HOUSE RALLIES TO DOUGHTON AID

Tiger of West Takes Up Challenge Thrown Down By Bowie of Ashe

PROPOSES TO SMASH RULES IN DETERMINATION

Bowie Retreats Where Doughton Stands Firm Declining To Pledge Finance Committee To Immediate Report On Bill For Horizontal Reduction In Valuation

All the power in the mind of Representative Doughton, Tiger of the West, welled up yesterday when Bowie, of Ashe, moved to take his bill providing for a horizontal reduction of property valuations out of committee and put it on immediate passage, and the House witnessed the most tensely dramatic battle that has been staged since the General Assembly came into session thirty-eight days ago. The Old Tiger won.

The House was scarce able to believe its ears when Bowie, close political friend of Doughton, and not three minutes past the victory of having the county treasurer abolished in his county, largely through the influence of Mr. Doughton, moved to take his revaluation bill out of Mr. Doughton's committee and passed over the committee's head. Even Mr. Doughton was taken aback for a moment.

Taking the floor even before Mr. Bowie was through with his motion, and with a vigor that surpassed anything that has been seen on the floor this session, the Tiger took up the gage of battle, seeking first by argument to get the member from Ashe recede from his motion. When argument was not satisfied, citing the rules, he moved to suspend even the rule under which the thing was to be done.

The House warmed up to the Old Tiger, and cheered him, even when he would smash a long-standing rule of the General Assembly, under which the member from Ashe was seeking to take away from the committee on finance, of which Mr. Doughton is head, a measure that, with several similar measures, has brought no end of worry to the finance committee. Mr. Bowie retreated, and took up a position on the ground that he wanted his bill reported, and not later than today.

"Mr. Speaker, I do not speak for the Finance Committee, and I make no pledges for them," declared Mr. Doughton. "I will not promise a report on this bill—" The House broke in on him with a roar of applause. The Old Tiger sat down, flushed in the face, but evidently not flushed with the victory that he had won. He had spoken with more vigor than any present member of the House had ever heard him display before.

The question involved in the Bowie motion has engaged the almost undivided attention of the Finance Committee since the session convened—that of finding some way to cure the defects in the revaluation act. Several measures to that end have been introduced, and the committee is endeavoring to find a way to attain the aims of the measures without upsetting the entire work of the Revaluation Act.

The entire session yesterday was a succession of sensations, beginning with a sharp division over the proposal of Representative Martin to take the stock law bill out committee and pass it during the morning. Matthews, of Bertie, took the floor to fight the motion, declaring that the House committee had not yet passed the matter, and that there were many people who wanted to be heard before a report was made on it.

Mr. Martin pressed the fact that the Senate was awaiting decision in the House on stock law before it expressed its will on tick eradication. With that the tick fight broke out again and spread over the chamber, ending only when the Speaker inquired if there was further "conversation" and put the Martin motion. It was declared lort.

Calm reigned but briefly, and another division arose when the joint conference report on the abolition of the county treasurer in Ashe was read. The report recommended that the Senate recede from its amendment to the bill providing that the office cease to exist at the expiration of the term of the present incumbent, who is a Republican.

The House voted for the Senate to recede, and the report was transmitted to the Senate and deferred until next week. The measure has caured considerable stir during the session, culminating in a majority caucus, held in secret, where Mr. Bowie laid the matter before the Democrats and appealed for their support in obtaining favorable action in the Senate. The conference committee was the outgrowth of the caucus.

Divisions sprung up on almost every measure that was offered on the public calendar, and but few bills were passed on the final reading. Representative Wright asked for a reconsideration of the bill to pay the Supreme Court reporter more salary, and it was killed by a standing vote of 55 to 24, and a similar death was decreed to a motion that the House continue the public calendar today, despite the fact that many members have gone home for the week-end.

Representative Crisp offered a motion that the whole membership of the House be given an indefinite leave of absence until Tuesday, when the flood of requests for leave flowed in. Mr. Wright retaliated by suggesting an indefinite leave for Mr. Crisp. Neither got a vote.

Among the bills introduced, none were of outstanding interest save the moving picture censorship and the measure to regulate hotel prices. Unusual to a degree was the fact that three bills were offered providing for the construction of three new poor houses in three counties—Chatham, Onslow and Beaufort.

Director—"Did you or did you not tell the camera man yesterday that I had the biggest feet of any human being you had ever seen?" Leading Man—"I did not. I merely said that if you would take your shoes off you would be half undressed."—Judge.

