

THE WEATHER  
Partly cloudy Saturday and  
Sunday; somewhat warmer  
Sunday.

# The News and Observer

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VOL. CXIV. NO. 58. TWELVE PAGES TODAY. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1921. TWELVE PAGES TODAY. PRICE: FIVE CENTS

## NO APPOINTMENTS FOR FEDERAL JOBS DURING RECESSION

William Grissom, Irvin Tucker  
and Others Left in Cold  
Time Being

## LINK JOHNSON SUFFERS STROKE OF PARALYSIS

Georgia Negro Incapacitated  
From Holding Position In  
Washington; McAdoo Unable  
To Attend Rocky Mount Fair.  
Hoke County Citizens Want  
To Buy Back Camp Land

The News and Observer Bureau,  
605 District National Bank Building.  
By EDWARD E. BRITTON  
(By Special Leased Wire)

Washington, Aug. 26.—It's a "Blue Monday" even if it is the last of the week for the North Carolina Republicans who are looking for re-appointments. Among those who will have the lines will be William Grissom, perhaps Irvin Tucker, and perhaps A. L. McCaskill. An old ruling of former attorney general of the United States has been raked up, which says that the President is not authorized to appoint during a recess of Congress.

It was learned tonight that Henry Lincoln Johnson, the negro Republican National committeeman from Georgia, who has been nominated for register of deeds for the District of Columbia, has suffered a stroke of paralysis which has incapacitated him for any kind of public service. His nomination is pending in the Senate, having been held up because of objections to him. Since he has been stricken and thus made unfit for service, it is expected that his nomination may be withdrawn.

One nominee slips through  
One nominee of President Harding was slipped through the Senate by an error of some unknown. Charles E. Cole, of Arkansas, was nominated a few days ago by President Harding for the U. S. district attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas. It went to the Judiciary committee, where Chairman Knute Nelson promised Senator Caraway, of Arkansas, to withhold action until the return to America of Senator Joe Robinson, who is now attending the International Union at Stockholm. Senator Robinson proposes to file charges against Cole, and because of this Senator Nelson has sent a special delivery letter to the Attorney General telling him of the error in the confirmation of Mr. Cole and asking that no commission be issued until Congress reconvenes after the recess.

And so after all the Republican majority decides to lay aside the tariff bill and take up the tax bill first. Senator Penrose has so decided, and when Senator Penrose cracks the whip the rest of the Republicans in the Senate will wangle with the administration jump ground and do his bidding. The Finance committee hearings on the tariff are to be adjourned next week and the revenue bill taken up by the committee. It is expected that this will mean many months delay in reporting the tariff bill to the Senate, and it is possible that it will be 1923 before the tariff bill is made a law. The revenue bill is to be whipped into shape by the Republicans of the Senate Finance committee, and when it has been passed on by the Senate it will go to the House, for it is certain there will be many changes made in it. This will be necessary action by the House in conference on the measure and resubmission of the bill to both the House and Senate. And when the tariff bill is finally agreed on by the Finance committee it will have to go through the same process.

William G. McAdoo, writing from New York to Senator Simmons in reply to a cordial invitation to address the people of North Carolina at the Rocky Mount Fair, which is to be held September 27 to 30, expresses the kindest regret that he will not be able to accept. He says there is no chance for him to do so, not only because of other engagements, but because he will be tightly tied up in New York the latter part of September and the early part of October. "I had such a delightful experience on my trip to the fair at New Bern under your auspices last year," he assures Senator Simmons, "that the temptation to go this fall is very strong. Will you please explain to your friends how sorry I am that I cannot get away."

Mr. Joseph P. Patterson, daughter of Senator Simmons, with her daughter and son, Simmons and Joseph Patterson, Jr., arrived here this morning for a visit to the Senator's family.

J. W. Spencer and G. A. Melbane, of Greensboro, are here quartered at the News-Observer hotel.

Senator Simmons, in obedience to a request from a large number of citizens of Hoke county, has filed with the War Department a petition asking the government to sell the land in the Camp Bragg area back to the citizens of that community who formerly lived upon it or to other citizens who wish to buy farms there in the event the camp shall be discontinued.

The people in that section, as reflected in the petition, are opposed to any plan that would convert that area into a hunting preserve or for any other use than agricultural purposes. The petition was sent to Senator Simmons by Gordon B. Rowland, attorney at law, Raeford, and the Senator was glad to comply with the request of these citizens and has filed the petition for due consideration in the solution of the Camp Bragg problem.

## March Of Miners Into Mingo Stopped By Leader In Union

Special Train Provided For Part of Men While Thousands In Rear Have Taken Back Track; President Harding Asked By John L. Lewis To Call Joint Conference

Madison, W. Va., Aug. 26.—(By the Associated Press)—The march of miners from Marmet to Mingo, in protest against martial law, came to an end late today when President C. F. Keeney, District 17, United Mine Workers of America, induced 500 or 600 of the men to return to their homes. Keeney said that special trains would be provided for the men here while the thousand along the road between Madison and Peyton had already taken back track.

Keeney said he was trying to have a train here tonight. It is only a short run over the Coal River branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad to Stalland on the main line, and an equally short one from there to Charleston. He planned, he said, to get the men here aboard the train at the earliest possible moment, for they were foot sore and weary and many of them had marched a long distance before they reached Marmet.

