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SIXTEEN PAGES TODAY.

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SIXTEEN PAGES TODAY.

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## **CLYDE HOEY TAKES** SEAT IN CONGRESS TO SUCCEED WEBB

Republicans Offer No Objection and Even Join Democrats In The Applause

DID MOREHEAD RUN AWAY TO ESCAPE FOOL FRIENDS?

New Member of Lower House Casts His First Vote Against Pension Bill After Meeting Congressional Leaders and Meeting Newspaper Men; Senators Return To Capital

The News and Observer Bureau, 603 District ...ational Bank Bldg. By R. E. POWELL. (By Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, D. C. Jan. 5 .- When Representative Edwin W. Pou, of the Fourth North Carolina district, arose sent this morning to present North Carolina's newest member of the House, there sounded on the Democratic side of the aisle applause that reminded the old timers of the day when Uncle Joe Cannon returned to the Fifty-third Congress after a two-year break in a continuous service record of two de

It was quite a demonstration for Congressman Clyde Roark Hoey and one in which a sprinkling of Republicans across the way took part. Mr. Hoey came in the hall of the House of Representatives this morning between Major Charles M. Stedman and Representative Pou with Representatives Weaver and Dough-ton flanking the trio on either side. He occupied a seat between the Major and Mr. Pou during the opening prayer.

The applause broke in the House promptly as Mr. Pou addressing Speaktr Gillette said that he desired to present "Honorable Clyde R. Hoey," adding that Mr. Hoey was ready to take the oath of office and begin his service. It was a tense moment that followed for all but no sign of objection to his being seated appearing, the Democrats again took up the chtering, led by Representative Tom Heflin, while most of the Republicans east a weather eye toward the new mem-

Applance Breaks Out.

When the speaker concluded administering the usual outh of office, the applause once again broke on the Don cratic side, the members arising this time more poignantly to signify their delight in welcoming another Democrat into the fold. A few Republicans, not shackled by the staid customs of the Old Guard, joined with the Democrats in rising, albeit their handelapping was not so marked as to cause fear among their

fellow party men received the other greeting.

Beturning to his sent with the other North Carolina members, Mr. Hocy became the center of a group of Democrats who were interested to get some first hand "dope" on the result in the Ninth district. He was presented to Floor Lender Champ Clark and the former Democratic speaker caught the confellow party men less warm in the mer Democratic speaker caught the con-

forgot his presidential aspirations.

Representative Heflin, who made the keynote speech in the Ninth district a Hoty off to a secluded corner and got the real "low down" on the situation, which has been represented to Washing-ton as good, bad, better and worse, when a battery of photographers and movie men sent their card in the new member went to the front of the capi-tol to stand for his initial "shot."

Before this was over a group of newspapermen caught him as he was newspapermen caught him as he was coming into the House again and plied him with questions about probability of a contest over his sent. He expressed the opinion that the Republi-cans, having raised the usual cry of 'fraud' for a few days, were satisfied now and that there would be no further agitation from the district. Uness there is, it will not be taken up

Did Morehead Run Away?

"Is it true that Mr. Morchend went to Cuba to keep from being drawn into a contest argument?" Mr. Hoey was asked, among other things.

"Not that I know of," he answered,

"although it was reported to me that he left the district a few days after Democrats in Washington had beard

that Mr. Morehead was running from friends in the party who wanted to draw him into a contest. According to the reports that came here. Mr. More-head disdained the suggestions and after he got the "five dollars and a dram" epigram off his ebest, was satisfied to let the dead past bury its dead. The arrival of Mr. Hoey here revived some of the stories of fraud/alleged to

have been practiced in the districts. He was told of the charges the Republican National Committee had given

"According to reports that I received from the mountain counties," he said, "there were as many as five hundred Republicans in a county who voted for Morehead, although they had never paid pell tax. In Avery county alone, Morehead received a larger majority than the total vote that Webb and Jones received in 1918."

Mrs. Hoey, who was Miss Bessle Gardner, came to Washington with the new Congressman and sat in the re-served gallery this morning during the beir home temporarily at the Hotel

Congressman Hoey will have as his secretary Miss Fan Barnett, of Shelby-ho has been his office steaographer

for several years. No other office attaches have been decided upon. Casts His First Vote. The first vote of the new North Caro-

(Continued on Page Two.)

