VOL. CXI. NO. 165.

RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1920.

PRICE: SEVEN CENTS

HARDING, OF OHIO, NOMIN ED BY THE REPUBLICANS AS CANDIDATE FOR PRESY CY WITH GOVERNOR COOLIDGE OF MASSACHUSETTS AS HIS RUNNING MATE ON TICKET

HARDING FITS IN WITH PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICANS

Ohio Senator One of Three Prominent Reactionaries Before Convention

CONSISTENTLY FRIENDLY TO BIG BUSINESS ALWAYS

Old Guard Candidate Will Have Wall Street With Him To Man and Will Rally About Him All Privilege Hunters and Profiteers, Bryan De

By WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

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Chicago, June 12.—Senator Harding
fits the platform. He was one of the
three prominent reactionaries before
the convention. Big business would have preferred Governor Lowden, but the investigation showed so large an investment of his own money in the campaign and such a reckless use of it that a convention made up of a lot of representatives of the corporate class even as bold as these in this convention feared to risk the issue before the people. Senator Harding's record is consistently stand-pat. It will be re-membered that he belonged to the Taft. side of the controversy with Bossevelt and presided at the convention which nominated Justice Hughes, while a progressive convention was in session

He will have Wall street with him without the less of a man; he will rally about him all of the privilege hunters and the profiteers. His nomination with the platform on which he runs, will make the Republican side of the issue clear. Theze will be no disguising of the situation which the sters have to meet.

Now the representatives of predatory wealth can move from the Blackstone to San Francisco, where they will un-dertake to manipulate the Democratic convention as they have this. The to travel leisurely, stopping in the mountains to rest up so they will be fresh and ready for business when the convention opens. Westward interest, like the star of empire, takes its course, and the question is, can they succeed at San Francisco!

Labor will be hostile to Senator Harding and his platform.

party must take the people's side if to the Democrats for recognition of its the Democratic party does not, the So-platform demands. portunity if it will improve. Some cialist party and the newly organized labor party will have a large summer's growth. And, it may be added, Mr Harding's attitude on the liquor question, coupled with silence on that subject in the platform, gives the Democratic party a chance to draw a large number of prohibition Republicans to the Democratic standard. The Southhibitions fight; it now has a chance to help put the Democratic party in a

position to appeal to the conscience of the nation as the guardian of home. The Democratic party has the chance of a life time, and there is every reason to believe that it will improve the

The people must look to the Demo eratic party for justice at home and

M'ADOO SAYS HE IS NOT **GOING TO SAN FRANCISCO**

New York, June 12.-Wm. G. McAdoo former Secretary of the Leasury, and Mrs. McAdoo, returned here from a trip through the West. His trip, he said, had no political signifi-cance. Mr. McAdoo announced he would not attend the Democratic national convention in San Prancisco.

EIGHT GERMA NTANKERS

ARE ALLOTTED TO U. Paris, June 12.-Eight oil tankers beouging to a German subsidiary of the ard Oil Company finally have been allotted to th United States for the transport of petrol and oil to Europe according to an official communication

These vessels had been the subject of controversy since January, 1919. The rights of nations, among them France, Italy and Grat Britain, were involved. Question of ownership of the tankers has been reserved and will be examined into later by an arbitration tribunal.

Want New Rule for Representation.
Chicago, June 12.—The convention adopted a resolution directing the National committee to formulate some new rule for representation, which would liminate the troublesome situation prealling in the southern states. It is in second with the plan of cutting down representation.

Hughes Sands Greetings. New Yorl, June 12.—Charles E. Iughes, una ccessful Republican can-12.-Charles date for the Presidency in 1916, to-

ight sent the following telegram to Harding: "Heartiest congratulations upon your

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE



The Ohio Senator came victoriously out of the "Dark Horse" column after the "Big Three," Lowden, Johnson and Wood, had trotted nine heats without being able to cross the line with the 493 votes necessary for nomination. The tide turned with a mighty rush on the tenth ballot after Governor Lowden and Governor Sproul had released their delegates, Senator Harding's nomination coming over-whelmingly, and would have been made unanimous but for the objection of the Wisconsin delegation.

Senator Harding's middle name is "Gamatiel."