NO DANGER FROM TYPHUS EXPECTED

Precautions Taken and Precautions Contemplated Are Considered Ample

Washington, Feb. 11.—Precautions taken and steps contemplated are believed by Federal health authorities to be sufficient to prevent a spread of the European typhus epidemic to the United States, Secretary Tumulty tonight informed Dr. Royal S. Copeland, New York City Health Commissioner.

Secretary Tumulty in a telegram to Dr. Copeland quoted a report on the typhus situation from the Secretary of the Treasury, who declared there was nothing to warrant the step suggested by the New York health commissioner in a telegram yesterday to the White House asking the imposition of a ban on the admission of immigrants from typhus infested districts. Dr. Copeland's suggestion resulted from the arrival at the port of New York within the last few days of more than thirty cases of typhus.

Surgeon General Cumming in a statement issued during the day said that even should typhus get into the United States, "there is no reason to fear that its introduction would be followed by epidemics on the same scale as in Europe."

"At the same time," the Surgeon General added, "it must be borne in mind that there might be outbreaks in the slum quarters of large cities. The disease spreads only in unsanitary and filthy surroundings, for, so far as known, the disease is spread only by lice."

The situation as presented by the arrival of the typhus cases at New York will be considered at a conference tomorrow between Dr. Cumming and Secretary Houston, assistant secretary of the Treasury in charge of public health. The report of Assistant Surgeon [illegible] who is now in New York investigating the situation will be considered at the conference and it is expected that further measures to safeguard the United States will be determined.

CALL ON BAPTISTS TO MEET PLEDGES

Home Mission Board Issues Appeal To Speed Up Collections of Money

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 11.—Calling upon the Baptist churches of the South to send in their annual pledges for the 75 Million campaign, which was staged in 1919 to finance the activities of the denomination for the next five years, the Baptist Home Mission Board has issued a statement emphasizing the necessity for speeding up collections in order that the denominational program may be carried forward according to plan.

It is pointed out that in accordance with the greatly extended program as outlined prior to the 75 Million campaign, the Home Board has this year appropriated $3,900,000 for the maintenance and expansion of its various departmental activities. This is the largest sum ever appropriated for home mission work by Southern Baptists and was made necessary by the need for great activity in reconstruction times. Last year the appropriations for home mission work totalled $1,600,000 or $900,000 less than the average of $2,500,000 allotted annually for the five-year period. Thus the 1920 appropriation of $2,900,000, while exceeding the annual average, leaves a margin of $500,000 unexpended from the 1919 fund.

The work of the Home Board this year is being extended in all departments, but in that of church building and loans its activity is particularly noteworthy. The sum of $800,000 has been appropriated for this year's gifts, while the demand for loans has greatly exceeded $250,000. In order that the church building gift and loan department may pursue its activities it is necessary that the Baptist churches of the South meet their pledges without delay, the Home Board points out. The same condition is true in the other departments—enlistment, evangelism, work among foreigners, Indians and negroes, mountain schools, publicity and mission work in Cuba and Panama, beside other phases of the Home Mission program.

"Only three months of the present fiscal year remain," said Dr. B. D. Gray, corresponding secretary and executive head of the board, discussing the situation. "The board is greatly hampered and embarrassed because so many churches are not sending in their pledges, although the results obtained by our missionaries and workers in all departments are the greatest in the history of the denomination. At this season of the year it is imperative that these funds be forwarded by the individual churches; otherwise the Home Mission work will suffer immeasurably."

RELICS OF ANCIENT RACE FOUND IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Manila, P. I., Dec. 10.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Nearly fifty skulls, believed to have belonged to people who inhabited the Island of Masbate, one of the Philippine group just south of the Island of Luzon, at a much earlier period than the present Filipino race, were found in a cave recently on that island by Dr. W. D. Smith, chief of the mines division of the Bureau of Science of the Philippine government.

It is the belief of Dr. Smith that the location of the cave was not known to the natives of the island, being far from any habitation.

Besides the skulls many primitive implements of carpentry and warfare were collected and brought to Manila. These consisted of stone hatchets, axes, scrapers, pipes, pots and a strange amulet. Deer teeth and shells were also found in the cave, leading Dr. Smith to the conclusion that the primitive cave-dwellers lived by hunting and fishing.

Professor H. O. Beyer, of the anthropological department of the University of the Philippines, who has the skulls and other relics brought from the cave expressed the belief that they belonged to the early Indonesian peoples who emigrated to the Philippines in prehistoric times. Some of the skulls also were found to be artificially deformed, a custom of deforming the head artificially having prevailed in some parts of Europe in very early times.

