

POSSES SEARCHING FOR NEGRO SLAYER OF SHERIFF JOYCE

Another Colored Man Dies From Wounds Received at Walnut Cove On Sunday Night

TRUSTED NEGRO SAVES SECTION FOREMAN'S LIFE

Shot That Ends Life of Popular Stokes County Officer Fired From Within Cold Drink Stand As He and Policeman Matthews Attempted To Arrest Several Colored Men

Winston-Salem, April 19.—Posse directed by Sheriff E. O. Shelton of Stokes county, are scouring the county surrounding Walnut Cove in search of Bunk Hairston, colored, alleged murderer of Ex-Sheriff Red J. Joyce and, according to reports the negro may be taken at any time. It was reported today that Hairston had spent the night at the home of Ben Moore, a colored man, several miles east of Walnut Cove and immediately officers were dispatched to the negroes but the man wanted could not be found.

However, Moore was placed under arrest and is being held pending an investigation. The shot which ended the life of the popular Ex-Sheriff of Stokes was fired from within a cold drink stand, operated by Nick Hairston, a colored man, as he and Policeman J. H. Matthews were attempting to make some arrests and quite a disturbance had been going on around the place. Go To Stop Disturbance.

J. A. Neal, a Southern Railway section foreman, who operated a store near the place, where the shooting occurred, notified the two officers of the disturbance. Upon reaching the scene Matthews and Sheriff Joyce attempted to arrest Billie Covington and Bunk Hairston, two colored men. Two men, according to reports, refused to put up their hands and backed off into a side room to the cold drink stand. Matthews had reached the inside of the room and was being beaten over the head by the negroes when Neal entered to assist him. Neal states that as soon as he got on the inside of the room two pistols leveled at him, one at his chest and the other lower on his body. Acting quickly he grabbed the barrels of both weapons and pushed them downwards just as they were fired. Neal, with almost superhuman strength, wrenched both pistols from the hands that held them and ran to the outside of the building, Matthews followed him.

Neal saves his life. Mr. Neal states that he might have been killed after he secured both pistols but he did not have time to do so. A colored man, who had worked for him for ten years rushing in and helping to push the negroes off. Just about the time Neal got hold of the pistols Policeman Matthews was shot through the neck. About the time Policeman Matthews received his wound Ex-Sheriff Joyce was seen to run down the street a short distance and fell.

When it was found that he had been shot friends hurried him to a doctor's house, but he died before medical aid could be rendered. It is said that Policeman Matthews saw Bunk Hairston fire the shot that killed Ex-Sheriff Joyce. Reports indicate that the Ex-Sheriff had never gotten inside of the room, he being shot in front of the door. He never spoke after he was picked up.

Billie Covington, one of the negroes shot, lived about an hour after the battle, and it is said, told his father, Salem Covington, that he would find his pistol between the mattress and the springs of an old bed in the back of the cold drink stand. Officers found the weapon at the place mentioned, several of the chambers being empty with indications that it had been recently fired.

FIFTEEN KILLED AND MANY HURT IN TORNADO

Little Rock, Ark., April 19.—The number known to have been killed in tornadoes which struck northwestern Arkansas late last night, stood at fifteen tonight, with at least twenty known to have been seriously injured. All means of communication with the storm-swept regions were badly crippled and delayed reports were expected to increase the list of casualties.

One of the tornadoes, of which there apparently were two twisted in a winding path about 100 yards wide through Franklin, Johnson, Logan and Yell counties, while the other wrought destruction in Boone county, from which few reports have been received.

MORRISON URGES VOTERS TO SUPPORT DEMOCRATS

Candidate For Governor Opens His Campaign in Eastern North Carolina

Whiteville, April 19.—In a speech during the noon recess of the Columbus County Superior Court here today Cameron Morrison, candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination urged the voters of North Carolina to stand by the Democratic party which has proven itself through years of service and which insures just government for all classes.

