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TELEPHONES.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS

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Morning Tonic

(James J. Walsh.)

ORK never hurt anyone if it was only broad enough and deep enough in its ns on human nature. Our extremely longmen have always been very hard workers Is it any wonder that a physician gets impatient when people talk about the men and women of our generation doing so much that are exhausting vitality? do not do enough. Their interests are so few and so superficial that a lot of energy that ought to be used up in good work is dissipated within themselves and does them much greater harm than would any possible amount of work that they might try to accomplish with it.

Uncle Walt Mason

HE balmy Spring should stir up all men to labors sane, but over there in Yurrup nting men, not grain. 'The plow's unand dusty, with rust the hoe is red; the tor trusty stands idle in the shed. Red is the stream that washes its pathway to the sea; they're planting

SPRING IN EUROPE, men, not squashe what shall the barvest

he? They're planting men, not pumpkins, beneath the bright Spring sky; they're sowing dead bumpkins who fought and knew not why; they're planting men in furrows, among the clods and stones, and there the gopher burrows among the soldiers' bones. Oh, what a lish sowing, in Europe's sodden plain, while here the crops are growing in sun and wind and rain! In this fair land the farmer is sowing wheat with drills; o'er there the gents in armor are planting men in hills; they plant, the peasant's yard in, the victims of their biffs, on or the garden variety of stiffs. Oh, Europe, old and hoary, you ought to have more et your agriculture gory, that's now in eviis wicked, vain and foolish; the seed is out of style; the tools you use are ghoulish, the crops you'll raise are vile.

There should be no highway built in North fina without there is employed a competent road engineer to have charge of the work. Hetter roads and money saved will be the result.

Now is the time for the farmer to remember hat the safe thing is to practice diversifica-Alion of crops. The farmer who raises food prope is the wise farmer.

Would it not be a good thing for the next Board of Commissioners of Raleigh to look over the bills it pays out for the city and cut out the matters of extravagance which put this pity into debt?

It took thirteen innings to do it, and yet the h fans may well feel delighted that the score was Raleigh four and Durham three in the opening game, for Durham has a ball team that does business when it gets into action.

On Monday, the third day of May, the city election of Raleigh takes place and every voter, in Raleigh should east his ballot for men who will not run the city in debt or put on bond issues without the people passing on the matter at the ballot box.

The North Carolina League of professional seball got off with a rush yesterday and the attendance was in so large numbers at the games that this may be regarded as a sign that iness is improving straight along and that the days of depression have passed. Old Mr. Calamity had as well take a back seat.

This from the Monroe Journal is worth earnsat consideration: "Of the 87 boys in the Jacksen Training School near Concord, but 17 of n are from the country. Fifty-nine of them are from towns and cities and 11 are from faclories. When the fact that the population of this State is largely rural is taken into consideration it is at once seen that it is not the sountry boy that gets into devilment and has to so to the reformatory. Idleness that's what gots the boy into the ways of the criminal."

The New York Post, discussing the matter of his year's cotton acreage, says: "Among the ites as to what the cut in cotton acreage be, it has been reported that the Texas armers mean to reduce their acreage 25 per ment while Oklahoma will probably make in but of 30 per cent. Advices from Alabama say that the State will probably reduce its acreage 35 per cent, and, moreover, that 50 per cent fortilizer will be used. It is said that the re of that State had not meant to make so large a cut, but were urged to do so by the schants who supply their wants."

The plan of Government Road Engineer to mark the Washington-Atlanta highway with bands of red, white and blue on the and telephone poles is an excellent Yourists would then have no difficulty in og the highway and would not be end off the main line by the many handso e to which from time to time will be built and hearty oc-operation to Capt. Winsusin tenest will be heavy not the great North to South and Baluigh

NO AMERICAN RIGHT SURRENDERED.

