

SECRETARY DANIELS HAS TO DECLINE INVITATION TO SPEAK AT WINSTON-SALEM

Other Men Charged With Assault On Revenue GIVE BOND

(Special to The News and Observer.) Winston-Salem, Feb. 7.—The head of the civic and commercial organizations tonight wired Secretary Josephus Daniels, inviting him to visit Winston-Salem next Friday and deliver an address that night. A reply was received this afternoon in which the Secretary expressed his regret in not being able to accept the invitation, stating that it would be necessary for him to go to Raleigh to New York, following his address to the North Carolina General Assembly. The remainder of the men alleged to have taken part in the assault on revenue officers during their visit to the farm house of Frank Snipes, near Kernersville, three weeks ago, appeared before United States Commissioner Beckwith here and gave bonds for their appearance at the preliminary hearing next month. Jim Snipes' bond was fixed at \$5,000; Moody O'Neal at \$2,000; Carl O'Neal and Bruce Snipes at \$1,500 each.

Terms of Armistice Extension Discussed By Supreme Council

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All such claims by a legal tribunal of the society of adjudication with due regard to the wishes and welfare of the inhabitants of the districts in dispute. The committee of statesmen of several nations to make up a majority in the conference. Gossip in the corridors even mention threats of resistance to any decisions adverse to those interests. The special commission working on the society of nations plan is not moved by these rumors, however, and is going about its work quietly but rapidly. At the same time the supreme council in short daily sessions continue its policy at hearing patiently all claims and generally referring them to special or standing committees for thorough examination, although this procedure, it is understood, is not entirely agreeable to all the powers interested. Secret treaties made under the stress of war and which may be considered out of harmony with the principles on which a society of nations is being organized have provoked a great deal of comment. The American delegates have said that such agreements insofar as they are in conflict with the principles of a society of nations must give way. The Russian problem again will come to the fore today in connection with acceptance by the Moscow Bolshevik government of the invitation to the conference in the Princes Islands. In one quarter the action of the Moscow government has been hailed with satisfaction and relief in view of the promise it gives of an immediate termination of Bolshevik attacks on the little Allied army in Archangel sectors. Small crowds are beginning to assemble around the Foreign office, where the Supreme Council meets, but they do not disturb the members. Experienced diplomats say that what surprises them is that the proceedings have been so remarkably harmonious in view of the multiplicity and the complexity of questions. The society of nations comes on a meeting last night under the chairmanship of President Wilson. The great progress now being made indicates the complete constitution of the society may be completed within the next four or five days or well ahead of the time for the President's return to the United States, February 15. The members of the commission emphasize, however, that the agreements reached so far are provisional and in principle only. The entire structure may yet have to be revised when it comes to agreeing on details. This is the reason assigned for the secrecy with which the text of the project is being guarded. The main discussion last night was on the formation of the executive branch of the society of nations. President Wilson, Leon Bourgeois, for France and Lord Robert Cecil each presented plans on the representation to be given to smaller powers. The plans differed slightly.

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RAILWAY LABOR ON FEDERAL CONTROL

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Commerce Commission should readjust the rates. For Profit-Sharing. Arguing for profit-sharing Mr. Lomb said: "If you want efficiency why not go to the men who have efficiency to sell? Capital does not produce efficiency. The efficiency of labor will be quadrupled under this plan, so they would not be hampered by inexperienced officers who control the railroads." Intra-State Rates. Charles E. Cotterill, Atlanta, general counsel for the Southern Railway League, protested to the committee against any federal action affecting intra-state rates in the South. Many jobbers in Southern cities would have their business ruined by competition with northern firms if the scale of intra-state rates were disrupted, he said, since these jobbers do much business with their states on rates which the railroad administration's proposed mileage scale would greatly increase. "Not Time," Says Cotterill. "There is a mistaken assumption that State rates in the South are lower than interstate rates," said Mr. Cotterill. "This is not true. Neither is it true that the interstate rates have been based on the intra-state rates. Jobbing business has been built up on a system of both interstate and intrastate charges, and to modify this system radically would ruin their business or would confine them to local territory." He said his organization of shippers was opposed to government ownership and to the five-year extension. He proposed that the railroads be returned to private management pending final solution of the railway problem by Congress.



BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION

FIRST DAY OF THE GERMAN ASSEMBLY

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of the world for justice. We ask that our economic life be not destroyed. The German people has fought for itself-determination; it cannot be affected from the outside." Herr Ebert was cheered when he brought up the proposed union of Germany and Austria. He said he hoped bonds surrendered in 1866 would again be used and asked the house to approve the move. Following a strong appeal for German unity, the chancellor declared the provisional government had been the accuser of a bankrupt regime.

WARREN IS TO GET FAVORABLE REPORT

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States that he has been a total abstainer from intoxicating beverages for four years. Rev. H. L. Davis, of Raleigh, secretary of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League, has written a letter to Attorney General Thomas W. Gregory requesting the Department of Justice to investigate the record of Mr. Bellamy before recommending his confirmation to the office of U. S. Marshal. Hence the "Duke of Brunswick" states that several years ago he did vote against State-wide prohibition in North Carolina, when he was a member of the State Senate. He cites as the reason for his attitude at that time, the contention that his constituents were perhaps on to an opposition to State-wide prohibition. He says he was perhaps ten to twelve to the wishes of the district that he was representing in the State Senate. Senator Simmons will champion his cause on the floor of the Senate in the event that serious opposition to his confirmation develops. However, it does not now seem that his confirmation will be contested.

Suit Against Salisbury Men

The General Shipbuilding Company, of Alexandria, Va., has instituted civil action in the District of Columbia Supreme Court against Tucker K. Sands of Washington, D. C., Napoleon B. McCanness and John D. Norwood, both of Salisbury, N. C., claiming \$50,000 damages. The complaint alleges a breach of contract, which was entered into on August 29, 1918, whereby the commercial standing of the plaintiff corporation has been impaired. The complaint recites that in consideration of the shipbuilding company agreeing to execute promissory notes for \$48,000 payable, the defendants guaranteed to protect the corporation against all debts and claims incurred up to August 15, 1918, except the trust or mortgage then on the shipbuilding property. The complaint alleges that notwithstanding this contract the defendants have failed to carry out provisions relative to keeping the company harmless from certain debts and claims. The shipbuilding corporation has employed lawyers to prosecute their suit.

Income Tax Information

"If a farmer sells a crop which was produced in a former year and he failed to claim a deduction for the cost of its production in his income tax return for the year in which it was produced, he may file an amended return for the past year and take credit for the expense applicable to that year," says Commissioner of Internal Revenue Daniel C. Roper in explaining income tax regulations as applicable to the farmer. E. J. Griffin, of Edenton, Chowan county, had made inquiry as to methods of obtaining credit for the cost of producing a crop which was a carry-over from 1917 to 1918. The letter of inquiry was transmitted through the office of Senator Simmons and here is the reply of Commissioner Roper: "I have the honor to advise you that where a farmer had sufficient income to require him to render income tax returns for prior years he should have included therein, as a deduction from gross income the amounts expended in producing crops, regardless of whether the crops were disposed of in the year in which they were produced. When a crop is disposed of in a year other than that in which it was produced the total amount received for it should be included in the taxpayer's return covering the date of sale. If a farmer sells a crop which was produced in a former year and he failed to claim a deduction for the cost of its production in his income tax return for the year in which it was produced, he may file an amended return for the past year and take credit for the expense applicable to that year. The above ruling is in accordance with paragraph 30 of regulations 23, which reads as follows: 'Gross income, profits, and income derived from the sale or exchange of farm products, whether produced on the farm or purchased and resold by a farmer, shall be included in the return of income for the year in which the products were actually marketed and sold; and all allowable deductions, including the legitimate expense incident to the production of that year or future years, may be claimed in the return on income for the tax year in which the right to such deductions shall arise, although the products to which such expenses and deductions are incidental may not have been sold or exchanged for money, or a money equivalent, during the year for which the return is rendered.' 'The expense of raising a crop is not chargeable to capital account. Under the law it can be deducted only for the year in which paid, or in which incurred. Farmers who keep books according to some approved method of accounting which clearly shows the net income and take annual inventories may, if the same method is consistently followed from year to year, prepare their returns in accordance with the manner in which the books are kept. 'Contrary to the opinion expressed in Mr. Griffin's letter, a farmer is not required to obtain permission from this office to render his income tax returns

on the basis on which his books are kept, provided the method employed reflects his true income for the year."

