

FINAL ACTION ON DRY BILL AGAIN DECEAYED

(By The Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 4.—Final action on the bill providing for national prohibition after next July 1, and continuing until the demobilization of American troops has been completed after the war, failed again today in the Senate owing to the introduction of amendments to the \$12,000,000 Emergency Agricultural appropriation bill to which the prohibition legislation is attached.

Senator Jones, of Washington, a prohibition leader, predicted during debate that the House would accept the Senate's prohibition plan, thus precluding the possibility of change being made in conference. A substantial majority in the House is claimed by prohibition leaders, who also say President Wilson will not object to the legislation.

An amendment providing for the purchase by the government of all distilled spirits held in bond on July 1, at a price to be fixed by a commission appointed by the President, was introduced today by Senator Bankhead, of Alabama. Under its provisions, the commission would fix the value of such spirits and report to Congress through the Secretary of the Treasury. If Congress held the valuation to be fair, the government would pay the owners for such liquors in cash or government bonds. The amendment was not taken up.

Amendment by Senator Walsh, of Montana, appropriating \$20,000,000 to be loaned to the farmers in drought-stricken districts for the purchase of seed was rejected, but another by Senator Jones, of New Mexico, authorizing the War Finance Corporation to make loans to banks in such districts so financial assistance can be given farmers, was accepted.

An amendment by Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, chairman of the Senate Agricultural Committee, presented at the request of the Secretary of Agriculture, and permitting that department to use for other purposes parts of appropriations not needed for the immediate purposes for which they were designed, was defeated.

A motion to eliminate from the bill appropriations totaling \$721,000 for the prevention and eradication of insects and plant diseases injurious to agriculture was made by Senator King, of Utah, but action on it was deferred.

The Senate, by unanimous vote, attached a rider to the agricultural bill an amendment designed to prevent re-profiting in the District of Columbia. It provides for the appointment of a rent administrator to determine upon the fairness of rents now being charged.

LANSING'S SISTERS DECORATED WITH FRENCH WAR CROSS



KATHERINE LANSING



EMMA LANSING

Sisters of Secretary of State Lansing, the Misses Emma S. and Katherine E. Lansing of Waterbury, N. Y., have been decorated with the French war cross and cited in the army orders.

The two sisters worked in the American Red Cross canteen at Epernay during the recent bombardment and displayed marked heroism. They are the first members of the Red Cross canteen to receive this honor.

AMERICANS IN CLOSE PURSUIT OF GERMANS

(By The Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 4.—American troops in close pursuit of the Germans retiring north of the Vesle, have captured the villages of Dazoches, Perles, Flamette and Dasieux, taking prisoners and machine guns. Gen. Pershing reported in his communique for today received tonight at the War Department. The American forces, he said, have reached the general line Vauxcelles-Blancy-Le-Grand-Hameau. American aviators also have successfully bombed the railroad yards at Longuey-Domary-Daroucourt and Conflans.

The statement follows:
Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, September 4.
Section A.—Yielding to the continued pressure of the Allied forces the enemy is in retreat north of the Vesle. Our troops, in close pursuit, have taken Dazoches, Perles, Flamette and Dasieux, capturing prisoners and machine guns. They have reached the line Vauxcelles-Blancy-Le Grand-Hameau.
"In the Vosges a hostile raiding party was repulsed, leaving prisoners in our hands."
"Yesterday our aviators successfully bombed the railroad yards at Longuey, Domary-Daroucourt and Conflans."

TITLED WAR WORKER NEAR FRONT LINES



LADY CHESHAM

London, England.
Among the many of England's nobility doing war work is Lady Chesham, daughter of the late John Layton Mills. She is near the front line dressing stations making bandages for the boys near the present battle line. Lord Chesham is in a Hussar regiment and serving at the front with a signaling unit.

