

MORRISON ISSUES HIS ANSWERS TO LABOR'S QUERIES

Candidate For Governor For Some Proposals and Against Some

FAVORS PENALTIES FOR FALSE ADVERTISING

Calls Suggestion of Law To Fix Maximum Land Rental Socialistic; Favors Submission of Amendment Reducing Constitutional Limit of Taxation

Cameron Morrison yesterday made public his answer to the questionnaire of the labor and Farmers' Union forces of the State. With some of the views of labor Mr. Morrison is in accord. With others he is in opposition. For example, he says that he would support the adoption of a law fixing a penalty for false advertising in newspapers for employees. But he says he would not favor a law fixing a maximum rental of not exceeding twelve per cent annual rent upon valuation as shown by tax books plus some percentage on the value of improvements. He says such a law would be socialistic, unconstitutional, and subversive of the basic liberties of the land owners of North Carolina. The various questions, and Mr. Morrison's answers follow:

1. Would you support the adoption of a law fixing a penalty against an employer for discharging an employee for political, religious, or trade union affiliation? Answer: I would, where there was a contract between employer and employee; but where the service was being rendered from day to day or by piece work, I could not, because the Supreme Court of the United States, as I understand the law, has already decided that such a law, where the service was not for a term fixed in the contract, unconstitutional. I refer you to case of Coppage vs. Kansas, 236 United States; Adair vs. United States, 208 United States 161. This decision was much criticized, but even the critics did not question the law upon the principle suggested by your question.

2. Would you support the adoption of a law fixing a penalty for false advertising in newspapers for employees, stating that no labor troubles existed at the place of employment, and to further penalize advertisers who fail to live up to their advertisements? Answer: Yes.

3. Would you support the adoption of a law to prevent rent profiteering by fixing a maximum rental of not exceeding 12 per cent annual rent upon valuation as shown by the tax books, plus some percentage on the value of improvements, this not to apply to share farming? Answer: I will not. In my opinion, such a law would be extremely socialistic, unconstitutional, and subversive of the basic liberties of the land owners of North Carolina. I do not see any reason why there should be a demand to control the rental value of real estate in North Carolina until we are ready to establish a socialistic Government, and let the Government fix the price of everything else.

4. Part 1. Will you favor the submission of a constitutional amendment reducing the present constitutional limit of taxation, State, county and town, based upon the revaluation? Answer: I will, as to State and county. There is no constitutional limitation on town and city taxation now. This is regulated by statute, and would not be subject to further limitation in respect to town taxation by statute, but I do not believe there should be any limit fixed in our Constitution to town taxation by a vote of the people. See Democratic platform upon which I stand upon this question.

4. Part 2. Farmers' Union asks how do you stand on repeal of Revaluation Act? Answer: I am not willing to repeal the Revaluation Act in the sense that we shall utterly abrogate it as applied to this year's taxation. I believe this was an honest effort towards an improved taxation system in the State. But I am not in favor of it as a fixed policy. I favor raising all taxes for State purposes through license, franchise, inheritance, and the other present sources of special taxation, and if necessary, by a small income tax above a reasonable exemption, and then repealing the present Revaluation Act, Revenue Bill, and Machinery Act and relegating under proper law to the counties authority to value all property in the counties for county, town and local taxation. I believe the time has come when there should be no tax whatever levied upon property in North Carolina for State purposes. This policy being adopted, there would no longer be any excuse for the State authorities being the valuation on property. I am in favor of this policy, and shall earnestly endeavor, if I am elected Governor, to have it adopted.

Of course, this means that I do favor a repeal of the Revaluation Act, but it does not mean condemnation of this Act by me. I believe that the revenue with which to reasonably run our State Government can easily be obtained without doing injustice to anybody, and without levying either a property or an income tax for State purposes; but out of the abundance of caution, I very earnestly favor the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment giving the State authority to levy an income tax, so we can be certain to have sufficient power to raise the necessary revenue for State purposes without a continuation of the policy expressed in the Revaluation, Revenue, and Machinery Acts now in force. I do not believe that equality in the valuation of property between the various counties of the State can ever be obtained through any set of officials. It is an impossible task. I believe the only way now undertaking to execute the Revaluation Act will honestly endeavor to produce equality and justice, but it cannot be done. I do not believe in throwing away all the information and benefits of the revaluation being made, and under new laws the whole question should be sent down to the counties with authority lodged in the county officials to overhaul and change valuations where they think justice requires. I am prepared to express myself about this