ON LABOR SCORED

Federation of Labor Condemns Convention For "Turning Its Back On Labor"

tepublican party and

This decision came when the American Federation of Labor, in annual convention here, unanimously condemned the Republican platform daopted in Chicago as a document "defiant in its defense of the enemies of labor," and one that "proposes an industrial enslavement and an abrogation of rights as precious as life itself."

Declaring that the Republican party had "turned its back upon labor," convention instructed Samuel Gompers and Matthew Woll, president and vicepresident of the Federation, to submit "identical form" to the Democratic partyt convention at San Francisco the proposals of labor which were presentby them to the Republicans in Chicago.

In a lengthy report, bitterly assail ingand condemning the various planks of the Republican platform, President Gompers and Mr. Well brought the entire matter before the delegates. The labor leaders' indictment of the party was greeted with enthustistic cheers and applause, while hisses and boos interrupted the reading of several of the

Republican planks.
Without debute the report was approved and the federation went on rec ord as condemning the Republican plat-form on the grounds that it: Denies labor the right to strike against

he government. Remains silent on the right of wage earners to organize trade unions and attain justice by collective bargaining. Offers no remedy for the high cost of living and denies the importance of

profiteering. Repudiates labor's demand for repeal of compulsory arbitration sections of the Esch-Cummins transportation act. Denies lawful right of workers to cease work in the plant on peaceful ar

pirtation of wage disputes. and aims of those whose sole object is the exploitation of the people and in the active management of the paper oundless resources of Mexico.

Fails to urge congressional legislattion to prevent federal courts surpation of authority in declaring unconstitutional acts passed by Congress.
Fails to favor Federal compensation law and election of federal judges by

the people for six year terms.

Threatens the right of the people to bring about "a change in the adminis-tration and laws of the government by ration and laws of the government of the partisans.

Is Native of Ohio

The heritage left to the Republican party by Abraham Lincoln, declared the "is abandoned in the platform which embraces every opportunity to

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Celebrating General On Receipt of News; His Father's 76th Birthday

night when it learned that one of its citizens, Warren G. Harding, had been nominated for the Presidency by the Republican National Convention.

Minutes before it was announce officially at Chicago that Harding had been nominated, Marion started celebrating what it considered a sure thing Factory whistles were tooted, church bells were rung and Harding's friends and neighbors gathered on the streets n shouting, laughing groups.

No one was at the Harding home receive the news. The house, one of the modest dwellings of the city, was

Harding's father and sister, who live here, were the center of enthusiastic groups of townspeople, who discussed xcitedly the developments of the day at the Chicago convention. Father's 76th Birthday.

The father, Dr. J. P. Harding, a practicing physician, received the news of nor to his son on his 76th birth day. He seemed highly elated, as did a sister, Abbigail Harding, who teaches English in the Marion High School.

The elder Harding received the news without excitement. He declared that he had not wanted his son to be nominated, but now that he is nominated, he leelared he would vote for him for President. Earlier in the day when Harding's

nomination appeared assured, the father told intimate friends he hoped "Warren" would not be nominated, as so many Presidents and men in high office are assassinated. He said he didn't want his "boy" harmed. Nevertheless, Dr. Harding appeared to be the hap-

piest man in the world tonight. Mrs. Harding was with her husband at Chicago when the nomination was made. The Hardings have no children.

A Newspaper Publisher.

Senator Harding is a successful newspaper publisher. Since 1884 he has owned and published The Marion Aims to undermine sovereignty of the Star. He has been in newspaper work Mexican people and "fulfill the hopes since he was 19. When in Marion he spends all of his time at the Star office He is a practical printer, and delights in spending hours in his composing room handling type.

He began his newspaper career on

The Marion Mirror, which was a Demoeratic newspaper, at 89 a week salary, and was discharged from the staff of that paper during the Blaine campaign because his sympathies were with Blaine, and because he insisted upon wearing the high hat of the Blaine

The Republican Presidential nominee

(Continued on Page Two.)

tained a satisfactory statement from the Senator as to his attitude on was born on November 2, 1865, at Blooming Grove, Morrow county, Ohio, just 19 miles east of Mar'on. When a questions effecting the segro popu-lation and would throw 55 votes to his support during the afterno

SENATOR HARDING VERY HAPPY OVER BEING NOMINATED

Faces Battery-of Camera-Men at Hotel Directly After Vic-tory In Coliseum

SAYS HE IS "DEEPLY GRATEFUL" TO FRIENDS

Harding Movement Rolled Over Convention Late In Day With Unexpected and Rapidly Gathering Momentum; Releasing Delegates By Sproul and Lowden Brought Result

Chicago, Ill., June 12 .- Caught at the hotel to which he rushed from the Coliseum after his nomination, Senator

Coliseum after his nomination, Senator Harding made no formal statement, but deciared he was "very happy" and "deeply grateful" to his friends.