DEMAND ON BOLSHEVIKI FOR REPARATION IS MADE BY ENGLAND

(By The Associated Press.)
London, Sept. 4.—The British government at Moscow demanding reparation and prompt punishment of those culpable in the attack on the British Embassy at Petrograd on Saturday when the embassy was sacked and Captain Cromie, the British attaché, was killed.

The British government threatens in the event of the failure of the Bolsheviki government to give satisfaction, or if there should be a repetition of acts of violence, to make the members of the Soviet government individually responsible and have them treated as outlaws by civilized nations.

Captain Cromie was one of the first British submarine officers to earn the distinguished service order medal. He was awarded this honor for his prowess in sinking a number of German vessels, including the cruiser Undine, which was sent to the bottom in the Baltic when Captain Cromie was in command of the British submarine flotilla in those waters.

SECOND RAID FOR DRAFT DERELICTS CATCHES ONLY 9

(Continued from Page One.)
number were found wanting when they were called upon for their card, and a short while later they were arrayed before United States Commissioner Batchelor.

The mysterious Leona, Diva, the Human Fish, and Saloma fared alike with the manipulators of the bear and baby "knock 'em down" contest and the Punch and Judy show. The crowd was perhaps the largest the carnival has been favored with since opening in Raleigh and the noise from the chattering crowd vied with the screams of negro women who saw their theatrical partners fall into the hands of the law.

COLLECTION OF MONEY FOR RESTORATION FUND STOPPED

(By The Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 4.—Collection of money toward the French restoration fund organized about a year ago for the avowed purpose of restoring French towns and cities destroyed by the war has been ordered discontinued by District Attorney Swann.

Investigation revealed that about \$9,000 had been collected since the organization's inception, and \$7,000 expended for salaries and overhead expenses.

GERMAN MAIN HEADQUARTERS MOVED FROM SPA TO BONN

(By The Associated Press.)
With the American Army in France, Sept. 4.—It has been reported and what seems partial confirmation has been given the report that German main headquarters has been moved from Spa, Belgium, to Bonn, Germany.

A dispatch from Amsterdam Tuesday said the German General staff headquarters had been transferred from Spa to Verviers, fourteen miles east of Liege.

FRENCH BEST GERMAN

(By The Associated Press.)
Paris, Sept. 4.—(By The Associated Press.)—General Humbert's third army has been fighting a desperate battle for the past two days southeast of Noyan along the line of the Canal Du Nord in the neighborhood of Campagne and Gennevilliers. The determination of the French troops eventually overcame the powerful resistance of the enemy, who early today began to give way along the entire front.

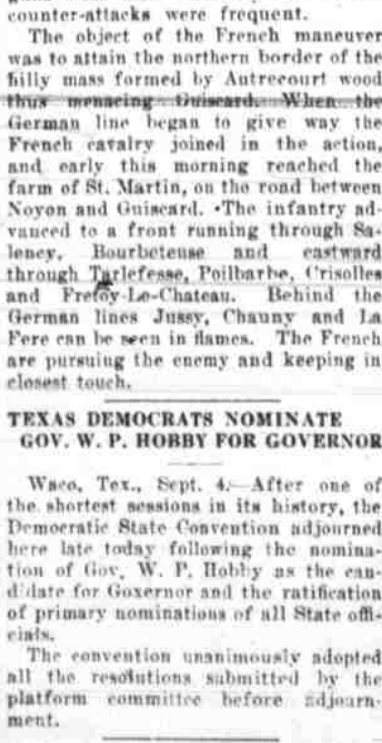
The Germans had resolved to hold on here and had fortified the canal in the most formidable manner with great fields of barbed wire, cemented shelters and defense systems bristling with machine guns hidden behind enormous logs.

The enemy machine gunners had received orders to hold at all costs and die at their posts rather than give ground. In many instances they did so and the advance of the French had to be made literally foot by foot.

The French had brought a great array of artillery to bear on the woods and villages fronting them. The enemy guns were also extremely active and counter-attacks were frequent.