The answer of Secretary Bryan, which is understood to be the joint product of the Secretary of State and the President, to Count von country, is the best expression of America's spirit of justice and wisdom and self-repression

A strong man and a great nation can afford to be calm and temperate in all utterances. That is the attitude of President Wilson and of the United States, and it is one which should commend itself to the wisdom of the people of this great nation. When Ambassador von Bernstorff wrote the note to which the reply referred to was made there were many people in this country who said the Ambassador ought to be told to mind his own business, and others said he ought to be given his passports. A statesman not conscious of power might have been tempted to make that sort of reply. Not

so President Wilson or Secretary Bryan. They were self-contained and remained calm and temperate. They were not swept off their feet even for a moment. These two men have not acted without full

deliberation in the matter. In all the diplomatic relations between this country and Germany and England they have kept in mind, all the time that the people in both those great countries, knit to us by a thousand kindred ties, are in a state of war, a condition which does not give a people a clear vision. Each of these warring nations is so intent upon victory and feels that victory is so essential, that they have at times forgotten the international obligations and have spoken and written not one but many things that were beyond their powers and rights; but the President is big enough, and great enough, to understand this and to always keep the American notes on the high plane of perfect neutrality and friendship and firmness.

In no jot or tittle has President Wilson surrendered any American right, but he has recognized that a great nation like this must in a world crisis be calm, and that its strength lies in its presenting its own position with power and with confidence that in the end, even when some people of this country criticize the policy, they will come to see that it is essential to the world's restoration when the horrors of the war which now enguifs Europe are over. Then it will be that the calm and temperate position taken by the President will be found to have been the correct position, and in that time there will come full justification to the course which is being pursued by the President in dealing with these matters which have to do with the diplomatic relations of the United States and the countries of Europe which are now at war.

DEMOCRACY AND EDUCATION.

We hear much talk from begowned highbrows of Democracy and Education. We see evidences from able educators, who upon occasions begown and becap themselves, about Democracy and Education. In not a few colleges the real democracy in education is in practice. Unfortunately, we hear more talk of it in great universities than we see evidences of it. A new spirit has come, however, to touch many colleges and all the real progressives in education. No longer is the university regarded as a pinnacle or as a cloister. Its service must always be first to those within its walls and the product it sends out will be the acid test of its worth to the country.

We had eloquent speeches at the inaugura tion of President Graham at the University this week on Democracy and Education. The best part of the speeches on this theme, handled so eloquently by President Graham and ex-President Alderman and others, was that back of their earnest advocacy of higher education as a servant of mankind was their own practical demonstration of their faith in democracy in education, because they have put it into actual practice. The beginnings of democracy and education on a well organized and practical line in North Carolina may be said to date from ing evangels, speaking in every county-seat and calling to the people to open the doors of knowledge to their children and their neighbor's children. This leaven has been at work, and while it has not permeated even our own coleges, and hardly touched some great universities, as it must do before the whole State is leavened, this generation has seen a marked change and in Alderman and Graham we have the best exponents of the belief that the college must mix with men to prosper.

There was at the University banquet this week s practical demonstration of democracy in college life, that is notable enough to be significant, and which illustrates the best spirit of the University, the spirit which we will wish to see find deeper lodgment in all our colleges and institutions of learning. When the Governor and other distinguished visitors and alumni sat down to dinner they were attracted by the appearance of the waiters dressed in suilor-like white, who deftly and swiftly brought in their trays with their various courses and served the diners as if they had made it a study and expected to be waiters all their lives. Their magnificent appearance suggested the inquiry, "Who are these splendid young chaps serving the refreshments?" and the answer was, "They are sixty-fwo students of the University who have valuntvered for this service." And concerning them the information was obtained that one is a leader of his class in Greek, another in mathematics; others are leaders in chemistry. Some of them are the sons of men of means. All of them are young men of brains and stuff. who will make their way in the world, and of the whole number of matriculates in the University those sixty-two men have no superiors in scholarship and everything else that makes for the right kind of collegian.

It was a fine example that learning dignifies labor and there isn't any service that men perform that University students are not ready to perform and capable of performing on short notice. It was applied democracy in educa tion which was seen in those sixty-two young men who exemplify the best that the University

With cotton nearly at ten cents it does not appear that it will be long before those who invested in the "Buy a Bale" purchase of cotton the hig highway. Ralaigh should give at tan cents a pound will be able to sell, and perhaps at a profit. But the cotton farmer who in this move which means much for the plants for a big crop for this year should remember the prices last fall and not plant in bulk as to drive down the price of the

STATE UNIVERSITY AND THE NAVY.