The Republican nominee showed plainly his elation when he emerged from his rooms with Mrs. Harding to face a battery of cameramen.

"If you want to make Mrs. Harding look pleased," said the man on whom the Republican party had just conferred the greatest honor in its gift "tell her something shout the price of millinery coming down."

There was a barst of laughter, in which Mrs. Harding joined and the

which Mrs. Harding joined and the camera clicked a lively accompaniment as the photographers adopted the sug-

gestion.

Mrs. Harding Happy.

Mrs. Harding was beaming with happiness. Asked for some comment upon her faciling as to the distinction given her husband by his fellow Republicans, she said:

"I am tremendously pleased, of course, but I think my susband is worthy of this honor and I am content to be in the reflected light."

to be in the reflected light."

Senster and Mrs. Harding were busy with preparations to enable them to eatch a train leaving for Washington within a few hours. The Senator had within a few hours. The Senator had been up mearly all night in the round of conferences with party chieftains, which led to his nomination, and today spent hours in the heat and strain at the Coliseum while the battle from which he emerged a victor by overwhelming vote was being brought to its description. dramatio close.

Montreal, June 12.—Organized labor Marion, O., June 12.—This little cen-today threw down the gaunlet to the trai Ohio city of nearly 35,000 people and the Ohio Senator showed little evidence of it after he had buthed and put on fresh clothing.

Harding Movement Rapid. The Harding movement rolled over the convention with unexpected, but rapidly gathering momentum, and the ninth ballot had been finished the Ohio Senator's strength had risen to more than 350 votes and gave evidences of still going.

In all the accessions made by Hard-Wood lost less than a half hundred. While the votes were tumbling to Harding, word reached the conver tion hall that Governor Lowden was on his way there and probably would speak. A minute later word came from governor that he released his friends, and immediately Chairman Hert, of the Kentucky delegation, one of the Lowden managers, threw the whole delegation to Harding. There were roars of cheers and yells as other votes tumbled into the Harding

Meanwhile Senator Harding also ar rived at the convention hall and went into a conference with Governor Lowden and Chairman Hays in the latter's office. Mr. Hays came to the platform, with the intention, it was reported, of stopping the balloting, but the roll eall had started and could not be in-terrupted. Leter Fred Upham, national treasurer and Lowden's close friend,

"It's Harding. Lowden will go of the floor. That's all the program

The balloting and slide to Hardin disproved entirely the earlier story that Johnson, Wood and Lowden forces were working together to force as adjourn

ment at once.
For some of the time Senator Harding chatted with Governor Lowden who had given up the fight a few min utes before. Mrs. Harding also was with him. Colonel Procter, General Wood's manager, and others, visite Senator Harding and Governor Lowder while the convention was noisily and anxiously making history only a short distance away. Lowden to the Coliseum.

Colorado had just been reached on the ninth ballot when at two minutes after 5 o'clock Governor Lowden reach-

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NEGRO DELEGATES PLEASED WITH HARDING'S ATTITUDE Chicago, June 12-During the recess negro delegates, representing all negro votes with the exception of three, called on Senator Harding, plioted by Charles A. Cotrill, of Ohio. Cotrill said they had ob-

OHIO SENATOR NOMINATED AFTER ALL ORIGINAL FAVORITES FORCED OUT OF RUNNING AT CONVENTION

HARDING'S CLIMB STEADY DURING DAY OF BALLOTING AT THE CONVENTION

Fifth Ballot-Wood, 299; Lowden, 303; Johnson, 1831/2 Harding, 78; Sproul, 82½; Coolidge, 29; Hoover, 6; Butler, 4; Knox, 1; Ward, of New York, 1; Kellogg, of Minnesota, 1; Poindexter, 15; Sutherland, 1; LaFollette, 24; Dupont, 6. Sixth Ballot—Wood, 311½; Lowden, 311½; Johnson, 110; Harding, 89; Sproul, 77; Coolidge, 28; Hoover, 5; Butler, 4; Knox, 1; Kellogg, 1; Poindexter, 15; Dupont, 4; LaFollette, 24; Watson, 1; Ward, 2.

