

## COX INITIATED ON FORTY-FOURTH BALLOT

### MORRISON'S VICTORY CONCEDED BY BIGGS BY LARGE MAJORITY

Returns From Ninety-Five Counties Give Mecklenburg Man a Lead of 8,000 Over O. Max Gardner

JUDGE STACY GETS TWO TO ONE VOTE OVER LONG IN 55 COUNTIES

Baxter Durham in Same Counties Has Total of 37,821 to 29,808 of J. P. Cook; Heriot Clarkson Closes His Office and Leaves for Home in Charlotte With Thanks For Everybody; Calls On Democrats of North Carolina To Rally Around Morrison As Party Standard-Bearer

Judge J. Crawford Biggs, manager for O. Max Gardner in the Democratic gubernatorial campaign, last night conceded the nomination of Cameron Morrison in Saturday's primary "by a substantial majority."

Returns, complete and incomplete, from ninety-five counties in the State, compiled by the News and Observer, give Morrison 63,038 and Gardner 54,883. The indications are that Morrison's majority will be well over the 8,175 shown in these figures.

The five counties from which no returns have been received are Avery, Camden, Granville, Macon and Tyrrell. In these Gardner's majority over Morrison in the first primary was 297. In the ninety-five counties heard from, Morrison led in the first primary by 284.

In fifty-five counties, Judge W. P. Stacy, of Wilmington, has received 46,171 votes to the 27,251 for his opponent, Judge B. F. Long, of Statesville, for associate justice of the Supreme court. The same give Baxter Durham, of Raleigh, a lead over J. P. Cook, of Concord, for State auditor, by a vote of 37,821 to 29,808.

Mr. Heriot Clarkson, manager for Morrison, closed his headquarters yesterday assured of victory, and last night left for his home in Charlotte. Mr. Clarkson makes statement: Before leaving he issued the following statement:

"The battle of ballots between Democrats is over, and it is now the duty of us all to forget differences; buckle on our armor; unfurl our flag and go forward a united party against a common foe, the Republican party. The Democrats have nominated its standard-bearer by the people; the Republicans by a coterie, a favored few—one represents the people, the other a political oligarchy. We must maintain the great principles of the great Democratic party—equal and exact justice to all; equal rights to all, special privileges to none, equality of opportunity for all—these principles are immortal as the ideal of the Golden Rule. "Do unto others as you would have them do unto you." These principles have been illustrated in practice in recent years by the Democratic party by enfranchising the monetary system, by establishing all over the nation twelve regional banks, thus destroying the monopoly of the few in controlling the money of our country; by the Farm Loan Bank giving the farmers an opportunity of home ownership and by many other social laws in the interest of the people. We have had no class trouble in our beloved Southland, and we want none. The time has come when, in a spirit of fairness, we must look into the needs of the toiler and bread-winner and see that righteous laws are enacted in his favor.

Appreciates Courtesies "I appreciate sincerely the courtesies shown me by the people of Raleigh and the Raleigh reporters and the press of the State. I desire to express my hearty appreciation of the courtesies shown me by Mr. Chas. Ross, manager of the campaign of Hon. Christian gentleman and statesman, Hon. Robert N. Page. I desire heartily to thank Mr. Thad S. Page, a worthy son of a noble sire, for many kindnesses and courtesies shown me. "The relation existing between Judge J. Crawford Biggs, manager for Hon. O. Max Gardner, and myself has been cordial and pleasant and I appreciate his many courtesies. I have known Hon. O. Max Gardner from early childhood, a virile splendid North Carolinian. The contest is over. Let us forgive and forget. By the partisans on both sides I know much has been said—the heat of the contest that is regretted. I appeal to both sides to make amends honorable—a gentleman cannot afford to do otherwise. I thank with all my heart the supporters of Hon. Cameron Morrison for the unselfish self-sacrificing devotion to his cause. I never expect to again see such an army of faithful fighters in any one's behalf. Their trust