The service which the University of North Carolina has done for the Navy was strikingly brought out on Wednesday in Chapel Hill, at Bernstorff, the German Ambassador to this the banquet given on the occasion of the inauguration of President Graham.

In the course of his remarks as toastmister Secretary of the Navy Danisls had spoken of the navy as being a great university. Later when former President Venable was speaking he referred to the fact that the University of North Carolina had had something to do with that because the Secretary of the Navy is a University man, closing his remarks with the query: "And now I want to sak the tonstmaster where would be his Navy University but for the University of North Carolina?"

Secretary Daniels was ready with reply. He said that the University of North Carolina had much more to do with it than that, because it was under the administration of President James K. Polk, graduate of the University of North Carolina, that the Naval Academy was established, that it is the foremost educational institution of the navy, and the father of all the educational policies developed. And thus it is that the University of North Carolina has placed its imprint upon an institution which has rendered, and which is rendering, a service of great value to this country. And it will be remembered that five times North Carolina has furnished the Secretary of the Navy.

PROVED BY BOTH SIDES.

Is President Wilson strictly neutral in the war that shakes all Europe?

If any have been disposed to ask this ques tion, it will be asked no more. The telegraphic dispatches in today's paper from Germany and from Canada furnish irrefutable evidence of the neutrality of America, showing that it is friendly with all and has entangling alliances with none. The proof is that the German papers and the Canadian papers agree that this country is true to its policy of strict neutrality.

A neutral must for a time expect nothing from either side. But the day comes when both recognize and are grateful for faithful adherence to a policy of justice to each

"IN THE THIRTEENTH."

Great day it was yesterday for baseball, was it not? Of course we have particular reference to the thirteen inning game in Raleigh.

What a lucky number thirteen is. Especially when, anything with thirteen in it goes your way. And the thirteenth inning yesterday gave Raleigh all kinds of joy, for in it Durham lost and the score was four to three.

This initial victory for the home team gives us opportunity to use "pokeberry," and we are adorned with that this morning. But as we give it the "pokeberry" we also give warning that it had best look out for the Durham team, as that is a husky bunch of ball players, and they are going after Raleigh's scalp.

With the "pokeberry" we present our congratulations to the Raleigh team. It fought nobly and well, and best of all-it won.

Spirit of the Press

For More County Commencements Charity and Children.

Multiplied thousands of North Carolina children have gathered together at the county commencements within recent weeks -- more,, vastly more, than ever before in any one year. hope the time will come when there will be exactly one hundred of these educational railies within the borders of our State.

Berries Via Parcel Post.

Wilmington Dispatch.

proving of great convenience and benefit to the people, and every-now-and-then some new feature presents itself. Now we find that strawberries can be sent that way. The farmers may be too busy to fill individual orders in this s but maybe some middleman might be able to gather in some of the loose coin, while friend up North would appreciate a parcel of berries much more than a souvenir postcard.

Public Wants To Know

Kinston Free Press. Quite interesting is the information that Barnes-Roosevelt controversy, in which it develops that friends of both contestants are importuning them to bury their hatchets for fear that a public investigation will bring out potitical secrets, the revelation of which may mean their final political undoing. If there are such secrets the public ought to know about them. Let the suit be pressed and let's view some of

Voting By Mail.

Winston Sentinel.

In at least one State of the Union the play voting by mail is to be given a thorough trial and the experiment along this line is sure to be watched with interest throughout the country. For many years there has been in vario States more or less agitation for the adoption of a system that will enable traveling men and others forced to be away from home at election time to register their preference as to candi dates and issues. The new plan is designed to supply such a need and there is no reason with proper regulations, it should not prove

Good If It Is Cruel.

Greensboro Record. The Harrison law controlling the sale of nar otics is curing a great evil, but it is most crue w It's a hard cure, a harsh method, but a necessary one. It may be painful to think suicide, manines and raving flends in strait easier to contemplate than to think of the thousands upon thousands who in another genera tion would have gone to the dope flend's grave who would have acquired the unbreakable habit through negligence of a government that per-mitted the sale of poisons.