Dinner in Honor of Small. Amid a distinguished company, Hon. J. Hampton Moore, Republican Congressman from Pennsylvania, gave an elaborate dinner in honor of Representative John H. Small, of North Carolina, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, Wednesday night at the Raleigh Hotel. The presence of two Cabinet officers—Secretary of Commerce Redfield and Secretary of the Navy Daniels—lent dignity to the occasion. About forty Senators, Congressmen and distinguished citizens interested in railways and the development of inland waterways traffic attended the occasion. It was a rare honor voted to a Congressman, particularly distinctive inasmuch as Representative Small and Representative Moore are of opposing political faith. Brief speeches were made by Secretary Daniels, Secretary Redfield, General William Black, Chief of Engineers; Representative J. Hampton Moore, Representative John H. Small, John Temple Graves, General Harry Taylor, assistant chief of engineers; Senator James Reed, of Missouri, and Homer D. Wade, of Texas. The speech making and feasting lasted well near till midnight, having begun something past seven o'clock. Representative Small spoke of the cordial relations that had existed between him and Representative Moore for a dozen years or more, the two working for the development of rivers and harbors. Representative Small paid tribute to Representative Kennedy, who will on March 4 succeed him as chairman of the Rivers and Harbors committee.

Favors Our People

J. T. Norworthy, State Manager, has received notice that the present special pre-publication price of "The New International Encyclopedia" is to be immediately annulled, and the regular price will be in effect. Many people are delighted with this news, as they are all of whom are delighted with their purchases. Many more of our most intelligent citizens want, and need, this most useful Home Library. Mr. Norworthy is anxious that they secure the work at the lowest price, and urges all who contemplate its purchase to place their orders with him without delay. Please write to him today. Address, J. T. Norworthy, Yorkborough Hotel, Raleigh, N. C.—Adv.

KNOCKED HEAD OUT OF THE PORK BAR!

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surprising that many of these appropriations were for that section of the country because of the geographical lay of the land and the fact that many of the streams in this country flow in a southern direction. Representative and Senators from the Southern States, in contrast, are just as broad-minded and free from sectionalism as those from any other section. Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days "LAX-FOR WITH PEPPIN" is a specially-prepared Tonic Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It stimulates and regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 50c per bottle.—Adv.

WOULD SETTLE THE SOLDIERS ON LAND

(Continued from Page One.)

Cowper and Connor jointly. One of these provides for five circuits of Superior courts, each circuit to be composed of four districts. Each district is to have a resident judge, who shall ride the courts in his circuit in succession, but he will not be required to go outside of the circuit. The statute complies with the constitution, which requires a rotation of judges, but would prevent so much needless and unnecessary traveling by the judges. The other bill introduced by the Senator from Wilson and the Senator from Lenoir jointly would restore the original provisions of the code of civil procedure in regard to the filing of pleadings with a view to expediting the trial of civil actions. The bill is really a substitute for a bill introduced by Senator Connor and passed by the Senate requiring that copies of complaints shall be filed at the time a summons is issued, but contains a number of provisions to prevent the working of a hardship. The bill introduced yesterday provides that copies of complaints shall be filed but makes exceptions in certain cases. However, it is made mandatory to have both pleadings and answers filed within a reasonable length of time, so that the case will be ready

Large advertisement for Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Text includes: 'Used By Every Civilized Nation For Over A Quarter of A Century', 'Price 30 Cents', and 'E. W. Grove'. A signature is shown with the text 'Look for this signature on the box'.

