

DEMOCRATIC PARTY CHIEFS GATHER TO DISCUSS CAMPAIGN

National Committee Meets Today at Columbus To Organize The Campaign

LEADERS COUNSEL WITH GOV. COX AND ROOSEVELT

Presidential Nominee Declines To Reply To Harding's Ultimatum On Foreign Policy; Selection of Campaign and Committee Heads and Other Business Up Today

Columbus, Ohio, July 19.—Democratic leaders gathered here today to counsel with Governor Cox and Franklin D. Roosevelt, the party's presidential and vice presidential nominees, on their national political battle.

The Democratic national committee meets at 11 o'clock tomorrow to organize the campaign. Much preliminary work was done today in conference. Selection of a committee chairman to manage the campaign, naming of headquarters, choosing an executive subcommittee, plans for financing the campaign, arrangements for notification dates for the two nominees and their itineraries were the major affairs to be considered at tomorrow's meeting.

Declines to Answer Harding

Governor Cox declined to respond to the request of Senator Harding, the Republican nominee, for details of the governor's conference with President Wilson yesterday on the League of Nations. The governor said he would answer anything desirable in his acceptance address. Disinclination of Edmund H. Moore, national committeeman from Ohio, and Governor Cox's floor manager at the San Francisco convention, to assume management of the campaign left unsettled tonight the election of a national committee chairman. Governor Cox said that in a telephone conversation Mr. Moore indicated that he did not desire the place, but wished to serve in other and unofficial capacities.

The question will be left to the committee, said Governor Cox.

Mr. Moore's reasons for not wishing to manage the campaign were said, by close friends to be personal, based largely on necessities of his law practice at Youngstown.

Chairmanship Is Discussed

The committee chairmanship also was discussed late today by Governor Cox with Homer S. Cummings, of Connecticut, the present chairman. Mr. Cummings has stated that he wished to avoid the responsibilities and labor of another campaign, but many committee members were urging that he be "drafted" for re-election tomorrow. Representative Cordell Hull, of Tennessee, also was being urged as an eligible.

A number of committee women chosen under the new rule giving women equal representation were here for tomorrow's meeting and there was a disposition to give them places on the executive committee, possibly electing one woman vice chairman. Women suffrage leaders also are to urge the committee to make another move toward ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment.

Norman E. Mack, New York committee leader, is to offer a resolution urging the Tennessee and North Carolina legislatures to ratify. Sentiment regarding notification in favor of dates early in August, in order that both candidates may soon begin speaking tours.

Tentative Speaking Plans

Tentative plans call for a tour of about three weeks in eastern and central states by Governor Cox, beginning about the middle of August, while Mr. Roosevelt spends a like period in the West. Afterwards it is proposed that they transfer territories for another three weeks' trip. Both candidates are expected to close their campaign in their home and nearby states.

Governor Cox said he was being urged strongly to visit the Pacific coast and that he hoped to comply.

Virtually all of the visiting committee members are giving the governor and Mr. Roosevelt optimistic reports on the outlook in their states.

New York Prospects Good

Mr. Mack said that Democratic prospects in New York were "very good." "The party in the state never was more united," he said.

Isidor B. Dockweiler also gave a hopeful view of the California situation, in which he said factional Republican troubles figure, while Mr. J. W. Morrow, Governor Cox said, predicted that Oregon, Idaho, and Montana were sure prospects for the Democratic column. Charles Bochenstein, Illinois committeeman, also told the governor that his state was by no means a Republican prospect.

REPORT ON COTTON SEED AND ITS PRODUCTS MADE

Washington, D. C., July 19.—The cotton seed and cotton seed products report for the 11-month period, August 1st to June 30th, announced today by the Census Bureau, shows:

Cotton seed, crusher, 3,996,690 tons. Products manufactured: Crude oil, 1,267,279,381 pounds; refined oil, 966,130,259 pounds; cake and meal, 1,812,155 tons; linters, 809,292 bales. Stocks, June 30th.: Seed (at plants) 34,392 tons; crude oil, 45,506,682 pounds; refined oil, 326,069,623 pounds; cake and meal, 176,262 tons; linters, 212,294 bales. Exports: Oil, 148,755,372 pounds; cake and meal, 210,301 tons; linters, 49,546 bales.