The object of the French maneuver was to attain the northern border of the filly mass formed by Autrecourt wood this morning. When the German line began to give way the French cavalry joined in the action, and early this morning reached the farm of St. Martin, on the road between Noyan and Guiseard. The infantry advanced to a front running through Salency, Bourbetense and eastward through Tarlefeuse, Polbarbe, Oriselles and Fretoy-Le-Chateau. Behind the German lines Jussey, Chauny and La Fere can be seen in flames. The French are pursuing the enemy and keeping in closest touch.

TALKS TO HUNS



COMDR RAYMOND STONE

(By The Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 4.—Two deaths by aviation accidents in training at flying fields in this country are reported for the week ending August 24. This represents one fatality for every 10,047 hours flown, or 803,700 miles of air traveled.

(By The Associated Press.)
Waco, Tex., Sept. 4.—After one of the shortest sessions in its history, the Democratic State Convention adjourned here late today following the nomination of Gov. W. P. Hobby as the candidate for Governor and the ratification of primary nominations of all State officials.

The convention unanimously adopted all the resolutions submitted by the platform committee before adjournment.

PASTOR TELLS WAY TO PUNISH GERMANY

Would Bar Her from Peace Table and Execute Officers For Crimes

New York Times.
The Rev. Dr. Mark A. Matthews, of Seattle, Wash., preaching yesterday afternoon in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Fifty-fifth street and Fifth avenue, stirred his large audience to frequent and enthusiastic applause when he outlined "ten commandments" under which peace shall be dictated to Germany, as follows:
"1. Germany shall not sit at the peace table. She has forfeited every right to sit at a table where gentlemen of integrity and honor preside. She has outlived herself, is unworthy of belief, trust, and confidence. She may watch the procedure at the peace table from her seat in the cage of culprits."
"2. The peace table shall be preceded by the court-martial which shall forever prevent Germany and any other nation from committing the outrages which Germany has committed. We must first ascertain from Germany the commanding officer in charge of the submarine at the time of the sinking of the Lusitania. He must be court-martialed and shot. Who were the officers in command when Red Cross boats were destroyed, hospitals bombed, nurses killed, and Belgium raped? These commanding officers must be court-martialed and shot. Every officer in command of division or corps, and who had authority to order or prevent the outrages committed, must be court-martialed and shot."
"3. Germany shall surrender her sword, demobilize her army, and surrender her navy. She must not be permitted to have any army or navy. She may answer that she needs an army and navy for protection. The Allies will guarantee her ample police protection."
"4. She shall restore Belgium, repair every injury and repay, in adequate financial compensation, for every ruin she has wrought. She must return Alsace and Lorraine, free Poland, restore Rumania, Serbia, and all parts of Italy and France injured or held by her. She must relinquish all claims on Russia and restore to Russia everything claimed in the recent farcical treaty with Russia."
"5. She shall relinquish all hopes of ever again possessing her colonies; they shall never be restored to her. She is incapable of self-government, because she does not believe in government by the consent of the governed. She believes in government by force, regardless of the consent or objection of the governed. She is not competent to govern her colonies. Her control over them has been detrimental and disastrous. Palestine and Asia Minor shall be free of Germany and the bloody Turk. Constantinople and the Dardanelles shall be freed from all German and Turkish power. They shall be free to all the world."
"6. Germany shall live on herself, within herself and to herself. She shall remain in isolation, in sackcloth and ashes for 100 years. She shall not have during that period entrance to the political and commercial league of nations. Her crimes have barred her from membership in the league of nations."
"7. She shall be cut off from the commercial confidence of the world. She shall not be recognized as a trader among the civilized nations. Any merchant, or any person, a citizen of this government or of the governments of our Allies, who buys an article made in Germany for the next 100 years ought to be court-martialed and shot as a traitor to humanity and righteousness. It is a crime against humanity for any one to trade with an outlaw."
"8. Germany shall submit to a protectorate over her mind and conscience for an indefinite period—at least for twenty-five years, or until we have trained the mind of a new generation. Germany organized her present murderous mind through her universities. She must be saved from herself and for the world's safety."
"9. The Kaiser shall be exiled to some lonely island, there to spend the rest of his life, and be made to read only literature which tells of the success, triumph, peace, and prosperity of America and her Allies."
"10. The seas shall be free. The world shall enjoy liberty. Militarism shall be crushed and representative, righteous government shall be established on the earth."
As the preacher drove home each of his ten mandates for peace, burst after burst of applause, mixed with a hum of approbation, greeted them.