question with particularity in a speech made a few days ago at Chapel Hill, to which I refer you to a more particular expression of my views upon this very important question. I hesitate to express myself about this Revaluation Act in terms of condemnation, because I believe that if it is considered as a mere transition measure from the obsolete and worn out taxation system we now have to the just and scientific system finally aimed at by the Democratic party, it has great value to the State, but a fixed and permanent policy, I am unalterably opposed to it. I am satisfied that there should be as complete restoration of local self-government in the matter of the valuation and taxation of both real and personal property in this State as can be made, and execute the Constitutional mandate with reference to the public schools. I am in favor of taking care of the weak counties in the matter of the school term, but beyond this, I do not believe that the State should exercise any authority whatever over the funds raised in the counties by taxation upon property.

5. Would you support the adoption of a Child Labor Law divorced from school, welfare, or any other law as now existing? Answer: Yes.

6. Would you support the adoption of a law fixing a penalty for "blacklisting" employees, wherein one employer discharges an employee and has an agreement with other employers not to hire? Answer: Yes.

7. Would you support the adoption of a law preventing State or State institutions letting contracts for any public work upon any basis that may be construed at what is commonly known as "cost-plus" basis? Answer: Yes.

8. Would you support the adoption of a law fixing a penalty for importing guards, whether armed or not, from outside the State during industrial disputes, and making it compulsory that only lawful officers secured from within the State be so employed? Answer: I would favor a law fixing a penalty, as far as it constitutionally can be done, against importing guards, whether armed or not, under the circumstances referred to, from outside the State. As to the second part of the question, I am not sure that I understand it. If it means that only lawful officers secured from within the State can be employed to protect the peace, and that private citizens cannot, under proper regulations, be summoned to assist the officers, I cannot agree; but if it simply means that only citizens of the State, under the circumstances referred to in the question, can do police duty, I heartily agree with you. I am opposed to allowing anybody to do police duty unless they are citizens of this State, unless it happened to be a mere bystander in case of disorder, when called upon by an officer to assist him, but I could not favor making it unlawful, under proper regulations, for the officers to have the authority to summon citizens of the State to assist them in preserving peace. I believe a law could be passed which would be constitutional, against allowing men from out of the State to be brought into the State for the purpose of doing police duty of any kind, and I favor this.

9. Would you support the adoption of a law under which the people shall elect the County Boards of Education, and such boards shall elect County Superintendents of Public Instruction, and these County Superintendents, with State Superintendent of Public Instruction, to constitute the State Text-Book Commission, who shall assemble at Raleigh and adopt a set of books throughout from the first grade to and including the eleventh grade, to be used in all State-supported or partly supported graded schools. Answer: I am in favor of this, and I believe a law could be passed which would be constitutional, against allowing men from out of the State to be brought into the State for the purpose of doing police duty of any kind, and I favor this.

10. Inasmuch as it is now lawful to exempt from taxation mortgages on homes of \$3,000 or less on a five-year term basis, will you return the commission and support a law to exempt the homeowner from taxation on the amount that is so mortgaged, thereby placing the borrower upon the same ground as the lender? Answer: I was a member of the Platform Committee of the Democratic Party when the mortgage exemption from taxation on homes to which you refer was endorsed. I opposed it then on the ground that it should be reversed, and that the owner of the real estate should only be taxed upon his equity of redemption; that his interest in it was only the value in excess of the mortgage. I was voted down upon it, and although I did not carry the fight to the convention because I feared I could not win, I assure you it would give me pleasure to use any influence which I may acquire by being elected Governor to have this law abrogated, and the real estate exemption from taxation to the amount of the mortgage. I am not sure but what this can be done without a Constitutional Amendment, and if, upon investigation, I find that it can be done, I promise you to exert myself to have it done.

11. Would you support the adoption of a law making it compulsory to incorporate all towns and villages with a population in excess of 1,000? Answer: Yes, with this limitation: I would not favor this unless a majority of the qualified voters within the territory proposed to be incorporated petitioned or voted for the same.

12. Would you restore the law that was in force prior to 1917, wherein counties and towns calling upon the State for soldiers in emergency, have to pay the expenses of such soldiers furnished? Answer: I cannot commit myself to the restoration of a law that was in force prior to 1917, because I have not familiarized myself with it, but in so far as it does what is suggested by your question, I am in favor of it. I have not had time to inform myself with exactness as to what this law was, but I favor the expenses being borne by the counties and towns where they call for soldiers. I do not know of anything in this law prior to 1917 to which

I am opposed, but it seems to be in some confusion, and I have not had time to acquaint myself thoroughly with what it is, but I will favor the principle embraced in your question.