BAD WEATHER PREVENTS ALASKAN PLANES STARTING

Eric, Pa., July 19.—Threatening weather prevented the four army planes on the New York to Nome, Alaska, expedition from attempting the next jump to Grand Rapids, Michigan, today.

Feeling of Pessimism on Eve of Rail Wage Award

Decision of Railway Labor Board To Be Given Out at Chicago Early This Morning; Estimated the Award Will Average From 50 to 60 Per Cent of Amount Asked By Men; Brotherhood Chiefs Gather to Await Decision; Possibility of Strike.

Chicago, July 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Railway Labor Board, created under the Esch-Cummings Transportation Act, will hand down tomorrow morning its first award, increasing the pay of virtually all the 2,000,000 railroad employees of the country.

Tonight, on the eve of the decision, reports from reliable quarters indicated the award would average from 50 to 60 per cent of the amount asked by the men, or between \$500,000,000 and \$600,000,000 of the billion dollar total they sought. Judge E. M. Barton, chairman of the board, admitted "that is not far off," when shown the report. The board decided today, at the request of newspapers, to announce its decision at 8:30 o'clock instead of 10 a. m., as first planned.

No Comment by Unions. Whether award on the basis reported would be acceptable to the men no union officer tonight was prepared to say. Nearly 1,000 brotherhood chairmen and executives held an all-day session to discuss union affairs and adjourned until tomorrow morning, when they will receive the board's report.

COX IS DISCHARGED UNCONDITIONALLY

State Supreme Court Justices Order Immediate Release

Declaring that the State of North Carolina cannot recognize a capias issued in Tennessee, Chief Justice Walter Clark of the Supreme Court of North Carolina yesterday ordered the unconditional discharge of D. Sam Cox, a prominent Raleigh business man who was released on \$100 bond Saturday night by the chief justice on a writ of habeas corpus after he had been held for six hours in a cell at the city police station.

The arrest was made by officer T. W. Crabtree under authority of a capias instanter issued by the Clerk of the Criminal Court of Davidson county, Tennessee.

"It is my turn now and I shall certainly give the city of Raleigh some advertising in return for this high handed outrage," said Mr. Cox after the proceedings yesterday. He intimated that he intended to institute a suit for damages against the City of Raleigh, but said he would not make any definite statement until after he had fully vindicated himself in the Tennessee courts.

Associate Justice W. A. Hoke sat with the Chief Justice at the hearing yesterday and both justices signed the order of discharge which states that "the arrest and imprisonment of the defendant was wholly illegal."

Willis G. Briggs, City Solicitor, appeared in behalf of the city and asked that the case be continued until an officer could arrive from Tennessee with requisition papers and the matter be argued before Governor Bickett. Mr. Briggs read a telegram from Nashville stating that an officer would be sent for Cox, and said that the Tennessee authorities had been advised to send extradition papers. A. J. Fletcher, attorney for Mr. Cox, stated that his client would bitterly resist extradition.

Although the hearing had been set for three-thirty o'clock, the hour of three o'clock had been inserted, through inadvertence, in the written order and earlier hours had been summoned for the hearing. Before the hour for the hearing arrived, the consultation room was so crowded that it was decided to move the proceedings in the court room proper. Mrs. Cox appeared in court with her husband and they were surrounded by a number of friends. W. B. Drake, Carey J. Hunter, W. N. Jones and W. H. Williamson all appeared in court as character witnesses for the defendant, but none of them were called to stand. Mr. Cox also presented a bank statement showing that a sum aggregating more than \$1,000 had been deposited in the bank on

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CHARGE CONSPIRACY TO DEFAUD BY DEAL IN OIL

Two Men Held For Defrauding Shipping Board of \$9,000 In Transaction

New York, July 19.—R. H. Bowman, chief engineer of the United States Shipping Board vessel Dio, and a former fuel oil agent for the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, whose name is withheld, are being held here for the Federal grand jury on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Shipping Board of more than \$9,000 through a fuel oil transaction at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, Assistant United States Attorney H. F. Kelly announced here today.

