TELECTOR

EASTER MORNING AT NEUVE CHAPELLE

he News and Observer

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Morning Tonic

(Hugh Black.)

oline, as second-class matter

O be a strong man in the dark, to another in the time of need, to be a cup of strength o a human soul in a crists of weakness, is to now the glory of life.

Uncle Walt Mason

Shinytown the people cling to their belief hat in the Spring all men should rise, and up alley, yard and lawn, till every sign of -which scheme is wise. In Shinyen they burn old hats, and sticks and rags and bones and cats and kindred trush; all labor for the public weal, with SHINYTOWN, fifty-seven kinds of zeal, and

not for eash. This town is in alone; there flies and germs are quite en, year after year; no doctors' joints are built, and all the fell diseases wilt en they come near. As there are no disnigh, the people don't know how to die; ath seems a joke; and some one has to shoot m down, when they are tired of Shinytown, wish to croak. The village used to have a before it killed the microbe curse, long, g ago; but now, since microbes cause no fuse y use it for a jitney bus-five cents a throw. is the village of delight, where all the olks are living right, a cheerful scene; your might be like Shinytown if all you men buckle down, and make it clean.

Boon there will come the day of delight for the fan. He's just on tip-toe to hear His Umpe ery out, "Play Ball."

We are very glad that the German merchant raider, the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, did not have a name to match up with Przemyal.

Evangelist Ham should look out or he will be ubbed the Carrie Nation Evangelist if he keeps up the smashing of boose-jugs during the se of his sermons.

Texas is certainly playing in hard luck. The talement is sent out that recent frosts and gold weather have virtually destroyed the Elbests peach crop in that State.

The thoughts of those who are consumed with a desire to look nifty in the "Easter Parade" are turned towards the weather bureau this day. The question of the hour among these w. "Will it be fair tomorrow?"

The jingoes may do all the clamoring that wish to do, but the vast majority of Ameras are ready to extend a vote of confidence President Wilson for his "watchful waiting"

Releigh wants all the improvements for high it can raise the money, but it does not cant the City Commissioners to run the city nto debt to make these and then "holler" for

It is not the expenditure of money for improvements at which the people of Raleigh kick, but it is the unwise expenditure. And there is a feeling among the people that there was much money that was unwisely spent in putting the city waterworks in shape.

Of course no one believed that President Wiln had given out any such interview as that orted by the Frenchman. The President has a program of "watchful waiting" which knecked out the statement the moment it ap-

Reports are that Senator Hoke Smith has sated that this year for the first time in half a ry Georgia will raise more food stuffs than ate consumes. That's fine for Georgia. I we not make it so that North Carolina will be in the same class as Georgia in this

Cash business. That sounds good. Along that line the Yanceyville Sentinel has this to "Saveral business men have remarked this is a fine year for doing cash business people are not asking for credit promiseither from a sense of righteous y or the fear of being 'turned down.' Tris is a good sign—a hopeful sign."

The Panama Canal is doing business right During the month of February there through the canal ninety-two vessels 424,606 tons of freight, and the tolls amounted to \$403,219, bringing the of canal dues collected up to date to \$5,865,258. The constwice cargoes have nted to forty-one per cent of the total to since the canal was opened for business w just suppose there had been free tolls?

se Raisigh and the Durham variety of "blind sem to think that underground hiding is the safe way, but the officials have onto that game as well as to the spetable special compartment. The or every Aftern days will give the officers a chance to get at these who would violate hibition law of North Carolina. for officers in every county to do in himy right new, for the news in abroad here is an abundance of the contrabund telen away.

BUSINESS MOVES FORWARD.

It is not a matter of talk that business in thi country moves forward in increasing strides, but the reports from all sections of the country testify in actual facts to the better condit

which have come to us. Having the actual reports to sustain his statements Secretary of Commerce Redfield at yesterday's Cabinet meeting in Washington stated that business conditions throughout the country showed a steady improvement and presented ex tracts from various reports which reflected these better conditions in many lines.

