

WAKE FOREST ENDS SUCCESSFUL YEAR

Honorary Degrees Conferred Upon President Chase and Judge E. Y. Webb

BACCALAUREATE ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT POTEAU

Largest Class in History of Baptist College Receives Diplomas; Two Ministers, Alumni of Institution, Receive Honorary Degrees; Alumni Promise Support

By ROBERT E. WILLIAMS (Staff Correspondent)

Wake Forest, May 28.—The conferring of academic and honorary degrees this morning brought to a close the most successful commencement in the history of Wake Forest College.

The commencement was noteworthy in a number of respects. The graduating class was by far the largest in the history of the college, and a Wake Forest commencement has seldom attracted so large a number of visitors and alumni. The General Alumni Association held the largest meeting in its history and embarked on a program, which, it is believed, will insure more united support from the alumni throughout the State than the college has ever received heretofore.

The board of trustees at their annual meeting received reports of gifts to the college totaling \$640,000, and adopted a building program which calls for an immediate expenditure of a quarter of a million dollars. Wake Forest has always prided itself upon the quality of its oratory and the commencement speakers have always been selected with great care, but the addresses delivered by Dr. A. Clarence Dixie at the commencement which has just closed, are considered among the best ever heard here.

Honorary Degrees Conferred.

Four honorary degrees were bestowed this morning. The degree of doctor of laws, honoris causa, was conferred upon Dr. Harry Woodburn Chase, president of the University of North Carolina, and Judge Edwin Yates Webb, of the United States district court for the district of Western North Carolina.

Dean Timberlake, in presenting Judge Webb for the degree referred to in his long and distinguished career in Congress. Judge Webb is an alumnus of the college of the class of 1893, and has served on the board of trustees for a number of years. Dr. Chase graduated from Dartmouth College in 1904, and received the M.A. degree from the same college in 1908. He received the Ph.D. degree from Clark University in 1910. He became professor of psychology at the University of North Carolina in 1910 and remained in that position until the death of President Graham, in 1918.

By a strange coincidence the two men elected by the trustees to receive the degree of doctor of divinity, Rev. J. Clyde Turner, of Greensboro, and Rev. W. Francis Powell, of Asheville, were both graduates from Wake Forest at the same time, being members of the class of 1899.

Academic Degrees Conferred. A total of 101 academic degrees were conferred. The college authorities consider the large graduating class, which comprises practically twenty per cent of the enrollment for the year, as evidence that Wake Forest has, to a large extent, solved the problem created by men dropping out of college before the completion of their courses. A number of the men who graduated this year returned to college to complete courses interrupted by the war.

Academic degrees were conferred upon the following: Master of arts—C. E. Black, E. V. Burden, J. H. Lloyd, C. Y. Milton, C. M. McCurry, F. K. Pool, H. T. Shanks, M. B. Tolar.

Bachelor of arts—R. Arledge, E. D. Banks, J. M. Blackmon, C. W. Blackmon, Jr., C. E. Brewer, H. C. Brewer, J. W. Bryan, Jr., B. D. Bunn, W. G. Camp, M. E. Campbell, L. C. Campbell, E. Clark, W. E. Clark, Jr., F. W. Clifton, E. P. Cullom, Lester J. Dawkins, G. J. Earp, F. C. Feasor, D. B. Fouts, O. T. Glenn, S. C. Glendon, C. P. Grates, J. S. Green, N. H. Graham, R. H. Griffin, C. E. Hamrick, H. A. Helms, J. M. Herndon, H. L. Langston, J. H. LeRoy, Jr., W. M. Leveslee, E. P. Marshall, E. M. Mitchell, B. E. Morris, W. D. Pittman, B. D. Poe, H. B. Fotts, H. D. Fowkes, F. E. Fries, G. B. Rhodes, H. M. Rand, H. P. Smith, E. C. Statton, A. F. Stephens, E. W. Sullivan, W. S. Teague, H. M. Thompson, E. J. Trueblood, C. T. Tuley, T. E. Walters, C. C. Warren, C. L. Weathers, B. C. West, C. L. Wharton, W. W. Williams, L. R. Willford, C. Wilson, P. H. Wilson, L. L. Yearby.