Bowman, according to the Federal prosecutor, having 400 tons of "unlogged oil" in the Dio's fuel tanks, is alleged to have arranged with the Standard Oil agent for delivery of 600 tons of oil and presented a bill for 1,000 tons, which was paid by F. M. Johnson and Company, Shipping Board agents. Payment, Mr. Kelly said, was made with a draft on a Brazilian bank, which was cashed in Rio de Janeiro, where the "deal" was arranged.

The defendants, Mr. Kelly asserted, have made voluntary confession of the transaction and offered to return the money received for the 400 tons of undelivered oil.

Feeling of pessimism was evident when the union leaders met, and privately they did not hesitate to declare that a general strike was a possibility.

Tonight, however, it was virtually certain that the union chiefs themselves would not call a strike, but would submit the question of accepting or rejecting the board's award to a referendum. Copy of Award Stolen. The labor board began an investigation today of the looting of its office last night, when some one broke in and stole among other things, a copy of the award. Two copies had been prepared, one for the board's files and the other for the printer. It was the former which was stolen.

The printed decision covers twenty pages, making about 6,000 words in all. Immediately upon the announcement of the award tomorrow the grand council of the brotherhoods will be called in the first session in more than a year. Sixteen groups of railworkers will be represented and they will act upon the award section by section.

HARDING ATTACKS WILSONIAN POLICY

Quotes Col. House As Saying Peace Treaty Should Have Come First

Marion, O., July 19.—Senator Harding's offensive against the "foreign commitments" of President Wilson, initiated yesterday in a volley of questions for Governor Cox, was developed today toward a new quarter.

In his second attack on the subject in twenty-four hours, the Republican nominee declared the Republican conception of what should have been done at Versailles had been vindicated by Colonel House, the friend and adviser of the President. He quoted the Colonel as saying that negotiations of a peace treaty before operation of a league of nations was suggested by European powers and would have been the "obvious" thing to do.

Foreign Policy Paramount

The ardor with which the Senator pressed his attack was interpreted by his associates here as meaning that he now regards the Wilson foreign policy as having assumed a position of paramount importance in the campaign and that he is determined to take the aggressive and hold it as the fight develops. There was no indication that his policy of a "front porch" campaign would be modified, but his advisers declared the term would be far from synonymous with quiescence.

His Fighting Blood Up

On the question of unqualified approval of the President's conduct of foreign affairs, it was said, the nominee's fighting blood is up. It was indicated that in his speech of acceptance he might be expected to carry his attack a step further and to enlist the fight with some constructive suggestions of his own on the league question.

After two weeks of confinement in preparation of his acceptance speech, the Senator adopted a program of more recreation today and in the afternoon motored to Mansfield, forty miles away, for a golf game. It was the first time since his return to Ohio that he had been on the links, and he appeared to enjoy it immensely.

Earlier in the day he conferred with R. E. Byrnes, Republican national committeeman for Ohio, and during the evening James G. Darden, of New York, one of those active in working for Mr. Harding's nomination, was a guest at the Harding home.

SOVIET REPLY REJECTS ARMISTICE PROPOSALS

London, July 20.—The reply of the Russian Soviet government to the British note concerning an armistice with Poland rejects in substance the British peace proposals, according to the London Times, which today publishes a summary of the Soviet answer.

FREIGHT CAR DAMAGES STEAMER AT WILMINGTON.

