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SIXTEEN PAGES TODAY.

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SIXTEEN PAGES TODAY.

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ADMINISTRATION'S NEW REVENUE BILL NOW BEFORE HOUSE

Eleventh Hour Changes In Measure Make Excess Profits Tax and Surtax Rates Retroactive From Next January

TOTAL TAX REDUCTIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR GIVEN AS ABOUT 350 MILLIONS

Change In Date of Repeal of Excess Profits Tax and Income Surtax Rates Will Yield \$200,000,000 More Than Administration Had Planned; Bill To Come Up Wednesday, With Final Vote Set For 3 P. M. Saturday; Democrats To Caucus Today For Purpose of Deciding On Course of Action; Provisions of Bill Are Made Public

Washington, Aug. 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—The administration tax revision bill was laid before the House of Representatives today after the Republican membership of that body, in conference, had changed it so as to make repeal of the excess profits tax and the income surtax rates in excess of 32 per cent effective next January 1, instead of last January 1.

This change, on the basis of previous Treasury estimates, would result in the corporations and individuals with the large incomes paying to the government in the next calendar year something like \$20,000,000 more than they would have paid had the administration plan of making the repeal retroactive prevailed.

Total tax reductions for this fiscal year under the bill as revised were estimated by some majority members of the ways and means committee at \$550,000,000, as against approximately \$550,000,000 planned by committee Republicans, and the total tax yield at about \$3,200,000,000.

Other Amendments
As a result of the changes made by the Republican conference, majority so as to make the corporation income tax twelve and one-half per cent after next January 1, instead of 15 per cent as originally planned, and the manufacturers' tax on cereal beverages six cents a gallon instead of twelve cents.

Under the plan adopted by the party conference, the bill will be taken up in the House at 11 a. m. Wednesday, under a special rule calling for a final vote at 3 p. m. Saturday. Two days will be given over to general debate and two days to consideration of amendments under the five minute rule, with amendments of the committee members given preference.

Democratic Caucus
Democratic members of the House plan to hold a caucus tomorrow afternoon to decide upon a course of action while the measure is under consideration. They also are expected to determine whether Democrats on the ways and means committee shall file a minority report. Meanwhile, the full committee will meet to pass finally upon the bill, but this is expected to be a mere formality.

BRIAND WILL HEAD FRENCH DIPLOMATS

Premier Will Attend Disarmament Conference; Harding Asks For \$200,000

Washington, Aug. 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—The hope of American officials that the disarmament conference will be a diplomatic conclave of the first order was strengthened today when France informed the State Department that she would send her Premier, Aristide Briand, at the head of her delegation of diplomats.

The decision is expected here to be followed by similar moves on the part of the other powers, investing the gathering with extraordinary significance and giving it much of the plenary authority that was possessed by the council of "heads of States" at Versailles.

The French notification came in the form of a message from Premier Briand himself, transmitted through the American Embassy at Paris, saying merely that the Premier would take pleasure in personally representing his country at the conference. It was the first formal acceptance to be received from any of the invited nations.

Want Expense Money.
Meantime, the administration's preparation of its own part in the conference was advanced by a request sent to Congress for an appropriation of \$200,000 as an initial budget to pay expenses of the American representatives and of a secretariat general.

The sum fixed in the request and the data accompanying it apparently disposed of any expectation that this government would pay expenses of any of the visiting delegations, for Congress was informed specifically that the money was to be used for the American delegation and for the secretariat-general alone.

In making the request President Harding merely transmitted with his approval a letter written by Under Secretary Fletcher of the State Department, who has been placed in charge of physical arrangements for the conference and who prepared his estimates after a conference with Director General Dawes of the Budget Bureau.

News that the French Premier would attend the conference was received with manifested satisfaction here, for there has been a general expectation that should one of the powers decide to send its premier the others would do likewise in the interest of fair representation.

SNAPSHOT OF RULERS OF SPAIN



Highly "Spanish" to say the least is this interesting snapshot of the King and Queen of Spain. The photo was taken during the visit of the royal couple to Burgos, Spain.

Southern Tariff Congress In Session At Greensboro

Senator Ladd, of North Dakota, Denounces Fordney Tariff As a "Sop"

WANTS SOUTH AND WEST TO FORM AN ALLIANCE

President of Association Denounces Attack On Democratic Tariff Policy

Greensboro, Aug. 15.—The opening sessions of the fifth congress of the Southern Tariff Association, which began in the O'Henry Hotel this morning with more than fifty delegates representing the various economic and industrial interests of this and other states present, were featured by addresses by Senator E. F. Ladd, of North Dakota; John H. Kirby, of Hopston, Texas, president of the association, and others.