Bachelor of arts in medicine—H. J. Blackmon, D. H. Bridger, S. Chaplin, B. C. Culler, F. J. Lancaster, H. W. Lee, R. T. Liles, F. D. Stout, W. L. Tatum, H. A. Warrick, C. T. Wilkinson, R. W. Wilkinson, Jr., T. C. Wyatt.

Bachelor of laws—J. I. Allen, Jr., C. M. Austin, L. J. Britt, R. P. Burns, E. B. Dawes, C. B. DeShazo, McKinley Edwards, D. B. Johnson, E. Mills, B. A. McIntyre, A. D. Odum, J. B. Odum, H. E. Olive, S. M. Pruett, J. M. Scarborough, L. S. Spurling, H. H. Taylor, B. T. Ward, G. Z. Washburn, E. E. Wilson. The A. D. Ward medal for the best senior oration was won this morning by Mr. F. C. Feasor, of Davidson county, whose subject was: "The Coming of Internationalism."

ship of the race. He said: "I am the way." "What then is the secret and method of Jesus? It is certainly not the method of the Socialists, who quote Him. For they ignore the most of moral evil out of which all social mischiefs grow. They blunder again in supposing that social relations are formal, mechanical and consequently that the social scheme may be shaken to pieces today and put to rights tomorrow by act of Congress. On the contrary, social relations are personal relations and, therefore, moral. Accordingly, we shall never get out of our industrial competition by cooperation by the Socialist highway nor settle any of our problems by the Socialist method. It is not a new mechanism of government, or a new social scheme that we require. It is a new people. Civilization, says an English cynic, is the disease produced by the effort to build a just society out of rotten material.

Industrial Renewal Necessary. "The method of Jesus, says Matthew Arnold, is the method of inwardness. His secret the secret of renunciation. He wrote no ideal commonwealth. He left no specification for the construction of an ideal society. This fact has been misinterpreted as indicating want of interest in the organized life of man. He set up a new standard. He inspired a new life and trust. It is to take its fit embodiment and expression. "All that He required of men were to have them was a cross wherewith to die." His redemption of the social world guaranteed the redemption of society. He would achieve social righteousness by the leave of individual righteousness. According to Him, there can be no progress, no permanent social reconstruction in justice and good-will apart from individual renewal and the acceptance by us all of the law of the cross as the law of life. If now, as Bernard Shaw suggests, we give Christianity a trial in our program of social progress, this is what is involved. It will do nothing unless it do this deepest thing—transform the individual life, infuse it with the ideal of the Kingdom of Heaven, and train it for the work of the Kingdom. To this program of Christ and this law of Christ your experience, training and ideals irrevocably commit you."

Joint Debate in Carnegie Hall On New Kansas Court

(Continued from Page One.)

labor, we have provided protection in all the industries, we have forbidden convict labor to come in competition with other labor, we have established a free employment service, we have provided an industrial welfare commission we have provided that no injunction, whether interlocutory or permanent in any case between employer and employee or between persons employed, or person seeking employment growing out of a dispute concerning terms, conditions, etc., shall be issued without previous notice and an opportunity to be heard in behalf of the party enjoined.

"We have established liens to protect workers, we have established the 8-hour day in mines, we have established everything that has been established in the history of the progress of this great industry."

"He denied that the Kansas law denied the workmen the privilege of collective bargaining. He said it gave the miners that right whether they were members of unions or not and protects the sanctity of their contract."

Governor Allen then assailed Mr. Gompers' political activities. Referring to Mr. Gompers' alleged orders to organized labor to see that no man goes to Congress who is not in favor of labor's program, he said:

"The political party in the forthcoming campaign that has not the constructive courage to stand out and pledge to the public protection against the wrongs and terrors of industrial warfare will travel down the pathway of cowardice to defeat."

Storms of applause, which lasted several minutes greeted this peroration. Governor Allen concluded his direct argument by asking Mr. Gompers to define twice, in the divine right to forbid the switchmen to strike in their outlay strike, who controls this divine right to quit work?"

Never Ordered Strike. In rebuttal, Mr. Gompers said he would like to answer the Governor if he had time. Several voices in the audience shouted: "You can't! You can't!" Mr. Gompers said he would prove it if he lived long enough. He did not return to the Governor's question however, until some minutes later when he said:

"The Governor says he wants to take from me, from Gompers, the Divine right of ordering strikes. It reminds me very much of a man who has been told a story utterly ridiculous, but to his blind mind it seemed simply to be the truth and he ran away and believed it. It may be interesting news to the Governor to know that in all my life I have never ordered a strike of two men, more or less—never, never—and I challenge him or any one else who will give his name to assert the contrary."