GOVERNOR'S LADY



MRS. NORTHHEY

The wife of Governor Northey of British East Africa is serving in a hospital in France.

labor also were followed by applause. It was said it was the first time in many years that a preacher had received so demonstrative a reception in the staid old Fifth Avenue Church.

BOTH PARTIES IN NEW YORK PREPARING FOR ACTIVE CAMPAIGNS

New York, Sept. 4.—With the passing of yesterday's primaries into political history, the managers of both the leading parties began active preparations today for the campaign which will begin almost immediately. The democratic state committee will meet in this city Friday or Saturday of this week and the republican state committee will get together within a few days. The victory of Alfred E. Smith, democratic candidate for Governor, over Wm. Church Osborn, was overwhelming. With 1,945 districts missing, he had 187,803 votes as compared with 28,185 for Osborn.

Gov. Whitman's defeat of Attorney General Merton E. Lewis for the republican nomination for Governor was less decisive than that administered by Mr. Smith to the man who opposed him. With 827 districts missing the vote was: Whitman, 248,666; Lewis, 103,398.

WILL BE ENOUGH NURSES SAYS MISS ADELAIDE NUTTING

New York Sept. 4.—There will be enough nurses to care for the sick and wounded of America's army of 5,000,000 next year, according to a statement made here today by Miss Adelaide Nutting, chairman of the committee on nursing of the committee of national defense.

She said that 27,000 already had been enrolled by the Red Cross and 16,000 of these actually inducted into military service.

A survey of the nation's nursing strength, she declared, showed a reserve of 100,000, not more than 25 per cent of whom would be ineligible for service. Moreover, she said, 14,000 nurses had been graduated this year and "the yearly increment may be expected to be greater as long as the war lasts."

GET 2,800 ALLEGED DRAFT EVADERS IN NEW YORK BY ARRESTING 50,000

New York, Sept. 4.—Approximately 2,800 draft evaders have been inducted into the army or held for punishment by the courts as the result of the arrest of more than 50,000 young men in the first two days of the government's slacker hunt in New York and nearby cities, according to an estimate tonight by Charles F. Dewoody, chief of the local bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice. Thomas D. McCarthy, United States marshal, estimated that 500,000 men had been accosted on the streets since the drive started.

CAPTAIN AND FIVE OF SHIP GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

New York, Sept. 4.—Captain Leland P. Hawkins, of the Steamship Yackin, and five officers of his ship were found guilty of conspiracy against the government in Federal Court here today. The maximum penalty for the offense is two years imprisonment and \$10,000 fine.

The men, after taking food supplies to Allies on the Yackin, took the ship for a "marine joy ride" in the Mediterranean and financed the cruise by selling the ship's stores and coal from the bunkers. They were arrested on their arrival at an American port. They will be sentenced Friday.

ROOSEVELT WILL OPEN LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN IN BALTIMORE SEPT. 28

New York, Sept. 4.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt will open the fourth Liberty Loan campaign in Baltimore by speaking at a meeting to be held at the base of the Washington monument on September 28 under the auspices of the National Security League according to an announcement here tonight.

