

BRINSON OPPOSES MAKING INCREASE OF CONGRESSMEN

Third District Representative Believes Membership Should Be Kept Down

REPUBLICANS DON'T WANT TO LOSE ANY MEMBERS

Southern States In Any Event Will Retain Their Own; New Bern Member Contrasts Massachusetts and North Carolina; Sets Record Straight On Tariff Measure

The News and Observer Bureau,
603 District National Bank Bldg.,
(By Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Dec. 28.—At the hearing of the census committee today on the reapportionment of the House of Representatives, the sentiment against increasing the membership manifested itself and strong pressure was brought to bear against that feature of the Siegel bill which increases the membership to 483. Representative Brinson, a member of the committee, who was forced to curtail his holiday visit home to attend the hearings said he was opposed to a larger membership than the present number of 435. He thinks probably it is already too large for the proper transaction of business, and that certainly any larger number would add to the confusion incident to an unmanageable and unwieldy body.

"The controlling idea in the proposition to increase the membership to 483," said Mr. Brinson, "is to prevent any State from losing a representative, as the contrary would be the case on any ratio from the present up to and including a membership of 482. However, there are a number of us who believe that the number should be kept down instead of increased, and it is not certain that the Siegel bill providing for a membership of 483 will retain the favor that at first seemed evident."

Want To Retain Strength.

If the present ratio of 242,267 population should be maintained, entitling the House to 455 members there would be a loss of 12, one each to Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Rhode Island, Nebraska and two to Missouri. Republicans hesitate to deliberately throw away any representation in those states and to escape such political folly they have been inclined to safeguard themselves by increasing the membership as high as the exigency of the occasion requires, but there are some Republicans who believe it both inexpedient and unwise to keep on increasing the membership of the House merely to meet the lack of growth in population of some of the Republican states, and it is possible that the number may be fixed at less than 483 even if a number of states shall suffer the loss of some representation.

If a membership of 450 should be preferred and so recommended it might be enough for those there would be only a loss of two representatives, one each to Maine, and Missouri. With any number between 460 and 483 the same loss would prevail.

North Carolina would have two additional Congressmen with the House membership fixed at any number from 475 to 483, inclusive, but would have but one additional member with the present House membership or any number up to and including 474.

Southern States Secure.

It is a difficult matter to reduce the representation of the Southern States and not disturb the representation of Republican strongholds, but Representative George Holden Tinkham, of Boston, has felt impelled to preserve representative government by introducing and having enacted a bill to cut down the South's representation on account of alleged denial of the right of suffrage to the negro population of that section. However, he has not made much progress with his measure because many of his fellow-members feel that those who live in glass houses ought not to throw stones. The Tinkham bill is based largely on the constitutional limitations on the ballot in the South, yet his own State constitution has similar restrictions and limitations.

With a view of meeting Mr. Tinkham's contention by administering to him his own medicine, Mr. Brinson has taken from the constitutions of North Carolina and Massachusetts, provisions pertaining to the ballot, which shall not apply to any person prevented by physical disability from complying with the requirements, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

Contrasts Two States.

Here is article 10 of the Massachusetts constitution:

"No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of the commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name; provided, however, that the provision of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by physical disability from complying with the requirements, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect."

Section 4 of article 6 of the North Carolina constitution is as follows:

"Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the constitution in the English language (and before he shall be entitled to vote, he shall have paid, on or before the first day of May of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax for the previous year as prescribed by article 5, section 1, of the constitution). But no male person who was on January 1, 1860, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person shall be denied the right to register and

HARDING NEARING A DECISION ON SOME OF CABINET POSTS

Charles E. Hughes Under Serious Consideration For Secretary of State

EXPECT ANNOUNCEMENT WITHIN SEVERAL DAYS

Others Under Consideration In- clude Will H. Hays For Post- master General, Harry M. Daugherty For Attorney General, and Herbert Hoover For Secretary of Labor

Marion, O., Dec. 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—After weeks of consideration and consultation, President-elect Harding is nearing a decision on several of his most important cabinet appointments.