EMPTY HIGH CHAIR TELLS ITS STORY

Placed In Restaurants and Bearing Bowl Moves New Orleans to Compassion

(From North Carolina Headquarters, European Relief Council, Aberdeen, N. C.)

The Louisiana Division of the European Relief Council at New Orleans is greatly elated because of the willing and liberal support their appeal for the starving children of Europe is receiving from the citizens of New Orleans. People in every walk of life are contributing in order that these millions of children may be saved from death.

This week in New Orleans an empty high-chair with a bowl in front of it has been placed in every restaurant in the city. The high-chair is for an invisible guest who is not able to be present in person. The bowl is for the rice and cocoa that America is feeding him—the only meal he has. So far the patrons of the restaurants have been anxious to fill it up with nickels and dimes and quarters. And occasionally a ten dollar bill—enough to care for a child until the next harvest.

The bowl and high chair are symbolic of the $23,000,000 collection which the European Relief Council, under the chairmanship of Herbert Hoover, is making for the 2,500,000 starving children in Czecho-Slovakia, Poland, Hungary, Jugo-Slavia and the Central Empires.

Mr. Henry A. Page Aberdeen, N. C., is North Carolina Chairman, and he will promptly acknowledge all contributions sent to him.

Henry A. Page, North Carolina Chairman, Aberdeen, N. C., makes grateful acknowledgement of the following contributions to the European Relief Council Child Feeding Fund:

Previously acknowledged $126,406.07. Through James L. Sutherland, Treas. Laurinburg, $383.34; Presbyterian Sunday School, Smithfield, $76.32; A Friend, Raleigh, Liberty Bond, $50; Newport Church and Sunday School, Newport, $34.20; Christian Endeavor Society Gulf, $30; J. P. Gibbons, Hamlet, $20; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Carr, Rose Hill, $20; A Mother, Wilson, $10; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Davis, Arcola, $10; Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Barham, Wake Forest, $10; Christian Sunday School, Williamston, $6.75; John Wesley Critcher, $5; Miss Ada Michael, Oriental, $5; Gordon Morrison, Sea Coast, $5; Walter Cherry, Pactolus, $2; Miss Eleanor Wright, Raleigh, $2; Miss Annie E. Mitsell, Hamilton, $1. Total $127,079.21.

Applications To Secure Loans Not Large In Number

(Continued From Page One.)

fice of Representative Good, Chairman of the House appropriations committee today to urge upon him that he, as one of the House conferees on the sundry civil bill agree to the $50,000 additional appropriation for the coast guard service which Senator Simmons got the Senate to agree to the other day with which to put the coast guard cutter Pamlico back in service at New Bern.

Senator Simmons tried to get $250,000 editional for this service in order that five of these cutters, now dut tied up, might be put back in service. Objection was made, but Senator Simmons did get an agreement for $50,000.

However, the appropriation bill in which this sum is included is in the annual appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, and if the House consents to the added sum, the boat cannot be put back in service before July 7 of this year.

Tar Heels in Washington.

Bingham McKee, of the Bingham school, at Asheville, was in Washington today on his way to Asheville after spending a few days at Yale.

Miss Kitty Rollins, the Asheville postoffice clerk under suspension as a result of an investigation made in that office by postoffice inspectors was here yesterday and today, and saw First Assistant Postmaster General Koonts about the case.

Daniel A. McInnis has been commissioned postmaster at Dry Creek and C. W. Stokes at Newsom. Both are fourth class offices.

The comptroller of the currency has approved application of the American Exchange National Bank of Greensboro for an increase of $200,000 in its capital stock. The increase will make the bank's capital stock $600,000.

Simmons Declines Invitation.

Senator Simmons today declined an invitation to visit Charlotte as a guest of the Kiwanis club. The Senator was asked to visit the Queen City at some early date and be an honor guest at a luncheon and then make an address in the evening at the city auditorium. He was asked to speak on matters of taxation.

Senator Simmons regretfully declined the invitation because he is now one of the Democrats leading the fight against the Fordney so-called emergency tariff bill, and even after March 4 he thinks he would not be able to go, for the reason that it seems certain Congress will immediately begin consideration of general tariff and revenue legislation. Even if Congress does not meet in extra session until April, committees will work during March, and Senator Simmons, being ranking Democrat on the finance committee, sees no chance to get away.

Discord Among Republicans.