13. Will you favor the appropriation by the State, for the use of the Bureau of County Health Work of the State Board of Health, of an amount sufficient to treat free of charge all defective school children? Answer: Yes, with some proper limitation as to forcing the parents where they are able, to pay the expense, or have the children treated themselves.

14. Would you favor the Australian Ballot System, whereby every man entitled to vote can cast his vote free and untrammelled, and without intimidation, coercion or espionage, thereby insuring a fair and honest election? Answer: Yes.

15. Will you favor an act requiring the use of a sufficient part of the funds derived from the tax on fertilizers for the establishment of such plants as will enable the Agricultural Department to sell fertilizer materials in car lots to farmers at cost? Answer: I have an impression that to tax fertilizers in the State for the purpose of raising revenue with which to put the State in competition with the fertilizer dealers, would be unconstitutional, and render the entire fertilizer tax invalid. In time of peace I do not believe this could be lawfully done. My present impression is adverse to the proposition suggested by you.

To Drive Out Malaria and Build Up The System. TAKE THE OLD STANDARD GROVES TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. YOU KNOW what you are taking as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a Tasteless form. 60 cents.—Adv.

PRESENTS HISTORY OF KING'S BODY GUARD

Sir Walter Raleigh Was Once Commander of Ancient Organization

In commemoration of the 300th anniversary of the death of Sir Walter Raleigh, Colonel Sir Reginald Hemmell, C. V. O., O. B. E., D. S. O., lieutenant of the King's Body Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard, has presented to the State of North Carolina a magnificent bound history of the historic organization of which Sir Walter Raleigh was once commander.

The King's Body Guard was formed in 1485 and is the oldest military organization in the British Empire. Raleigh commanded the guard when Queen Elizabeth was on the British throne after he had made an unsuccessful attempt to colonize America. The volume received by Governor Bickett is bound in red Morocco leather, and lettered suitably in embossed gold. The work is dedicated to the memory of Edward VII. It will be given a place in the hall of history.

Society Night at Automotive Show Drew 10 Thousand

(Continued from Page One.) distinctive design and there are hundreds of visitors at that booth. A visitor at the show cannot but be impressed with the popularity of the six-cylinder automobile of moderate horsepower and excellence of finish. There are two scores of this type of car, and reports of sales would indicate that this class of automobile has come to express the taste of most people in automobiles. A vast majority of the exhibits follow this type of construction. Along the center of the exposition there are no less than half dozen makes of the same general type, including the Anderson, the Jackson, the Jones, Columbia, American, Auburn, Vello, Cleveland, Oldsmobile, Chandler, American, Pan-American, Kline, Noma, and others. The 12, 8 and four-cylinder models have undisputed following among American motorists, but the mass judgment of the driving public is in favor of the light six.

The tent will be open to the public today at 2 o'clock and again at 7, with concerts beginning at 3 and 8 o'clock. The program follows: Friday Afternoon, April 16. Overture—Zampa, Herold. Serenade—Les Millions D'Arlequin, Drigo. Solo for Euphonium by Mr. John J. Perfetto. Songs of the Sunny South—Lampe. Baritone Solo—Dio Possante from Faust, Gounod. Mr. Morton Adkins. March of the Toys—Herbert. Intermission. Scenes from Cavalleria Rusticana, Mascagni. Trombone Solo—Columbia Polka, Rollinson. Mr. Pedro Lozano. Ballet Suite from Coppelia—Delibes. a. March of the Bells; b. Valse of the Hours; c. Village Wedding. Soprano Solo—Vespertine Moon, Goldberg. Miss Edna Joyce. March—The Observing Visitor, Conway.

Friday Evening, April 16. Overture—The Beautiful Galatea, Suppe. Coronet Solo—Theresa Polka, Brand. Mr. Bert Brown. Southern Rhapsody—Homer. Baritone Solo—Mirror Song, Offenbach. Mr. Morton Adkins. Valse Pathetique—Kissel, Zamecnik. Intermission. Scenes from The Grand Duchess—Offenbach.

DURHAM LIFE WILL MOVE OFFICES TO RALEIGH IN MAY

Decision has been reached by the board of directors of the Durham Life Insurance Company to move the headquarters of the organization from Durham to Raleigh about May 1, it being recognized that Raleigh has many advantages over the present location in the insurance field. Officers of the company will make their homes here, S. B. Coley is president of the company, Mr. Conant secretary and Dr. E. H. Bowling medical director. The company was organized several years ago and has been very successful.