Senator Ladd denounced the Fordney tariff as a "sop" and said that if the farmers accept it, they will be plunged more deeply into debt than ever before. He urged an alliance between the South and the West to prevent the farmers from becoming the prey of the great manufacturing centers. He declared the bill did not afford adequate protection for the agricultural interests.

President Kirby called the congress to order and proceeded to turn the meeting over to E. P. Wharton, of this city, president of the North Carolina Development Company, who continued in the role of presiding officer throughout the day. Secretary C. W. Roberts, of the Chamber of Commerce, welcomed the visitors to the city, and Senator Knox, of Arizona, made the response.

Kirby Makes Address
An address by President Kirby, who declared that the need for a policy of protection for Southern industrial life was essential and vital now as never before in the history of the nation, featured the opening session of the congress. Strong denial that the association is a partisan body was made by the speaker, who stated that 95 per cent of the members of the organization at this time are Democrats.

Hits At Democrats.
In the course of his remarks, Mr. Kirby alleged that the tariff policy of the Democratic party had always been "wobbly," and in proof of his claim he pointed out the attitude of the party which was favorable to protection as late as the beginning of the Civil War. After pointing out the evils which have been done to Southern agricultural and cattle industry by the free trade provisions of the American tariff system, Mr. Kirby declared that the time for action had arrived if this nation is to avoid conditions such as exist in the nations of Western Europe.

Wants Dye Embargo.
In his address before the congress this afternoon, C. L. Parsons, secretary of the American Chemical Society, of Washington, D. C., said that it was necessary that there be an embargo imposed if the dye industry of the nation is to be protected and saved from foreign competition. The embargo, he said, is necessary from a standpoint of preparedness and economic welfare of the country. He stated that a protective tariff is not sufficient, but there must be an embargo of the strictest order. The conditions of the German dye industries at the present time, he stated, are better than ever before.

TARIFF CONGRESS USES PROPAGANDA

Propaganda Bureau Working Overtime In Washington; Farmers In Protest

The News and Observer Bureau, 605 District National Bank Bldg., By EDWARD E. BRITTON (By Special Leased Wire)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The propaganda bureau of the Southern Tariff Congress, the protective tariff congress that is now in session at Greensboro, is working over-time in Washington. This morning it furnished early to Washington newspaper correspondents copies of an article under the Greensboro date line telling of the introduction of a resolution at the Greensboro meeting by James N. Williamson, Jr., described as a "retired cotton manufacturer of Burlington," asking that the temporary embargo on dyes now in force be extended. This article, written before the Greensboro meeting was in session, tells of the introduction of the resolution for an embargo on dyes, declares that it was the signatures of "more than two hundred of the leading cotton and other manufacturers of North Carolina," and that Mr. Williamson in defense of his resolution made certain declarations, and that "the resolution will be reported out of the committee late this afternoon or tomorrow." Certainly the Washington propaganda protective tariff bureau sees things even before they happen.

More Propaganda
Another bit of propaganda for the Greensboro affair came in a statement broadcasted to correspondents today by five Republican Senators, Gooding, of Idaho, McNary, of Oregon, Capper, of Kansas, Johnson, of California, and Nicholson, of Colorado, stating that they sent this to the Greensboro meeting as "the executive members representing the West, Southwest and Western states," giving "our sincere thanks and appreciation for what the Southern Tariff Congress is doing. The message called on the producers of the South and West to get in line for "protection and thereby get part of the loot which the special interests of the Republican party get from the masses of the people. And the check of the message is that upon "Republicans and Democrats alike" to embark in the Protection Skin. Thus these high protection Republicans are attempting to lead Democrats into the Republican fold.

But there must have been a jar for the Greensboro meeting and the Republican five who sent the message in the speech of Senator Ladd, of North Dakota. Though a Republican Protectionist, he told his hearers that the most important thing now is not the tariff, but the question of credits, that the Fordney tariff threw a little sop to the farmers which is so much overweighed by the tremendous tariff rates for the manufacturers, that the farmers will be hurt by it rather than helped, for under the Fordney tariff bill the price of things that the farmers buy would be increased. The other member of the Senate at Greensboro is Senator Broussard, of Louisiana, who is supposed to be a Democrat, but who is not orthodox, but rather Protectionist, voting for the fraudulent emergency tariff bill. When a vote is wanted for a protective tariff the Republicans count on Senator Broussard.