#### PHYSICIST WHOSE NEW THEORY WAS CONFIRMED

PROFESSOR ALBERT EINSTEIN

This photograph just received from ermany shows Professor Albert Einstein, one of the most distinguished physicists of the day, whose theory relativity, the diversion of a ray sun, was recently announced. Einstein's theory has since been confirmed by observations made by English astronomers during the eclipse of the sun.

### LOWDEN RESPONDS TO BORAH EPISTLE

Governor of Illinois Wants Treaty Ratified With Senate Ratifications

QUALIFIES APPROVA THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Republican Aspirant For Presidency Believes Nature of International Organization Should Be Judicial Rather Than Political; Gives Views at Length In Letter

Chicago, Jan. 5 .- "While the League Nations, even as modified by the reservations adopted, does not take the form which I believe it should, namely, judicial rather than political, I think it is the part of wisdom now to ratify it with such reservations as adopted by the Senate," said Governor Frank O. Lowden, in a letter today replying to United States Senator W. E. Borah, of Idahe, who had requested Governor Low-den's position on the League of Na-

The text of Governor Lowden's letter to Senator Borah, in part, follows: "When the armistice was signed, I felt that the time, was opportune for taking up the subject of better inter-antional relations, where the second, the Hague conference had left off. It seemed to me that the world was ready to adopt the high American ideals of international friendship there expressed.

"The League of Nations as submitted to the Senate seemed to me to be subject to grave objections. These objections in the main, I think, have been removed by the reservations adopted by the Senate. The instrument, as so modified, as I understand it, does not bind the United States to participate in the 'racial and dynastic battles of the World,' nor does it involve 'entangling alliances or partnerships with foreign powers, nor does it authorize interference by foreign powers in American af-

fairs.' While the League of Nations, even as modified, does not take the form which I believed it should, namely, judicial rather than political, I think it is the part of wisdom now to ratify it with such reservations. The mere fact that great nations meet from time to time in friendly council would in itself cause any nation outside the league. cause any nation outside the loague, which was meditating a crime against civilization, to pause and reflect upon the consequences. Then, too, when nations or men oit at a common table and discuss differences between themselves, those differences are likely to disappear. For more than half a century the United States had been the tury the United States and been in-distinctive champion of the principle of settling international differences withany promise, however slight, of pre-

"In addition, if the treaty be ratified and America becomes a party to the League of Nations, she will have an league of Nations, she will have an opportunity to so influence its activities and so help to modify its form that it may in time realize the noble aspirations for world peace of the great men who participated in the Hugue conferences. "If it should fail to accomplish these results, or operate to the disadvantages of America, the way is clear by which we can withdraw." It therefore hope that the treaty may

"I therefore hope that the treaty may be ratified promptly with reservations, in substance, already adopted by the

Barge Goes Ashore.

Jacksonville, Pia., Jan. 5.—The barge Richmond, laden with 3,000 tons of coal, which went ashore on the South eJtty at Mayport at 8 oclock this morning, will probably be a total loss. Capt. II. M. Beobe and view of four men came near drowning when their life boat capsized in the broakers as it was coming to shore from the week.

## AMERICAN WOMAN TELLS OF CAPTURE BY BANDIT'S BAND

Underwent 8 Months' Hard-ships As Prisoner In Mex-ico, She Declares Opposition To Action Workers' Officials ops Late In D.

SHE TESTIFIES BEFORE A SENATE COMMITTEE

Long Suffering, Died of Starvation, After Plantation Was Looted; Forced To Go Into Hills and Out Wood; Blames Carranza for Trouble

committee investigating the Mexican

Mrs. Sturgis told how her old mother, wora out by long suffering and humiliation, died of starvation, after their plantation had ben looted by the bandits, light in the field of gravitation of the and how she had been forced to go into the hills to cut wood and of a long tramp to another camp with a secret message.

"Americans were perfectly safe under Diaz," she said. "We had no trouble with Huerta and folks in my part of the country—Chiapas—hardly knew of him. Our first trouble was in 1915 when Carranza sent troops to our section to drive away the help. As a result we lost big crops, right on the eve of the

It was nearly two years later that the home of the Sturgis family, comprising Dr. Sturgis, a dentist, his wife, the wit-ness today, and her mother, was raided by Federal soldiers who charged them

Consider America a Bluff

"Two of Carranza's captains and a lot of soldiers came to our home and beat us with guns," Mrs. Sturgis testified. "When my husband protested and reminded the bandits that we were hard all sincers and all sincers Americans."