GERMANS FALLING BACK

French Headquarters in France, Sept. 4.—(Reuters.)—The Germans are falling back between the Somme and the Oise before the armies of General Debien and Gen. Humbert, whose advanced cavalry is within a mile of Guiseard. The enemy has abandoned several important positions along the unfinished canal and is retiring with the Oise protecting his left flank from General Mangin's troops south of the river, but not from his artillery.

On the Ailette front Torny-Sornay is now some distance in the rear of the advancing armies and they have worked up to the edge of the ravine separating Torny-Sornay from Laflaux.

In the Vesle sector there are numerous signs that the Germans are preparing for a general withdrawal, probably to the old fortified line crossing the Aise from Juvincourt to Rheims.

BRITISH MERCHANT SHIPPING ENTERED FOR SERVICE DURING AUG. 124,675 TONS

London, Sept. 4.—British merchant shipbuilding completed and entered for service in the month of August amounted to 124,675 gross tons. This announcement was made by the admiralty tonight.

TELLS OF TURKISH CRUELTY TO GREEKS

Germany Instigated Persecutions, Says Head of Commission, in Address

New York Times.
In their first official appearance before their Greek compatriots in this country, the members of the newly arrived commission representing the cause of "enslaved Hellenism" made a strong appeal at a luncheon in the Central Park Casino yesterday for American and allied support for the liberation of 4,000,000 oppressed Greeks now languishing in Asia Minor under the tyranny of Turkish and Bulgarian rule.

Nicholas G. Kyriakides, head of the commission and President of the Central Committee of Unredeemed Greeks, said it would be the purpose of his mission to arouse in this country such sympathy and interest in the sufferings of the enslaved Greeks as would cause public opinion to recognize their liberation as absolutely essential to the achievement of the ideals of democracy and humanity in Europe.

Mr. Kyriakides was joined in his plea by his associate on the commission, C. Vassilakakis, a member of the Greek Parliament, and the Greek Minister to the United States, George Roussos.

Tells of Systematic Persecution

The luncheon was given in honor of the commission by the Society of Marmorians, an organization of natives from that part of Asia Minor, where the Greeks are still under Turkish rule. George Kyriakides, son of the head of the Greek Commission, as President of the society delivered the address of welcome, to which the elder Kyriakides, speaking in English, replied in part as follows:
"Systematic, methodical, and synchronized persecutions of which even the darkest period of history has no record were and are still inflicted upon our oppressed brothers in Asia Minor, Thrace, and Eastern Macedonia, by the Young Turks and Bulgars, instigated by the scientific barbarism of Germany."
"Nothing else is heard from our unfortunate and enslaved country excepting reports of rapacious atrocities, slaughters, massacres, deaths, premeditated and calculated starvation, deportations on a wholesale scale, long marches, night and day, exhaustion, terrorism, suppression of the liberties of our Patriarchate, all committed by the criminal Governments of Turkey and Bulgaria."
"Louis Einstein, late Special Agent of the American Embassy at Constantinople, writing on the 28th of July, 1915, on the persecutions of our brothers, reports in his book, entitled 'Inside Constantinople,' the following:
"The persecutions of the Greeks are assuming unexpected proportions. Only a fortnight ago they were reassured and told that the measures taken against the Greek villages in Marmora were temporary and not comparable with those against the Armenians. Now it looks as if there is equality in suffering and that the intention existed to uproot and destroy both peaceful communities."
"The poor Greeks are obliged to leave their homes often without any notice, compelled to march night and day without food or water, and when they cry for this the Turkish guards point to the mosque and tell them the high road to the comforts lies in Islam. Their cattle are requisitioned, and they are obliged to nourish them when they themselves starve."
"The above is the report of Louis Einstein about the Marmora Islands and vicinity. But do not lose courage; do not despair; do not faint at the hearing of these atrocities, oppressions, and persecutions. Let us rely upon the vitality of our race and upon the support of our noble alliance and that of our mother country."
"Race Destined to Live."
"Our race is destined to live and will live. Sixty thousand of our enslaved brothers, who took refuge in Greece, independent, faithful to our national traditions, are now fighting at the Balkan front side by side with the gallant armies of our allies for a common cause, for the same ideals and for our national restoration."
"About twenty thousand Greeks have already joined the American Army and are now fighting under the Stars and Stripes against the German barbarism on the western front. The great American Republic, faithful to its ideals and its traditions, has gallantly undertaken, together with the Allies, to defend the cause of all the small nations under yoke, of liberty and justice."
"We can look forward to a brighter day, strengthened in our assurance for the future, now that President Wilson has become for the whole world the eloquent champion of democracy and humanity as against the ancient menace of oppression and autocracy."
"Other speakers at the luncheon were John D. Stephanidis, Chairman of the Committee on Enslaved Greeks, and two ecclesiastical members of the commission, Archimandrites A. Papadopoulos, Secretary of the Holy Synod, and Christostomos Papadopoulos, Professor of Theology in the University of Athens."
"C. Vassilakakis, Deputy of the Greek Parliament, appealed for strong union and organization of the Greeks in this country, declaring that only in the strength of their organization would they be able to assist the liberation of their oppressed compatriots in Asia Minor. George Roussos, the Greek Minister, paid a tribute to the members of the commission for undertaking the great purpose of which they were the champions."
"Among the other prominent Greeks present were Stephen Pantelidis, Atche of the Greek Ministry in this country; Alexander Vouros, Consular representative, and S. G. Taylor, one of the leaders in the organization of the Marmorian Society."
"Prior to the luncheon, the guests attended the first appearance at the Greek Church in this city of the Primate of Greece, Archbishop Meletios of Athens, who came over with the commission. Several thousand Greek residents of New York thronged the church and participated with great enthusiasm in the reception to the Archbishop."