for trial at the succeeding term of the Federal government in settling

Senator Cowper introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to entice an inmate away from any State institution. Following the introduction of bills, the Senate took up local bills on the calendar. The Seales-Stevens road bill was a special order at noon, and the remainder of the session was taken up with debate on this measure. The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock by Senator Lindsay Warren, president pro tem, and was opened with prayer by Senator Williamson. The courtesies of the floor were extended to Senators Cotten and Washington, and Ex-Speaker Moore, of Jackson. Adjournment was taken at 1:15 until 8 o'clock last night when the session was resumed to discuss the Seales-Stevens road bill. Introduction of Bills. The following bills were introduced in the Senate yesterday: S. B. 378: Cowper—To provide for correction of a bill on cross-indexing. S. B. 380: Cooper, of New Hanover—To amend act relating to sale of Supreme Court Reports. S. B. 381: Mitchell, by request—To amend chapter 444 of the Public Laws of 1917, relating to the practice of optometry. S. B. 382: Lovill—To classify list of Confederate veterans and increase pensions. S. B. 383: Cross—To repeal chapter 429 of the Public Laws of 1917 to appoint members of board of education in Gates county. Third Reading. The following bill passed its third and final reading: S. B. 141, H. B. 3733—To allow several townships in Mason county to issue bonds for roads. Second Reading. The following roll call bills passed their third reading yesterday: S. B. 213—To incorporate Monogram school district in Catawba county. H. B. 277, S. B. 339—To provide for good roads in Sandy Creek township, Franklin county. H. B. 279, S. B. 341—To provide for good roads in Harris township, Franklin county. H. B. 278, S. B. 340—To provide for good roads in Gold Mine township, Franklin county. H. B. 160, S. B. 108—To authorize commissioners of Transylvania county to levy special tax. H. B. 79, S. B. 7—To empower commissioners of Swain county to build bridge at Bryson City.

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H. B. 117, S. B. 185—To provide for drainage of lands in Henderson county.

The following bills passed the Senate yesterday: H. B. 402, S. B. 391—Joint resolution to endorse and co-operate in the efforts being made by the farmers and business men of the State and South to finance and promote an adequate price for cotton. H. B. 286, S. B. 294—To amend chapter 181 of the Public Laws of 1907, relative to criminal courts in Pasquotank county. H. B. 168, S. B. 289—To authorize commissioners of Graham county to build fence around courthouse. H. B. 190, S. B. 184—To fix corporate limits of Hayesville. H. B. 293, S. B. 316—To place waters of Holt's lake under direction of United States government. H. B. 68, S. B. 304—To repeal chapter 137 of the Public Laws of 1917, relating to primary election in Mitchell county. S. B. 261—To fix compensation of officers of Chatham county. S. B. 271—To create the Tarboro school board.

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Advertisement for Itching, Scratching, Skin Diseases. Text includes: 'That Burn Like Flames of Fire', 'Here is a Sensible Treatment That Gets Prompt Results', and 'For real, downright, harassing, etc. comfort, very few disorders can approach so-called skin diseases, such as Eczema, Tetter, Boils, eruptions, scaly irritations and similar skin troubles, notwithstanding the lavish use of salves, lotions, washes, and other treatment applied externally to the irritated parts. No one ever heard of a person being afflicted with any form of skin disease whose blood was in good condition. Therefore, it is but logical to conclude that the proper method of treatment for pimples, blotches, sores, boils,

Large advertisement for H. R. Hales & Bro. Text includes: 'You Are Cordially Invited to attend TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, FEB. 11-12 The Special Showing of Spring Styles', 'In FOOTWEAR For LADIES and MEN', and 'H. R. HALES & BRO. 17 East Martin Street'. A large illustration of a woman's foot in a shoe is shown.

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA REFUNDING BONDS

Dated April 1, 1919, payable April 1, 1920, without prior option. Interest four percentum per annum, payable semi-annually October 1st and April 1st. Both principal and interest payable at National Park Bank, New York City. The undersigned, State Treasurer, will receive sealed bids at his office, Raleigh, North Carolina, for any or all of said bonds until 12 o'clock M., February 10, 1919. Full information will be furnished on application to the undersigned. B. R. LACY, State Treasurer.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN

REWARD—STOLEN FROM IN FRONT of Grand Theater about 9:00 o'clock Friday night, a Ford Roadster automobile, 1916 model. No rear fenders, front fenders in bad condition, had top and wind-shield. Reward for recovery. W. C. Bobbit, Wake Forest, N. C.

Advertisement for CAPUDINE. Text includes: 'A DOSE OF HICKS' CAPUDINE IN A LITTLE WATER RELIEVES HEADACHE Also, GRIP and "FLU"—Try It! Trial Bottle 10c; also larger sizes'. An illustration of a hand holding a bottle is shown.