#### TABLE SHOWING RESULTS OF FORTY-THREE BALLOTS

BALLOT.	McAdoo	Cox	Palmer	Reed	Comm.
1st	180	264	228	212	27
2nd	150	260	244	212	27
3rd	177	252 1/2	261 1/2	235 1/2	26
4th	178	225	254	211	24
5th	181	257	244	211	24
6th	195	268 1/2	245	219	29
7th	205 1/2	294	274 1/2	237	19
8th	215	308	282	232	18
9th	321 1/2	306	297	32	18
10th	321	355	257	34	19
11th	322	330	266	33	19
12th	404	373 1/2	291	21	4
13th	425 1/2	363 1/2	199 1/2	29 1/2	7
14th	445 1/2	355 1/2	162	32	7
15th	455 1/2	337	164 1/2	32	20
16th	443	382	176	57	19
17th	452	330 1/2	174 1/2	43	19
18th	458	340 1/2	178	36	10
19th	456 1/2	340 1/2	178	36	10
20th	426 1/2	395 1/2	144	54	7
21st	430	372 1/2	168 1/2	52	5
22nd	430	372 1/2	168 1/2	52	5
23rd	424	366	162 1/2	50 1/2	5
24th	364 1/2	429	178	54 1/2	5
25th	364 1/2	424	169	56 1/2	4
26th	424 1/2	373 1/2	167 1/2	53 1/2	4
27th	371 1/2	423 1/2	164 1/2	60 1/2	4
28th	368 1/2	423	165 1/2	62 1/2	4
29th	394 1/2	404 1/2	166	63	4
30th	409 1/2	383	165	63	4
31st	415 1/2	391 1/2	174	57 1/2	3
32nd	421	391	176	56 1/2	3
33rd	421	386 1/2	166	56 1/2	3
34th	429 1/2	379 1/2	154	54	3
35th	409	374 1/2	232	39	3
36th	399	377	241	29	3
37th	394 1/2	388	283 1/2	68 1/2	3
38th	402 1/2	368 1/2	211	50	2
39th	440	402 1/2	174	71 1/2	2
40th	364 1/2	423	164	60 1/2	2
41st	487	427 1/2	15	96 1/2	2
42nd	467	440 1/2	8	49 1/2	2
43rd	412	407	7	37 1/2	2

### HOME FOLKS HONOR NOMINEE HARDING

#### Marion, Ohio, Makes Homecoming of Her Distinguished Son Great Occasion

Marion, Ohio, July 5.—Marion today paid tribute to Senator Harding, the Republican candidate for the presidency, upon his return, accompanied by Mrs. Harding, to his home here from Washington for the first time since his nomination. It was a big day for the little Ohio city and one that will go down in history.

The celebration began early in the day and lasted until tonight, when in the presence of a crowd of home folks that crowded the spacious lawn of the Harding residence and overflowed to the opposite side of the street, Senator Harding, as officially welcomed by Dr. Crisinger, president of the Marion Civic Association. The Senator replied in a brief speech in which he opposed a one-man government and urged restoration of normal conditions as a steady force for civilization, which, he said, "has been fevered by the supreme upheaval of all the world."

"Let me say to you friends and neighbors," said the Republican nominee, "I believed in one-man government, if I believed the superman were necessary to appeal to the sober sense of the people and ask our people to plant their feet in secure and forward paths once more, I would not be here in the capacity which has inspired your greeting."

"Let us pledge ourselves anew one and all, that this heritage handed to us through the heroism and sacrifice of the founding fathers shall be held sacred, unbridled and undimmed, and American nationality shall be the inspiration of the myriads of Americans of the future—even as it stirs our hearts today."

Enthusiasm took so part in today's celebration and both speakers carefully avoided any reference to politics. Mr. Crisinger in his speech paid a tribute to Mrs. Harding in connection with the success attained by the Senator while Senator Harding in concluding introduced his wife as a "faithful friend who knows my faults but has stuck to me." Mrs. Harding blushing acknowledged the tribute and bowed while the crowd cheered.

### REED TAKES SHOT AT LEAGUE AGAIN

#### Back Home From 'Frisco, Where He Was Denied Seat; Denounces Convention

Kansas City, July 5.—The League of Nations was denounced as a "League of treason and covenant of national death" by Senator James A. Reed, who returned here today from San Francisco, where he was refused a seat as a delegate to the Democratic National Convention. Senator Reed, addressing a mass meeting in a convention hall here, declared that he was privately assured "by grape-vine messages" while his case was being heard, that the credentials committee of the convention would seat him if he would agree to keep silent in regard to the league of nations on the convention floor. His refusal to make such an agreement was responsible for his being denied a seat, he said.

Denounces Frisco Conclave. "If there is one lesson that this country needs to learn," Senator Reed said in his speech, "it is that this is not a one-man country. It is a 110,000,000 men country. If you would keep this republic safe you must do your own thinking. You, the people, are the source of all power. The sooner you exercise it, the better it will be for you and for the country." Senator Reed denounced the Democratic convention at San Francisco as a "convention afflicted with international blind staggers."

Without direct personal reference to anyone, Senator Reed declared that there was a difference between the doctrine of the Divine Right of Kings "and the modern doctrine that a man elected to office becomes thereby a leader, and that all who differ with him are excommunicated and outcast."