A delegate from Legate from Le beet us with guns," Mrs. Sturgis testified. "When my husband protested and
reminded the bandits that we were
Americans, they pushed him aside and
laughed, saying 'Your old government
is only a bluft.' They found no rebels,
but they were not satisfied and wanted
to scarch the roof, insisting that I go
up with them. I teld them I was an
American, not a roof climber, but they
struck me on the shoulder with a gun."

Dr. Sturgis reported the raid to the
American Consul at Frontero, who advised the family to remain at the plantation, the witness said.

Mrs. Sturgis said rebel and Carranza
forces frequently worked together, and
that both factions disseminated antiAmerican propaganda, including a
charge that Henry P. Fletcher, American
Ambassador to Mexico, had accepted
\$1,000,000 to uphold the Carranza government. Mrs. Sturgis said she told the
bandit who made this charge that "it
was a lie."

"One of the bandits told me that Am-

was a lie. "One of the bandits told me that Ambassador Fletcher could not return to that country," Mrs. Sturgis said. "I don't think Mr. Fletcher knew how bad conditions were. Why, things were awful. Once when I went to Mexico City they blew up a train in front of me and one behind me."

Captured By Bandits. The most thrilling chapter of her exby Zapata bandits, who took everything morable from the plantation, including \$23,000 in cash. They were sent forty miles across country to a prison camp, Mrs. Sturgis and her husband afoot and

the former's mother on a mule.
Some months later Mrs. Sturgis was ordered to proceed on foot to another camp with a secret message and warned that unless she returned in two months other members of the family would be

killed.

Beturning to the camp, Mrs. Storgle found her mother dead and her husband dying of starvation. Some months later she was released and "more dead than alive" walked with Dr. Storgle over the hills to their old plantation to see the present the second of the se find it bare as a bone.

#### SUPREME COUNCIL FIXES DATE FOR RATIFICATION

Basis For Settlement of Scapa Flow Sinkings Handed Over To Von Lersner

Paris, Jan. 5 .- (By the Associated Press.)-The Supreme Council has tentatively set January 10 for the ratifica tion of the Treaty of Versailles. The council's basis for a settlement on the Scapa Flow sinkings was handed over out resort to arms. She can not afford to Baron von Letener today, and it was now to neglect any means which give announced that an agreement had been reached with the German delegation.

The Scapa Flow reparations agree-The Scapa Flow reparations agree-ment was reached upon the Allies se-cepting a dimination of 125,000 tons from the 400,002 tons of navat material triginally demanded from Germany. The Germans argued the impossibility of surrendering the tonsage originally de-rended and also pointed out errors in the inventory of the Allies.

The Allies were conclliatory and fixed 275,000 tons as final. To this the Ger-man delegates agreed.

Newport News, Va., Jan. 5 .- Chr "Gabby" Street, formerly of Washing-ton and last season first string catcher for Nashville in the Southern League, has been signed to manage the Suffolk club of the Virginia League, according to an announcement made here today by W. S. Beaman, president of the Suf-folk shub. folk club.

# RADICALS OBJECT TO WILSON'S PLAN

PRESIDENT LEWIS SAYS NO OTHER ALTERNATIVE

Her Old Mother, Worn Out By Officers of Organization Make Report of Negotiations To Convention In Columbus, O.; Governor Cox Declares For Collective Bargaining In An

Washington, Jan. 5.—A dramatic story Columbus, O., Jan. 5.—Opposition New York, Jan. 5.—The sweeping raids of eight months' hardships and degredation the radicals in the United Mine against "Beds" by Federal agents, which netted nearly 700 prisoners last Friday, tion as a prisoner in a Mexican bandit Workers organization to action of the camp was told today by Mrs. Cora Lee international officers in accepting Presi-Sturgis, a Virginian, before a Senate dent Wilson's proposal for settlement committee investigating the Mexican of the mineral strike developed late today shortly after the report of the set-tlement had been read to the conven-tion by international Secretary William

In his report, seting President Lewis and Green declared there was no alternative and that they had simply decided "to submit to the inevitable, while protesting in our hearts against what we believed to be the unjust attitude of our government."

To have done otherwise would have To have done otherwise would have meant revolt against the government, the report said. Lewis declared that he believed the commission of three men, appointed by the President to consider increase in wages and improvement of working conditions of the miners, to be fair and above represely.

"I think we can prove to the commission that we are entitled to a further increase," said Lewis. "And if we prove, I believe we will get it."

