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WAR COUNCIL WOULD PUT GERMANY POWERLESS TO START WAR OVER AGA

TALK OF REMOVING PEACE CONFERENCE FROM PARIS; WHAT IS PROBABLY MEANT,

WHAT IS PROBABLY MEANT,

(**satg paraposesy sqi Ag)

Paris, Feb. 10.—The question of moving
the peace conference from Paris to a
neutral country may be considered by the
conference if what is characterized as
the obstructive joiley of the French press
and certain French officials continues, it
developed today.

Representatives of various other powers
taking part in the peace conference, it is
declared, believe that the work of the body
is being greatly hampered through unfriendly criticisms by the French press of
various leaders in the conference. They
are represented therefore as inclined to
consider the removal of the conference if
the hostile attitude of the French press
is maintained.

Should it be deemed necessary to take upthe matter it would be considered at a
full meeting of the peace conference.

Just what is meant in the foregoing dispatch by the "Obstructive policy of the French press and certain French officials," is not clear, probably for the reason that there has been great difficulty in obtaining prompt need full reports of details, the peace conference.

the peace conference.

During the war there was soldem any difficulty, despite the serious handicap of the censorship, in setting through news matter from France in reasonable time and in plentiful yolume, largely over the direct French cable line. Since the delegates began assembling for the peace conference, however, and especially since the real work of the conference started, the communication with France has been of the most uncertain sort.

Virtually no news has been received over the Fpench cable line, the best and quickest means of communication, since the conference began. All the cable and invelous services have been greatly congested but the chief difficulty has been that, although the French cable was nominally in service, there him been complete mability to transmit news matter over it and taht all the cable communication for weeks past has been by round-about routes.

HUN DESIGNS ON

To Keep Up Considerable

Military Strength

ON THE WESTERN FROM

Intends To Send Delegates To

Paris For a Thorough Mili-

tary Discussion

London, Feb. 10 .- (British Wireless

Service.)—British newspapers of all shades of opinion are devoting serious

attention to the attitude adopted by

The Daily News Paris correspondent

sends a dispatch from "authoritative

sources" on the subject in which he

says his informant told him that he had

the best reason to believe that Ger-

many is not continuing to demobilize.

"She has now concentrated more than 18 divisions under Von Hindenburg on

the western front," the correspondent

ment is impossible so long as Germany

"Allied military authorities consid-

or the time has not arrived for Ger-

many to give up her military strength

that she be brought to such a condi

tion that she cannot resist later the

conditions of peace now being prepar-ed. The allied theory always has been

that we shall frame conditions which

Germany will have to accept, and that

there is nothing to discuss except as

"For this reason, Germany is trying

Would Renew Discussion

she can send a delegate to the peace congress for a thorough military dis-

ed. On this point the French national

consequences of defeat. In this matter

The correspondent says he has been

laration of a somewhat sericus charac-

They are apt to forget that we are in a state of war. They have been slow in handing ever transport and other

They are causing a great deal

regards details.

does not continue to demobilize.

armistice conditions.

CONCENTRATING TROOPS

Marshal Foch and Other Military Leaders Took Part in Meeting of The Great Powers in Paris Yesterday

DRASTIC PROPOSALS TO SECURE SATISFACTORY DISARMAMENT OF HUNS

Failure of Germany To Execute Important Clauses of Previous Armistice and The Unsatisfactory Manner in Which Enemy Is Demobilizing Cause Heroic Action a Ocal Program of The Allies League of Nations Commission Has Virtually Completed Final Draft; Work of Committee On Reparation and Other Developments in Peace Connoil Circles Yesterday

> Paris, Feb. 10 .- (By The Associated Press.)-The supreme war council in which Marshal Foch and other military commanders sat with the council of the great powers, continued today the disenssion of the terms for the renewal of the German armistice, without reaching a decision. At the same time the league of nations commission virtually completed the final draft of that project, assuring its presentation at a plenary session the latter part of the week.

> The discussion of the armistice took a wide range, including the failure to execute some of the clauses of the previous armistice, the blockade and the use of enemy merchant shipping. But the main issue turned on a series of proposals of a rather drastic nature, designed to place the enemy beyond the possibility of re-arming and renew ing the conflict.