Robert Lansing, former Secretary of State, described as a man whom the President took to France with him who knew anything about international law "and about the only one who had ordinary common sense," and he asserted that Lansing's removal from office was the result of his "insistence upon warning the people of the true meaning of the 'leagues' with treason," this covenant of national death.

"They Shall Know the Truth." Senator Reed declared that "this information in regard to what the league really means is going to the people and they shall know the truth."

Reed was received with enthusiasm and a resolution adopted by a rising vote denouncing the action of the Democratic National convention "in denying representation to this community in refusing to seat Senator Reed" and endorsing the Senator's stand.

### LETTER CARRIERS MEET IN WINSTON-SALEM NEXT

#### Son of President of American Agricultural and Chemical Co., Accident Victim

Charlotte, July 5.—The North Carolina City Letter Carriers Association met in annual session here today. The address of welcome was delivered by D. B. Smith, the response by W. G. Erwin for the clerks and Ward B. Threat for the carriers. W. B. Bradford, assistant postmaster, spoke on "Service," and C. F. Roberts, superintendent of mails, on "Co-operation." John F. Foley, of Boston, representative of the National Association of Letter Carriers, spoke on the recent salary advance and retirement plan. Officers elected for the year were: E. L. Neal, Greensboro, re-elected president; Ward B. Threat, of Charlotte, elected vice-president; Will Kiger, of Mount Airy, re-elected secretary treasurer. Winston-Salem is selected as the meeting place in 1921.

### NEGRO IS TAKEN FROM OFFICERS AND LYNCHED

#### FREDERICK G. BRADLEY SUCCUMBS TO INJURIES

### NEGRO IS TAKEN FROM OFFICERS AND LYNCHED

### AMERICAN STEAMER HITS ROCK; IN DANGER SINKING

### REED TAKES SHOT AT LEAGUE AGAIN

### PREMIERS GATHER FOR SPA MEETING

#### Conference Between Allied and German Heads Most Important Since War

Spa, Belgium, July 5.—(By The Associated Press.)—There was a brief meeting today of the allied and German delegates, who during the next few days will discuss matters relating to the peace treaty.

The session was held in the drawing room of the Villa Fraineuse and the German delegates, Chancellor Fehrenbach, Dr. Walter Simons, the foreign minister, and Herr Wirth, minister of finance, were seated at the left end of the long horseshoe table next to the Japanese. There were no introductions or shaking of hands.

The president of the conference, M. Delacroix, the Belgian premier, arose and immediately opened what is considered to be the most important international event since the armistice by announcing the order of business, which included disarmament, reparations, coal supply, the trial of Germans accused of atrocities and the situation at Danzig.

To Take Part Lojally. M. Delacroix inquired of Herr Fehrenbach if he desired to make any observations. The chancellor, speaking in German, which was translated by an official interpreter, said: "I desire to say in behalf of the German government and of the German people that we have come here to take part lojally in the discussion of how the treaty of peace can be executed."

Mr. Lloyd George, as senior premier, thereupon expressed the gratification of the allied delegates, and Herr Fehrenbach, continued: "I am sure that the military questions are to be first discussed. We were informed of this last evening and tried to telephone the German minister of war, but reached him too late for him to leave until today. He will arrive, I think, by tomorrow afternoon."

Premiers Delacroix, Lloyd George and Millerand then conferred and agreed to postpone the discussions until tomorrow at an hour to be fixed later.

Discussions Postponed. "I should like also to have Dr. Heines, minister of justice, here when we take up the question of trials," said Herr Fehrenbach.

The three again conferred privately. A few minutes later M. Delacroix announced that the Lord Chancellor of England and the French minister of justice would also attend on Thursday for participation in the discussions. The conference recessed until called together by M. Delacroix tomorrow. The proceedings today lasted just forty-five minutes. Dr. Simons remarked afterwards that the atmosphere of the conference was cool, but correct. He believed that a good deal could be accomplished.

Premiers Lloyd George and Millerand expressed themselves as satisfied with the formal beginning.

### MRS. E. P. SETTLE DIES IN BALTIMORE

### C. B. ALLEN LOSES LIFE IN THE SURF

### WIDOW OF THE LATE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMAN YIELDS TO EXTENDED ILLNESS

### SON OF MR. AND MRS. PAUL ALLEN DROWNED YESTERDAY AT WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Asheville, July 5.—Following an extended illness, Mrs. Eliza Potter Settle, widow of the late Thomas Settle of this city, who served one term as Republican congressman from the fifth or Greensboro district, died this morning at Baltimore. She had gone to the hospital of Dr. Parker at Baltimore several weeks ago and her condition continued to grow serious almost from the time of her arrival.