BOILER EXPLOSION ON BOAT KILLS SEVEN

(By The Associated Press.)
Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 4.—Seven persons are dead and one is in a critical condition tonight as a result of the boiler explosion Tuesday night aboard boat No. 2 of the Patton-Tully Transportation Company at Fox Island, 45 miles down the Mississippi river. Joseph Harlan, engineer of Memphis, and two negro members of the crew died in hospitals here today. Mrs. Harlan, who served as cook aboard the boat, though frightfully scalded in the explosion, walked and crawled seven miles to the nearest logging camp for aid. Physicians say her recovery is doubtful.

The dead are George Herman, Memphis; Joseph Marlan, Memphis; Jesse and Jefferson Coleman, brothers, Greenwood, Miss.; Perry Hill, negro boy, Ebon, Ark.; Allen Tankersley, negro boy, Oxford, Miss.

One unidentified negro.

ENGLISH AIR RAID ON ENEMY TERRITORY

London, Sept. 4.—An official communication issued by the air ministry says: "On the afternoon of the 3rd, instant, our squadrons carried out a most successful attack on the hostile airbase at Morhange. Several hangars received direct hits and two hostile machines on the ground were blown up. The extent of the damage is confirmed by photographs. All our machines returned safely."

"On the night of the 3d-4th, instant, our squadrons again heavily bombed the airbase at Morhange. Several more hangars were hit and some fires were started. The hostile airbase at Boulay and the blast furnaces at Each, southwest of Luxemburg, were also attacked. Direct hits were obtained on the blast furnaces and fires were started at Boulay. All our machines returned safely."

"On the morning of the 4th, instant, our squadrons attacked the airbase at Morhange, this being the third attack within 24 hours. Excellent shooting was again made and seven hangars received direct hits. All the bombs were seen to burst well."

"One squadron attacked the Buchi airbase with very good results. All our machines returned safely."

"The aerial operations referred to by the air ministry were carried out by the British independent air force."