Seventh Ballot-Wood, 312; Lowden, 3111/2; Johnson, 991/2; Harding, 105; Sproul, 76; Coolidge, 28; Hoover, 4; Butler, 2; Knox, 1; Poindexter, 15; Dupont, 3; LaFollette, 24; Ward, 1; Lenroot, of Wisconsin, 1.

Eighth Ballot—Wood, 299; Lowden, 307; Johnson, 87; Harding, 133½; Sproul, 75½; Coolidge, 30; Poindexter, 15; LaFollette, 24; Hoover, 5; Butler, 2; Du Pont, 3; Knox, 1; Kellogg, 1; Lenroot, 1.

Ninth Ballot—Wood, 249; Lowden, 121½; Johnson, 82; Harding, 374½; Sproul, 78; Coolidge, 28; Hoover, 6; Butler, 2; Knox, 1; Poindexter, 14; LaFollette, 24; Lenroot, 1; Hays, 1; McGregor, of Texas, 1. Tenth Ballot—Wood, 156; Lowden, 11; Johnson, 80 4-5; Harding, 692 1-5; Coolidge, 5; Hoover, 91/2; Butler, 2; Knox, 1; Lenroot, 1; Harris, 1; LaFollette, 24; one-half vote, absent.

CONVENTION TAKES SIX BALLOTS DURING DAY

Fifth Ballet. Alabama-Lowden, 6; Johnson,

Alabama Lowden,
Wood, 4.
Arizona Wood, 6.
Arkansas Lowden 11½; Wood 1½.
California Johnson, 26.
Colorado Lowden, 2; Hoover, 1:
Harding, 2; Wood, 7.
Connecticut—Lowden, 13; Johnson

Delaware Dupont, 6.
Florida Lowden, 1 1-2; Wood, 6 1-2.
Georgia Lowden, 9; Wood, 8.
Idaho Johnson, 1; Lowden, 1; Harding, 1; Wood, 5.
Illinois Johnson, 17; Lowden, 41.

Indiana—Lowden, 3; Johnson Harding, 4; Wood, 18. Iowa—Lowden, 26. Kansas-Lowden, 6; Wood, 10; Hard-

ng, 4. Kentucky-Lowden, 26 Louisians-Lowden, 7, Wood, 3; Hard-Maine-Wood, 11; Heover, 1. Maryland-Wood, 16. Massachusetts-Coolidge, 22; Wood

Michigan-Johnson, 30. Johnson, 2; Kellogg, 1. Mississippi Wood, 9; Harding, 14; Lowden, 1½. Missouri-Wood, 31/4; Lowden, 181/4

ohnson, 1; Harding, 6 1-2; Montana-Johnson, 8. Nebraska-Johnson, 10.; Wood, 6. Nevada-Lowden, 2; Wood,

ohnson, 21/2. -Wood, 8. New Hampshire-New Jersey-Harding, 1; Johnson 0; Wood, 17. New Mexico-Wood, 6

York-Poindexter, 1; W. L. Ward, 1; Johnson, 3; Hoover, 3; But-ler, 4; Harding, 5; Wood, 24; Lowden North Carolina-Johnson, 1; Harding Wood, 3; Lowden, 17,

Ohio-Harding, 39; Wood, 9. Oklahoma-Lowden, 18; Wood, 2 Oregon-Wood, 4; Johnson, 5; Low Pennsylvania-Knox, 1; Sproul, 75. Bhode Island-Wood, 10.

South Carolina-Lowden, 11. South Dakota-Wood, 10. Tennessee-Lowden, 2; Wood, 18. Texas Lowden, 10; Johnson, Wood, 6; Harding, 6. Utah Harding, 1; Lowden, 2; Wood

Vermont-Wood S. Virginia-Wood, 3; Lowden, 12. Washington-Poindexter, 14. West Virginia-Sutherland, 1; Wood. : Johnson, 1; Harding, 3; Sproul, 1; wisconsin -LaFoliette, 24; Hoover, ; Wood, 1.