Atlanta Constitution.

The Bistory of money-making discloses for instances of men who have solved the prob-lem of enough money. Omitting cases of en-forced retirement from active money-making through advanced age or declining health, financial history records few men who have with-drawn from business activity in middle life be-ckuse they felt they had money enough. The matter is, apparently, use of individual view-point; with most money-genters there is no limit but the termination of effort that comes with the grave.

Comes a new and hitherto unpublished store of John D. Rockeleller and his conversation with a former Standard Oil official who decided to retire, and, as he put its to "play a while Still vigorous and active to his middle life. h

seeing and enjoying the world. "Why can't you play and work at the same time? Haven't you young men in your office to whom you can turn over and entrust your responsibilities?" Mr. Rockefeller is reported to have asked. "No, I cannot work and play at the same time," was the reply, "for I would feel that I was shirking responsibility." "And you feel that you have "And you feel that you have enough money to play on and justify your cessation of effort to accumulate?" question Mr. Rockefeller received emphatic affirmative reply, "Well, I haven't." Rockefeller's retort, which closed the conversa-

It all goes back to the question of individual viewpoint. With most big money-makers the word "enough" knows no limit; their money getting becomes a fixed and insatiable habit. It is just now and then, scarce and far between, that there is found the man capable of big money-making, who knows and appreciates other and higher things in tife and whose dis-cernment and reason teach him he has a cometence, and more.

New News of Yesterday (By E. J. Edwards.)

A BUSINESS MAN WHO KNEW HIS SHAKE-

FEW weeks after the death of J. Pier pont Morgan, Chauncey M. Depew reto me several anecdotes which served to show how intimate the relation of Mr. Morgan with the Vanderbilts was, saying also that it here at home for nearly everything to be a common saying among the prime of life.

"To Mr. Morgan is due the success of the transfer from William H. Vanderbilt to English capitalists of a large block of New York Central stock of the par value of a little over \$30,000,000," maid Senator Depew. "The transaction was the largest of the kind which up to that time had taken place representing a sale of American securities of which one person was the owner to English capitalists. Mr. Morgan handled it with wonderful skill, and was able to keep the plan secret until it was succe completed. The money difficulties, as well as the skill and strategy which a negotiation of that kind would involve, were well understood by Mr. Vanderbilt, and the manner in which Mr. Morgan handled the transaction gained for him the absolute confidence of the Vanderbilts, and was a confidence which was never in the slightest shaken. It was also the first of the great transactions to financing with which Mr Morgan was identified all his life.

"But while Mr. Morgan handled the transac tion there were an infinite number of details to worked out. These were committed to E. D. Worcester, who for years was secretary of the in the papers, a mistake in figuring, an over sight of any kind might have seriously impaired the negotiations and possibly have spoiled

'Mr. Worcester worked out every detail. His papers were absolutely perfect. He went to London to supervise the transfer of the stock, and he performed that work with a skill and which matched the qualities of that kind shown by Mr. Morgan himself."

What Senator Depew told me reminded me of an anecdote associated with Mr. Worcester which was related to me by the late Charles Cox, who was for many years the treasurer of the Vanderbilt lines that ran west from

literary attainments which characterized Mr Worcester, and said: "I never could understand how so busy a man as Worcester has found the time to gain familiarity with the great writers. His knowledge of Shakespeare was wonderful and he was as adept at quoting him as was Col.

ingersoil.
"When Mr. Worcester went to London to supervise the transfer of the Vepderbilt stock, a transaction which would compel most mon ex-clusively to concentrate their minds upon it, he took a volume of Shakespeare along with him. On the steamer and while he was dress-ing in the morning after he reached London he read a page or more of Shakespeare, and fre-quently made marginal notes upon his copy, was because he was able to save a few mo ments from his business undertakings and to give them to a study of our English Uterature that he amused such a great amount of infor-mation upon that subject and, heatdes, he found that study of that kind was a mental recreation

(Copyright, 1915, by E. J. Edwards. All rights reserved.) rrow Dr. Edwards will tell of "A Ques-

Racy of the Soil

BASE BALL

RETORMED.