> Menace of Renewal of War. From the French standpoint the menace of such renewal is not past, and it is urged as a matter of foresight that suitable safeguards be established. What these safeguards are has not been disclosed, but it is generally understood that they include the limitation of the production of field and heavy guns and an exact accounting of heavy guns now on hand, also some limitation of the military organi-

zation which is to be of police service. While some of the n tary com manders take the view that radical measures are needed to assure the allies, particularly France, against a possibility of renewed peril, yet other views tend to place reliance an ecotomic measures as the best means of averting any renewal of enemy ac-

Destruction of French Industry. Besides the discussion of the armistice terms, M. Klotz, the French Minister of Finance, presented documents of the German general staff showing a systematic plan to destroy French in-dustry, not only as a military measure, necessity. Some of the military aubut as a means to promote German industrial interests. These documents were referred to the economic conference recently established. The discussion of the armistice terms will be continued tomorrow.

League Commission. Paris, Feb. 10 .- The following official communication was issued this ev-

"The seventh meeting of the commission of the league of nations was held this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Hotel Grillon.

"At this meeting the commission finished their first reading of the draft under discussion. In addition the drafting committee, to whom the commission had entrusted the revision of certain articles of the draft, made its report. The meeting adjourned at 1:15 p. m. to resume its work at 10:30

o'clock tomorrow morning. "Though certain of the earlier articles may be subject to re-examination at tomorrow's session it is confidently expected that the commission will be able to proceed with the second reading of the draft."

Committee on Reparation.
Paris, Feb. 10.—The text of the of-

ficial communication issued this evening on the session of the committees on reparation says: The committee on reparation met

this morning at the ministry of finance with M. Klotz in the chair. After naming the members of the different subcommittees, the committee began the discussion of the principles upon which rest the right to reparation, and the examining of the memoranda submit-

"William M. Hughes, Permier of Australia, set forth the consideration upon which the British memorandum was based."

of difficulty.

Germany Has Quit Demobilizing.

"We are demobilizing fast; they are not ontinuing to demobilize. There is danger of Germany saying 'we do not care anything about your league of na-Belgians Will Be Heard Today. Paris, Feb. 10 .- The official commisnication dealing with the work of the

Supreme War Council says:
"A meeting of the Supreme War Council was held this afternoon from 3 The question of demobilization has been taken up by the supreme war

"The question of demobilization has been taken up by the supreme war armistice were first discussed. M. Klotz, "French Minister of Finance, then described the work published in 1916 of the German great g neral staff, proving sary to prevent any danger to the allies

(Continued on Page Two) (Continued from Page Que)

BOLSHEVISTS BE BANISHED

> W. Members On Way To New York To Be Forced Across Atlantic Ocean

ALIEN LABOR AGITATORS PINCHED BY UNCLE SAM

Immigration Service Officers Had Been Working On Them. For Several Months

New York, Feb. 10 .- The Federal mmigration authorities are prepared to handle the fifty-four Industrial Workers of the World who are on their way to New York from the West to be deported by the government.

At Ellis Island, the immigration station, no information had been received this morning, it was stated on authoritye as to the hour the I. W. W. were to arrive here, but it was expected to be "probably today or tomorrow."

The prisoners will be detained at Elhis defend and act They war be created ed according to nationalities and the deportations of the several groups will be effected at the earliest possible moment, it was declared.

extra precautionary measures have been taken to guard the men upon their arrival here, it was stated. From the train terminal they will be hurried to the island. Inasmuch as their de portation already has been ordered, there will be no necessity for their being examined by Department of Justice officials here before being taken to the immigration station.

Pass Through Chicago. Chicago, Feb. 10 .- Fifty-four memers of the Industrial Workers of the World passed through Chicago last night in a special train under a heavy guard on their way to an Atlantic port, where it is said, they will be deported at once by the immigration authorities. Forty of the prisoners came direct from Seattle, where it is alleged they took part in fomenting the general strike which has paralyzed the indus-tries of that city for several days. Three leaders of the Scattle strike,

Charges of Why She Is Trying one Spokane agitator, an I. W. W. leader from Deaver and five alien convicts arrested in Chicago, were among the prisoners gathered in the federal net.