Somebody in the audience shouted: "Who ordered the strike?" "Go home and find out. Take your special train back to Kansas," Mr. Gompers retorted, amid shouts of laughter from the audience.

During March a new record for the production of cars was made in Detroit, Mich., when slightly more than 176,000 passenger automobiles were manufactured.

The Weather. Local Office, United States Weather Bureau. FORECAST. Raleigh, May 28. For North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday. TEMPERATURE. Highest temperature... 73. Lowest temperature... 55. Mean temperature... 64. Deficiency for the day... 7. Average daily deficiency... 2.4. Precipitation (in inches). Amount for the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. ... .69. Total for the month to date... 1.03. Deficiency for the month... 3.34. Deficiency since January 1st... 2.40. HUMIDITY. 8 a. m. ... 12 m. ... 8 p. m. Dry bulb... 58 66 69. Wet bulb... 57 61 64. Rel. humidity... 54 78 78. PRESSURE. (Reduced to sea level). 8 a. m. ... 29.88. 8 p. m. ... 29.84. Sunrise, 4:50 a. m. Sunset, 7:24 p. m.

TEACHERS GIVE ANSWERS TODAY

Hear Proposal of Township School Committee and Advice of Friends

Raleigh teachers yesterday afternoon heard the proposal of the Raleigh Township School Committee that they defer signing up contracts for teaching elsewhere next year until after the people of Raleigh have expressed themselves in a straw vote on the question of a special tax for increased salaries, at a meeting in the High School Auditorium. This morning, through their principals in the various schools, the teachers will make answer.

The proposal of the school committee, if the vote is favorable, further stipulates contracts with the teachers for next year's work on the basis of \$1,200 maximum salaries, with the understanding that out of any money that comes into the school committee's hands the teachers will receive bonuses bringing their year's salaries up to the scale recommended by Superintendent Harry Howell.

In the meeting yesterday, the teachers were advised to accept the proposal by Dr. D. H. Hill, Mr. Howard White, Mr. Willis Smith, Mr. Hal Worth, and Mrs. J. Bruce Grimes. These speakers represented the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce, the Rotary Club, the Kiwanis Club, and the Women's Club, the organizations which have led the movement for increased salaries.

HIGH SCHOOL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBIT OPEN TODAY

An exhibit of the work of the industrial department of the Raleigh High School will be held in the shops Friday afternoon and evening, from 3:00 to 9:00 p. m. The exhibit will include work of the mechanical drawing, woodwork and printing departments and some very fine articles are to be put on display. The work represents the unusual accomplishments of the new department which has been in operation only since about the first of December. The public is invited to visit the exhibit and to see what the new department is doing and to inspect the equipment. The shops are located in the Fire State Creamery building, second floor, and the main entrance is on the Salisbury street side. The work is under the direction of C. W. Wilkinson, who is especially anxious that the parents and school patrons take this opportunity to view the first annual exhibit of the Industrial Department.

MORRISON REPORTS EXPENSE OF \$6,050

Heads List of Expenditures in Campaign; Shaw Spends Heavily

Heading the required postmark of May 25th, the expense account of Cameron Morrison, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, was received by the Secretary of State yesterday and heads the list of campaign expenditures at \$6,050.06. It was mailed from Salisbury on the night of the 25th, the expiration of the time limit for filing preliminary expense statements.

Two of the three candidates for the Sixth district seat in their accounts yesterday, but that of Congressman H. L. Godwin is still missing. John G. Shaw, of Fayetteville, spent a total of \$2,241 and Homer L. Lyon, of Whiteville, expended only \$37. F. C. Harding, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, arrived late, via the State Board of Elections. He spent \$817.20.

CHAMBLEE TO TRY OUT THE COTTON CHOPPER

County Agent W. H. Chamblee will give a demonstration of a cotton-chopping machine tomorrow (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock on the Wyatt farm. He invites everybody interested in farming to be present and promises that the demonstration will be well worth their attention. The chopper is intended only for the first chopping, or the thinning out process. But it is this chopping that makes the big draft on labor, Mr. Chamblee says. After the first chopping most of the cultivating can be done without the aid of the hand.