Joseph Leinel of Illinois, was the first

Attorney For Brewers Serves Notice That They Have Not Given Up Hope

New York, Jan. 5 .- Another fight for 2.75 per cent beer will be made before the United States Supreme Court, secording to Emory R. Buckner, who was associated with Elihu Root as counsel for Jacob Ruppeprt, against whom the United States Supreme Court decided

Mr. Root's firm is sounsel for Christian Feigenspan, a New Jersey brewing corporation, which is seeking to restrain enforcement of the 18th amendment in New Jersey. The bill of coms not intoxicating and that "such fact has been definitely determined and

demonstrated by experience."
"The question whether 2.75 beer can be sold after the 18th amendment is effective must be decided in the fu-ture," said Mr. Buckner. "Today's decision affects its status only under war-time prohibition. Todays decision re-lates only to the war powers of Con-gress. When the amendment is effec-tive questions will be raised not only as to the validity of its passage, but also whether or not non-intoxicating beer can be sold under it."

Mr. Buckner says a ray of hope in the fact that the court was divided on today's decision, but was not encouraged by that portion of the majority decision saying that Congress had power to fix a standard of alcoholic content for the purposes of effective enforcement. He did not care to pra-dict whother this would be a controlling precedent when the court came to pass on the validity of 2.75 per cent beer under constitutional prohibition.

#### BOND OF \$100,000 EACH **FIXED BY NEW YORK COURT**

New York, Jan. 5 .- Bail of \$100,000 each was demanded by United States Commissioner Reifschneider today when John Romaselli, an undertaker; Samuel K. Saleeby, a druggist, and Edward G. Ware, Saleeby's brother in law, were arraigned before him on charges of selling alcohol in violation of the law. The trio are alleged by Federal agents to have been responsible for the distribu-tion in New York, New Jersey and New England of wood elechol which later was colored and sold as whiskey, causing more than 100 deaths. It is understood that the men will be taken to Connecti-cut and tried on charges of manulaugh-Dramatic scenes attended the arraign-

Dramatic scores attended the arraignment. Mrs. Saleeby protested that her husband was innocent of the crime and fainted when beil was fixed at \$100.

Tomorrow the party will go to Annapolis to implicated in the case and she had to be carried from the coart-room. Examination of the defendants was set for

# RESUME SWEEPING RAISS TO CAPTURE

arge Automobiles and Army Wagons, Start On Raids In New York

ANOTHER NATION-WIDE SWEEP IS UNDERTAKEN

ith Arrest On Deportation Warrant of "Chief of Staff" of Soviet Russia Department of Justice Announces It Is Hunting "Big Came"; Weinstein Close To Leon Trotsky

were resumed at 7:30 tonight when ten large automobiles and two army transport wagons left the local headquarters of the Department of Justice to round up Communists and other sedition mongers who escaped the first draguet. Chief Flynn announced later that the New York raids were part of another nation-wide sweep which he expected to

bring as important results as the raids on 33 cities conducted last Friday. With the arrest on a deportation war rant of Gregory Weinstein "chief of staff" of Soviet Russia's "ambassador," Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, the Depart ment of Justice announced tonight it was hunting "big game" in its effort to

alien anarchists plotting to overthrow the government by violence. Rated as Trotzky's "best friend" here and a co-worker with him on the Russian language radical paper Novy Mir, Weinstein's position in the Soviet bu-roan ranked virtually on a par with Martons, it was stated. His duties as "chancellor," gave him control of money and propaganda distribution equalled only by that of Martens, and his activities were greater, it was declared. Victor Wolodin, former manager of the Novy Mir, and said to have been another co-worker with Trotsky, was swept into the government's dragnet late today and sent to Ellis Island in

the wake of Weinstein.
Supreme Court Justice Davis tonight declared Dr. Michael Misleg, treasurer of New Mir. in contempt of the sormittee for refusing to answer questions. Dr. Misleg also was treasurer of the Russian Socialist Federation until his federation by the committee. This federation was engaged in spreading Soviet propaganda through its 11,000 members throughout the country, Misleg admitted.

GOVERNMENT'S CAMPAIGN

WILL BE LONG DRAWN OUT. Washington, Jan. 5.-The government's campaign to rid the nation of the more than 3,000 aliens, members of the Communist and Communist Lequately supplied either with the men or the means to handle the situation, the tielp was considered absolutely neces-sary by officials.