It may be said authoritatively that so far no such decision has been made and that any suggestions he may have dropped on the subject have been of a tentative and indefinite nature. It is reasonably certain, however, that in his talks here with leaders in many walks of life, he has indicated clearly what men are uppermost in his mind as he asks for advice on the make-up of his official family.

Names Mentioned.

Those who have discussed the question with him intimately believe that appointments under very serious consideration include the following: Charles E. Hughes, of New York, Secretary of State; Charles G. Dawes, of Illinois, Secretary of the Treasury; John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, Secretary of the Navy; Will H. Hays, of Indiana, Postmaster General or Secretary of the Interior; Henry Wallace, of Iowa, Secretary of Agriculture; Herbert Hoover, of California, Secretary of Labor; Harry M. Daugherty, Attorney General.

How many of these actually will be given the places for which they now are most prominently mentioned is a question that even Mr. Harding himself is not yet prepared to answer. Already several shifts have been made in his tentative appointment slate as he has worked his way toward a balanced and harmonious cabinet and other changes are expected before the last decision is made.

No Definite Selections.

It is certain that for several of the places mentioned the President-elect has more than one man under consideration and that the list of seven possibilities given here is far from complete. In regard to most of the cabinet posts decisions may be deferred for several weeks and the intervening period of deliberation may change the whole face of the problem and make one guess at the present moment as good as another.

Mr. Harding's selections for Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, however, are expected to be known definitely within a few days. At the same time he may make public the name of one or two others on whom he has definitely decided for membership in the cabinet.

Aside from the seven names mentioned, recent gossip about Harding headquarters has brought to the fore the names of several possibilities who hitherto had been in the background of cabinet speculation. Among these are Joseph Dixon, of Montana, prominently mentioned for Secretary of the Interior; Charles D. Hillis, of New York, discussed for Secretary of Commerce and the Treasury, and A. T. Hert, of Kentucky, whose name has been associated with the portfolio of war.

SAYS ATTACKS ON SOUTH FOR HOME CONSUMPTION

Democrat Declares Bill To In- crease Size of House Will Be Passed

Washington, Dec. 28.—Declaring there would be no "force" bill passed to reduce Southern representation in Congress, Representative Aswell, Louisiana, Democratic member of the House census committee, predicted today the Siegel bill, which would make the membership of Congress under the present census 484, will be reported out by the committee and passed at this session of Congress.

"The Siegel bill will pass because it is fair and non-partisan," Mr. Aswell declared in a statement following the beginning of hearings by the census committee on the bill.

"These attacks on the South are for home consumption and members of Congress understand that."

"We are willing for the committee to be a medium by which they may relieve themselves of this partisan, political bunk," Mr. Aswell said.

FATHER OF NEFER BOYS CAUGHT WITH 8 GALLONS OF LIQUOR IN POSSESSION

Hickory, Dec. 28.—John Nefer, father of Cecil and Dock Nefer, was caught with eight gallons of liquor tonight by Hickory officers as he drove into his stables. The liquor was in a keg buried under fodder. Nefer gave bond.

Emmett Mitchell, star witness in the Lippard case, also was in the wagon but he disappeared. Nefer was with his two sons all through their trial in connection and sentence for the murder of Glenn Lippard.

TY COBB TO BE HONOR GUEST AT BANQUET



Ty Cobb, new manager of the Detroit Tigers, has sent definite word to his Detroit friends that he will be in that city the latter part of January to be the guest of honor at a banquet celebrating his acceptance of the managership of the team. Men high in baseball circles, including President Johnson, of the American League, and President Heydler, of the National, will attend. The above photograph shows "The Georgia Peach" and Frank Navin, owner of the Tigers, signing the contract in the Hotel Belmont, in New York, several days ago, which made Cobb the successor of Hughie Jennings. Cobb will receive a salary of \$30,000.

MAJ. GALBRAITH IN REPLY TO HOUSTON

Legion Head Declares Secre- tary's Figures Regarding Bonus Too Large

Washington, Dec. 28.—Testimony by Secretary Houston, of the Treasury, before the Senate finance committee yesterday placing the cost of carrying out the pending adjusted compensation or soldier bonus bill at \$2,300,000,000 was characterized by F. W. Galbraith, National Commander of the American Legion, in a statement tonight, as "a scuffle-fish skirmish to muddy the waters so that the principle involved can be clouded in a lot of figures that mean nothing."