All is not peaceful among the majority members of the House ways and means committee. The power of its chairman, Representative Joseph W. Fordney, to erect an impassable and insurmountable tariff wall around the country in the next Congress is being questioned. Some of the Western Republican members of the committee are threatening insurgency, and if the cleavage becomes wide enough they may join with Democrats in an effort to prevent such a high tariff law being enacted as will bring retaliatory steps by foreign countries and destroy America's foreign trade, built up during the war to such a huge volume.

Yesterday, one of the Washington papers carried a story which, in effect, said there was discord among the majority members, and that Fordney's ability to control the situation was seriously doubted. This publication drew Chairman Fordney's fire, and in a statement which he gave out during the committee's session today, he made it known that he was going to at least try to drive through his program.

Work of preparing the new bill is "progressing favorably" and "the time is past for searching for excuses for delaying or defeating tariff revision," said Mr. Fordney.

SENATE VOTES TO CUT EXEMPTION

(Continued from Page One)

Propositions and Grievances to pass on the matter.

Regulate State Institutions.

Senator McCoin, who rarely offers a bill threw five into the hopper yesterday, all of them being forerunners of the General Appropriations bill which will be offered later. The most important of the measures provides that each institution shall not spend any money appropriated for one purpose for any other purpose than that specified in the appropriation bill. Another postpones the effective date of the act providing that the State Institutions for the Insane will be thrown open to all applicants until July 1, 1923, by which time it is expected that the State Hospital for the Insane will be able to move into the State Prison. In order to produce uniformity in all branches of the State government, Senator McCoin also introduced a bill providing that the fiscal year of the State shall hereafter begin on June 1 instead of on November 1.

Senator Nash yesterday added the Secretary to the Governor to the list of those to whom it is proposed to grant increases in salary and Senators Varser and McCoin became joint sponsors for the motion picture censorship bill advocated by various organizations of women.

The Senate adjourned at 3.45 until ten o'clock this morning, after passing the week motion for a night session on Monday.

SUSPEND AND SAVE IN ELECTRICITY, SAYS PROF.

Trinity College, Feb. 11.—"What is the use of buying a new dry-cell battery for your electric bell every three months when by a simple arrangement the ordinary cell will last three years?" asks Dr. C. W. Edwards, head of the department of physics at Trinity. Suspend the battery in the air by means of a wire, says the Professor. Thus suspended instead of being placed on a shelf or in a box, the cell does not "leak" so rapidly. Dr. Edwards has a bell he has been operating from suspended batteries for three years, and the bell rings just as healthily as when the batteries were first purchased.

JOHN DRAUGHON WANTS ANOTHER SCHOOL IN DUNN

Dunn, Feb. 11.—An immediate bond issue of $100,000 to buy a site and build a second graded school building in Dunn is advocated by John W. Draughon, newly elected member of the district school board. This amount is needed, Mr. Draughon says, and he will strive to bring his brother committeemen to his way of thinking.

No new legislation is needed to submit the bond issue to a vote of the people. The new committeeman is confident that, with the women voting, there will be no difficulty experienced in putting the issue through.

Mr. Draughon is one of the largest tax payers of the county and is active in local business and in farming in both Harnett and Sampson county.

Declares Many Bankers Charge Excess Interest

(Continued From Page One)

were involved in the agreement against removal.

On the case upon which Mr. Matthews based his complaint, he declared that the cause for which damages were sought arose during Federal control, and that only on the direction of the Federal authorities had he consented to ask for a removal of the case from the jurisdiction of the State. He pointed out the fact that the Supreme Court had held the Coast Line a foreign corporation in matters of taxing shares of stock, and suggested that this issue might be raised had the case to remove been predicated on that basis.

With the exception of Mr. Matthews, the committee was unanimous in voicing its approval of the fidelity with which the railroad had adhered to its agreement not to remove cases where questions of citizenship were raised. Not a vote was cast against the motion to report the Matthews resolution unfavorably. Mr. Matthews did not vote.

Supporting Evidence.

"The road to success is apt to be a long hard one, my boy."

"Are there no short cuts, father?"

"Yes, my son. Our prisons are full of men who took the short cuts."—Toronto Telegram.

To Stop A Cough Quick!

Use a Double Treatment

Take HAYES' HEALING HONEY to heal and soothe the sore and tender tissues and lining membranes inside the throat.

Apply GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE to chest and throat to allay fever, reduce inflammation and relieve congestion. The healing effect of HAYES' HEALING HONEY inside the throat combined with the action of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE through the pores of the skin soon open the air passages, heals all inflammation and stops the cough.