RALEIGH SHRINERS AT GREENSBORO CEREMONIAL

Two Pullman cars loaded to the cupboards with Raleigh members of the Sudan and Oasis Temples of the Shrine, left last night for Greensboro for the big day of the Oasis Spring Ceremonial. Others will go on the early train this morning and still others will make the trip tomorrow. A number of the several thousand visiting Nobles will be in the Gate City today for the concluding sessions of the meet.

CARRAWAY OPPOSES ANY BONUS FOR SOLDIERS

Mr. Bruce Carraway, of High Point, is in Raleigh having recently returned from Washington where he appeared before a Congressional committee in opposition to bonuses for returned soldiers. Mr. Carraway is just out of service, with the rank of Captain after long service overseas.

The proposed bonus, he points out, is getting a \$100-a-paragraph, and cheapens a soldier's pay by the hour of the nation's need. In addition, he fears that the distribution of millions among returned soldiers before they have become acclimated to the humdrum of private life again, will disrupt industry and create an immense class of the idle.

Scattered throughout the United States to handle the records of nearly 24 million men of the selective draft service, there were 4,648 Local Boards, 158 District Boards, 1,319 Medical Advisory Boards, and 52 State headquarters. What is "Spring Fever"? It is simply less vitality, a lack of energy caused by impure blood. GROVES TASTELSS and TONIC restores vitality and energy by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. 60c.—(Adv.)

RUNAWAY MATCH. OF ALICE PRINCE

Rich Society Girl is Bride of Talented Man Many Years Blind

(Correspondence of N. Y. World.) London, May 1.—Miss Alice Prince of Philadelphia, pretty, wealthy and popular in American society, has eloped with Walter Baker, a blind man. Mrs. Baker is a sister of Capt. John Prince of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, who was killed while serving with the Maryland troops in France.

Mr. Baker's home is in New York. He is thirty-three years old and has been blind since he was twelve. Friends of the young couple here say that Mr. Baker moves about with all the freedom and confidence of a seeing man. A stranger does not realize at first glance that he is blind. He instructs the sightless in carpentry and automobile mechanics.

For two years the then Miss Prince has devoted her time and benevolent energy to helping at the Evergreen Institute for the Blind near Baltimore. This institution is for American soldiers who lost their sight in the war and is similar to St. Dunstan's here. Mr. Baker was a student at Columbia University, New York, from which he has graduated with honors a few years ago.

When the great war started Mr. Baker was carrying a modest living by winding insulating tape around electric coils in a motor factory in New Jersey. George A. Kessler, founder and President of the Permanent Blind Relief Fund for Soldiers and Sailors of the Allies—a New York institution which has raised a large sum of money for the blind soldiers of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy, Serbia, Roumania and Poland—heard of Baker's ability and engaged him as an instructor in the fund's institution at Neuilly, near Paris. Soon after the United States entered the conflict American blinded soldiers began to stream back to these ports of broken men, the base hospitals. Baker was sent to the front to assist them. From there he was eventually transferred by the United States Army authorities to Evergreen.

There he met Miss Prince. There is nothing the matter with her eyes in more senses than one. Nor can it be said that love blinded her, for Mrs. Baker is highly educated, clever, good looking and of an amiable disposition.

MR. PENDERGRASS WILL RECOVER FROM BURNS

Physicians attendance upon J. W. Pendergrass, who was seriously burned Thursday afternoon when gasoline in an automobile upon which he was working ignited from a short circuit in the motor, stated yesterday that his injuries were not fatal, and that he would recover. His entire body is burned severely. He is a patient at Rex Hospital.

The automobile upon which he was working at the time was destroyed by the fire, and for a time the entire building was threatened, and but for the timely arrival of the fire department, more serious consequences might have developed. The injured man's clothing was burned from his body, but his face and head were not injured.

SHIPPERS MUST EXTEND HELP TO GOVERNMENT

Washington, May 28.—Shippers were warned by the Interstate Commerce Commission today that they must cooperate with the railroads and the government in breaking the freight jam. The notice was served in the form of an order directing five railroads entering Galveston, Texas, to immediately unload 3,700 cars of grain held in the yards there and to restore the cars to service.