The indications are that this country has seen the worst from the effects of the war in Europe and that we are now to go forward in a stead; improvement of our business life. The strength of America has been shown by the way in which it has met conditions imposed upon it by a war which has had, which is having, an influence upon the entire world. The very strength that has been shown by this country in these days of the war has given confidence to our business interests, and we are now seeing an improvement which is certain and marked because of this.

The war in Europe has presented new condi tions to the various business enterprises of this country, and these new conditions are being met nost admirably. That in the final conclusion of the matter we will be put in a better condition in the future because of the war is a matter which is not to be doubted. New markets are being opened up to us, and we are finding means at home to produce things for which we have heretofore gone to foreign markets. These things are such as to promise not alone a revival of business, but a vast increase upon the business of the past.

Secretary Redfield would not state that there is a steady improvement in business unless he had the facts to bear out this statement. This is a country of resources so vast that it is not surprising that it has so soon found its bearings in this crisis of war. And aiding in every effort to have this country go forward is the constructive legislation of the Democracy, which made it possible that in the shock of the war our financial affairs could not be overturned This country may well feel gratified that there is a man in the White House whose course has been such as to make it possible for business to be making steady improvement.

TEN "WORTH WHILES" FOR FARMERS.

Advice, as has been often said, is cheap, but f there is not advice given by those who have experience, by those who know, how are the uninformed ever to be informed, unless in the many-times sad field of experience. Those who have been along the route, those who have given study to causes and effects are in position to offer advice that is worth heeding.

Institutions of learning along specific lines are so organized as to give the best kind of advice in the matters which they present. The college which teaches agriculture must needs have informed men in order to give proper instruction, or it will fall in its mission. An institution of this kind which is doing a service for better farming is the Clemson Agricultural College, of South Carolina, and it has recently issued a bulletin which sets forth the correct idea that it is good economy to save at many places and good economy to spend at others.

While that bulletin is issued for the benefit of farmers it gives "Economy Plans" full of advice of value to others besides farmers. These ten "Worth Whiles" as to economy-each one of them worthy of commendation-give advice as follows:

1. To cut out all luxuries, especially liquors, tobacco, new buggies and automo-

2. To cut out some unnecessaries, such as e and meat three times daily.

3. To save on food for ourselves by means of an all-the-year garden, certain easily possible substitutions and a ration more carefully balanced to preserve health and strength.

4. To save on food for our animals by means of balanced rations as worked out by experiment stations, substitutions of cheaper feeds and permanent Bermuda grass-bur clover pastures.

5. To save on foods for our plants by means of winter legumes, summer legumes and winter grain and legumes.

To save on dress by dressing a little less fashionably, a little more simple.

7. To spend money on the house and the wife for a water supply.

S. To spend on the orchard for pruning and spraying.

9. To establish and maintain a logical and practical system of farming in accordance with Dr. S. A. Knapp's "Ten Commandments of Agriculture."

10. To co-operate with your neighbors in organisations, in breeding better livestock, in buying food supplies, fertilizers and livestock, in owning and using farm implements, in beginning cream and egg routes, in selling farm and garden produce, in boosting your community and living up to your talk about it, and in a quiet cheerfulness that approaches all tasks with a faith undimmed and a courage undismayed.

SERVICE AND MERIT.

When there is advancement in life made by men because of service rendered, there is always gratification among those who know them, and there is always a pride of State when there has come such recognition to one of its sons.

A promotion of this kind has just come to Mr. Goodwin D. Ellsworth, born in Duplin county. North Carolina, a man who has a very large acquaintance throughout the State, who for twenty years has been in the service of the United States government, a man who has made advancement because he is efficient and capable.