The body will be taken to Wilmington, her former home, for burial Tuesday afternoon; the interment to take place at Oakdale cemetery. Several relatives and friends from Asheville are planning to attend the services at Wilmington.

Mrs. Settle was the daughter of the late Mr. William F. and Florence DeRosset Potter (nee Wright), of Wilmington, where she was born and reared. In 1897 she was married to the late Thomas Settle, at that time resident of Greensboro. In 1898 the couple moved to Asheville where they afterward lived. Mr. Settle died in January, 1919, of pneumonia, and was buried at Greensboro.

The deceased was prominent throughout the state, coming of a distinguished family and had always been a leader in social and religious affairs in this city and in other sections of North Carolina. During the world war she took a prominent part in war work in Asheville and was the leader in many of the activities started here.

Surviving is Mrs. Tench C. Cox, sister of Asheville, who was with Mrs. Settle at the time Mrs. Settle was a member of St. Mary's Episcopal church of this city. Their home "Orion" on Pearson Drive, is one of the finest residences in the city.

### OHIO GOVERNOR GAINED RAPIDLY AFTER PALMER RELEASED ALL OF HIS DELEGATES ON 38TH BALLOT

#### DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE



GOVERNOR JAMES M. COX, OHIO.

James Middleton Cox was three times Governor of Ohio, an honor enjoyed by only one other Ohioan, Rutherford B. Hayes.

Born on a farm, educated in the public schools, a printer's devil, a school teacher, a newspaper reporter, a private secretary to a Congressman, owner, manager and proprietor of two newspapers, member of Congress for three years and three times Governor of his State is his record to date. Business success paralleled his political achievements and through his own efforts Cox has amassed a fortune. Mr. Cox became the leader of the Democratic party in Ohio in 1912 when he was nominated for Governor. As one who had brought radical changes in the State Constitution, he took the field in its behalf. His first term as Governor was devoted chiefly to forwarding the enactment of laws to put the new State Constitution into effect. But Ohio evidently was not prepared to assimilate all the new laws, for Cox was defeated for re-election. But his party renominated him in 1916 and he was re-elected for a third term in 1918, being the only Democrat to win in Ohio.

Legislation for which Governor Cox

is best known includes a model workmen's compensation law and a child labor law which have been extensively copied by other states. Educators of the country say the Ohio school code, enacted under Governor Cox's direction, will live as a monument to his achievements.

Mr. Cox was born in Butler county, Ohio, in 1870. He attended district school and held his first position as a teacher of the school in which he took his first lesson. He spent evenings and holidays in a printing office. In a few years he received his first assignment on the editorial staff of the Cincinnati Enquirer.

After 10 years with the Enquirer, he went to Washington as a private secretary to Congressman Paul Rose, of Ohio. At the close of this service he purchased the Dayton News, borrowing most of the money to pay for it. Later he purchased The Springfield Daily News. He was first elected to Congress in 1908.

He recently purchased the farm near Jacksonburg upon which he was born, and is making it into a modern farm home, where he expects to live on retirement from public office. He married and has four children.

When the balloting on the 44th vote had gotten to a point where Cox had 702 votes and was rapidly approaching the necessary two-thirds of 729, Sam B. Amidon, of Kansas, manager of the McAdoo forces and vice chairman of the Democratic national committee, took the platform and moved that the nomination be made unanimous.

Immediately there was a roar from the tired delegates, which lasted for a full four minutes before Chairman Robinson could put the question on Amidon's motion to suspend the rules and nominate Cox by acclamation.

At 1:43 o'clock this morning the motion was formally voted over, with a rolling chorus of ayes and a crashing of the brass bands.

State standards, which had surged back and forth in the desperate battles of the deadlock, raced to the front of the hall and to a place before the platform.

ADJOURN UNTIL NOON

In the confusion and excitement of the nomination the body forgot about the nomination for Vice-President, but the leaders were figuring on a list which included Franklin D. Roosevelt, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. While the crowd was demonstrating its release from the deadlock the leaders arranged an adjournment until noon tomorrow to canvass the question of a second place in the meantime and meet again prepared to complete the ticket.

### STARTED IN AFTERNOON

The Cox band wagon movement really started late this afternoon before the recess for dinner. During the interval both sides of the fight made desperate appeals to Tammany. Throughout the evening New York's vote stood the same, 20 for McAdoo and 70 for Cox. On the third ballot

### COX RECEIVES NEWS WITHOUT COMMENT.

Dayton, Ohio, July 6.—"I have no statement to make now," said Gov. James M. Cox early this morning, when he learned, over the Associated Press wires, that he had been nominated by the delegates. "I think you will understand why," he added to newspaper men.