

**WEATHER**  
Fairly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably local thunder showers in west portion.

# The News and Observer

**WATCH LABEL**  
On your watch, if it cannot be seen before application and will destroy a single copy.

## ALLIED TROOPS TO MARCH INTO GERMANY IN BATTLE FORMATION IF NECESSARY

While There Are No Indications That There Will Necessarily Be Fighting They Are Ready For It

### GERMANS NOT DISPOSED TO SIGN, BUT FEAR THE RESULT IF THEY DO NOT

**President Wilson Is in Belgium and Lloyd George Is Visiting Battlefields Around Verdun and There Was Little Doing in Peace Conference Circles Wednesday; Polish Ukrainian Situation and Occupation of Danzig Discussed by Foreign Ministers**

### GERMAN CABINET HAS NOT MADE DECISION YET

Weimar, June 18.—(By The Associated Press.)—The cabinet today debated the peace treaty of the allies and associated powers. It was officially announced that a decision had been arrived at. The cabinet probably is awaiting the result of a conference of the south German premiers with the government. There will be no further cabinet sitting until Thursday.

The original French text of the entente answer, including the covering note, was finished this morning by the printers and will be distributed this afternoon.

The government today announced Premier Clemenceau's apology for the stoning of members of the German peace delegation at Versailles.

(By The Associated Press.) Nothing official has yet become known as to what action the German government will take regarding the peace treaty. At Weimar the document is being carefully studied by the National Assembly's peace commission.

Unofficial reports are that there is great dissatisfaction on the part of the German Cabinet members and high German officials over what are considered the extremely hard terms. It is said a large majority of the cabinet members are opposed to signing the treaty, but are fearful of a reign of Bolshevism and consequent chaos in the country should they decline.

German newspapers take a dark view of the doctrine, whether Germany signs or not. The newspapers which oppose signing let their pessimism run to the extent of expecting a resumption of hostilities by the Allies Monday if the armistice is permitted automatically to end.

While there is nowhere any indication that if circumstances compel the Allied troops to advance further into Germany there necessarily will be fighting, the American, British and French troops will be prepared for any eventuality. If a further invasion becomes necessary the troops will march into Germany in battle formation.

**Wilson In Belgium**  
With President Wilson in Belgium and David Lloyd George, British premier, visiting the battlefields around Verdun, the Council of Foreign Ministers and the Supreme Economic Council were the only sections of the peace conference in Paris at work Wednesday.

The Polish Ukrainian situation and details as to the occupation of Danzig by the Poles were discussed by the foreign ministers, while the economic council's deliberations concerned resumption of trade relations with Germany and financing of food supplies for Austria.

Released Spartans and Communist prisoners have been repudiated in an attempt to force their way into the cabinet at Weimar, where members of the German government have their headquarters.

The attackers' intention is believed to have been to seize President Ebert, Premier Scheidemann and Minister of Defense Noske.

An attempt by French sailors, who carried a flag, to release from the prison at Brest a number of their comrades who recently mutinied in the Black Sea also failed. The situation at Brest is reported as serious.

### PEACE DELEGATES SAID TO HAVE ADVISED AGAINST ACCEPTANCE OF TREATY.

(By The Associated Press.)  
Brest, June 12.—The German peace delegation at this morning's meeting at Weimar advised the cabinet to reject the peace treaty, according to a dispatch from Weimar by the correspondent of the Frankfort Zeitung.

The correspondent added that the experts with the delegation also were of the opinion that the treaty should be rejected.

Berlin, June 18.—The German peace delegates have drafted a memorandum recommending that the cabinet refuse to sign the peace treaty, according to a Weimar dispatch to the Zeitung Am Mittag.

Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the delegation, the Tageblatt says, will resign, as will as the other members of the delegation unless this view is adopted.

The Premiers of Bavaria, Wurttemberg

## PICKING SENATORS TO OPPOSE WILSON

Borah, Hiram Johnson and Others To Make Tour and Reply To President

### M'COMBER'S SPIRITED SPEECH FOR THE LEAGUE

**Republican Senator Rises Above Partisanship and Refuses To Be "Hidebound or Blinded" By Party Exigency; Denounces Knox Resolution**

(By The Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 18.—The League of Nations was supported in the Senate today by Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, a Republican member of the Foreign Relations Committee, who argued in a three-hour speech that the league covenant offered a just and practicable plan for the preservation of world peace.

The North Dakota Senator replied to arguments of Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, and other Republican leaders, and declared he could not be influenced against the league plan by party considerations.

"Partisan that I am," he asserted, "I hope I shall never be so hidebound or so blinded by party exigency as to oppose a just position taken or a truth declared by a member of any opposition party. I could not cast my vote against any reasonable plan for the preservation of world peace without a conviction that would follow me to the grave that I had committed an unpardonable offense against all future generations."

**Campaign of Misrepresentation.**  
The North Dakota Senator charged there had been a campaign of misrepresentation against the league. He opposed a proposal calculated "to sound the death knell of any scheme to preserve peace," the resolution of Senator Knox, which would declare the Senate's opposition to accepting the league covenant with the peace terms.

The speech aroused no debate but while the Senate was at work most of the day on appropriations there was much maneuvering in preparation for the fight expected Friday or Saturday regarding the league. Several plans to this end were discussed, but it is understood no decision was reached.

**To Reply to President.**  
Some progress was made, however, on plans to co-ordinate the speaking tours of Senators who will reply to President Wilson when he goes before the country early next month to appeal for support of the league. Although these plans have not yet reached a definite stage, Senator McCormick, Republican, Illinois, has been given general charge of the co-ordination scheme for the present.

Those expected to make public speeches in reply to the President, include Senators Borah, of Idaho; Johnson, of California; Harding, of Ohio; and Watson, of Indiana, all Republicans, and Reed, of Missouri, Democrat.

The opposition leaders also are counting on Senator Gore, Democrat, of Oklahoma, but it is understood he has given no definite assurances. Senator Knox and Chairman Lodge of the Foreign Relations committee may make some speeches but probably neither will go on an extended trip.

**"Follow On Special Train."**  
A proposal that several of the opposition Senators follow Mr. Wilson on a special train has been considered, but so far there has been no effort to arrange for such a course.

### SPEECH OF SENATOR M'COMBER OF N. DAKOTA

(By The Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 18.—Declaring opponents of the League of Nations have conducted a campaign of misrepresentation and distortion, Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, a Republican member of the Foreign Relations committee, told the Senate today the league covenant offered the only present hope of preventing future and more terrible wars.

Replying to arguments of many Republican Senators, he upheld the league as entirely consistent with the American constitution and devoid of any ability to dangerously entangle or curtail American interests.

"In twenty years of service in the Senate," said the North Dakota Senator, "I have known but one instrument whose terms have been so wilfully misrepresented and so grossly misrepresented as the covenant of the League of Nations. It is regrettable that the mighty power of eloquence is used to defame and distort the true meaning of an instrument, the most important that ever appealed to the heart or the soul of man."

"Suppose we now refuse to join with the rest of the world in some scheme to prevent war, what will happen? As surely as the sun shall rise, every great nation will proceed to devise means for the wholesale destruction of nations. So desperate will be the new war that all the hate and all the venom created by this struggle will be infinitesimal compared with the rest. And against what race will all these weapons of death be used? Against the white race."

Quoting the declaration of Senator Johnson, Republican, of California, that America by virtue of her isolation does not need the European power "as partners," Mr. McCumber said isolation had long since broken down, a European guard having cost this country in the past five years \$0,000,000,000.

"There is no moral duty incumbent upon any man in his relation to his fellow man."

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## EDWARD KIDDER GRAHAM, JR., WHO HAS BEEN ADOPTED BY UNIVERSITY



To the students at Chapel Hill he is known as "Sonny." At the annual meeting of the board of trustees of the University this week he was formally adopted as a child of the State institution and a committee appointed to look after his education and support until he is 21 years old. His mother passed away two years ago and since the death of his father, the late President Graham, he has lived with his two aunts, the Misses Moores, at Chapel Hill.

## SUN TIME WILL BE RESTORED OCT. 26

**Both Branches of Congress Vote To Repeal Daylight Savings Act**

**BUT REFUSE TO MAKE IT EFFECTIVE AT ONCE**

**Vote For Repeal at End of Present Season Was Overwhelming, 56 To 6 in Senate and 233 To 132 in House; Labor and Farm Interests For Repeal of Law**

(By The Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 18.—Doom of the daylight saving, inaugurated as a war measure, was pronounced today by Congress, both Senate and House adopting by overwhelming measures to terminate operation of the law when the period of summer time ends next October 26.

The House, following three hours' debate, by a vote of 233 to 132, passed a bill to repeal the law on the last Sunday in next October, but rejected an amendment to make the repeal effective at once.

The Senate, by a vote of 56 to 6, after a brief discussion, added a rider to the agriculture appropriation bill providing for repeal of the daylight measure on the same date fixed by the House bill.

The Senate measure goes to conference, with the agricultural bill and the House bill is to be sent to the Senate. It is considered likely that Senate amendment will be finally substituted for the House measure. Action of Congress, therefore, means continuation of the present clock time this summer and early fall with return to year time October 26, ending two years' operation of the daylight saving plan.

**Farmers and Labor People for Repeal.**  
Members of both Senate and House, in advocating repeal of the law enacted March 19, 1918, said they were guided largely by wishes of farmers and laboring men who oppose the advanced hours during the spring and summer season. Opponents of the repeal legislation declared the extra hour of daylight was a boon to city dwellers and asserted that others easily could adjust their affairs to conform to the advanced clock schedule.

More than two score of House members participated in the debate, but as most speeches were limited to a few minutes all obtained permission to extend their remarks.

Senate discussion was confined virtually to addresses by Senator LaFollette, Republican, of Wisconsin, champion of the repeal rider, and Senator Calder, Republican, of New York, author of the daylight law.

## CREATION OF HAPPIER SOCIETY MUST BE GOAL

### "SONNY" ADOPTED BY THE TRUSTEES

**University Becomes Guardian For Son of Late President Edward K. Graham**

### COMMITTEE IS NAMED TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS

**Enlargement of University and Future Development of its Physical Property Placed in Hands of Committee; Steps Taken to Secure Exchange Professors in State**

(Special to the News and Observer.)  
Chapel Hill, June 18.—No nobler tribute could have been paid to the memory of the late Edward Kidder Graham of the University of North Carolina, than the steps taken at the annual meeting of the board of trustees in Chemistry hall last night to adopt Edward Kidder, Jr., popularly known among the students as "Sonny," the eight-year-old boy of the deceased president of the University. Greater than any monument of earth or stone will be the caring for this orphan boy, still young in years, whose genial disposition has won the hearts of a host of admirers.

To carry out the wishes of the board of trustees, who without a dissenting vote adopted the resolution to this end of Col. J. Bryan Grimes, the following committee has been named to make arrangements for young Graham's education and care until he is 21 years old: President H. W. Chase, of the University; Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels; Mr. R. D. W. Connor, secretary of the board of trustees; Prof. M. C. S. Noble, of the University faculty, and Mr. W. N. Everett.

Fifteen hundred students next year are expected and the problem of caring for them has already begun to worry the faculty and the trustees didn't know just what to do. Of one thing, however, they are sure and that is they cannot afford to make mistakes in the location of new dormitories.

The two committees named sometime ago, one to purchase land, and the other to arrange for buildings, were combined with authority to employ a competent landscape engineer to draft a plan of development. The committee is as follows: Col. J. Bryan Grimes, James A. Gray, John Sprunt Hill, George Stephens, Hayward Parker, representing the board of trustees, and President Chase and C. T. Woolten, representing the faculty.

Plans under consideration contemplate the erection of four dormitories to the north of the college but the trustees feel that the development must be towards the southern part of the campus and much land in that section has already been acquired.

It was decided to name a committee of three trustees and the president of the University and two members of the faculty to outline the future policy as to the use of the Kenan fund.

**Wax Exchange Professors.**  
The trustees took the initiative in suggesting exchange of professors for lecture courses with other North Carolina colleges, which it is hoped may prove the means of bringing the colleges of the State into closer relations with each other. It is hoped to have professors from the University go to other colleges in the State and deliver lectures and have them in turn send professors here for the same purpose. President Chase was authorized to take steps to this end.

A committee of five trustees was authorized to co-operate with a similar committee from the faculty to arrange for the inauguration of President Chase, the date to be selected later.

A suitable monument over the graves of President and Mrs. Graham will be erected. A committee composed of President Chase, General Julius S. Carr and Major John W. Graham was named to look after the arrangements.

**New Professors Employed.**  
Other matters of routine including the promotion of professors and employment of additional professors were considered by the trustees and the recommendations of President Chase were adopted. Among the new additions to the faculty is Dr. Edgar W. Knight, formerly superintendent of public instruction for Wake County and previous to his employment there being professor of education at Trinity College, Durham, who becomes professor of rural education. Another new professor is C. A. Hibberd, who as assistant in English will have charge of the teaching of journalism at the University. Mr. Hibberd is a newspaper man of considerable experience, having represented papers in the East for several years and recently engaged in special feature writing for Chicago papers.

Promotions, additions and resignations, as approved by the trustees, were announced today at the commencement exercises by President Chase as follows:

Promoted from associate to full professors: J. H. Hanford, professor of English; Norma Feerster, professor of English; J. G. Beard, professor of pharmacy.

From instructor to assistant professor: A. W. Hobbs, of department of mathematics.

Dr. J. M. Bell, Smith professor of chemistry. Additions: Dr. Edgar W. Knight.

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### Secretary Lane Delivers Scholarly Address On Lessons of the War To Graduates of State University

### SPEAKER IS INTRODUCED BY SECRETARY OF NAVY

**Governor Bickett Delivers Diplomas To 87 Graduates and Incidentally Calls On Them To Use Their Influence To Work For League of Nations; Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws For Visiting Speaker**

(Special to News and Observer.)  
Chapel Hill, June 18.—Dura is not a task of reconstruction but of carrying on, Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane told members of the graduating class of the University of North Carolina in a scholarly and eloquent address today, in which he pleaded that the unity of purpose necessary for war's great accomplishments may be transferred to the problems of creating a happier society in times of peace.

No man, however, nor more elevating address on the problems of the new day has been heard in this State recently, but there was little to startle or induce, little that at first thought seemed new. It was a call of the realities of home, of devotion to loved ones, of care for the afflicted, of stability of character and of faith, a simple faith that does not ask to see the distant scene, but walks humbly in the present.

It was a message that emphasized the old truths, the sober view and yet embodied an appeal to go forth as crusaders to destroy the enemies of society, the things that tend to destroy freedom and happiness. He urged cooperation and at the same time pointed out the necessity of individualism. He discussed national affairs and predicted that America would never become drunk with the glory of power.

**Introduced by Secretary Daniels.**  
"They went forth as crusaders," said he, speaking of the soldiers, "and they come back citizens. We proved that we could fight and we proved that we would fight and we have proven that we can come back sober."

Secretary Lane was introduced by Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, the latter being presented by President Chase, who commended Mr. Lane to his audience as a man of genial personality and of libable disposition, a man who incarnates a forward vision and a practical plan, for taking care of our soldiers and sailors. In saying these kind things about his colleague in the cabinet, Secretary Daniels humorously declared he was violating the usual rule of the cabinet, which was never to say a kind thing about another cabinet officer.

**Honorary Degree Given.**  
The honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred on Secretary Lane following his address. Governor Bickett, who took time enough to pay his respects to a hand full of folks in Washington "who if they persist in their efforts, then a trash wagon will drive up to the back door of the Senate and haul away a lot of broken property," delivered diplomas to 87 graduates.

Governor Bickett expressed himself rather vigorously on the question of a league of nations and bade the graduates go home and help in seeing that we get out of the war just what we fought for. "You know we went in to win but not to stop a war," he declared, and his audience applauded vigorously.

Governor Bickett, who had the honor of escorting Secretary Lane to the University, had the misfortune to have two tires punctured en route from Raleigh to Chapel Hill in his automobile and this delayed the arrival of the party for more than an hour.

**Academic Procession Formed.**  
It was hot, very hot, but the surging mass of humanity walked patiently, the college band meanwhile keeping things as lively as possible by playing various selections of popular band music. Shortly before noon, the academic procession formed and marched to Memorial hall, headed by Col. Hyde Pratt, faculty marshal, and Josh Taylor, chief student marshal, followed by Secretary Lane and President Chase, and Governor Bickett and Secretary Daniels. The graduating class acted as escort for the faculty ad board of trustees.

Then the crowd rushed in, most of them expecting not to be able to find seats, but there was room enough for all. The acoustics of the hall never good, were no better today than usual, and consequently many did not hear the splendid address by Secretary Lane.

President Chase was given a great ovation as he arose to call the meeting to order. The audience rose to its feet and cheered him vigorously. Rev. Maynard Marshall, of the Episcopal church, offered the invocation.

**Two Newspaper Men.**  
In presenting Secretary Daniels to introduce Secretary Lane, President Chase explained there was some property in the newspaper business and Mr. Daniels had formerly been an editor in addition to their service together in the cabinet.

Secretary Daniels was given another ovation as he arose to speak. He spoke briefly of the great challenge the successful conclusion of war had brought to all institutions but to none to such as colleges and universities. College men had been tried in war and not found wanting. They had not hesitated to do the thing nearest at hand, whether it was peeling spuds or washing decks. Educational institutions met the test of war; they must now meet the challenge of peace.

Secretary Daniels urged the sealers not to think of junkerism as being con-

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