Mr. Elleworth formerly taught school at Henderson and leaving his school room to enter the service of the government he rendered such service in the Postoffice Department as to call attention to his merits and fidelity, this resulting in his promotion in the service. This week he was promoted from the position of head of the Division of Postmasters, which paid \$2,000 a year, to the position of Superintendent of the Division of Salaries and Accounts at a salary of

It is with gratification that North Carolinians see profestion some to sons of the State, and all who know Mr. Mileworth will congratulate him, for they recognise that the advancement

has come because it was deserved. The rec ter than a bond that he will fill his new

THE MENACE OF THE AUTOMOBILE.

this paper has given accounts of automobile accidents in North Carolina, in two cases death esulting and in the third serious injuries. There is upon this country an automobile menace to life which deserves the closest attention in the way of seeking preventive measures for the protection of life and limb.

Manifestly there is reckless, careless and inficient driving of automobiles in this State as there is over the country generally, and there is manifest from this that there should not slow be laws more drastic everywhere to control this, but that there should be greater diligence in the enforcement of the laws. We are inviting danger so long as there are not greater restrictions placed upon the driving of automobiles.

Examples of the need of a stricter enforcement of present laws may be found on the streets of any city every day, in some cities these examples being more emphatic than in others. Instances of the narrowest escapes from injury, perhaps death, are as numerous as can be. The devil of speed seems to spring into being with the possession of an automobile, and with some people at the driving gear the devil eems more insistently at work.

Self protection seems one of the forgotten things to many who ride in automobiles, for it is an oft-told tale of injury and death to those in the machines as well as to those who are crushed and mangled beneath these twentieth century juggernauts. Those whom the people have put in authority are negligent of their duties if they do not so punish dangerous automobile driving in such a degree as to lessen it, negligent also if they do not make regulations to control the menace and see to it that there is strict enforcement of all such regulations nade to control reckless or careless or ineffi cient drivers of automobiles.

GIBSON PICTURE' PEATURES.

Commencing with tomorrow the News and Observer is going to give for ten successive weeks some special picture features which are certain to prove attractive, for they are drawings by Charles Dana Gibson, and it is only cessary to state that they are Gibson pictures in giving testimony that they will be attractive.

These ten pictures are under copyright by Life Publishing Company, and they will be printed under that copyright. These are such as to merit framing or passepartouting, each in size a half page of this paper. The first of these Gibson drawings will appear tomorrow the others in the series of ten to appear on succeeding Sundays, the complete list being:

1-Serious Business.

I-The Announcement of Her Engagement.

3-'Tadies and Gentlemen. 4-The Reason Dinner Was Late.

-The Same Old Story.

6-Just Before It's Too Late.

?-Advice to the Mentally Feeble.

8-Among the Foreign News. 1-All Sorts of Pups.

10 Four-Leaf Clover and Good Luck.

Spirit of the Press

"Real News" Wanted.

Reidsville Review. "Real news" is wanted in the office of the Jonesboro News, which says: "The friends of this paper will please hand us in news items when they are fresh. We prefer not to publish birth after the child is weaned riage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow is married again." hint to the wise is sufficient.

Grateful Every Day. ..

Charity and Children. It makes one exceedingly weary to hear peo-ple who never smelled gunpowder talk about the pusillanimous policy of the government in

its attitude toward Mexico, as well as Germany and Great Britain. Those who want to join Col. Roosevelt's regiment can do so, but the millions of America have more sense, and are grateful every day for a man in the White House whose head is level.

Another Leonard Bill.

Lexington Dispatch. It has just leaked out that Representative C. H. B. Leonard introduced in the Legislature and came very near securing the pasage of a bill authorizing the women of Lexington and Thomasville to vote on all municipal questions. This can be done without constitutional amend-ment, it is learned, and probably will be done in many of the progressive towns of the State within the next few years. It was only recently that it was discovered that the Legislature has this power under the Constitution. Mr. Leonard's bill passed the House and passed two readings in the Senate but was killed on the third reading. The bill was discussed at a re-cent meeting of the Civic League and every woman present, except one, was highly in favor of it.

The Man Behind (By Walt Mason in Judge.)