Mr. Galbraith estimated the maximum amount the bonus bill would cost the government at \$1,878,800,000.

"Secretary Houston's whole presentation of the matter," said the Legion commander, "was misleading and designed to frighten the country into a repudiation of its obligation to ex-service men. The general impression was conveyed by his testimony that the passage of the adjusted compensation bill would entail immediate appropriation of billions of dollars by the government and seriously cripple the financial condition of the Treasury at the present time. The facts are that appropriations necessary to carry out all features of the bill, except that of cash compensation, would be negligible for this year and for several years to come and that appropriations for cash compensation are not asked until July, 1921, and are to be spread over a period of two years."

ITALIAN FORCES STOP BOMBARDMENT OF FIUME

Fiuman Delegation Makes Re- quest For Suspension of Firing By Troops

Rome, Dec. 28.—Firing on Fiume by the Italian blockading force will be suspended, it was decided at a conference in Abbazia today, according to advice received here.

The suspension was requested by the director of national defense at Fiume and the mayor of the city, who met General Ferrario, commander of the blockading force, to discuss the possibility of ending hostilities.

At a conference in the morning the General informed the delegates that proposals were impossible without prior recognition of the treaty of Rapallo. Such recognition having not been given, the delegates decided to return to Fiume to discuss the matter and asked for another meeting in the afternoon. They also requested a suspension of the firing, which was granted.

WARM RECEPTION FOR COLBY AT MONTEVIDEO

Secretary of State Guest of Honor at Many Social Func- tions in Uruguay

Montevideo, Dec. 28.—Bainbridge Colby, American Secretary of State, who arrived here today, faced a busy program of entertainment, which will continue until Friday night. In addition to other functions planned in his honor there has been added a ball by the American colony, a dancing party by the Uruguayan Club and a banquet by the municipality. Elaborate police arrangements were made to control the throngs gathered to greet the Secretary at the dock.

Immediately after landing one of the first acts of the Secretary was a call on President Bram.

Two Dominican agents, Francisco Henriquez Carrascal, former president of Santa Domingo, and his nephew, Max Henriquez Urena, who are here in the interest of their country, declared yesterday they had no intention of discussing the independence of San Domingo with Mr. Colby. They declared they were pleased with the recent announcement from Washington that the United States government planned soon to permit elections in San Domingo, but asserted they would not abandon their mission, as it is their desire to make South Americans better acquainted with San Domingo. They say that island is entitled to play a larger role in Pan-American affairs.

STEPS TO PREVENT FREEING CONVICTS

Arkansas Governor Orders Out Machine Gunners On The Strength of Reports

WIDESPREAD PLOT TO RELEASE PRISONERS

State Officials Take Immediate Steps To Counteract Any Ef- fort For Wholesale Delivery of Prisoners From Penal In- stitutions; Two Oklahoma Outlaws Included

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 28.—Reliable reports of a widespread plot to free convicts in the State's penal institutions were responsible for the mobilization of the Pine Bluff machine gun company of the Arkansas National Guard, according to a statement tonight by Governor Brough. "The plot," the Governor said, "was reported to him by penitentiary officials and involved plans for the release of Tom Slaughter and Fulton Green, Oklahoma outlaws now serving life sentences for murder."

Without delay, Governor Brough detailed details of the reported plot and the plans of the State authorities to counteract it, but stated that the troops would be kept on duty long enough to prevent the contemplated escape and make practically impossible carrying out plans for a wholesale delivery later. The Governor also declined to say whether the plot included reports of outside aid to the convicts, as was the case several days ago when trustees at the penitentiary confessed that a similar plot was on foot to release Slaughter, Green and other convicts.

From other sources it was learned that the troops stationed at the penitentiary will conduct a thorough search of the convicts and the buildings within the walls for saws, weapons or other tools or material which might be used in an escape, and under orders from the Governor prohibit any visitors within the walls.