While Mr. Morrison's speech was in behalf of his candidate for Governor he devoted the greater part of it to an appeal to Democrats to stand by their party and to a review of the accomplishments of the party. He referred to the organization of many classes as perfectly all right for business purposes but he reminded that the political party is founded on principles of government made up of all classes for the just government of all classes and not one particular class.

He warned that unless the people stick to their party danger exists of class government which, he declared, would be but little better than despotic government. Mr. Morrison declared that if he received the Democratic nomination he would stand ready to meet John J. Parker, the Republican candidate, on every stump in North Carolina. To pointed out the sophistry of Candidate Parker's speech at Chapel Hill.

ALLIES NOT TO COMPLY WITH WILSON'S PROPOSALS

Reply To President's Note On Turkish Problem Says Turks Must Stay

Washington, April 19.—The allied reply to President Wilson's Turkish note is expected by diplomatic officials here to point out that without the acceptance by the United States of responsibility for part of the burden of the solution of the Turkish question the allies have found it impossible to adopt the President's suggestions; that the Turks be driven out of Europe. The allies have taken the position, it was said, that the evicting of the Sultan from Constantinople was impossible without the assumption by some power preferably the United States, of the obligation for the protection of Constantinople and contiguous Turkish territory. For economic and political reasons officials said choice of any other power than the United States was precluded and since the United States has refused the proposed mandate over Turkey, no other solution than to leave the Turks in Constantinople under inter-allied control was possible.

MOB IN KANSAS LYNCHES NEGRO FOR AN ATTACK

Hang Him To Telegraph Pole After Finding White Girl With Throat Slashed

Pittsburg, Kan., April 19.—A mob estimated to have numbered 1,000 persons late today surrounded the jail at Mulberry, near here, seized a negro, identified as having attacked a young white girl this morning and hanged him to a telephone pole and the mob made no attempt to molest a white youth who, with the negro, was captured by a posse late today.

Immediately after the lynching the youth was removed from the jail by the authorities who did not announce their destination. The attack upon the young woman occurred while she was on her way to Mulberry from her home near that place. She was found tied to two trees by a small boy who was playing in the vicinity. Her throat was slashed. According to physicians, she probably will recover.

A DEPLOABLE AFFAIR SAYS ARKANSAS GOVERNOR

Little Rock, Ark., April 19.—Governor Brough, of Arkansas, commenting tonight on the lynching of a negro by a mob at Mulberry, Kan., termed the affair deplorable.

Referring to the refusal recently of Governor Allen, of Kansas, to permit the return to Arkansas for trial of Robert L. Hill, alleged leader of the negro uprising near Elaine, Phillips county, Governor Brough said: "It would seem that the record of the officers and people of Phillips county, in preventing mob violence in the face of great provocation is much more creditable than that of the people in some parts of Kansas."

RESUME ON LAST ROAD IN NEW YORK CITY

Start Trains Through Tubes of Hudson and Manhattan To Jersey City

HEAD OF OUTLAW STRIKE IN CHICAGO IS JAILED

While Traffic Conditions in West Approach Normal New Menace Comes In Threat of 35,000 Freight Handlers To Strike; Railway Clerks To Confer

New York, April 19.—Traffic through the tubes of the Hudson and Manhattan railroad between New York and Jersey City the last branch of railroad service in the metropolitan district to break the barrier of the outlaw strike of railroad employes was resumed between 4 o'clock this afternoon and 7 o'clock tonight. At the latter hour the trains were stopped for the night and announcement made that service would be resumed tomorrow morning.

JOHN GRUNAU PLACED IN COUNTY JAIL AT JOLIET

Chicago, Ill., April 19.—John Grunau, president of the "Outlaw Chicago Yardmen's association" was taken to the county jail at Joliet today by Federal officers after he had refused to give \$10,000 bond on a charge of violating the Lever act, for which he was arrested last Thursday with 24 other strike leaders. Federal officers said Grunau had violated his promise to remain away from union meetings.

Following the issuing of new warrants last night for ten strike leaders, District Attorney Clynne indicated that 25 others would be served on men who succeeded to the officers vacated by leaders arrested. Harold E. Reading, an officer of the Engineers' association, who was rearrested last night, in DuPage county jail at Wheaton. He refused to give bond for his release. The case will be heard on April 24th.

While the railroads announced today that traffic conditions in Chicago were approaching normal, a new menace to railroad service came in the form of a strike threat from 35,000 freight handlers and railroad clerks.

George A. Warren, chairman of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks on the Chicago and Northwestern, said a delegation of workers would confer with railroad heads on a demand for an increase in wages. If the demands were not met a strike vote would then be taken, Warren said.

At the national headquarters of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks in Cincinnati, it was announced that no strike vote had been authorized.

Eugene C. Esty, until a few days ago, a leader in the Chicago rail strike, was indicted by the grand jury today charged with "influencing others to injure railroads."

WAYNE SHERIFF ENGAGES IN RUNNING PISTOL DUEL

Negro Convict Captured After An Exciting Chase By Several Officers

Golesboro, April 19.—In a running pistol duel here this afternoon Sheriff R. H. Edwards, Deputy Sheriff Thad Howell and Patrolman Langston, Floyd Winn, an escaped negro convict, was shot down and captured after an exciting chase. It is not thought the negro's wounds will prove fatal.

HIGH POINT WRESTLER STABS HIMSELF AT HOME

High Point, April 19.—Dock Hardy, one of the best wrestlers that ever went on the mat, having defeated all comers, in and around High Point, was taken to the High Point hospital this morning in a serious condition as a result of a stab in the stomach, apparently self-inflicted. Hospital attendants said this afternoon there was no change in his condition. There are many conflicting reports as to the manner in which the wound was inflicted and it has been impossible to get authentic information.

Str Killed In Explosion. Allentown, Pa., April 19.—Six men were killed and three seriously injured at Oradford today by the premature explosion of a dynamite blast charge in the quarry of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company.

RALEIGH AVIATOR MEETS DEATH IN JAMAICA BAY

Lieut. Richard W. Thompson Drowned in First Flight Alone in Seaplane

New York, April 18.—Lieut. Richard W. Thompson, 25 years old, of Raleigh, N. C., attached to the United States Naval Air Station at Rockaway Point, was drowned in Jamaica Bay this afternoon. He was making a hydro-airplane flight over the Bay when his machine became disabled and fell in the water. The plane, a complete wreck, was dragged ashore. Thompson's body has not been recovered tonight. Thompson is the son of Francis J. Thompson, of Raleigh, N. C.

Lieutenant Thompson was the son of Mr. Francis J. Thompson, 300 Jackson street, who last night received notification of his son's death from the Navy Department.

The young man was born in Passaic, N. J., eleven miles west of New York, in 1892, but came to Raleigh with his father, following his high school training. About ten years ago he was engaged as office assistant to Mr. E. M. Uzzell. In 1910, he enlisted in the navy and in 1916 with the outbreak of the war, he was assigned to the Pensacola Air Station. In January, 1917, he went overseas with the first consignment of men on the Jupiter, served throughout the war, in the navy air service surviving an injury he received in a fall when his thigh was shattered.

SUFFRAGE BEFORE COURT THIS WEEK

Constitutionality of Ohio Ratification To Be Argued Before Tribunal

The New and Observer Bureau, 603 District National Bank Bldg., By R. E. POWELL. (By Special License Wire.)

Washington, D. C., April 19.—The constitutionality of Ohio's ratification of the Susan B. Anthony suffrage amendment will be argued before the supreme court this week, and upon the decision will hang the fate of the amendment unless additional states ratify. It is expected that Delaware will ratify the amendment, making the 36th state. The suffrage writers want the favorable action of Louisiana and North Carolina in order to give a safe margin in case the Ohio ratification is ruled out by the highest court in the land.

Lectures At University. Eugene E. Hartley, chief statistician for Manufacturers of the Bureau of the Census, is to deliver an address Tuesday before the newly organized school of commerce of the University of North Carolina, of which Dean D. D. Carroll is the head. Mr. Hartley, who is a former citizen of Statesville, is to discuss the relation and value of the United States Census to business.

The act of Congress, approved March 3, 1919, provides for a biennial census of production hereafter instead of one taken at five year intervals as has heretofore been done. This is a matter of the utmost importance not only to the industrial interests of the country, but to the students of political and social science as well. As chief statistician for manufacturers of the census bureau, Mr. Hartley will be able to give a first hand account of the bureau's activities along the line of presenting industrial statistics and a discussion as to the value and application of these industrial statistics to the manufacturers of the United States.

Building Biggest Navy. The most powerful Navy in the world is being constructed by the United States with the addition of her battleship program is the belief of Representative Britten, Republican, of Illinois, a member of the House Naval affairs committee.

The Illinois Congressman has just completed a comparative study of the navies of the world with that of this country, and with the co-operation of the office of naval intelligence of the Navy Department, interesting figures have been brought forward.

"I think I can prove without fear of successful contradiction that in first line 20,000 ton ships of at least 20-knot speed the United States now has in being or building the most powerful navy in all the world," comments Representative Britten.

It is expected that Mr. Britten will utilize the information which he has secured a basis for a speech in the House at an early date. Among the facts brought forth by Mr. Britten, a summary is made:

It is interesting to note that the launching of our first 20,000 ton battleship (North Dakota) immediately followed by the Delaware and Utah in 1909, Great Britain launched her Neptune of 20,500 tons, so that we each started off to build dreadnaughts about 11 years ago.

In subsequent years when the United States was laying down but one ship or two per annum, Great Britain was launching from five to eight ships whose tonnage varied from 20,000 to 28,500.

During the years 1916, 1917 and 1918 the United States has made tremendous strides in battleship authorizations with the result that 1923 will see the American Navy the predominant navy of the world and capable of defeating the navies of any three nations combined, excepting Great Britain, Delaware, and Utah, (leaving out the South Carolina and Michigan because of their light tonnage, although they each carry eight big guns.) It is found that we built and building all of which were built and building, all of which will be available in 1923, when Great Britain will have 35 ships of same character.

NEW YORK ADOPTS OVERALLS AS ITS MOST POPULAR FAD

Supported By Prominent Men and Women It Becomes Movement of Moment

GAINING CONVERTS BY HUNDREDS IN GOTHAM

Several Hundred Backers March Through Principal Theatrical District; Will Be Made in Latest Styles To Accommodate Fastidious Men; Will Cause Small Trouble

New York, April 19.—Supported by many prominent men and women, the overalls and gingham movement continued to gain converts here tonight. Heads of business concerns officials and actors donned blue denim or calico and announced their intentions of backing the campaign. Jacob Luft, president of the Gettel Chemical Company, declared 1,200 employes of his concern had agreed to wear overalls and that he will encourage workers in six other factories in which he is interested to join the movement.

Several hundred backers of the movement this evening marched through the theatrical district, singing and urging spectators to don blue denim and join the parade. Many of the paraders were members of clubs or students in schools. Members of the Rotary and Cheese clubs also were in the procession. After the parade many of the marchers attended a musical comedy at which a special performance was given, the chorus appearing in overalls. Tomorrow night actors and members of the row night members of the Cheese Club, an organization of newspaper writers, and press agents will attend a Broadway cabaret. No silk hats or top coats will be permitted to be worn.

Men who have refrained from joining overalls clubs here because of the styles prevailing in the loose garments will have an opportunity of purchasing suits of denims in the latest fashion, according to announcements by a firm of theatrical costumers. A number of suits of the latest styles have been made, as well as models of gingham and calico for women.

Girls employed as stenographers, clerks and secretaries by the Serbian Child Welfare Organization today organized a "middy" club. The girls expressed the intention of replacing georgette and other expensive waists with middy blouses and of wearing cotton skirts.

Adoption of overalls and gingham dresses as substitutes for higher priced clothing will not bring lower prices, but will serve only to throw many small merchants into bankruptcy, David N. More, executive director of the Associated Dress Industries of America, declared today. Increased labor and production are the requisites needed to solve the high cost of clothing and other necessities, he said.

An attempt to profit by overalls dealers will be met by Federal prosecution under the Lever act, Federal agents declared. It is charged Saturday by a representative of the Knights of Columbus, that second-hand army overalls sold by the government for 16 cents a pair are being offered at three dollars.

REVOLUTION IN SONORA RAPIDLY GAINS GROUND

Independent State Government Guarantees To Protect Commercial Interests

Agua Prieta, Sonora, April 19.—The revolutionary movement of Sonora against President Carranza is gaining ground rapidly, the military headquarters here report. General J. M. Pino, commander of the Sonora troops in this district, announced General Francisco Urbalejo, with his Carranza forces at Santa Rosalia, Chihuahua, had revolted and would take the field for the Sonora movement. Urbalejo was reported to have four hundred Yaqui Indians under his command. Unconfirmed reports of the revolt by other Carranza troops in Chihuahua also were received it was said.

Military headquarters at Hermosillo also sent out a report today that the troops of General Aguirre Flores were continuing their march toward Mazatlan, an important West Coast port of Mexico.

From Nogales, Sonora, came the report that the Independent state government of Sonora, through its secretary of state, had issued a statement guaranteeing protection to all commercial interests in Sonora. Sonora's chief force to oppose President Carranza on the Chihuahua frontier will be Yaqui and Mayo Indians, it was said. Heavy concentration of the Indians is being made here to attack the forces of the Mexican president, according to the announcement of General Pino.

Ushaw Wins Convert.

Washington, April 19.—The "wear-overalls movement" started in Congress Saturday by Representative Uphaw, Democrat, Georgia, appeared today to have won over only one convert. A House doorkeeper appeared in blue denim.

Pay 46 Per Cent Dividend. Chicago, Ill., April 19.—Directors of Sears Roebuck & Company, a mail order house, today voted a forty per cent stock dividend to be paid July 15 to stockholders so record June 15.

POLICE COMMISSIONER FACES TRIAL IN GOTHAM

Police Detectives Testify That He Was Found In Compromising Position

New York, April 19.—Augustus Drum Porter, who was third deputy police commissioner, until his recent indictment on charges of neglect of duty, was found in a compromising position with a woman November 12, last, in a raided upper West side apartment, police detectives testified at his trial here today.

Hilbert Wheelwright, a member of the "vice squad" for two years prior to his transfer last March to patrol duty, declared that he and two other plain clothes men saw Third Deputy Commissioner Porter enter a West 90th street apartment, accompanied by a woman dressed in deep mourning. Wheelwright testified that he and Fred Sarger, a plain clothes man, later entered the apartment by way of the fire escape. The door to the room having been fastened by a hook inside. There, he said, he found Porter and the same woman.

The trial of Mr. Porter is the first in the "vice war" between Assistant District Attorney Smith and the police department. The trial of the former deputy commissioner will be followed immediately by that of Inspector Dominick Henry, of the "tenement-lore," indicted in connection with his administration of that district. Three detectives who operated there under him will also be tried later.

COURT DECLARES BOARD CAN'T REQUIRE REPORTS

Federal Trade Commission Joined Against Securing Coal Production Reports

Washington, April 19.—The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia ruled today that the Federal Trade Commission was without authority to enforce its order requiring monthly reports of production costs from coal mine companies and other industries.

In granting the application of the Maynard Coal Company, of Kentucky and Ohio, for an injunction to restrain the commission from proceeding to collect a penalty of \$100 a day for every day of failure to report, Justice Bailey declared that the powers the commission sought were "vast and unprecedented," and beyond the provinces of Congress to convey.

The court's decision affects virtually every mining and manufacturing company in the country, it was said tonight by corporation lawyers. The order calling for reports was issued by the commission in January.

Justice Bailey held that if the business of the concern from which production costs reports were demanded was entirely an interstate commerce, the commission's claim of authority might be valid, but that in the Maynard case the commission obviously was demanding information from a company whose business was both intra and interstate.

The vital power of Congress is limited to that part of the business over which it has control and which, under the constitution, it has power to regulate," the decision said.

VETERAN TELEGRAPHER DIES IN PETERSBURG

B. W. Stark, Manager of Western Union in Raleigh For Twenty-Five Years

Petersburg, Va., April 19.—B. W. Stark, 81 years of age, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Petersburg, died at his home here early today. His body will be taken to Raleigh for burial.

Bolling W. Stark, who died at Petersburg early yesterday, was well known to the older residents of Raleigh, having been manager of the local office of the Western Union Telegraph Company for more than 25 years. He left Raleigh for Petersburg, the city of his birth, in the early eighties.

Mr. Stark was the father of Mrs. M. B. Newson, of 112 New Bern avenue, this city, who, with several other daughters, sons and grandchildren, survive.

The body of Mr. Stark will reach Raleigh today and burial will take place Wednesday afternoon. Funeral arrangements, which had not been completed late last night, will be announced later.

BOARD REFUSES TO HEAR STRIKERS IN REGARD TO WAGES

Representatives of Employes Who Walked Out To Present Written Protest

BEGIN HEARINGS TODAY ON WAGE CONTROVERSY

Railway Labor Body Will Proceed With Wage Dispute Involving Claims of Nearly Two Million Men; Heads of Four Brotherhoods and Chairman of Railway Executives Attend

Washington, D. C., April 19.—Under the refusal of the Railroad labor board to hear them today, Representatives of the railroad strike announced that they would present written complaints together with demands for a "living wage" to the board which tomorrow will begin formal hearing of the big wage controversy.

The board flatly declined to "receive, entertain or consider" complaints from strikers, declaring it would only hear those who were adopting every reasonable means of avoiding interruption of railroad service.

The board will proceed with the wage dispute involving claims of nearly two million men which failed of adjustment when the bi-partisan board ceased to function April first. Heads of the four brotherhoods and the chairman of the association of railway executives, all of whom were present today, will attend.

Timothy Shea, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Firemen and Enginemen, said tonight that speedy settlement would be urged. Refusal of the board to hear strikers, Shea said, would have effect of sending all of the strikers back to work, many of whom had been led astray he thought in the belief that the board might recognize them.

Delegations claiming to represent railroad men of all crafts in various cities who have "quit work" appeared at the offices of the board today demanding assurances of a "substantial guarantee of increased wages," which they said would send strikers back to work. They claimed an "unofficial" association, they said, known as the "Railroad Workers of America," insisting that they still retained their membership in the recognized unions, since they had not struck, but had only "gone on a vacation."

After adopting rules of procedure for hearing disputes, the board admitted several delegations.

Immediate protest was entered by W. N. Dunk, vice president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, who contended that the officers of the 15 railroad organizations present, representing the men unless they had quit their jobs, in which case they were no longer employees of the railroads, or members of the recognized unions.

General dissatisfaction with the board's action was expressed by the railroad workers. Edward McHugh, representing strikers in New York and New Jersey, declared that he would continue his efforts to obtain some assurance of an increase from the board, adding that 8,000 men in the New York district would not go back to work until such assurance was received.

TURKISH TREATY WILL BE DRAFTED IN LONDON

Allied Council Decides Upon General Form at Meeting in San Remo, Italy

San Remo, April 19.—The Turkish treaty was approved by the Allied council today in the general form in which it was drawn by the council of foreign ministers in London. Changes were made in two points, but these were not disclosed. It was decided to request the Turkish plenipotentiaries to present themselves in London on May 14 to receive the treaty.

Food Prices Unchanged.

Washington, April 19.—The cost of living, as represented by prices of twenty-two articles of food, remained virtually unchanged during the month ending March 15, the Department of Labor's bureau of labor statistics reported today. Figures made public showed that the cost of the 22 articles of food was only six-fifths of one per cent below the cost of the same articles in January when prices reached a high water mark.

Wholesale prices of commodities other than food, the statistics showed, were higher in March than in any previous month. Lumber and building materials increased more than eight per cent over February. Only cloth and clothing showed a small net decrease. Clothing prices, however, have increased sixty-four per cent over March, 1919.