Anthony Caminetti, commissioner general of immigration, appeared before during the day with an appeal for funds to allow expansion of his force to deal with the hundreds of details involved in completing the deportation proceedings. The commissioner asked for at least ten more lawyers. Department of Justice officials have promised assistance, but the need for a greater legal-staff than is in prospect even with the help of Attorney General Palmer's staff was Feenly felt, Mr. Caminetti

Officials also explained that through

(Continued on Page Two.) ADMIRAL JELLICOE GUEST OF THE AMERICAN NAVY

After Tour of Inspection In Washington, Dines With Secretary Daniels

Washington, Jan. 5.—The American navy was "bost" tonight at a reception given to Admiral Viscount Jellicoe, of Scapa, commander of the British high seas fleet in the battle of Jutland. The reception, which closed a busy day for the visiting naval officer, was at the residence of Sceretary Daniels, who headed the receiving line. Also among the guests were members of both houses of Congress and naval attaches of the various embassies and legations.

Viscount Jellicoe, who arrived here yesterday from New York, started the day with formal calls on Secretary of State Lapsing and Secretary Daniels. Later he called on Vice-President Marsiall and was received on the Soors of the Senate and House. The outstanding feature, however, of the day was an official inspection of the Washington Navy Yard.

official inspection of the Washington Navy Yard.

Admiral Jellicoe witnessed in the new gun shops the shrinking of a jacket on a 14-inch gun and the "lining" of a 16-inch, 50-calibre rifle. They also were shown an experimental 16-inch gifle. The visiting Admiral was the guest of Assistant Secretary Roosevelt at ten and dined with Secretary Daniels. His staff were the guests of Reak Admiral Niblack, who has been designated as his special aid.

## SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS CONGRESS IN DEFINING INTOXICATING LIQUORS

MADAME GALLI-CURCI GETS DIVORCE FROM HUSBAND IN

CHICAGO COURT DECISION

CHICAGO COURT DECISION
Chicage, Jan. 5.—Madame Amelita
M. Galli-Curci, noted soprano of the
Chicage Grand Opera Company, todey won a diverce from Luigi C.
Curci after a short hearing before
Judge McDonald in Superior Court.
The proceedings, which promised
to be lengthy and sensational, were
brought to an early close when Carci,
in a statement filed with the court,
withdrew his answer to fix wife's
sait. The answer had accused her of
infidelity and named Homer Samuels,
her accompanist, as co-respondent. her accompanist, as co-respondent.
Judge McDonaid indicated that the
decree would be granted the singer
on the grounds of infidelity.

# **WORD OF GREETING**

President Promises To Send Message To Democratic Dinner On Jackson Day

ANNOUNCEMENT CAUSES INTEREST AMONG LEADERS

Wide Speculation As to Whether "Word of Greeting" Will Take Up Third Term or Will Outline President's Views On Party Politics; First Delegation Arrives

Washington, Jan. 5 .- Announcement rom the White House that President Wilson plans to send "an important word of greeting" to the Democratic dinner here on Jackson Day, January 8, sroused great interest among leaders lay to attend the love feast and the quadricunial meeting of the

party's national committee, both of which are to be held Thursday. Prominent Democrats said they had no information as to the message of the President beyond the brief announcement from the White House and there was wide speculation as to whether the "word of greeting" would take up the quest on of a third term or would outlies the President's views en party poli-

The first of the delegations from the six cities bidding for the party's Nationbor parties, arrested in the recent raids, all convention arrived tonight in a body premises to be a long-drawn-out fight. Of Kansas City boosters. The delegation was headed by Fred W. Fleming, president of a Kansas City Insurance of the radicals fortified by president of a Kansas City Insurance Company, and F. M. Clendenning, of to finance their opposition to deporta-tion and the immigration service inade-Gavin McNabb, of San Francisco, also arrived during the day to prepare the way for the delegation en route to presont the claims of the Pacific coast city. Representatives from Chicago, Indianapolis, Cleveland, and Cincinnati-the other cities which are expected to ask for the convention-will reach Washing

> The members of the national commit-tee already in Washington were aug-mented during the day by Vice Chairman J. Bruce Kremer, of Montana, and Committeemen A. R. Titlow, the new member from Washington succeeding Hugh C. Wallace, now umbassador to France and A. F. Mullen, of Nebrasks.

> Committeemen Mullen soon after his troduce a resolution at the meeting Thursday of the committee recommending to the National convention that the two-thirds rule for making nominations for President and Vice-President be abrogated and the majority plan

> > Women to Attend Dinner.