The troops detailed to Little Rock were scheduled to arrive shortly after 8 o'clock.

Sent To Prison Camps.

Slaughter and Green are confined at the penitentiary at Little Rock and principal precautions are to be taken of the convicts and the buildings within the walls for saws, weapons or other tools or material which might be used in an escape, and under orders from the Governor prohibit any visitors within the walls.

Machine Gunners Leave.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Dec. 28.—Twenty members of a Pine Bluff company of the Arkansas National Guard with machine guns and a supply of ammunition mobilized this afternoon under orders from Little Rock, will leave early tonight in automobiles for an unannounced destination, it was announced today. Officers of the company refused to indicate where the men would be sent or to give any intimation as to the reason for mobilizing the detachment.

RAILROADS' COAL BILL NEARLY 100 MILLIONS

Washington, Dec. 28.—The railroads' coal bill for the first nine months of this year, was \$97,026,624 more than during the corresponding period last year, said a statement issued today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. A resolution asking the commission for a report as to the amounts spent by the roads for coal this year and last was adopted yesterday by the Senate.

The total coal consumption by the railroads during the nine months of 1920 was \$1,752,821 tons, while during the same period in 1919 they used 71,019,000 tons.

FILES ANSWER TO WIFE'S COMPLAINT

Lexington Editor Reiterates Charges Made In Original Suit Brought By Him

Greensboro, Dec. 28.—Henry B. Varner, prominent Lexington man, today filed an answer to a suit brought by his wife several weeks ago in Federal court here, his answer being a further assertion of his charges made several months ago that she had been guilty of immoral relations with Baxter McRary, a negro, then living in Lexington. The original suit, the starting of the affair, was one filed by Varner seeking a hundred thousand dollars in damages from McRary.

Varner declares in his answer filed in Federal court here today that he believes that his wife "had for several years prior to the 10th day of August, 1920, habitually and secretly for hours at a time received the said McRary in her home in the night time in the absence of the defendant Varner."

Further, Varner charges that he believes that at other places she had had clandestine relations with McRary. On the night of August 10, it was charged in the original suit of Varner, the negro was found under the Varner home in Lexington by a policeman and a friend of Varner's.

The answer filed today is the consequence of a suit filed by Mrs. Varner asking for support from Varner and the possession of a \$50,000 building in Lexington belonging to him. Mrs. Varner declared in her suit that she was never alone with McRary for a moment in her life.

PRESIDENT CELEBRATES SIXTY-FOURTH BIRTHDAY

Informal Birthday Party Held at White House, With Relatives Present

Washington, Dec. 28.—President Wilson, who entered the White House at the age of 56, today celebrated the sixty-fourth anniversary of his birth, his last birthday before retiring to the life of a private citizen.

All of the members of the President's immediate family, with the exception of William G. McAdoo, his son-in-law, spent the day with him. Business engagements prevented Mr. McAdoo coming to Washington, but Mrs. McAdoo, Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's son-in-law, and daughter, and Miss Margaret Wilson, the third daughter, were present for an informal birthday party given by Mrs. Wilson for the President.

Numerous messages of congratulations were received at the White House during the day, including one from King George of Great Britain.

Mr. Wilson spent the day quietly and with Mrs. Wilson entertained at luncheon Miss Marjorie Brown, cousin of his first wife, and her fiancé, Benjamin Hill, of New York, whose wedding took place tonight at the home of the bride. Mrs. Wilson, together with Mrs. Medco, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Wilson, attended the wedding.

COTTON MILLS TO PAY MILLION IN DIVIDENDS

Corporations at Greenville, S. C., Decide To Make Pay- ments January 1

Greenville, Dec. 28.—Approximately a million dollars in dividends will be paid January 1 to stockholders by twenty cotton mills corporations of Greenville county, according to information obtained today from the various institutions. The mills have an aggregate capitalization of about \$20,000,000.

The dividends are to be larger than the percentage declared last year. The dividends were decided upon at a series of meetings of the directors.

Manufacturers in announcing the declaration of dividends said the profits earned earlier in the year, prior to the present depression, enabled the mills to pay substantial returns to the shareholders at this time.