THE man behind the rifle is cutting lots of hay; for wage which is a triffe, he ambles forth to slay. In atmosphere of danger, among the pools of gore, he shoots some feative stran-ger he never saw before. Then he receives a

medal from kalser, caar or king; with feet on louder pedal, the bards his praises sing.

But contemplate the farmer, who his broad acres rules, who has no use for armor, but puts his coin in mules. He hitches Buck and Charley to seeder or to drill, and goes to sow his bariey on yonder fertile hill. The winter is a goner, the farmer's busy now, so let us straightway hence the man behind the plow.

honor the man behind the plow.

The man behind the saber throws all his time away; he slices up his neighbor for most unseemly pay. The man who goes a-killing his unknown fellow-men should draw more than a seemly pay. The man who goes a killing his unknown fellow-men should draw more than a shilling, a kroner or a yen; if all the wealth of Crossus on him kings should bestow, for hacking gents to pieces, his wage would be too low. The agents of destruction, we see him forward jaunt, to kick up row and ruction, when peace is what men want. To carn his paltry gliders, a country he's defaced, destroyed the dreams of builders and laid the cities waste.

But think about the granges, with hay-seed in his hair! Remote from war and danger, he drives his surrel mars. We see him blithely burn up the scales of last year's cors, and he will plant the turnly upon a balmy morn and from the farm-house garret he'll bring his scock of seeds—the seeds of beet and carres, of

prune and jimson weeds. While foolish mer are carving with sabar and with sword, he will the starving with good, rich table board While silly dubs are shooting, amid an awful din, he'll go a-callyhooting, to bring his harvest in. He feeds the soldier's widder, he scottes the orphan now; oh, pause, then, and consider orphan now; oh, pause, then, and conside

the man behind the plow! The man behind the scepter, who's stained his country red and ruined her and kept her a storage place for dead! Some history he's making, by turning wardogs loose and keeping na-tions quaking—but, thunder! what's the use? The farmer has no scepter; the farmer has no crown. He drives his mare; he's kept her to labor buckled down. He plants his canned to-matoes, his nutmegs and his beans; he sows his sweet potatoes, his cabbage and his greens. And when the day is ended, he goes home to his Ah, he is fine and splendid-the man behind the plow!

New News of Hesterday,

HOW TWO PRESIDENTS' WIDOWS WERE PROVIDED FOR.

IN a chat which I had with Cyrus W. Field on the day after his return from a visit to Europe, in 1877, he spoke reminiscently of some of those who were associated with him in the venture which resulted in laying the first Atentic cable between Newfoundland and Ireland. Mr. Field seemed to be especially tender of the times, he said, when it seemed as though the project must fail. Men of science were oppose to it; some of the great engineers pronounced it impracticable. A great deal of the capital had already been expended, and there came a time when the question had to be decided one way or the other. "Shall we go on with this work?" Marshall O. Roberts and Peter Cooper, with Mr. Field, held that the cable should be laid no matter what the cost and the company hould be maintained no matter what the dis couragement. .

"Mr. Roberts was as noble a man as I ever met," said Mr. Field. "He became very wealthy, but there was never an intimation that he ob-tained a dollar by any unfair method. I suppose no one will every know how much he gave in private benefactions. I know that he con-tributed to the support of a man who had been s violent partisan and a member of the party to which Mr. Roberts did not belong. He gave this man a life lease of a comfortable house in New York City, and in addition was one of those who provided a sufficient income for him.
"I happen to know of one gift which he made

which was very timely. Mr. Roberts was one of the merchants of New York in whom President Lincoln placed great confidence, often counseling with him. The relations established between the President and Mr. Roberts were very cordial. Almost immediately after the death of the President, Mr. Roberts, who surmised, I think that Lincoln had saved very little, caused a considerable sum of money to be sent-privately to Mrs. Lincoln, doing that because he was certain that there must be imp diate demands upon her purse.