Just ask your druggist for a bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY and you will find a box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE enclosed therewith. The cost of the combined treatment is 35c. (Give it one trial.)

A SUGGESTION

The abundant health-giving properties of Scott's Emulsion are as needful to adults as to children.

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Too Appalling to Photograph He Says of Scenes in China

Returned Engineer Describes Horrors Of Famine—Thirty Thousand Die Together In Vast Field After Vain Search For Food—Crop Failures Almost Complete In Five Great Provinces

New York, Feb. 11.—"There is no question that more than 10,000,000 Chinese will starve to death this winter and spring unless food is rushed to them. American help through the China Famine Fund is their one hope."

This is the statement of E. S. Glines, distinguished American engineer, who recently returned to New York after a six months tour of investigation in China. When interviewed at his office, 50 Broad street, Mr. Glines weighed his words and made his statements in the careful, measured fashioned of the engineer giving a professional opinion. He backed his statements with authoritative figures and he used the most conservative of the figures telling the appalling famine situation with the engineer's instinct of leaving nothing to chance.

Mr. Glines speaks with authority on China. His firm has such high connections in the country that he is given the complete confidence of that usually secretive and baffling people. The senior partner of the firm, V. Fong Lam, is the nephew of Wu Ting Fang, the famous former Chinese Minister to Washington. The firm, as Lam, Glines and Co., does engineering construction work in all parts of China. Its engineers and technicol men are Americans and Chinese trained in American universities.

Too Pitiful to Photograph

"Conditions were so pitiful," said Mr. Glines, "that I had to stop when I was taking photographs of some of the famine victims. I am not sentimental, but I honestly did not have the heart to take pictures of such utter misery.

"I wish now that I had taken pictures of the most extreme cases. There is nothing like a photograph to convince people of the facts. If the American people could see for themselves, or could even see photographs of it, they would do their utmost to get food to these dying millions. The American Committee for China Famine Fund was not thought of when I was in China, so I did not know that photographs would help those people. Now that I learn that the Committee appointed by the President is soliciting American help, I deeply regret that I did not bring back the photographs that might have aided them to show the American public the true situation.

"Let me tell you just two of the things from which I turned away my camera: 30,000 people gathered in a great bare field just outside of Tintsin, in the last stages of starvation, and a roadside, with the bodies of a whole family, father, mother and five children, stretched out along it, a few yards apart, where they had dropped and died—first, the youngest child, which had been the least able to live without food; then the other children in the order of their weakness, the father, and finally the mother.

Thirty Thousand Die Together

"The great crowd at Tintsin had been gathered there because it was believed food could be brought to them there more quickly than it could be distributed to them in the country. The food did not come, and they died, all 30,000 of them.

"The family that had died along the road was on its way to a relief station for food. As its members had given out, one by one, the survivors had grieved for a moment, then struggled on until the next one went. It was so long since any of them had had food that none of them was able to reach the goal.

"The crop failures have been almost complete in the five great provinces that make up the northern part of China proper. Chihli, Shantung, Shansi and Honan. This the part of the country around Peking, south of Mongolia and Manchuria.

"My detailed information shows a long string of zeros for the amount of crop raised in the townships of the famine district. The reports were collected with the greatest care and accuracy and are reliable. The famine district has raised practically no food since 1919.

"China is largely an agricultural nation. Ninety per cent of the population lives on the tiny farms into which the country is divided. The Chinese practise rotation of crops and work their land to the limit, but they cannot raise more than enough to feed themselves. The districts are self-supporting. Each one can raise barely enough food to support its own people. That is why the 'prosperous' provinces have been able to do so little for the famine stricken ones. They have not food enough to send. If the provinces that have had good crops last season were exporting food anywhere, to the famine districts or for sale abroad, it would have to pass through the custom house at Sifchwan on the Yangtze river. Trustworthy men on the spot told me that scarcely a pound had passed through.

Die Like Flies

"The crops in North China have failed since 1919. The people have had no food. They have been unable to get more than scraps of it from other parts of China. They have been unable to get much from outside because food has been high priced all over the world. They have tried to move to better districts where they could raise crops but such districts are so far and they have had such poor resources that they have died like flies on the way.

Mr. Glines says frankly that millions will die despite aid. He says the population of 45,000,000 is in such dire straits that it will be a physical impossibility to rush them food enough to save all.