Special New Year races at Pinchrest, Saturday at 2:00 p. m.—adv.

SUGGEST NATIONAL POLICE BUREAU TO CHECK CRIME WAVE

Governor Edwards and New Jersey Officials Confer On Present Situation

COMMISSIONER ENRIGHT URGES BETTER SYSTEM

New York Police Head Says United States Far Below Efficiency of Police of Euro- pean Countries; Must Have Central Bureau To Keep Check On Criminals

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 28.—Establishment of a central national police bureau in Washington, through which information could be flashed around the world to keep a check on movements of known criminals, was one of the principal recommendations made at a conference here today of state, county and municipal officials called by Governor Edwards to devise some means of combating the present crime wave in New Jersey.

Police Commissioner Enright, of New York City, who suggested the establishment of a central bureau, declared the United States was far below the efficiency of police of European countries and that the police of this country could not expect co-operation from foreign countries until a system of checking convicts was adopted. He asserted criminals from England were entering this country daily through Mexico.

Need Efficient System.

"Scotland Yard and other European police departments are unable to secure information regarding criminals from this country," he said, "and until we can give them sufficient data we cannot expect co-operation from them. With a national police bureau, communication could be maintained with Scotland Yard and other great police agencies of the world. Lack of co-operation of the police systems throughout the country is astonishing."

Commissioner Enright criticized bonding companies for furnishing security for men arrested as criminals, many of whom, he said, obtained their freedom in this manner, and thus hindered police investigations. He also suggested that New Jersey adopt an act patterned after the Sullivan Law in New York State making possession of a revolver without a permit illegal.

Deadly Weapons Question.

Governor Edwards previously had expressed himself in favor of stricter regulation of the sale of deadly weapons in New Jersey. Commissioner Enright said that closer co-operation between the two states is needed. He said police records of crime in 1920 compared favorably with those of recent years and that "while New York City is having a few spectacular crimes, some atrocious, some tragic," he did not believe there was a real national crime wave here today.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "men have been educated to use firearms by recent experiences in the war and some care nothing for the taking of human life. The country is undergoing a siege of suffering and probably will be subject to much pain for a few years to come."

PROHIBITION AGENTS RAID WISCONSIN TOWN

Make Seventy Arrests and Con- fiscate Much Liquor In Two Score Saloons

Hurley, Wis., Dec. 28.—Federal prohibition agents from Chicago visited nearly two score saloons, arrested about seventy persons, and confiscated two loads of liquors in a raid that started shortly before noon today and continued for several hours. The prisoners and evidence were taken first to Ironwood and thence to Ashland, Wis., where, probably tomorrow, the men will be arraigned before a United States Commissioner on a charge of violating the Federal Prohibition laws.

The raid was undertaken at the direction of Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, of Chicago, and was planned by Frank B. Richardson, newly-appointed prohibition enforcement agent for this district. The raiding party of fifty or more was in charge of Joseph Callahan.

The crowd that followed the agents grew in a few minutes to more than 200 persons, but there was no demonstration.

From the viewpoint of a surprise party, the affair was a complete success, Federal agents agreed. While it was declared the saloons had not been "tipped off" last night, apparently no great quantity of liquor had been concealed, according to many Hurleyites who watched the "mash march." Street cars were used to transport the agents, their prisoners and the seized liquor from Hurley to Ironwood. A sleigh drawn by two horses followed the agents in their cleanup, and hauled the liquor to the street cars. In Ironwood a dray met the street cars and took the liquor to the special cars. Moonshine, according to observers who pretended to know, constituted "the principal" haul, although there was a considerable quantity of the kind that bore brands formerly familiar sights in every saloon window.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN LEATHER COMPANY PLANT

Wilmington, Del., Dec. 28.—Fire which broke out in the plant of the Wilmington Leather Company tonight caused damage estimated by James I. Ford, treasurer of the company, at \$2,500,000, which counsel for the road tonight said had been done.

Then the judge published an order allowing the lawyers for the complainants \$833,333.33—a third of the compromise sum—upon their application for fees, disbursements and expenses, to be paid out of the settlement money.