Federation Protests
And while the Greensboro protective tariff meeting is boosting the Fordney protective tariff bill, the American Farm Bureau Federation is protesting to President Harding against the Republican revenue bill which has in it items of gross injustice to the people. A delegation from that organization today called on the President and urged that he give his aid to legislation that would not abandon the theory of taxing a man according to his ability to pay taxes, the lowering of the surtax, and agree to the shifting of a larger

STATE TROOPS PUT A STOP TO PICKETING AT CONCORD; SITUATION REMAINS TENSE

HARSH CRITICISM OF TWO OFFICIALS

Sheriff Spears and Chief of Police Robinson Denounced For Weak Efforts

STATE INVESTIGATION OF MATTER MAY BE MADE

Charlotte, Aug. 15.—Severe criticism of Sheriff Carl M. Spears, of Cabarrus county and Chief of Police C. A. Robinson, of Concord, for their failure to handle the strike situation here, may lead to an investigation by State authorities. The whole town is talking about the failure of the local authorities to handle the situation. The sheriff says he has "washed his hands" of the whole affair and proposes to let State troops handle it.

Chief of Police Robinson claims he has done everything within his power to preserve law and order, but his force has not been sufficient to control the situation. Two ministers of Concord churches Sunday night severely criticized from their pulpits the management of the strike situation by the sheriff and chief of police. Rev. J. L. Armstrong, pastor of Forest Hill Methodist church, told his congregation both officials should be impeached and thrown out of office at the earliest possible moment. He made the declaration that the lives and property of Concord citizens are not safe under existing conditions.

Rev. G. W. Rollins, pastor of the McGill Street Baptist church, who has several mill workers on his church membership, declared during his sermon last night that he would use his influence to force the dismissal of any member caught in strikers' picketing lines or attempting in any way to interfere with persons who wish to engage in lawful work.

Others In Criticisms.
Other ministers in Concord were reported to have made similar declarations from their pulpits, criticizing the local authorities and expressing displeasure at the interference of striking textile operatives with the operation of the Locke Mill.

When Major R. B. Faison, commanding the two companies reported to Sheriff Spears this morning, acting upon instructions to cooperate with the county authorities, the sheriff declined to discuss the situation with him. The charge is made by numerous people here that politics has entered into the general situation. Everything was turned over to the military authorities this morning.

Governor Morrison talked over long-distance telephones with Sheriff Spears. During this conversation it was understood that the sheriff told the Governor troops were not needed. Later, after talking with a number of prominent citizens of Concord, Sheriff Spears telegraphed the Governor that further investigation prompted him to urge the dispatch of troops to the city.

Chief of Police Robinson also joined in the call on the Governor for troops. The Concord troops have been mobilized and the Charlotte troops sent to Concord. Adjutant General J. V. Metts, who was at Camp Glenn, has taken charge of the situation at Concord.

PROCLAMATION BY MORRISON ISSUED

Declares Order Must Be Maintained and Personal Liberty Respected

Asheville, Aug. 15.—"The liberty of every person must be respected in this State and order maintained," declared Governor Cameron Morrison, in a proclamation issued from the summer capital today in reference to the strike at Concord.

Governor Morrison makes it plain that the police power of the State shall be used to the end that every citizen of the State may go about his work unmolested, and at length points out the rights of strikers to confer with workers in an orderly manner. He calls upon the people of Cabarrus county to the president and negotiate in conduct and respect the legal rights of all parties.

The Chief Executive asserted today that while Governor he shall do all in his power to protect the legal rights of every citizen, and he earnestly believes compliance with the law will solve the industrial condition.

Text of Proclamation
The Governor's proclamation, issued to the "People of Cabarrus County," was read, over long distance telephones, to Major Ralph B. Faison, in command of troops in the Concord strike zone.

"A proclamation to the people of Cabarrus county from the Governor of North Carolina. Representatives of such character were made to me through sources which I credited that I thought it my duty to send State troops to the city of Concord to aid the local officers in keeping the peace. I hope this condition will quickly disappear, so that the troops may be withdrawn. I recognize the industrial condition there creates a delicate situation, and I want to warn the people of the county to be prudent and temperate in conduct and respect the legal rights of all parties.

"People who desire to go in any of the mills and work have a legal right to do so, free from menace, insult or intimidation of any character. The strikers have the right to present their cause by fair argument and in an orderly manner through such representatives as do not amount to an overwhelming crowd, to such of the ingoing laborers as are willing to hear them. But they have no right to menace or threaten the ingoing laborer in their effort to present their cause. They have no right to force any person to even listen to them talk, unless he wants to. They have no right to assemble such numbers as by their sight and demonstration put the ingoing laborer in fear.

"I will not recognize the validity of the ordinance of the city of Concord, which forbids representatives of the strikers by fair argument to endeavor to make a laborer who desires to take the place of strikers agree with their cause and refrain from work. I believe in the basic law of the land. The strikers have a right, when they do so respectfully and in good nature, and without threat or menace, to present their argument to a person about to take their place, and if such person agrees with them, to induce him to quit work, or not commence, because a person about to go to work, being a free man and having a right to do so or not do so, as he pleases, it then follows that a person breaks no valid law who undertakes to persuade another to do that which he has a legal right to do.

No Disorders Accompany Return to Work of Part of Employees of Several Mills in Strike District

REQUEST MORRISON TO SEND STATE GUARDSMEN TO KANNAPOLIS MILLS

James F. Barrett, Head of State Federation of Labor, Urges Governor to Make Personal Inspection of Situation; Presence of Troops Adds Fuel To Flames Started by Anti-Picketing Ordinance; Resentful Crowds Look On While Troops Guard Mills and Few Workers Return; City and County Officials Turn Over Situation To State Authorities; Settlement of Strike Still Appears Difficult, But Sentiment For Settlement Once and For All

By JOHN A. LIVINGSTONE. (Staff Correspondent)
Concord, Aug. 15.—Two companies of guard troops were able to put an end to picketing in Concord to day, but the strike remains yet to be settled. The developments of a kaleidoscopic day were:

First, the Concord and Charlotte companies of the National Guard numbering one hundred and forty men went on guard duty at two of the twenty-three cotton mills here.

Second, the Hartsell mill, ordinarily employing two to three hundred men, re-opened at one o'clock with some half dozen operatives on duty, while the crowd of nearly a thousand stood by and members of the Charlotte company stood guard.

Third, M. L. Cannon requested Governor Morrison to send another company to Kannapolis in order that the Cannon mills might open there tomorrow. The Winston-Salem company was directed by Major Ralph Faison, commanding the guard here, to be in readiness pending receipt of advice from the Governor and the Adjutant General. It is claimed that a thousand operatives have signed a petition asking for the privilege of returning to work.

Fourth, James F. Barrett, President of the State Federation of Labor, appealed to the Governor to come here immediately and urge employers to meet employes in negotiating a settlement of the strike.

Fifth, twelve cases of alleged assault at the Locke Mill Saturday morning, ranging from hitting and hair pulling contests by women to fist fights by men, were continued until Friday week, when the defendants will be given trial by jury.

Sixth, one man was arrested at the Locke Mill, where the Concord company was on duty for crossing the road after being repeatedly warned not to do so.

NEGRO SLASHES THROATS OF WIFE AND CHILDREN

High Point-Colored Barber Believed To Have Been Temporarily Insane

High Point, Aug. 15.—Nick Moore, well known negro barber of this city, is in jail here charged with having attempted to kill his wife and three children by slashing their throats with a razor while they were sleeping at 3:30 o'clock this morning.

Moore is said to have made a break for his oldest son, but the latter protected himself and following a scuffle took the razor and revolver from his father's hands. The negro is well known in High Point, having lived here for many years. Physicians believe he is insane.

MAN AND WOMAN BOUND OVER TO WILSON COURT

Charged With Operating Automobile While Under Influence of Intoxicants

Wilson, Aug. 15.—Viola Moore, a young white woman of the Lucama section, and Vernie Williams, who lives near Bailey, were found guilty before Magistrate Bissett here today on charges of operating an automobile while under the influence of intoxicants and bound over to court. The two are alleged to have been driving the machine that collided with B. N. Merchant's buggy near the Country Club yesterday, injuring Mr. Merchant, killing his mule and demolishing the vehicle in which he was riding. The woman is said to have been driving the automobile. Bonds for both were fixed at \$500. Williams was released on furnishing the bond money, while Miss Moore was committed to jail in default of bond.

STORY OF WILMINGTON IN DUN PUBLICATION

Wilmington, Aug. 15.—A comprehensive story of the port of Wilmington will appear in an early issue of "The World's Markets," the publication issued by W. E. Dun & Company, Secretary Louis T. Moore of the Chamber of Commerce was notified by W. J. Fielder, manager of the local Dun agency, who received that information from the head office of the rating concern. The article will be prepared by Mr. Moore and assistants, and will be profusely illustrated, occupying a number of pages in the magazine, which has a world-wide circulation and is printed in four different languages.

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