The majority of the men were alien the majority of the men were alien.

labor agitators picked up by officers of the United States Immigration Service during a year of secret campaigning in industrial centers of the Pacific coast. "The proceeding against United States ing quietly in all industrial center checking up on the strange aliens who have appeared and gathered evidence against I. W. W. leaders and troublenakers who call themselves Bolsheviki. When evidence was compiled against this particular crowd each case was

court findings sent to Washington where they were reviewed by Secretary of La-(Continued from Page One)

quotes his informant as saying. "We also have the best reasons to believe that Germany is keeping her troops thorities think that Germany Las TRIAL AT DOBSON sought more material to give necessary armament to 3,000,000 men. German demobilization is a condition to our demobilization and therefore disband ,

With Judge B. F. Long Presiding

(Special to the News and Observer.) Winston-Salem, Feb. 10.—Judge B. F. Long, of Statesville, this morning opened the special term of Surry superior court at Dobson, ordered by Governor Bickett, for the trial of sev-aral men charged with being implicated in the riot in this city on the afternoon and night of November 17th last. to keep her military strength so that A grand jury was chosen at the morning session and this afternoon it began the examination of a large number of cussion of the peace conditions imposwitnesses from this city who witnessed the attack made on the city jail for socialist party and its extreme left the alleged purpose of lynching Russell wing is strongly opposed to anything High (colored) whom the crowd thought being done to save Germany from the Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Childress on the the French government will be sup-ported by the entire nation." night previous, just north of the city. High, who proved to be innocent of the charge, was taken to the State prison for safe keeping. Later he was reinformed by a competent British authority that Marshal Foch "made a decleased from custody. It is thought that the entire week will be required to try ter at a meeting of the supreme war council." the cases on the calendar for this special term. Nineteen men were ordered "He feels," this authority is quoted as saying, "that the Germans are beginning to forget that they are beaten. summoned from which to select a trial jury.

Three to Be Electrocuted. The criminal term of Surry superior court held at Dobson last week closed Saturday night and one of the last nets of Judge Lane, who presided, was to sentence Joe Bowles, Joe and Gardner Cain, the last two brothers, to be elec-

trocuted in Raleigh April 4th. The three men were convicted of killdanger of Cotal desired and the least of the less and we have got our troops. Untions and we have got our troops. Unless a change takes place we might be
held Easter responsible for his son,
faced with a situation in which Gerfaced with a situation in which Gerto the sheriff and other officers, the
way as what having been destroyed a few days ing Riley Easter, an excellent citizen, at his home near Valine last July. The plant having been destroyed a few days before. The men went to the Easter home and shot the father, while he was standing in the front door.

John Hicks and Walter Cain, the lat-

ter being the son of Joe Cain, were indicted jointly with the three other de-fendante, but they were acquitted. Tw Counsel for the defense gave notice of an appeal to the supreme court.

AUTHOR OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT DEFEATED YESTERDAY



Dead, yet she lives in the memory of nillions today. Her measure, though defeated the fourth time in the 'U. 8 Senate yesterday, is not dead. Mrs. Catt will tell you it has five more lives to lose but expects to lose no more. When the next Congress meets in December, Miss Anthony's amendment will be on deck, bright and early-wounded, but not dead by a big sight

acked One Vote of The Necessary Two-Thirds in The U. S. Senate

COUNTING PAIRS THE VOTE STOOD 63 TO 33

For 32 Years This Amendment Has Been Knocking at Door of Senate, Won't Stop Now

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 10.-By a margin of one vote equal suffrage met its porary advantage." fourth defeat today in the Senate. No further action at this session is now possible, but advocates announced that the now nearly half a century old cam-paign for submission of the Susan B. Anthony constitutional amendment to the States would be renewed when the sixty-sixth Congress convened.

On the final roll call today, fifty-five Senators-one less than the required enomies of this type is simple," an offi-cial with the train said. "Just two-hours before the Seattle strike was cast their ballots against it. Comparacalled we gathered forty agitators into the cars with everything cleared away which officially killed the resolution between them and the middle of the adopted by the House on January 10, Atlantic Ocean. For more than a year 1918, by a vote of 274 to 136. Defeat of the immigration service has been work- the measure was witnessed by crowds of women in the galleries

ments, prepared in advance, criticising the Senate action and announcing that brought to a federal hearing and all the fight would be repewed in the next Congress.