fied to learn that this gift did put an end to certain immediate financial embarrassments." At that time, I could not have dreamed that Cyrus W. Field would, within a few years, lead a movement to provide the widew of another President with a sum the income from which would be sufficient to give her comfortable support. Tet such was a fact. Within a short time after the death of Prusident Carfield. Mr. Field made inquiries which justified him in undertaking a benefaction of which the nation approved. He knew that when Garfield became President he was possessed of only a small property, and he did not serve long enough in the Presidency to have accumulated anything to speak of. Mr. Field therefore called upon a few friends, who glastly responded to his appeal to provide a fund sufficient to yield a comfortable inceme for Mrs. Garfield. So it happened that two men who were in latimate association is the building of the Atlantic cablalse pontributed to the financial relief of two summer who had been widowed because associate had murdered their husbands who we another President with a sum the income from

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Racy of the Soil

A Wise Step.

Wadesboro Ansonian. Mr. E. C. Griggs has completed a large warehouse for storing cotto and other farm products. This is wise step, as many people in th South allow much of their product South allow much of their products to waste. Mr. Griggs needs this warehouse very much, for it contains now 200 bales of cotton that will stay, right there until the price advances.

Oxford Ledger. A man owns a small piece of land on the National Highway a few miles north of Oxford, had offered it for \$1,200 and it went begging at that price. Nobody wanted it. Since the National Highway comes along by the place the owner has many prospective buyers in sight and the price is now \$2,500. Press and \$2,50 nan owns a small piece of land National Highway a few miles of Oxford, had offered it for s now \$2,500. prospects pay.

"Stack of Fodder" There.

Ruskin Corerspondence in Bladen Journal, A Mr. Cowan invited Mr. J. O. Ellis o White Oak one day last week. On arriving at Mr. Cowan's he was ankgo with him over in a field a Miss Sugga came from be-Mr. Cowan were united in marriage

Smile and Be Happy



LOOK

HAT RE-What a pathet-

ic face that young fellow has! His seem reproschful, Yes. He pulls in more tips than all the other wait-





as I Was a= Sayin'

"Hey, come back and get you shange," said the man at the stamp

A customer of the Postoffice Department had bought some stamps and walked off without getting the change that was due him.

"Lots of people do that very thing." said the stamp clerk." I don't know why it is, just absent-minded

"I can see a steady improvement in

Nearly everybody that I have talked with is in a more hopeful frame of mind than they were a few months ago. This feeling of confidence, prevailing so widely as it does, means more business, for people are disposed to do business when they are in a cheerful frame of mind.

"One of the best reasons I know why children should be told stories in correct English," says Mrs. Edna Lyman Cotton, who spoke Thursday evening to the State Library Association at Meredith College, "is that they may get a better supply of adjectives. It is pittful how much work one poor little slang word now has to do. Recently I listened to a group of students on a university campus and they made use of the word 'peach' in at least twenty-five different capacities, applying all the way from an emotion to a pretty dress.

OF COURSE.

Daughter sends you a thousand kisses and wants a hundred in return.

A hundred in return.

A hundred a below a being assimilated into the American body politic. In the South you are being assimilated into the American body politic. In the South you are one people; in the North we are of course.

That world "peach" is probably of more use to the baseball fan than anyone else. The first strike is always a "peach," if the batter larms it to the far corner it is a "peach" and he may make a "peach" of a slide into second and get ahead of a "peach" of a throw from deep center. Finally, if the game was not "rotten," it too, was a "peach". Great is the "peach" crop.

The North Carolina Tax Commission is pleased with the quality of

"The North Carolins Tax Commission is pleased with the quality of the men who have consented to serve as county tax assessors. Some of the best men in their counties have been appointed to this responsible duty.

"It really affords a splendid opportunity," said a gentleman who was liscussing the subject. "for a man to be of service to his county and to his lats. These county assessmen can xert a powerful influence toward quality in taxes—somathing that out people who have given the mainer thought believe to be sorely needdin in this and other States. These som will have a chance to work a call reform.