Harding, 1.
Alaska-Wood, 1; Coolidge, 1. District of Columbia-Wood, 2. Hawaii-Lowden, 2. Philippines Wood, 2. Perto Rico-Wood, 1; Lowden, 1. Sixth Ballot. Alabama-Lowden, 6; Wood, 4; John-

¥ 12; Arkansas-Lowden, California-Johnson, 26. Colorado-Lowden, 3; Harding, 3 Connecticut-Lowden, 13; Johnson, 1 Delaware-Du Pont, 4; Harding, 1

Florida-Lowden, 1 1-2; Wood, 6 Georgia-Lowden, 9; Wood, 8; Idaho-Johnson, 1 Lowden, 2; Hard ig. 1; Wood, 4. Illinois Johnson, 17; Lowden, 41. Indiana Harding, 5; Johnson, owden, 7; Wood, 16.

Iowa-Lowden, 26

Kansas-Lowden, 6; Wood, 10; Hard-Kentucky Lowden, 26 Harding, 2. Maine-Wood, 12.

Maryland-Wood, 16. 12: Coolidge Massachusetts-Wood. Michigan-Johnson, 18; Wood, 11

Lowden, 1. Minnesota -Wood, 16; Lowden, 5; Allinesota — Wood, 16; Lowden, 5; Johnson 2; Kellogg, 1. Missishippi — Wood, 9 12; Lowden, 1 1-2; Harding, 1. Missouri — Wood, 2½; Lowden, 18½; Sproul, 2; Harding, 13. Montana — Johnson, 8. Nebraska — Wood, 12; Johnson, 4. Nevada — Lowden, 2; Wood, 2; Johnson, 6.

New Hampshire-Wood, 8. New Jersey-Harding, 1; Johnson, 10;

New Mexico-Wood, 6.

New Mexico-Wood, 6.

New York-Poindexter, 1; W. L.
Ward, 2; Jahnson, 3; Hoover, 3; Butler, 4; Coolidge, 3; Harding, 5; Wood,
23; Lowden, 44.

North Carolina-Watson, 1; Johnson,
1; Wood, 1; Harding, 2; Lowden, 16.

1; Wood, 1; Harding, 2; Lowden, 16. North Dakota-Coolidgs, 1; Wood, 2; Oklahoma—Lowden, 18; Wood, 2. Oklahoma—Lowden, 18; Wood, 2. Oregon—Johnson, 5; Wood, 4; Hoov

Pennsylvania-Knox, 1; Sproul, 75. Rhode Island-Wood, 10. South Carolina-Lowden, 11. South Dakats-Wood 10 Tennemee-Lowden, 3; Wood, 17. Texas Johnson, 1; Wood, 5 1-2; Lov

en, 8 1-2; Harding, 8. Utah-Harding, 2; Lowden, 2; Wood Vermont-Wood, 8. Virginia-Wood, 3; Lowden, 12. Washington-Poin lexter 14. West Virginia-Wood, 8; Johnson, 2 owden, 1; Harding, 5. Wisconsin-Wood, 1; Hoover, 1; La follette, 24. Wyoming-Lowden, 3; Wood, 2; Hard

ng. 1. Alaska-Wood, 1; Coolidge, 1. District of Columbia-Weod, 2. Hawaii-Lowden, 2. Philippines-Wood, 2. Porto Rico-Lowden, 1; Wood, 1. Seventh Ballot. Alabama-Lowden, 6; Wood, 4; John

Arizona-Wood, 6. Arkansas-Lowden, California-Johnson, 26. Colorado-Lowden, 3; Harding, 3 Connecticut-London, 12; Johnson, 1 Wood, 1.

on, 2; Harding, 2.

Delaware-Dupont, 3; Harding, lowden, I. Florida-Lowden, 1; Wood, 7. Georgia-Lowden, 9; Wood, 8. -Johnson, 1; Lowden, 2; Hard ng, 1; Wood, 4. Illinois-Johnson, 17; Lowden, 41.

Indiana-Wood 17; Lowden, 5; Hard ng, 8. Iowa-Lowden, 26. Kansas-Lowden, 6; Wood, 10; Hard Kentucky-Lowden, 26.

ng, 2. Maine-Wood, 12. Maryland, Wood, 16. Massachusetts-Wood, 12; Coolidge

Michigan-Johnson, 16; Wood, 13;

owden, 1.

