all over the Seuth and East from Democrats approving his ideas. "The Republican papers are calling me the modern Sam Randall of Democratic heads and Randall of Democratic heads?" me the modern Democracy, he nocracy, he said, laughing, "but dail was a pretty good Democrat, "In Germany \$57,000,000 worth of

this line of goods was manufactured annually and only \$3,000,000 worth in England, and about the same in Canda and the United States. Why Mr. Mack is heartily in favor of the

shipping bill pending in the Senate. MERCIER LETTERS PRINTED. Cardinal Asked That Whitlock Be on

Board of Inquiry. asked for details of the shooting of priests, preliminary to an investigation in behalf of Germany, is published by the Twentieth Century, According to the correspondence, the Beigian prelate gave the names of victims and saked that Brand Whillock, United States Minister to Beigium, be appointed a member of the commission of inquiry. MINE OR SUBMARINE?

PRICE 5 CENTS

Washington, D. C. Feb. 21.—The United States Government was advised officially tonight of the destruction of the first American vessel amb since the outbreak or the war. American Consul Fee, at Bremen, cabled that the steamer Evelyn and her cargo of cotton, bound for Bremen, had been "blown up at Borkum" just off the German coast, and that the crew had been saved. The cause—submarine or mine—was not given in the alepatch.

been saved. The cause—submarine of mine—was not given in the alsopatch. After a conference with Presides Wilson, Secretary Bryan cabled Ambassador Page at London and Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to make a exhaustive inquiry as to the facts, and if the crew was landed in either their respective jurisdictions, to fain nish every care and convenience capt, Smith and his men.

CAUSE'S SENSATION AT CAPITAL Early press dispatches from Bezil announcing the loss of the vessel by gime caused a sensation in Washing ton, where the femsion has been more or less pronounced over the simulation the war somes since the dispate of warning notes to both Great Brit ain and Germany. It was virturall conceded that if the cause of the accident was proved to be a mino, they probably would be no ground for diplomatic action by the United State as this laying of mines is not prohibited by any international conventions now in force.

CABLEGRAM CREATES DOUBT

CABLEGRAM CREATES DOUBT

Consul Fee's callegram gave the State Department messer information

State Department manager information. It said:

"Scamer Evelyn, Capt. Smith agents Bull & Co., New York, bown up carry Friny at Borkum. Crew saved. Ship and cargo lost."

It was generally taken for granted before the measure arrived tax too. before the message arrived test vessel was destroyed by a mine, the omission of any mention of a introduced an element of specular The United States government earlier in the day virtually had decided in make no reply to either the strati-h or the German note concerning the

AMERICAN RIGHTS STAND When the North Sea first was mined some neutral countries procested to nom Germany and Great British, but the United States took the position that it was impossible to determine which country had been the aggressor and, therefore, made no protest, though it does not consider its rights

though it does not consider its rights compromised by this silence
Liplomatically neutrals are helpless in obtaining redress for the loss of ships by contact mines unless absolute proof can be addited to show the nationality of the mines, that no pilot was available or that the mines, drifting from their anchorage, were far distant from beiligerent areas.

Efforts to obtain a convention to prohibit t. e laying of mines have

prohibit to beam a convention we failed. In 1907 such a convention was drafted and ratified by the United States, Great Britain and a few of the other nations, though it never became effective.

THE VIEW OF AMERICA.

In one of the publications of the United States Naval college, for the benefit of American naval commanders, the status of the question of the mines and torpedoes is thus summarized:

"It was be affirmed that the use of marized:
"It may be affirmed that the use of mines is a legitimate means of hostilities as between bei igerents. T is position does not imply that mines may be used at will, without regard to those not concerned in the war. The

use of mines should be confined strict-ly to military operations and areas and the perils should not extend to inno-cent neutr 'ls., are ETA ETAGNUU cent neutrals,"

GERMANY MAY BE LIABLE. GERMANY MAY BE LIABLE.

The reference in the message from American Consul Fee was to the destruction of the Evelyn at Horkum within the territorial waters of Germany when she struck the mine, consequently some officials believed on this a claim for damages against Germany might be based by the American owners.

As the Evelyn was insured by the United States War Risk Insurance Bureau, and is the first vessel lost that had been covered by government insurance, an interesting precedent in international law may grow out of the proceedings.

MISS ROUNTREE BETTER. Daughter Superior Court Judge Not Seriously Hurt. (Special to The News and Observe.)

Roard of Inquiry.

(By the Associated Pr. 20.)

Paris, Feb. 21.—Correspondence of Cardinal Mercler with the German militars commander at Malines, who asked for details of the shooting of priests, preliminary to an investigation in behalf of Germany. Is published by the Twentieth Century, According to the correspondence, the Helgian prelate gave the names of victims and asked that Brand Whitlock, United States Minister to Belling to The Ness and Observed. Willmington, Peb. 21.—Miss Cynthia his presence here. Two years ago Miss Rountree wa ly burt in a runaway socide