UNCLE JOE CANNON OLDEST MEMBER IN POINT OF SERVICE

Native Tar Heel Breaks Rec- ord For Service In Congress Set By Morrill

CEREMONIES IN HOUSE TODAY IN HIS HONOR

War Horse of House and For- mer Speaker Has Served Nearly Forty-four Years; Will Be 85 Years Old On His Next Birthday; Hopes To Beat Gladstone's Record

Washington, Dec. 28.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, warhorse of the House of Representatives, today established a new American record.

With the close of a dull House session he passed the mark for length of service set by Justin Smith Morrill, of Vermont, who, as Senator and Representative, served 43 years, 9 months and 24 days. The former speaker will begin tomorrow adding "new time" to his own record with the hope of reaching the ripe old age of 100 and beating Gladstone's record of 53 years in the British House of Commons.

"Uncle Joe's" achievement will be celebrated in the House tomorrow, with Champ Clark, himself a veteran, who retires March 4, leading the speaking ceremonies. Mr. Cannon also will speak and many of the older members will ask time for a few remarks.

Young as Ever.

Walking about the corridors of the Capitol today, chewing his long black cigar, Mr. Cannon told a friend there was no use offering a little advice to younger representatives because somebody else always was thinking up smart things and attributing them to him. The remark, charged to Mr. Cannon, that they put spurs on the heels of army officers to keep their feet from slipping off the desk, was never uttered by him.

Elected Twenty-three Times.

Counting his victory in the recent landslide, Mr. Cannon has been elected to Congress 23 times. He is now entering the 44th year of service. First elected in 1872, he has just kept coming to Congress ever since, with the exception of two bad November, when his people failed to return him. On May 7, next, he will be 85 years old. Few of his friends remember that he was born at Guilford, N. C. He served eight years as speaker, and has been doing committee work so long he has forgotten when he started.

"Gladstone served 53 years in the British House of Commons, and with good election luck, I hope to beat that," the former Speaker said. "I have had four years of absence I didn't ask for, and hope to reach the fifty-three, but then, you never can tell."

RED CROSS INTERPRETER ESCAPES FROM CAPTORS

Paris, Dec. 28.—Miss Irene Knig- vetch, an interpreter for the American Red Cross, who was captured by the Bolsheviks with Captain Emmet Kil- patrick, of Uniontown, Pa., at Novo Alexievka October 29, when a detach- ment of Budenny's cavalry swept down the west coast of the Sea of Azov and surrounded the town, has arrived in Constantinople after escaping from her captors, says a dispatch received by Red Cross headquarters here today.

When Miss Knigvetch last saw Captain Kilpatrick he was being taken to Moscow, the dispatch adds. The Bolsheviks planned to transport him northward from Moscow for release in return for Russians, whom the Bolsheviks allege, are being held by the United States government. Kilpatrick expects to leave Russia by way of Viborg, Finland, in a few weeks.

Miss Knigvetch is a daughter of Prince Knigvetch, head of the Russian Red Cross and a cousin of the late emperor.

RESUME DEPORTATION OF RUSSIAN RADICALS

Washington, Dec. 28.—Deportation of Russian radicals has been resumed, it was said today at the Department of Labor. A number of Russians were started home last week and another batch of twenty-five will leave New York about three weeks. The radicals are sent to Liban and moved thence by rail into Soviet Russia.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled Russian Soviet Ambassador, who is to be surrendered on January 3 on a deportation warrant, will be sent to Russia via Liban, it was said at the department.

There are about 500 Russian radicals awaiting deportation at New York and elsewhere, but their movement has been held up pending the outcome of negotiations with the Estonian government for permission for them to pass through that country.

EFFECT COMPROMISE IN NEW HAVEN EQUITY SUIT

New York, Dec. 28.—A compromise in the \$150,000,000 stockholder's equity suit against William Rockefeller and other former directors of New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad was effected here today when Federal Judge Charles M. Hough ordered the action discontinued.

The terms of the compromise provided that the individual defendants, against whom waste and mismanagement were charged, pay the New Haven, the corporate defendant, \$2,500,000, which counsel for the road tonight said had been done.