Louisiana-Lowden, 7; Wood, 3; Hard

Minnesota-Wood, 16; ohnson, 2; Kellogg, 1. Mississippi-Wood Lowden 1-2; Harding, 1. 1; Wood, Missouri-Sproul. Lowden 1 1.2; Harding, 16. Montana-Johnson, 8. Nebraska-Wood, 13; Johnson, 3.

Nevada-Johnson, 2; Lowden, 2; Vood, 2. New Hampshire-Wood, 8. New Jersey-Harding, 1; Johnson, 10; Vood, 17. New Mexico-Wood, 6.

New York-Poindexter, 1; Ward, 1; enroot, 1; Hoover, 3; Butler, 2; Cooldge, 3; Harding, 8; Wood, 24; Lowden North Carolina-Johnson, 1; Harding,

Wood, 3; Lowden, 15. Ohio-Harding, 35; Wood, 13 (Continued on Page Four.)

COOLIDGE NAMED BY REPUBLICANS

Collapse of Lowden Forces and Their Transfer To Harding Puts Him Over

CONVENTION DEADLOCKED **DURING AN ENTIRE DAY**

Nomination of Massachusetts Governor For Second Place Upsets Plan of Harding Backers To Name Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin; Penn sylvania For Harding

COOLIDGE WILL ACCEPT NOMINATION, HE SAYS.

Boston, Mass., June 12.-Governo Coolidge, when notified tonight that he had been nominated by the Re-publican convention for the Vice-Prosidency, authorized the Am ated Press to may that he would ac-

Governor Coulidge received word of his nomintion in his apartment of his nomintion in his apartment at the Adams House in company with Mes. Coolings and his side, Captain Charies S. Riley, and his accretary. Honry F. Long. The Governor indicated that he was very well pleased with the honor.

Chicago, Ill., June 12.-Warren G. Harding, United States Senator from Ohio, was nominated for the presidency today by the Ropublican National convention after a deadlock which lasted for nine ballots and which finally forced out of the running all the original favorites.

As his running mate, the convention named Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts, upsetting a plan of a combination of the Harding backers to nominate for the place Senator Irrine L. Lenroot of

The collapse of the forces of Governor Frank O. Lowden and their trans-fer in large part to Senator Harding put the Ohio candidate over. Wood Loses Heavily.
General Wood lost heavily, however,

when the Harding drift began and Senator Johnson, the third of the trio of leaders on the early balloting yesterday, also went stendily down hill. Entering the conventions four day ago as a candidate distinctly of the dark horse class, Senator Harding got only 64 votes on the first ballot

vesterday and on the second he dropped to 56. When the convention adjourned last night at the end of the fourth ballot

he had 61. In all night conferences among the party chiefs, however, he was men-tioned many times as the most likely to break the nomination deadlock should neither Wood, Lowden nor Johnson take a commanding lead today. They all failed to do so, Wood and Lowden running a neck and neck race for leadership on four more ballots while the strength of the California candidate dwindled steadily.

Harding Climbs Steadily. Meantime Harding pushed his total to 133, individual delegates from many states swinging to him from the columns of the leaders and of various favorite sons. The Johnson managers, fearing a landslide was impending then made a last play to save the fortunes of their candidate. They moved to recess for a couple of hours in order to take an inventory and seek a new combination. The Wood and Lowden forces, both virtually at the their strength, but both disheartened at the long string of ballots without material gains, fell in the with the recess plan and the convention adopted

In the dramatic succession of con forences that followed the fate of the candidates, virtually was scaled. Some of the Wood and Lowden managers tried ineffectually for an agreement which would hold their delegates in line and kill the Harding boom, Some tried to get a Wood, Lowden, Johnson agreement to adjourn until Monday without making a nomination. There also was a conference between Johnson and Harding supporters in which the Ohioan's supporters tried without success to have the remaining Johnson strength swung to Harding.

It was the parleys between the Harding and Lawden men, however, which apparently bore the most fruit when the balloting began again, for Governor Lowdon came to the convention during the ninth roll call and, reversing a previous plan to go before the convention itself, issued instructions from behind the scenes, releasing his

(Continued on Page Two.)