Wilmington, July 19.—The American steamer Cerro Gordo is docked at the plant of local marine railway for repairs as a result of damages received when a freight car on a switching line left the rails and crashed into the steamer's side.

ITALIAN STEAMER AGROUND ON CAPE FEAR BAR FLOATS.

Wilmington, July 19.—The Italian steamer Ansaldo, which went aground on the Cape Fear bar early Sunday morning, arrived in Wilmington this afternoon. The steamer was floated early this morning.

BOLSHEVIKI TROOPS BEGIN INVASION OF ARMENIA.

Tehran, Persia, July 19.—(Havas)—The Armenian government, having refused to obey an ultimatum of the Russian Soviet government, the Bolsheviki army has received orders of advance and already has occupied the province of Karabagh. The Bolsheviki are continuing their advance in order to operate jointly with the Turkish national forces of Mustafa Kemal Pasha.

HARDING OUGHT TO BE SATISFIED IF HE WANTED REPLY

Governor Cox Makes It Plain There Is No Pussy Footing On League

MAKES POSITION CLEAR NO GUESSING ABOUT IT

Republican Politicians Completely Flabbergasted by Latest Turn of Events; Want To Dodge League of Nations But Can't Do It Now; Harding Must Camouflage

News and Observer Bureau, 603 District National Bank Building. By R. E. POWELL. (By Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, July 19.—Senator Warren G. Harding's published "anxiety" that there be no pussy footing on the part of Governor James M. Cox with respect to the League of Nations ought to be by this time abundantly relieved. That is what the politicians summing in the capital and those visiting from the States think about three statements that came out of the White House conference yesterday morning.

The Republicans are at sea as a result of this "splendid accord" between two great men, referred to by Franklin D. Roosevelt. Some of them admit frankly that they are flabbergasted. Some of them had confidently expected (and among them those who still insist the President is a complete paralytic), to see Governor Cox and his running mate come away from the conference with the President by way of the roof rather than through the usual exit.

The only comfort they are able now to get out of the situation is to "point with alarm" to the "complete capitulation" of the Democratic candidate to the Wilson foreign policy. The more violent critics, probably recalling the Chicago convention's monopoly on the divinity, are attacking the three conferees for engaging in a political discussion on the Sabbath.

Afraid of League Issue

In spite of the fact that during the long, weary months of treaty debate in the Senate the Republican leaders time and time again asserted their eagerness to accept the League of Nations as the dominant issue in the campaign now under way, they are going to extreme lengths to prevent it becoming the dominant note. Senator Harding's speech of acceptance, which will be delivered at Marion this week, will undoubtedly bristle with such Senate conceived phrases as "we gladly accept the challenge" and "the Republican party is willing to stand or fall on its position." But it is to be seriously doubted that the Republican position will be stated. It cannot, intelligently, be said that the candidate stands "pat" on the Republican platform. Obviously, that would be adding insult to the injury already done the progressive element of the G. O. P.

Such a declaration, given the most liberal interpretation, could only mean that the Republicans intend to pursue open and above board the same course it pursued under cover in the Senate—that of killing the treaty. Any platform plank affecting the League of Nations acceptable to Hiram Johnson and Borah is a sharp knife of itself and in the hands of a candidate running on the platform intended to cut the heart out of the covenant.

Cox Stands His Position

Governor Cox has clearly and unmistakably made his position known without giving away the meat of his speech of acceptance. He avoided the temptation of improprieties but demonstrated for the benefit of Senator Harding "and all the world" that there will be no pussy footing in the Democratic campaign.

Democratic politicians in Washington are well pleased with the conference. It is well for the party, they think that it has wholeheartedly committed itself to the ratification of the treaty with the league covenant without qualifying reservations. Finely drawn deductions and conclusions of Republican logicians do not in the least concern the practical Democrats. The league is a moral issue, they say, of such overwhelming importance that it will not admit of hair splitting over its phraseology.