BLOCK PASSAGE OF MEASURE FOR COLLECTIVE MARKETING

Washington, May 28.—Opponents of the bill permitting farmers, planters, ranchmen, dairymen or fruit growers to combine for collective marketing and sale of their products, blocked passage of the measure tonight by the House, but supporters announced they would force the legislation through the House before the convention recess.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON BILL AGAINST STRIKES

Washington, D. C., May 28.—Favorable report was ordered today by the Senate interstate commerce committee on the Peindexter bill designed to prevent interruption of transportation by strikes of railroad employees. The committee amended the measure by attaching provisions similar to the anti-strike clauses eliminated from the railroad reorganization after labor leaders had made strong protests. Action on the Peindexter bill is not expected until Congress reconvenes after the national conventions.

RAILROADS CLOSE CASE BEFORE COMMERCE COMMISSION

Washington, May 28.—Railroads of the country today closed their case before the Interstate Commerce Commission for increased freight rates, aggregating \$1,017,000,000 annually. Further hearings were suspended by the commission until June 7 to give shippers and State railroad commissioners time to prepare for re-examination of witnesses for the carriers.

BURLESON NEEDS ANOTHER MILLION FOR DEPARTMENT

Washington, May 28.—Postmaster General Burleson asked Congress today for an additional appropriation of one million dollars for payment of claims resulting from loss of domestic mail parcels. Recent freight and express embargoes, he said, had added tremendously to the volume of insured packages.

Dr. Patricci, a noted Italian chemist, has discovered a method of cheaply producing liquid hydrogen. It may be used in driving automobiles, one gallon being sufficient for 250 miles. For service in the Civil War, 2,653,000 men were called by President Lincoln.

FAYETTEVILLE CLERKS FOR A. C. L. WALKOUT

Fayetteville, May 28.—Members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Clerks employed by the Atlantic Coast Line railroad here walked out at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. Members of the Brotherhood declared that the walkout was an order received from Rocky Mount. Officials of the railroad declared tonight that no demands had been presented by the clerks, but it is said that the strike is due to the railway's failure to grant increases in pay, though an official statement has been made by the Brotherhood.

Only three men are left on duty in the Coast Line freight office and only one at the passenger station.

BELOVED ROWLAND MAN DIES AT HOME THERE

Rowland, May 28.—Rowland and the community at large was saddened this morning to learn that Mr. Angus McKenzie died at his home just west of the city limits at 6 o'clock after an illness of about 18 months. Mr. McKenzie had been able to be up and around until two days ago and his death came as a surprise to his many friends here and throughout the State. He was a big asset to the town, being one of its leading business men as well as an extensive farmer and liked by everybody, conducting himself in such a way that whoever he came in contact with became a friend. The deceased was 41 years of age and is survived by his step-mother, Mrs. Alexander McKenzie, and two sisters, Misses Kate and Mary Belle McKenzie. Funeral services will be conducted from the home tomorrow morning and at 11 o'clock will be laid to rest in the cemetery at Lebanon church, a few miles from Rowland.

Head Blind School Gets Vindication in Public Inquiry

(Continued from Page One.)

charge, itself, affecting the sex life of the boys, sounded ominous and called for the retirement of the ladies while the matter was opened up by the board through the testimony of Dr. Hubert Haywood, Sr., school physician, and Mr. J. B. Sheak, who lives at the institution. Dr. Haywood was very frank about conditions as he has found them, explained the situation to the board, and maintained that the only problem that he had found in the moral atmosphere of the school was that which is common to all such institutions, and that the superintendent has co-operated in every way in his effort to affect a cure. Between the sexes, the conditions at the school have been everything that could have been expected. Dr. Haywood pointed out, and stated that only one case of venereal disease had appeared at the institution since he had been superintendent, and this was contracted while the student was away from the institution in the summer.

Office Charges. Various charges of insanitary plumbing and bad heating arrangements were shown in against Superintendent Lineberry, but the board having wrestled with the same deficiencies of the building for years took the burden unto itself, and very plainly let it be known that the worst was known and that the board was not anticipating any very material improvement in this direction until the removal to the new plant.

Apparently, the school has been split into two factions Pro-Lineberry and Anti-Lineberry. The Pros had their innings after the completion of the offensive which did not wind up until just before supper hour. Witnesses for Mr. Lineberry besides himself included Dr. Haywood, Les Sandy, Frank H. C. Griffin, Miss Mary Vaughn, Miss Ada Dellinger, Miss May Hill Davis, Miss Lily Smith, Mrs. J. H. Olive and Mr. W. E. Cox.