18 Democrats; 11 Republicans Against. Twenty-four Democrats and thirtyone Republicans voted for the resolution today, while eighteen Democrats and eleven Republicans opposed it. Of the Senators absent and paired, eight were recorded in the affirmative and four in the negative, indicating that sentiment of the ninety-six members stood 63 to 33 in favor of the resolu-

The Senate first voted on the Susan P. Anthony amendment in 1887, sixteen Senators being recorded for it and 34 Special Term of Surry Court | ngainst it. The next vote was in 1914, Senators dividing 35 for and 34 against. On October 1, 1918, the vote was 54 to 30, or two less than the necessary ma-

The one vote gained today was that of Senator Pollock, of South Carolina, Democrat, who spoke in vigorous support of the measure. Senator Pollock succeeded former Senator Benet, who voted last October in opposition and will retire himself next month. In his address today Mr. Pollock denied the contention that the amendment would affect white rule in the South and declared women had carned the right of suffrage by their work in the war. New "Convert's" Explanation,

In explaining his vote in support of the resolution Senator Pollock, of South Carolina, Democrat, declared the women of this country, because of their patriotism, should be given the right to

"They carned this consideration," Senator Pollock said, "at the hands of manhood of America before this awful war and who will say that the women of this land have not doubly earned all they ask, all they desire; all that could be bestowed upon them by their magnificent spirit of patriotism since we have been engaged in this war for world, freedom! America has done and is doing with women's help what she never would have done without it.

"The argument that this is a matter for action by the States and that to pass this resolution is a violation of States' rights is not a reason but an excuse on the part of many for epposing this resolution and a very poor excuse at that. When a respectable portion of the American people ask that the ques-tion of amending the constitution be submitted to the States for their ap-proval or disapproval, it is a denial of States' rights to refuse to let the States through their Legislatures act.

Replying to arguments of Southern opponents of the resolution that it

SENATOR OVERMAN STATES POSITION

ary Advantage

WARREN NOMINATION REPORTED FAVORABLY

Republican Member of Senate Sub-Committee Voted To Make It Unanimous

> News and Observer Bure 406 District National Bank By S. R. WINTERS.

Washington, Feb. 10.+Gov. T. Bickett's eleventh-hour telegram suggesting that Senators F. M. Simmon and Lee Overman cast their decisions in favor of submitting the suffrage amendment to the States proved powerless in its appeal, and the closeness of the vote in the Senate indicated that North Carolina could either "kill" 'or enact woman enfranchisement. The Tar Heel Senators adopted the former course and made positive their opposition to the measure by voting in the

to submit the suffrage amendment," was the brief but unmistakably clear tion. message of the Governor. Senator Ovquite so insistent as the appeals that came from his own home State. Somefinally heed their persuasive powers, As to Senator Simmons they with forlorn hope from the beginning day for months any-way.

Pethaps 200 telegrams found their way into the office of Senator Overman today. He was simply swamped. So insistent was the appeal and the fact that it took such wide range the following statement from the office of the junior Senator explains his attitude: "I have always upheld the doctrine of States' rights. I have been commit-ted to that policy for years. I could not afford to auction off what I consider to be a principle for what some seem to consider to be a temporary party advantage. If it is a political advantage I hope that it is only a tem-

Warren Wins Out. As forecast exclusively in this correspondence on Friday, the sub-committee of the Schate today made a favreport as to the choice of Thomas D. Warren, of New Bern, for United States Attorney, from the East-orn North Carolina district. The report of the committee was unanimous, Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota, the Republican member of the committee, voting with the two Democrats to give Mr. Warren a clean bill of health. Senator Lee S. Overman, of North. Carelina, and Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, were the two Democrats appointed on the sub-committee to inves-

(Continued on Page Two)

were no demonstrations and dramatic incidents. Tunnediately after the vote was an incidents. Tunnediately leaders issued state.

ians at The National Capital

By S. R. WINTERS. Washington, Feb. 10.-Representative

R. L. Doughton has introduced bills in the House of Representatives authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to provide appropriations for the purchase of sites and erection of postoffice buildings at Lenoir, Caldwell county,

tee on Public Buildings and Grounds. Representative Zebulon Weaver was officially informed today by Col. S. W. Smith of the office of the Surgeon General of the War Department that the government hospitals at Waynesville, Haywood county, and Hot Springs, Madison county, would be abandoned shortly. The efforts of the government in rebuilding wounded soldiers and rescuing tubercular patients will be concentrated at Azalea, the government

hospital near Asheville, The plans of the War Department, as heretofore announced, are to enlarge Azalea and retain the institution as permanent government property. Rumors as to the abandonment of Waynesville and Hot Springs hospitals have been persistent for some time and the official authouncement comes as no surprise.

Mayor E. J. Stafford, C. H. Irland, E. Sternburger and R. H. Bush composed a Greensboro delegation here today to see Senator Overman relative to the bill for half a million dollar postoffice Greensboro building at the Gate City. obtained its last Federal building in 1903, the structure costing \$125,000. The delegation here today were accorded favorable consideration by the Com-mittee on Public Buildings and Ground, alhtough nothing definitely is known. W. W. Neal of Marion, representa-tive in the North Carolina General Assembly from McDowell county, and Dr. National Capital.