BAH JOHNSOL HAR

MUST BY

LET THE GAME BE CLEAN

A Big Egg.

Enfield Progress.

Mrs. T. A. Baker, of route No. 1, sent to this office last week a large Minorca hen egg that weished three and one-half ounces. It measured 7 5-8 inches around the long way and 6 1-4 inches around.

"Cook and Sew."

Hoke County Journal.

That the girls are taking more interest in domestic science is a plain fact and we are riessed to see it. To be able to cook or sew well are rare accomplishments and the ladies will aid the health work in this State little when they all learn to cook.

Three Tons to Acre.

Statesville Sentinel-F. H. Burke, who lives a short distance east of town, has a magnificent field of oats and Canada peas. The crop was sown in February and the promise now is for three tons of hay to the acre, according to good judges.

Pays To Raise Feedstuffs.

Yanceyville Sentinel. A good market can be found right our farmers can grow in the way of feedstuffs. Mr. Doras Page, who years ago got away from the one-crop system, had promised us a bushel of polatoes on subscription, who but he came in Monday and gave us dollar, explaining that he h all his potatoes at home for \$1.50 a bushel. Mr. Page says growing pota-ces beats growing tobacco. bushel.

Smile and Be Happy



How about the armament, my dear? I think three hatpins is a

SURE THING.

RUDE AWAKENING. to tange through life with And now you expect me to put in a good part of the time in cook-What false



I GOOD START And has that young promoter cornered your your ginning to hand

as I Was a=Sayin'

"I have just been down in Columbus county," said Dr. W. A. Harper, of Elon College, who had made an address at Bolton on the preceding

"The thing that impressed me most in Columbus was a great drainage project that was shown to me. A tract of land thirty thousand acres in extent is being drained and the work is one of the biggest things of the sort that I have ever seen. It will reclaim land that is immens fertile and that will produce abundant

"I obtained a new conception of what drainage means for Eastern North Carolina from what I saw this week in Columbus," added Dr. Harper.

crops.

"Spring cleaning is the style now. so I guess it will do no harm for the accountants to go over the books of the county commissioners of Wake," said Commissioner E. C. Beddingfield Wednesday. "Of course there may be nothing to find; but it won't hurt the public to know it. You know it used folks in the country that everybody ought to scald for bedbugs in the spring time. While everybody did not expect to find any of the pestiferous things, they held that scalding could possibly do no harm, and, then it might serve to scare any of the night workers away who should be thinking of coming.

"I don't know why what promised to be such a storm has become so quiet. It may be a preceding calm: or if may be the storm has already passed. We shall see what we shall

"The Alabama law forbidding the advertising of liquor either by signs or newspaper space has had some peculiar results in that State," said Mr. R. S. Stringfellow, of Montgomery,

"In Montgomery the other day & passed a saloon on the sign of which the words referring to liquors had been marked out and in their place were the words, 'We pay a high license tax, but, we cannot tell you what we have to sell.' On the sign in front of another saloon were the words. Positively no dry goods sold

"I heard of a saloon-keeper having a cash register on which the word bar appeared. The authorities insisted that under the law the word had to be effaced. It was concealed

by pasting a piece of paper over it. "The liquor law does not go into effect until July 1, but the law placing advertisements under the ban is already in operation."

Mr. H. L. Wilkerson, of Greene county, was a Raleigh visitor Thurscay. Like everybody else who comes from Greene in these times he had a story of progress to relate. For Greene is building roads and establishing schools on a scale that is givng the people of the county strong

talking points. "Every township but one," said Mr. Wilkerson. "has voted bonds for permanent road improvement and we have some of the finest sand clay thoroughfares that you will find any-

theroughfares that you will find anywhere.

"Greene is going to do its part" maid Mr. Wilkerson, "in reducing the cotton acrease. I estimate that there will be a third fewer acres in cotton than there was fust year.

"The farmers intended to plant more tobacco, but the shortage of plants is going to result in only about three-fifths of the customary acrease in tobacco. Transplanting of tobacco will be fully twenty days into There is an increase in the acreage in corn, total, and rya."