It was nearly 11 o'clock before the board went into executive session for the consideration of the testimony and the framing of the decision, already known. Before this time, the members had shown some nervousness and considerable impatience in spots.

No Necessity For Upriser. "I don't see much necessity for all this upriser here," said Colonel Fogue. "It seems to me to be a sort of misunderstanding all around."

Rev. M. L. Kenner, of Thomasville, who has had some institutional experience himself, was more outspoken.

"Why a great deal of this is all child's play," he interrupted at one point of the proceedings. "Can't we limit the

witnesses to five minutes?" At this time the hearing had proceeded well beyond eleven o'clock. With a rush half dozen witnesses for the defense were sworn. They testified in one, two, three order, and the board obeyed the motion for executive session with alacrity.

FLAMING, ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

Cause Untold Suffering that Could Be Avoided.

Diseases of the skin come from beneath the surface, hence they can be reached only by remedies that penetrate down to their very source.

If you are afflicted with eczema, tetter, erysipelas, ringworms, pimples, acne, scaly eruptions, boils, irritations of the skin, or other similar disorders, you need not expect any real relief from local applications, and the sooner you discard their use, the sooner you will be on the road to recovery, provided you will rely upon the use of S. S. S.

Very often the itching and irritation are so severe that you feel disposed to try almost anything for relief, and that is why you rely upon local treatment of salves, ointments, washes and such remedies.

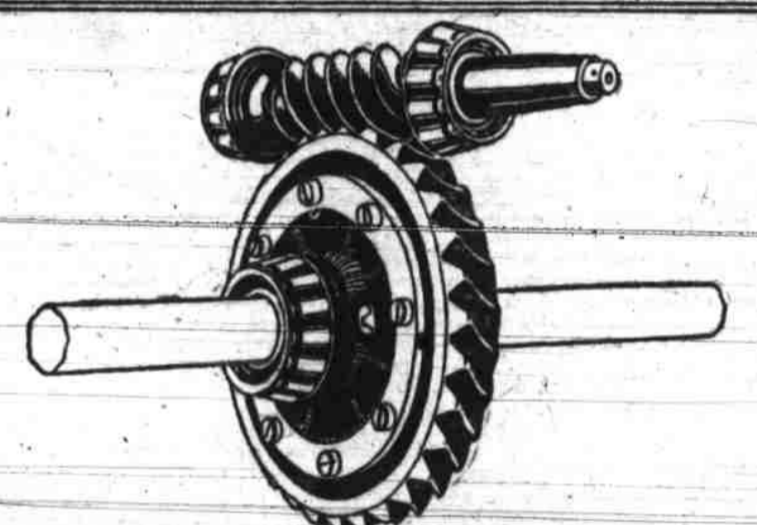
But these remedies cannot possibly have any real curative effect upon the trouble, because your disease comes from far below the surface.

S. S. S. is one of the most satisfactory remedies for diseases of the skin because it goes direct to the seat of the trouble, and by cleaning the blood of all impurities and disease germs, it keeps the skin free from infection, and restores it to its normal, healthy condition.

For free expert medical advice regarding your own case, write fully to Chief Medical Adviser, 605 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

Long Leaf Yellow Pine Rough or Dressed. Any Length. Any Size. Ceiling Flooring Siding Shingles Laths Good Grades. Quick Shipments. HOWARD WHITE Raleigh, N. C.

Sugar Is Scarce but CAKES galore can be found at Raleigh's Public View Bakery Royal Baking Co. 109 S. Wilmington St.



worm drive The curve showing the number of Motor Trucks equipped with worm drive started to rise many years ago. It is still going up. Nothing can stop it because worm drive is mechanically correct. Furthermore worm drive is economically correct. The initial objection to worm drive was cost. Today, however, wise business men see costs only at one place—in the end. Final costs are final. And worm drive costs less—finally—than any other drive because it works better, cheaper and longer than any other drive per dollar of cost.

All Ace Motor Trucks are worm driven. Besides that, they are completely equipped: All weather cab, steel wheels, steel bumper, electric self starter, self tracking electric lights, battery or magneto ignition (optional), odometer, governor and fully painted.

Jesse French & Sons Piano Company. ACE MOTOR TRUCKS. 1 1/2 TON 2 1/2 TON. KLINE SALES COMPANY. 113-115 West Davis Street, Raleigh, N. C. Valid territory still open for good dealers.