Other visitors to Washington today were: Robert C. Strong, a lawyer of Raleigh; Harry Hanns, a contractor of

(Continued on Page Two)

Could Not "Auction Off" His Involves Quarter Million Work- Wants Liberty Bonds Author- Principles For a Tempor- men and Goes Into ized But Not Issued In-Effect Today

> AGAINST ASSOCIATION OF TRADES EMPLOYERS

Announcement By President United Brotherhood Carpenters and Joiners

New York, Feb. 10,-Union heads of basic building construction trades today called a general strike which, begin ning tomorrow will affect all contracts throughout the country held by members of the Building Trades Employers Association, according to an announcement here tonight by William J. Hutcheson, president of the United Broth-

Mr. Hutcheson said the strike order affected masons, plasterers, bricklayers, hoisting engineers, elevator constructors, soft atone cutters, tile layers, marble setters and carpenters. The walk-Under all the encumerances, I am Buttemprensy three on added, will profoundly convinced it would be wise other workmen employed on operations of members of the Employers' Associa-

erman was the objective of appeals order, he said, is about 250,000, or one-from Maine to Florida; none, however, fourth of all union building trades workmen in the country. Sympathetic strikes, he predicted, will ultimately how the women thought that he would bring the number of strikers to 300,000

looked CLASS ATHLETICS AND OTHER UNIV. N. C. NOTES

Chapel Hill, Feb. 10-Class athletics have started off this quarter at the State University with every indication that they will begin a new era in the physical life of the institution. They have taken on a bigger significance in response to an earnest demand of college men who in the army camps and S. A. T. C. eaught a vision of what vigor and health means to the student. These students folly of letting the body stagrate while the mind is being cultivated have demanded some provision for the exercise of the normal man.

The Y. M. C. A. has taken lead in the movement. The business management of the university has generously furnished athletic equipment and is co-operating with the Y. M. C. A. to make class athleties a success. The committee to organize class athletics and draw up plans for putting them on substantial basis is now busy. In addition to basketball and tennis, soccor will be introduced as a new class sport-Mass athletics will also be introduced to furnish exercise for those students who cannot play any of these games.

The big idea behind the whole movement is to get every student in the university to take a proper amount of exercise. Another real value of class thieties, it is felt, is that they create a wholesome class spirit and class pride.

BUILDING SITES GATE CITY MONDAY

Movements of North Carolin- Will Spend Day in Hunting Game and Evening in Fishing For Men and Women

(Special to the News and Observer.) Richmond, Va., Feb. 10.-Billy Sunday will leave for his second trip to North Carolina next Sunday night, accompanied by five members of his staff, Robert Matthews, private scere-tary; the Rev. H. H. Pitzer, his assis-Glass. tant in preaching; Miss Grace Saxe, director of Bible study; George Brew-ster, pianist, and Mrs. William Asher, and Ilbermale, Stanley county. The ster, pianist, and Mrs. William Asher, bills have been referred to the commit. director of woman's work. The party will go to Greensboro, where Mr. Sunday will be met by a committee headed by C. H. Myers, whe came to Richmond to extend the invitation. Billy will spend the day hunting and at night will speak in the Greensboro auditorium. The party will leave Richmond in a special Pullman Sunday night, chartered to take them. The Pullman will be in waiting at the main street station and following the night service the-Sunday party will go aboard. The train The loans would run for not more than will leave at 11 p. m. and arrive in Greensboro about 7 a. m. Monday

morning. ... While he was in Raleigh a week ago today Mr. Sunday was invited by Governor Bickett to make a second trip to Carolina. His Raleigh engagement was the first engagement he had ever had