MRS. GENEVA STONE IS BURIED IN OAKWOOD

Mrs. Geneva Stone, who died Wednesday night at the home of her daughter, 202 W. Edenton street, was buried yesterday afternoon in Oakwood cemetery. The funeral service was conducted at the residence by Dr. T. W. O'Kelley, pastor of the First Baptist church. The pallbearers were Messrs. T. O. Faucette, Eugene Cole, T. W. Brewer, James A. Briggs, Jr., M. P. Uzile and A. H. Mooneyham. A sister, Mrs. Claude Bevers, of Leesville, was here for the funeral, as was Mr. Charley Bevers and Mrs. Clement, nephew and niece respectively, from Durham.

KILL THE RATS TODAY BY USING STEARNS' PASTE

International exterminator for Rats, Mice, Cockroaches and Waterbugs. It creates a desire in these pests to run from the building for water and fresh air, dying outside in a few moments. Two sizes, 35c and \$1.50 should be enough to kill from 50 to 400 rats. Ready for Use. Order From Dealer.

LEADERS SINCE 1869



There are many shapes and styles of new Spring Hats for men. There is one here that exactly suits you, but you must come in today to get it.

Cross & Linehan Clothes for Men Who Care.

PROPAGANDA FOR FORCING SALE OF AMERICAN SHIPS

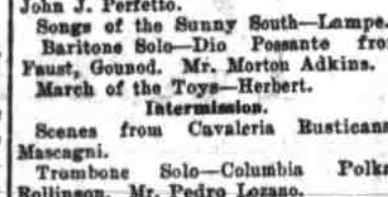
of the world, including their own, to look after itself." The shipping board and the Senate committee on commerce have recognized the need of new outlets to world markets and have approved and encouraged the development of newly established trade routes. The British propaganda, to which I have referred in this letter, seems to be another illustration of the propaganda referred to by Admiral Benson in a recent speech. "We feel it our duty to bring this to

Says Every Railroad Man Should Read This

Peterson's Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y. Dear Sir: I was afflicted with what the doctors said were Varicose Ulicers, and until about five weeks ago I have been treating them for about a year and five months. With all the treatments that were prescribed to me by several doctors I received little benefit, and they kept spreading and gave me much distress and caused me to quit my work. "I know and dozens of people write me," says Peterson of Buffalo, "that Peterson's Ointment also cures eczema, old sores, salt rheum, piles and all skin diseases, and all druggists sell a big box for 50 cents." Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y. Silver Drug Co., will supply you.—Adv.

Wake Forest Supply Co. Wake Forest, N. C.

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Get particulars from our representative at the American Balanced Six Exhibit, and place your subscription before it is too late.

Kindly mail to me further information covering the investment features offered by your company. Name Address

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YOUR HAIR IS GROWING GRAY

Don't Neglect the First Streaks, Hurry and Apply Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer. Stops Dandruff and Falling Hair. Darkens Gray Hair. When you see the first white streak or your hair is lifeless then apply Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer on all your hair and scalp. If your hair is tinged with gray, streaked, wispy, or your hair is entirely gray, Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer will easily restore the even, dark luster of a young girl, making your entire head of hair soft, fluffy, long, thick and evenly dark. Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer is not a dye, but a clean, clear liquid as safe to handle as pure water. It does not cost much to try. You can easily apply it in the privacy of your own room and stop that first sign of gray so no one can tell. Get a bottle of Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer from any druggist or toilet counter. Full directions on each bottle. For sale J. C. Brantley Drug Co. Raleigh, N. C. (Adv.)

30-BIG DEPARTMENT STORES-30 30-STORES WITH MEN'S DEPARTMENTS-30

One-Day Bargain Feast for Men 20% Discount On Any Article in Men's Department FOR TODAY ONLY Friday, April 16th

All Men's Suits, Friday 20% Off. 20% Off on all Men's Underwear. 20% Discount on all Men's Sox, Ties, Collars, Belts. All Men's and Boys' Shirts 20% off Friday, April 16th, for one day only.

Men's New Spring Straw and Felt Hats, 20% Discount for this one day—Friday.

REMEMBER! This sale is for One Day Only. Your opportunity! Hit the H. C. L. a lick!

Hudson-Belk Co. RALEIGH'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORE