

THE WEATHER:

Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy, probably showers.

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SIMS ROBS CREWS OF THEIR CREDIT FOR SINKING SUBS

Admiral Left It Entirely To British Admiralty To Make The Awards

ENGLISH LESS CRITICAL OF THEIR OWN DEEDS

Secretary Doesn't Blame British But Not Surprised America Gets Little Credit For Sinking U-Boats; Nails Admiral's Charge of War Being Prolonged

Washington, May 14.—Rear Admiral Sims robbed American destroyers crews of credit due them by leaving the investigation of combats with submarines to the British Admiralty, Secretary Daniels today told the Senate naval investigating committee. Had he known that American officers were not reviewing the circumstances of battles between American vessels and U-boats he would have peremptorily ordered the Admiral to adopt that course, the Secretary said.

Admiralty reports and awards of credit to the Americans were accepted by Admiral Sims, Mr. Daniels said, although the British demanded absolutely conclusive proof before giving credit for the sinking of a submarine in the case of an American vessel, while using a less rigorous standard in the case of British ships.

Little Credit To America. Out of 256 attacks on submarines by American vessels, the British gave the United States force credit for but 24 successful attacks most of which were listed as "possibly slightly damaged."

In explaining why so few credits were given for known sinkings the summary compiled by Admiral Sims states that "unless prisoners or unmistakable wreckage were obtained following an attack it was practically impossible to definitely determine the results."

Admiral Sims' own reports refuted the charge made in his letter of January 7, that destroyers were "rushed through brief and inadequate preparation before being sent abroad," the Secretary said. He read extracts from Admiral Sims' reports as follows:

"Our ships made no demands of consequence upon the navy yard facilities after arriving, in spite of the length of their passage under adverse conditions."

"Contrary to expectations they were found to be well equipped for their prospective duty with the exception of 'depth charges.'"

"The equipment and construction of our ships has proved adequate and efficient."

RALEIGH'S POPULATION TO BE ANNOUNCED TONIGHT

At last it's to happen. Raleigh's population is to be announced to a waiting world promptly at 9 o'clock tonight. Director Sam Rogers was down some time ago and facetiously remarked that he came to find out what Raleigh wanted in the way of population. He knew, however, as other North Carolinians know, that Raleigh boasts not of quantity but of the quality of her people, being perfectly willing to put the latter up against the world.

SENATE WILL VOTE RESOLUTION TODAY

Adoption and Subsequent Veto By President Assured, Leaders State

Washington, May 14.—Arrangements for the Senate vote tomorrow at 4 p. m. on the Republican peace resolution were completed tonight, with its adoption and a veto later by President Wilson foregone conclusions, according to leaders of both parties.

Democratic estimates were that the resolution would have a majority of from five to seven votes, depending on whether another Republican joins Senator McCumber of North Dakota, in opposition. At least four Democrats were expected to vote with Republican for adoption.

The President's veto message is expected to define more clearly the campaign issue on the question of peace and the treaty of Versailles. Democratic leaders tonight predicted that the treaty would not be returned to the Senate with the veto message but that the President would outline more extensively his position in the veto message and thus let matters go "to the country."

The President's position given in his telegram to Oregon Democrats was attacked today by Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri, who spoke for more than two hours in behalf of the peace resolution. Senator Reed indicated that strong opposition would develop at the San Francisco convention against the President's demands.

Senator Reed spoke at length on what he characterized as the "silly doctrine that the President by his word alone can bind the nation."

OFFICERS SEARCH FOR GANG OF MOONSHINERS

Anderson Gang in Mountains Capture Officers and Torture Them

Asheville, May 14.—Heavily armed possees from the United States marshal's office and the sheriff's office here are tonight searching the mountains near Barnardville for members of the Anderson gang of moonshiners, who last night captured and locked up Deputy Sheriff Ed Williams when the two, with others, were about to seize an illicit still near their homes.

GROCCERS CAN'T COMPEL COMBINATION SELLING

St. Louis, May 14.—The practice of some grocers in requiring that a certain amount of other commodities be purchased with each pound of sugar is a violation of the Federal Trade Commission act, according to instructions received from Attorney General Palmer by the local Department of Justice today.

SENATOR JIM REED RAISES QUESTION ABOUT PRESIDENT

Missouri Senator Claims Wilson Would Like To See Overman Defeated

SPECULATION WITHOUT ANY SOLID FOUNDATION

Secretary Tumulty Says President's Oregon Letter Just What It Purported To Be; Answered Question and Had Nothing To Do With Senator Chamberlain's Election

The News and Observer Bureau 603 District National Bank Bldg. By R. E. POWELL (By Special Licensed Wire)

Washington, May 14.—Senator James A. Reed, one of the three Democrats who are most conspicuous because of their fight against the treaty and their attendant attacks upon the administration, today raised the question of President Wilson's influence in the Overman-Brooks contest because the junior North Carolina Senator, like many other Democrats, voted for some of the Lodge reservations to the Versailles pact.

Senator Reed was speaking on the Knox peace resolution, upon which a vote is to be taken tomorrow, when he referred to the North Carolina contest. The particular signal for the line of argument he advanced today was the recent letter President Wilson wrote to the Oregon Democrats calling upon them to send delegates to San Francisco instructed to vote for a treaty plank to be written by friends of the treaty rather than its enemies.

The Missouri Senator, like other Senators, has assailed the President's letter and attributed to the Chief Executive a purpose to bring about the defeat of Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon. It so happened that the letter the President wrote to the Oregonians was in response to a query from Chamberlain's political enemy. Because of this, Reed charged him with a desire to use his influence in having Chamberlain retired and another Democrat sent here in his place.

The President has made no further statement about his letter. Secretary Tumulty a few days ago stated to newspaper correspondents that the letter was exactly what it purported to be—the answer to a question—and nothing more. For the President, he disclaimed any purpose to interfere in Senator Chamberlain's contest.

The Oregon situation is responsible for the suggestion which Reed advanced today that the President Wilson will either ask the people to defeat the Senators who voted for any of the Lodge reservations or, at least, refrain from asking their respective constituencies to return them to Congress.

In Senator Overman's case, however, there is little basis for the suggestion that he will attempt to use his influence one way or the other. The junior North Carolina Senator only voted for two of the original Lodge reservations, the one referring to mandates and the other to Shantung.

Like other Democrats, Senator Overman did not think this country should exercise a mandate over other countries like Turkey or Armenia save by Congressional authority. The seventeenth reservation, which Senator Overman supported, is generally known as the one in which "we washed our hands of Shantung" and was, of course, one in which the President was especially interested.

PAGE URGES EFFORT TO IMPROVE RURAL LIFE

Asheville, May 14.—Robert N. Page spoke at the court house last night in the interest of his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Governor. His declaration of views was heard with thoughtful interest. Mr. Page stressed the need of good roads and the application of efficient business methods to state affairs, incidentally predicting \$20 a barrel flour this year and in a few years people would be crying for bread.

CHATTAHOOGA TO GET NEXT MEETING OF BAPTIST HOSTS

Committee Recommends Tennessee City For Next Southern Convention

WILL PROVIDE ANNUITIES FOR RETIRED PASTORS

Birmingham and Hot Springs To Make Strong Fight For Convention But Lack Suitable Facilities; General Secretaries Re-elected; Women Close Meeting

Washington, May 14.—Recommendations that Chattanooga, Tenn., be chosen as the meeting place for the 78th annual Southern Baptist Convention next year was made tonight by the committee on arrangements.

Action upon the recommendation was postponed until tomorrow morning when the report of the committee will be considered. The time selected by the committee for the next convention is May 11, 1921, and the choice of preachers to deliver the convention sermon went to Dr. H. L. Winburn, of Arkansas, Arkansas, with Dr. R. M. Inlow, of Memphis, Tenn., as an alternate.

The committee in recommending Chattanooga asked that the selection of a convention city be made contingent upon a favorable report by the executive committee upon hotel accommodations and convention building facilities six months prior to the date set.

Spirited debate upon the committee's report is expected tomorrow, as messengers from Birmingham, Ala., and Hot Springs, Ark., are determined to bring the convention to their own cities. Hot Springs, however, is objected to on the ground that it has no suitable convention buildings and Birmingham, it is said, lacks sufficient hotel accommodations.

Relief For Ministers. Baptist ministers of the South were insured against want in their declining days by the Southern Baptist Convention today in the adoption of the recommendations of its relief and annuity board presented by Dr. William Lunsford, of Dallas, Texas, providing an annuity for preachers when they reached the age of retirement. Dr. Lunsford, Dr. John E. White, of Anderson, S. C., and Dr. S. J. Porter, of Oklahoma City, Okla., urged the adoption of the relief measure.

At the suggestion of Dr. B. C. Henning, of Murfreesboro, Tenn., the convention directed its president, Dr. Gamble, to appoint a committee to attend the memorial services to be held in Alexandria, Va., Sunday in honor of Grenville Moore, a pioneer Baptist of George Washington's time, who laid the foundation for the Baptist Federation in the National Capital. A resolution to urge upon Southern Congressmen the need of a Sunday closing law for Washington by Dr. E. B. Jackson, of Alexandria, Va., was unanimously carried. The resolution recites "the vital importance of observing the day as a civil institution in this critical period of our National history."

Instructions were given Dr. J. B. Gambrell and Dr. E. Y. Mullen, of Louisville, Ky., to visit Baptists in all parts of the world and carry greetings and a message of love from the convention. The expenses of the tour are to be met from private sources.

Women Elect Officers. Growth of the Baptist student missionary movement in the South was reported by Dr. A. L. Aulick, of Fort Worth, Texas, who told the convention that there are now 30,000 students in the Baptist schools of the South. Baptist students in seven states, he said, have perfected organizations and hold their own conventions. General Secretaries of the convention boards were elected as follows: Dr. J. F. Love, of Richmond, Foreign Mission Board; Dr. B. D. Gray, Atlanta, Ga., Home Mission Board; Dr. I. J. Van Ness, Nashville, Tenn., Sunday School Board; Dr. William Lunsford, Dallas, Texas, Relief and Annuity Board; Dr. J. T. Henderson, Knoxville, Tenn., Laymen's Missionary Movement, and Dr. W. C. James, Richmond, Va., Baptist Education Board.

Continuation of American aid to Armenia was urged upon the convention by Dr. G. E. Webb, of New York, who declared that unless the relief work of this nation was kept going, thousands would die of starvation within a week.

Wilson's Veto Is Sustained

By Record Vote in House

Republicans Roll Up 170 Ballots to Overcome But Democrats Muster 127 Votes For Wilson's Position On Legislative Appropriation Bill; Senate Won't Have Chance to Vote.

Washington, May 14.—President Wilson's veto of the legislative appropriation bill containing an infringement of executive authority was sustained in the House today against the effort of the Republican majority to override it.

Though aided by a handful of Democrats, the Republicans failed by 28 votes to obtain the necessary two-thirds majority to repeal the bill over the President's disapproval. The measure then went back to the appropriations committee for elimination of the section objected to and will be returned to the House on Monday for passage in its modified form.

The Republicans rolled up 170 votes to overcome the veto, but the Democrats cast 127 votes to sustain the President. The vote carried with it a denial of opportunity for the Senate to attempt off-setting the veto, for the House without the provision relating to powers of the joint committee on printing, at which the veto was aimed.

While the House was considering the question, Senator Smoot, of Utah, author of the provision and chairman of the joint committee, told the Senate that the President had been misinformed as to the effect of the provision which would have given the committee control of all government publications. Roger Babson, formerly connected with the committee on public information, and others attacking the joint committee, were accused by Mr. Smoot of having misled the President.

Chairman Good, of the appropriations committee, declared that 153 publications would be compelled to cease next June 30, and the blame, he said, would rest entirely with the President. Representative Brynes, Democrat, of Tennessee, replied that the blame would be with Congress for failing to authorize the continuance of the publications. Representative Sisson, of Mississippi, was the only Democrat to urge that the veto be voted down. He contended that Congress had not exceeded its authority in adopting the provision because of its constitutional power to limit expenditures. In the vote, however, Representatives Gallivan and Olney, both of Massachusetts; Evans, of Nevada, and Lee, of California, joined the Republicans, as did Representative Randall, of California, prohibitionist, and Representative Keller, independent, of Minnesota.

Hoover Talks On SUGAR SHORTAGE

Former Food Administrator Expects World Shortage To Continue Sometime

Washington, D. C., May 14.—Herbert Hoover, former food administrator and candidate for the Republican nomination for President, gave his views to Congress today on the sugar and industrial situations.

Appearing before a House committee investigating the sugar situation, Mr. Hoover declared that the world shortage of the product was likely to continue two or three years. The pressing need was rationing, he said, with immediate government action to control the supply through commercial, not legalistic methods.

REBELS EXPECT TO TAKE CARRANZA IN SHORT WHILE NOW

Capture of Deposed President Only Question of Few Hours, It Is Stated

GENERAL OREGON SEEMS TO HAVE THE UPPER HAND

Extra Session of Mexican Congress Called To Select Provisional Executive Until Regular President Can Be Selected; Plenty of Candidates For Job

El Paso, Tex., May 14.—With the fate of President Carranza still in doubt, Mexican telegraph officials from Juarez to Mexico City tonight were said to be making strenuous efforts to handle the almost overwhelming mass of government and press messages presented to their offices for transmission.

The latest official word received up to a late hour today was from General Obregon, former candidate for the presidency of the republic, who reported to Luis Montes de Oca, revolutionary consul here, that President Carranza's capture was only a matter of hours, and that a train of six hundred soldiers of the president's escort had been captured by forces under General Guadalupe Sanchez, said to be one of Obregon's strongest supporters in Vera Cruz.

PLAN TAXATION OF STOCK DIVIDENDS

Republican Members of Congress Agree On New Plan To Raise Bonds

Washington, May 14.—Taxation of stock dividends was virtually agreed today by a majority of the Republican members of the House ways and means committee as a new plan for raising part of the money to pay the cost of proposed soldier relief legislation. Final action is expected to be taken tomorrow, committee men said.

Two Candidates Join HANDS IN REVOLUTION

Washington, May 14.—Further indications that Pablo Gonzalez and Alvaro Obregon, former candidates for the presidency and now jointly occupying Mexico City, are working in accord was contained in a report to the State Department today. Both have published statements endorsing Antonio Villareal for Provisional President. An extra session of the Mexican congress has been called to name a provisional executive who, under the terms of the published program of the revolutionists, will assume the action of a President and serve until December 31, when the new President should assume the office.

Adolfo de la Huerta, preliminary chief of the Revolution, was expected to arrive in the capital next week and take charge of affairs until the Provisional President is named. The support given Villareal's candidacy was of peculiar interest to American officials because of its possible indication of the character of the proposed government.

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