SELLING SEATS TO HEAR SUNDAY AT GREENSBORO

(Special to the News and Observer.) Greensboro, Feb. 10.-Capt. W. B. Vaught, of Myers Minute Men, is receiving requests by every mail for tickets to hear the great evangelist, Billy Sunday, who is to speak in Greensbure on the evening of Monday, February 17th, at the Municipal Theater. The seat sale will open Friday morning at the box office of the theatre, and Chas. G. Harrison, former attempted in the United States, will manager of the theatre, has volunteered his services to handle the advance G. S. Kirby of Marion, were here on ed his services to handle the advance business today. Representative H. L. scat sale. He will also fill out of town Godwin returned to Washington from orders. A limit of four tickets to one his home in Dung today where he has person has been fixed. Mr. Sunday The resolution calling off the strike been at the bedside of his wife. Mrs. makes no charge for his coming, other advised all labor unions which re-Godwin's condition evidences satisfacthan the payment of his expenses, and turned to work Sunday or today, to go tory progress. M. B. Simpson, a lawyer the proceeds of the sale of tickets will on strike again until tomorrow noon of Elizabeth City, is a visitar to the be devoted wholly to charitable puras a demonstration of the solidarity of National Capital poses. Expenses, however, will be labor, so that all would return to work heavy, as a private Pullman and transportation charges and entertainment

GLASS REQUESTS AID OF CONGRESS

creased To 10 Billions

SECT'Y SUBMITS BILL TO ACCOMPLISH RESULTS

In Letter To Kitchin He Gives Reasons For Asking Such Wide Authority

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Feb. 10. — Secretary class today asked Congress to increase he amount of Liberty Bonds authorized but unissued to approximately \$10,000,-

000,000 and to give him broad powers to determine the interest sate and other terms of the Victory Liberty Loan, to: be floated late in April. He also sought erhood of Carpenters and Joiners of permission to issue not more than \$10,-000,000,000 of treasury notes, maturing within five years and asked that the war finance corporation be authorized for one year after the declaration of peace to make commercial loans on ex-

ports, to facilitate foreign trade. In a letter to Chairman Kitchin of Secretary Glass outlined the broad pelicies which the treasury hopes to follow in dealing with war loans and other national financial subjects.

Results Aimed At-The secretary submitted a deaft of bill which would carry out the treasary's recommendations. Specifically this bill would accomplish the followng results:

Raise from \$5,000,000,000 to \$10,000,-000,000 the authorization for Victory Liberty Loan, and permit the treasury to determine what part of this sum should be sold. Permit the secretary of the treasury

o determine interest rates on bonds maturing within ten years, or the next Liberty Loan, instead of limiting the rate to 41-4 per cent, as provided in the present law. Permit the issue of not more than

en billions of interest-bearing, non-irculating notes having, maturities from one to five years; these might be old along with bonds of the Victory Liberty Loan. Authorize the issue of bonds and

notes payable at a premium. Exempt war savings certificates from income aurta xon. Confer on the secretary of the treasury authority to determine the tax exemption in respect to future issues

of bonds and notes, and to nelarge tax exemptions of existing liberty bonds in the hands of subscribers for new bonds and notes. Reopen the privilege of converting 4

per cent liberty bonds into 41-4's; this privilege expired last Noember v9. Create a 21-2 per cent cumulative debt.

Extend the authority of the war finance corporation to permit it to make loans in aid of American commerce supplementing the aid given by the reasury on direct loans to allied got ernments, and in a measure relieving the treasury of demands for such

Permit the continuation of leans to allies after the war.

Exempt from income surtaxes and

profits taxes all issues of Liberty Bonds and bonds of the war finance corporation held abroad. Letter to Kitchin,

As the reason for asking such wide authority to determine terms of the victory liberty loan Secretary Glass explained in his letter to Mr. Kitchin that he could not determine this far in ndvance what the terms should be in "The Victory Liberty Loan could not

be issued successfully now that hostillties have ceased, within the limitations Mr. Glass expressed hope the opera-

tion of the laws of supply and demand regarding foodstuffs would soon cause reduction in the cost of living and warned against artificial retardation of the process of falling prices and credit eentractions.

The proposed extension of powers of the war finance corporation would allow the corporation for one year after the declaratian of peace to make advances to business firms or exporters in the United States, up to the market value of the goods exported, or to banks which had made advances to those interests five years, and the aggregate would be limited to a billion dollars. By this means the treasury hopes to stimulate

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SEATTLE STRIKE TO **END AT NOON TODAY**

General Strike Committee Reached Decision at Meet-

ing Yesterday (By the Associated Press.) Seattle, Wash., Feb. 10.—Seattle's general strike, the first of its kind ever end officially at noon tomorrow. Decision to call off the strike was reached at 1 o'clock today by the general strike committee.

The resolution calling off the strike

Officials of the metal trades council, Two-mile Steeple Chase. Three Flat of Raleigh, who came here in behalf taxed to its fullest capacity, and probable which the end of the sympathetic walk. ably many admirers of Billy Sunday out would have on the status of their will have to be turned away.