The committee arranging for the Jackson Day dinner announced tonight that the following members of the As-cociated Women's Democratic National Committee would attend the banquet:
Mrs. Pattie Buffner Jacobs, of Alabama; Miss Mary L. Foy, of California; Miss Caroline Butz Rees, of Connecticut; Mrs. John K. Ottley, of Georgia; Mrs. Myra H. Wilson, of Illinois; Mrs. Julia E. Landers, of Indians; Mrs. A. W. Harris, of Kansan; Mrs. Frazier Bonnie, of Kentucky; rMs. W. M. P. Pattangall, of Maine; Mrs. Susan W. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetta; Dr. Emma Fitzgerald, of Massachusetta; Dr. Emma Bower, of Michigan; Mrs. ePter Resen, of Minnesota; Mrs. Dorothy B. Jack-son, of New Hampshire; Mrs. John Sherwin Grosby, of New York; Miss Mary Owen Graham, of North Carelina; Mrs. Maude Murray Miller, of Ohio; Mrs. D. A. McDougal, of Oklahoma; Mes. W. C. Cathenrt, of South Care-lina, Mrs. William Hicker, of South

lina; Mrs. William Hicker, of South Dakota; Miss Charl O. Williams, of Tennessee, and Mrs. Percy Y. Pennybacker, of Texas.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMAN

HAS PROMISED HIS SUPPORT.

Newport News, Va., Jan. 5.—A Republican Congressman has promised.

Warwick county, a Democratic stronghold, that it may rely upon him for every possible aid he can render in this section's fight to retain Camp Eastis.

C. Bascomb Slemp, Ninth district Representative, spent foday here inspecting Camp Eastis, after a visit to Camp Bragg at Fayetteville, N. C., and the Bepublican Congressman declared that he will fight for the retestion of the camp as a military necessity. HAS PROMISED MIS SUPPORT.

In Five To Four Opinion Court **Sustains Constitutionality of** Provisions of Volstead Act

#### VALIDITY OF AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION NOT **DECIDED IN OPINIONS**

In Rendering Opinion the Higher Court Sustains Federal Court Decrees Dismissing Injunction Proceedings to Prevent Federal Authorities From Stopping Manufacture of Beer; Department of Justice Ready To Begin Prosecution of All Persons Who Sold Beer Since Passage of Volstead Act

Washington, Jan. 5 .- By a margin of one vote the Supreme Court today upheld the right of Congress to define intoxicating liquors, in so far as applied to war-time prohibi-

In a five to four opinion rendered by Associate Justice Brandels, the court sustained the constitutionality of provisions in the Volstead prohibition enforcement act, prohibiting he manufacture and sale of beverages containing one-half of one per cent or more of alcohol. Associate Justices Day, Van Devanter, McReynolds and Clarke dissented.

Validity of the Federal prohibition constitutional amendment and of portions of the Volstead Act affecting its enforcement was not involved in the proceedings, but the opin-ion was regarded as so sweeping as to leave little hope among "wet" adherents.

In rendering the opinion, the court sustained Federal Court decrees dismissing injunction proceedings to enjoin Federal authorities from preventing Jacob Ruppert, a New York brewer, from manufacturing beer containing in excess of one-half of one per cent, but which he alleged was nonintoxicating.

however, The "wets, ceived a brief ray of hope when shortly afterwards Associate Justice Day, in an unanimous opinion, sustained the dismissal of indictments brought under the war-time prohibition act against the Standard Brewery, of Balti-more, and the American Brewing Company, of New Orleans, for manufacturing 2.75 beer before the Volstead Act was

Following the rendering of today's opinion, Assistant Attorney General Frierson, who has been in charge of the prohibition cases in the Supreme Court, announced that the Department of Justice was ready to begin the prosecution of all persons who have sold beer since the passage last October 28 of the Volstead Act. The names of all persons violating the act have been obtained by the department and card indexed and prosecutions, he said, would begin at once.

"The second point in the Ruppert case relating to compensation will have some bearing upon the claim that liquor deal-ers are entitled to compensation under the permanent code. In the Ruppert case, the court held that the Volstead Act to enforce war prohibition could be

Act to enforce war processome operative at once, "Under the 18th amendment one year's to the liquor dealers notice was given to the liquor dealers when permanent prohibition would go into effect. at is clear, however, that the permanent code will be austained on the reasoning set forth in the original case sustaining war prohibition. It held that seven months was a reasonable no-tice, and it is valid, also on the reason-ing of Justice Brade's in the Support

"Lie question of compensation and the power to define intoxicating liquor is a closed question in the light of these decisions. The decision holding that the original War Prohibition act only ap-plied to intoxicating liquors is of no practical value to the brewers, because since October 28 it has been unlawful to sell even one-half of one per cent beer.