"But every dollar sent to China will save a life," he said. "The Chinaman can make a spoonful of rice go a long way and these famine sufferers have learned to make worse foods than grain serve. They are eating grass and leaves. Any food will seem manna to them."

For permanent relief from famines in China, Mr. Glines says great irrigation projects, control of the flood producing rivers and improvements of transportation, more railroads and better canals and roads, are the necessary things.

Pola Negri in "Passion" Superba today (adv).

Chinese remove their spectacles in the presence of guests.

Catarrh Germs Die In Medicated Smoke

Dr. Blosser, of Atlanta, Ga., who has devoted over forty years to the study and treatment of catarrhal diseases of the nose, throat, ear and lungs, is the originator of the only thoroughly effective method of ventilating catarrh germs medical cousins or a combination of germicidal, healing and soothing medicines prepared in a form to be smoked just as you would a pipe or cigarette, but, of course, containing no tobacco. Dr. Blosser's method thus "smokes out" the catarrh germs in very much the same way you would smoke out bees from a hollow tree. It is the only possible way to get at them.

Dr. Blosser explains that a salve, spray or vapor prepared from identically the same medicines which he uses would reach only a small part at best of the long winding and complicated air passages, and hence would be ineffective, whereas, his medicated smoke is as light as the air, goes wherever the air and germs can go, reaches every nook and corner of the respiratory tract, enters every cavity and sinus, fills every tube and chamber of the nose, head, inner ear chambers, throat, larynx, bronchial tubes and lungs. Even the cavities or sinuses of the cheek bones and frontal sinuses above the eyes, and the Eustachian tubes and the inner ear chambers, all of which communicate with the nose and throat, are thoroughly reached by the medicated smoke, the germs of catarrh are eradicated and the delicate membranes are soothed and healed.

If you know anyone who is afflicted with catarrh, chronic cough, hay fever, asthma or catarrhal deafness, or is subject to frequent colds, you will do them a priceless favor by clipping and mailing this announcement to them.

Any well-stocked drug store can supply Dr. Blosser's Remedy in pipe or cigarette form, or will order it for you. Satisfactory results are absolutely guaranteed by a genuine, money-back offer, you being the sole judge. A trial package will be mailed postpaid to any sufferer for ten cents (coin or stamps) to prove its delightful and remarkable effectiveness. Address The Blosser Co., DB 22, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

MRS. H. O. PETERS, of Kansas City, Mo., whose experience with Tanlac has been nothing less than wonderful, declares her husband. After her improvement he takes it himself and his health is also restored.

"One day a friend persuaded my wife to take Tanlac and the results have been nothing less than wonderful. Her troubles have not only entirely disappeared, but she has actually gainted twenty pounds in weight and now seems to be in perfect health. She has suffered for eight years with headaches, nervousness and loss of appetite and was in a badly run-down condition. She could not eat much, had pains all through her body and limbs and was so weak at times she could hardly stand on her feet. She was losing weight and gradually getting worse all the time in spite of all we could do.

"After seeing the splendid results my wife was getting I began taking Tanlac myself and before I had finished my second bottle, I was eating things I had not dared touch before in a long time. I am now eating just anything set before me and my appetite with the worst kind of stomach trouble and nervous indigestion, but it has relieved me entirely. We both owe Tanlac a great debt of gratitude."

The above enthusiastic statement was made recently by Herbert O. Peters, well known citizen of Kansas City, Missouri, residing at 534 Walnut street.

Tanlac is sold by F. W. Parker Drug Company and Silver Drug Company.—(Adv.)

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. No griping results from these pleasant little tablets. They cause the liver and bowels to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a soothing, healing, vegetable compound mixed with olive oil.

If you have a bad taste, bad breath, feel dull, tired, are constipated or bilious, you'll find quick and sure results from Dr. Edwards' little Olive Tablets at bedtime. 15c and 30c. a box.

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is a Prescription for Colds, Fever and LaGrippe. It's the most speedy remedy we know, preventing Pneumonia.—Adv.

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HOOP skirts were worn by those who first asked the druggist for, and insisted on having, the genuine Golden Medical Discovery put up by Dr. Pierce over 50 years ago. Dress has changed very much since then! But Dr. Pierce's medicines contain the same dependable ingredients. They are standard today just as they were fifty years ago and never contained alcohol.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the stomach and blood cannot be surpassed by any tonic and alterative today.

When you feel "all out of sorts"—your vitality at a low ebb—the blood becomes surcharged with poisons! The best tonic is called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It puts vim, vigor, vitality into the blood. Try it! All druggists. Liquid or tablets.