Rings True on Suffrage

The first domestic question of note on which Candidate Cox's position was fought brought prompt and positive action on the part of the Democratic nominee. He was asked to urge the ratification of the suffrage amendment and he did so without in the least apologizing for invading the prerogatives. In the White House conference with the newspapermen yesterday, he indicated that he would take the North Carolina situation up, if by so doing it will have a tendency to soften the opposition of Democratic leaders in the Tar Heel State.

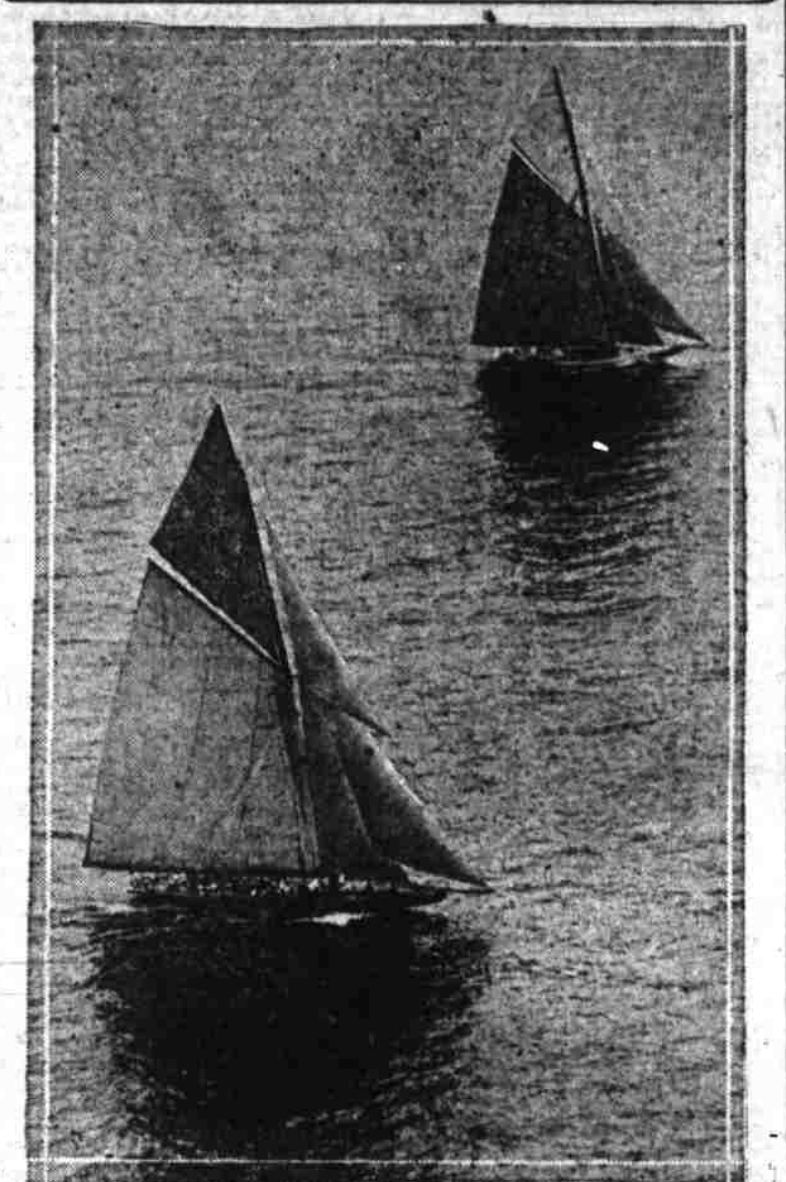
He has pleased Senator Morris Sheppard, the Anti-Saloon league, will not assume serious proportions so far as Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt are concerned. Their chief interest will be in keeping in Congress those dry members who have aided them in their fight for National prohibition and preventing the election of those Congressmen.