WALKOUT CALLED OFF

Cape Henry And Virginia Beach Line Employees Look to Commission.
(By The Associated Press.)
Norfolk, Va., Sept. 4.—Relying on the recommendation of Federal Manager J. H. Young to the railroad commission to grant them an increase in wages, making the scale for passenger train men 32 cents an hour, and freight train men 37 1/2 cents an hour, the employees of the Cape Henry and Virginia Beach branches of the Norfolk-Southern Railway, today agreed to call off their proposed walkout and abide by the decision of the commission.

TO STUDY UTILIZATION OF EX-SERVICE MEN AFTER WAR

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 4.—Commissioners David C. Lamb, of London, an international secretary of the Salvation Army, who was appointed by the British government to serve on a committee studying utilization of ex-service men after the war, arrived here today with Brigadier General George Davis, principal of the Salvation Army training school in Chicago. He will spend six weeks in the United States, going to Canada before returning to England.

Threaten Entente Statesmen.
Amsterdam, Sept. 4.—The Moscow correspondent of the Frankfort Zeitung, reports that a member of the Soviet has asserted that the Russian government contemplates informing entente countries that any further attempts upon the lives of Russian government officials will be countered by attempts upon entente statesmen in their own countries.

The same correspondent is quoted as saying that it has been declared in Soviet circles that General Boris Savinkoff organized the recent crimes against high persons in Russia.

Germany Expresses Regrets

London, Sept. 4.—The Berlin National Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, says it learns the German government communicated its regret to M. Joffe, the Russian Ambassador to Germany, immediately it learned of the attempt of the life of Premier Lenin.

English Demands

London, Sept. 4.—In its protest against the seeking of the British Embassy at Petrograd and the killing of Capt. Cromie, the British attaché, the British government declares:
"An outrageous attack has been made on the British Embassy at Petrograd, its contents have been sacked and destroyed; Captain Cromie, who tried to defend it, was murdered and his body barbarously mutilated."
"We demand immediate reparation and the prompt punishment of any one responsible for, or concerned in, this abominable outrage."
"Should the Russian Soviet government fail to give complete satisfaction or should any further acts of violence be committed against a British subject, His Majesty's government will hold the members of the Soviet government individually responsible and will make every endeavor to secure that they shall be treated as outlaws by the governments of all civilized nations and that no place of refuge shall be left to them."
"You have already been informed through Mr. Litvinoff that His Majesty's government was prepared to do everything possible to secure the immediate return of the official representatives of Great Britain of the Russian Soviet government to their respective countries. A guarantee was given by His Majesty's government that as soon as the British officials were allowed to pass Russo-Finnish frontier, M. Litvinoff and all the members of his staff should have permission to proceed immediately to Russia."
"We have now learned that a decree was published on August 29 ordering the arrest of all British and French subjects between the ages of 18 and 40 and that British officials have been arrested on trumped up charges of conspiring against the Soviet government."
"His Majesty's government has therefore found it necessary to place M. Litvinoff and the members of his staff under preventive arrest until such time as all British representatives are set at liberty and allowed to proceed to the Finnish frontier free from molestation."

TWO DEATHS FROM AVIATION ACCIDENTS

(By The Associated Press.)
Washington, Sept. 4.—Two deaths by aviation accidents in training at flying fields in this country are reported for the week ending August 24. This represents one fatality for every 10,047 hours flown, or 803,700 miles of air traveled.

TEXAS DEMOCRATS NOMINATE GOV. W. P. HOBBY FOR GOVERNOR

Waco, Tex., Sept. 4.—After one of the shortest sessions in its history, the Democratic State Convention adjourned here late today following the nomination of Gov. W. P. Hobby as the candidate for Governor and the ratification of primary nominations of all State officials.

The convention unanimously adopted all the resolutions submitted by the platform committee before adjournment.

Food Prices Increased in July

Washington, Sept. 4.—Retail prices of food in July showed an average increase of 3 per cent over prices in June, the Department of Labor announced today in making public results of an investigation by its bureau of statistics. Retail prices in July averaged 15 per cent higher than in July last year.