MEXICAN TROOPS TAKE OVER AMERICAN RANCH

Laredo, Tex., July 19.—Mexican troops commanded by Lieut. Col. Miguel Martinez entered a ranch owned by Alfred Matthews, an American, and commandeered seven horses, other equipment and clothing, according to official information given out late today. United States Consul Robertson has reported the incident to Washington.

MAD MOB ATTACKS GRAHAM JAIL AND IS FIRED UPON BY DURHAM MACHINE GUNNERS

PHOTOGRAPH SHOWING SCENE OF FIRST RACE FOR AMERICA'S CUP



Copyright, Press Publishing Co., from Kadel & Herbert. New York.—This remarkable photograph of the first race (July 15th) between Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV (in foreground) and the American cup defender Resolute (upper) was taken from a seaplane 250 feet above. Lipton's yacht won the first race when the Resolute's throat halyard snapped.

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO WOUNDED

None of Garrison of Jail Hurt in General Firing By Mob

SOLDIERS FIRED UPON TWICE DURING NIGHT

Fire Returned at First Assault About 9:30; Another Attack at Midnight Draws No Return Shots From Jail Under Orders From Captain Fowler, Commanding Militia

Graham, July 19.—One man was killed and others were wounded tonight when the Durham Machine Gun Company returned the fire of a mob around the Graham jail bent on lynching negroes held here pending investigation to determine the assailant of Mrs. A. A. Riddle. Jim Ray standing fifty yards from the mob was killed while Willie Phillips and Clem Bradsher are known to have been wounded. How many more were hit by machine gun bullets is unknown.

It was at 9:30 that the mob fired on the machine gun guard in front of the jail. The guard retired to the jail under fire and there the fire was returned. Fifty or more shots came from the building, while the shooting from the mob which surrounded the prison on all sides was general. None of the garrison, including 37 members of the Durham company, and a number of armed citizens were wounded.

Jim Ray, it was determined later, was killed by a pistol ball rather than a machine gun bullet. Whether this came from the jail or from the mob, firing in several directions is not known.

Ray was not a member of the mob, nor was either of the wounded men.

Mob Returns to Assault

After the first assault, the mob melted from the jail and disappeared. Report were current that citizens generally were arming themselves for a second attack after midnight, and of this the garrison appeared to be fearful.

At midnight the jail was fired on again from a corner on one side, but the shots were not returned. "I have given orders that no more firing shall be done from the jail unless the mob approaches the doors and we are in imminent danger," said Captain Fowler, commanding the Durham company, after the first shooting.

While some of the citizens of the town are urging against more troops, declaring that additional guardsmen will only add fuel to the fire already burning high militia men, Captain Fowler at midnight was calling for reinforcements.

"I think the situation is cleared for the night, but there is no way of telling," declared Captain Fowler.

At 1 o'clock this morning the mob had dispersed and the trouble, it is thought, appears to be over for the night.

In the meantime, the Durham Reserve Militia of 135 men is being held in readiness for call at the armory.

Officials Go To Graham

Adjutant-General Metts last night received instructions from Governor Bickett at Asheville to proceed at once to Graham and take charge of the situation, using his judgment as to necessity for additional troops.

The adjutant-general left shortly after midnight in the governor's automobile, driven by Mr. William Bickett, son of the governor, and accompanied by Col. J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State. They expected to be in Graham in two hours. At the same time, Attorney-General J. S. Manning in Mebane, left for Graham.

Governor Bickett had no further instructions to give to the troops last night. He had already ordered the machine gun company to shoot and shoot straight it necessary. It was in compliance with these orders that the gunners returned the fire when the assault on the jail took place last night.

All day, it is understood, quiet had reigned in Graham. The question of removing the prisoners to Raleigh over night for purposes of proceeding when conditions should be restored to normal.

None of the three negroes held in the jail have yet been identified as the guilty man. In fact, considerable doubt is expressed in competent quarters as to whether any one of the three is the man wanted.

SUSPEND ORDER TO STOP DISTRIBUTION

Prevent Order Restraining Distribution of Coal Cars Becoming Effective

Asheville, July 19.—An injunction issued by U. S. District Judge Dayton, recently at Phillippi, West Va., restraining the Baltimore and Ohio and all other railroads east of the Mississippi river from distributing special coal cars in the mining territory as an emergency step in the face of the present coal shortage was stayed and suspended here today by the United States Circuit court of appeals.

The order was written by Judge J. C. Pritchard of this city, senior circuit judge presiding, and concurred in by Circuit Judges Knapp of Washington, D. C., and Chas. A. Woods of Marion, S. C., and United States District Judge Henry A. M. Smith of Charleston, S. C., sitting in an advisory capacity.

Under the order of District Court Judge Dayton the injunction was to have become effective Tuesday morning. Tonight after devoting almost two days to the motion for appeals, the circuit judges were unable to reach a decision. Realizing that the order would become effective in a few hours and taking cognizance of its far-reaching result, they decided to stay and suspend the injunction until the appeal is finally determined.

Importance of the case was accentuated today by the presence of Assistant Attorney General Estelina and P. J. Farrell, chief counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission, appearing as amici curiae (friends of the court). The title of the case was the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, appellant, vs. the Lambert Run Coal Company, George M. Hoffheimer of Clarksburg, W. Va., and Herbert R. Preston of Baltimore, for the appellee, and by John A. Howard of Wheeling, W. Va., and Rush C. Butler and Frank E. Harkness of Chicago for the appellee.

The railroads are said to have sent the special cars into the mining districts under an order issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission. This order was the chief point of decision, the commission holding it was empowered to issue such an order under section 15 of the Interstate Commerce laws.

MEXICAN TROOPS TAKE OVER AMERICAN RANCH

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REPORT ON PEACE STEPS BY WILSON

German Committee Says Unrestricted U-Boat Warfare Was Grave Mistake

Berlin, July 19.—The report of the second sub-committee of the committee of investigation on President Wilson's peace effort during the winter of 1916-1917, prepared by Professor Eisheimer, former Socialist member of the Reichstag, draws the conclusion that President Wilson's action made peace overtures possible, but that the German government, not availing itself of them, instead took a stand for unrestricted U-boat warfare.

The report, made public here today, is signed by six members of the different political parties. It is a grave indictment of Germany's military dictators at the time. The report shows how the economists of Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg's civil government, even Dr. Karl Helfferich, then minister of finance, did not believe unrestricted U-boat warfare could ensure Germany victory. As the gravest mistake, the report mentions the fact that America's resources were completely underestimated.

The report mentions notably Von Falkenhausen, former chief of the German staff, "if you fail to keep the United States out you have lost the war."

WOMAN FINDS HUSBAND IS HER REAL FATHER

Baltimore, Md., July 19.—An unusual story is told in a bill of complaint filed in circuit court Number 2 today by Anna Belle Jones, through Arceby C. New, attorney, for the annulment of her marriage to Wm. M. Jones. The case is that of a wife and mother who says that she has learned that her husband—the father of her two children—whom she supposed to be her stepfather, was her real father, and that his improper conduct towards her younger sister caused the latter to leave their home.

Mrs. Jones declares in the bill that before her marriage she lived with her parents without being aware of her supposed stepfather's identity. Another unusual feature of the story is the assertion of Mrs. Jones that the revelation of her supposed stepfather's identity came to her in a dream. Two children were born of the marriage, boys, eight and three years, who are said to be entirely normal and healthy.

CUNARD LINER TO HAVE GREAT TERMINAL ON THE HUDSON

Trenton, N. J., July 19.—The Cunard Terminal Company will shortly erect for the Cunard Line what it claims will be the greatest steamship terminal in the world along the Hudson River near the west shore railroad ferry at Weehawken.

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