A meeting of the advance guard of about 200 marching miners was held in the baseball park here, the men occupying the grand stand. Enough stragglers had come along the Peyton Madison road to swell the gathering to about 600.

The men sat in the bright sunshine and listened intently while Mr. Keeney and Secretary Mooney explained to them the details of the conference they had had with Big. Gen. H. H. Bendholtz, U. S. A., representing the War Department in Charleston this morning. Mr. Keeney told the men that General Bendholtz had insisted that the march end at once and explained the possible course of the Federal government if the men persisted in their determination to pass through Logan and into Mingo county.

Two or three of the miners, who were said to be leaders among the men, also addressed the meeting. The more conservative of these speakers urged the men to take such advice as Mr. Keeney had to offer.

Mr. Keeney promptly told them to go back home. That broke up the meeting, and some of the men who had joined the marching force from this vicinity, immediately started for their homes.

Asks For Joint Conference.  
Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 26.—President Harding was asked in a message sent him late today by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, to call a joint conference of mine workers and operators of Mingo county, W. Va., with the view of reaching an agreement that would end the industrial conflict that has continued there for several months.

Mr. Lewis said that he had made it clear in conversations and previous communications that the government "can discuss no settlement which involves a refusal on the part of Ireland to accept a free, equal and loyal partnership in the British commonwealth under one sovereignty."

Mr. Lloyd George in concluding his note still held open the door for further negotiations with Mr. De Valera and colleagues if they are prepared to examine how far the government's consideration "can be reconciled with the aspirations you represent." He declared, however, that the government could not "prolong a mere exchange of notes."

In his communication Mr. Lloyd George preserved the same friendly tone that characterized his former letter to Mr. De Valera. Today he but tossed the government's standpoint by quotations from Irish patriots and Abraham Lincoln. He warned Mr. De Valera that a needless prolongation of the negotiations would serve to play into the hands of the extremists, who he declared, were only anxious to wreck the negotiations and terminate the truce.

A hopeful aspect of the situation as it is viewed in London political circles is that neither Mr. De Valera in his latest communication nor Mr. Lloyd George has yet closed the door on the negotiations.

## GEORGE'S LETTER COMES AS SURPRISE TO IRISH

Dublin, Aug. 26.—(By the Associated Press)—The letter of Premier Lloyd George to Eamon De Valera was received in Dublin late tonight. Its contents came as a surprise to the Sinn Fein. The had expected further arguments on the claim of Ireland that had raised, instead of a reputation of its essential conditions of the British government made known to Mr. De Valera at the conference in Downing Street a month ago.

A meeting of the Dail Eireann was hurriedly summoned for tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock to consider the situation.

In Dublin Castle quarters tonight the last sentences in the Premier's letter are considered as making possible further meetings for discussions of the situation with representatives of the Sinn Fein unless they regard the words of the Premier as a challenge.

Do Not Want Warfare  
There is reason to believe that the people do not desire a resumption of the warfare at which the Premier plainly hints as a possibility in case there is delay in ending the conference. It is thought the fear expressed by Mr. Lloyd George in this respect is based on reports he has received of wide spread drilling throughout the country by the Sinn Fein. They declare that they do not regard such activity as a breach of the truce, asserting that equal activity has prevailed in the military barracks and that machine guns play a prominent part in the training every morning.

The general impression in Sinn Fein and other circles here today was that the exchange between Mr. De Valera and Mr. Lloyd George constituted only a new stage in the prolonged negotiations. After today's public session of the Dail Eireann at which Eamon De Valera was unanimously elected leader of the Irish Republic with the title of President of the Irish Republic and Arthur Griffith founder of the Sinn Fein was chosen vice President, a secret session of the parliament was held. According to the official report only of daily business was transacted.

De Valera Re-elected  
Mr. De Valera in accepting reelection and he had been credited with doing things that had been done by his comrades, mentioning Mr. Griffith, Michael Collins and others. He added that there never had been differences between himself and his colleagues, and that when the British arrested him at Birkbeck they found on him a document signed by the ministry which proved his assertion.

The deputing of the parliament had made arrangements to return to their homes Saturday but tonight they are waiting to hear what the next move in the situation will be. If the negotiations are to continue, however, their presence will not be required as the cabinet has plenary power to negotiate.

During the session of parliament today an internal loan of 150,000 pounds and a loan in the United States of \$20,000,000 were sanctioned. Both Mr. De Valera and Michael Collins declared that these loans would not be subscriptions but loans which would be repaid.

## GEORGE REPLIES TO IRISH LEADER ON PEACE PARLEY

English Premier Firm in Position That Great Britain Cannot Yield More

## LEAVES DOOR OPEN TO CONTINUE EXCHANGES

Warns De Valera That If Peace Negotiations Are Wrecked He Will Simply Play Into Hands of Extremists; Irish Parliament Will Continue Its Sessions

London, Aug. 26.—(By the Associated Press)—David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, today sent a prompt rejoinder to the letter of Eamon De Valera, president of the Irish Republic which rejected the British government's terms for peace in Ireland. The Premier's note constituted a firm restatement of the government's former standpoint, that Ireland could not be permitted to withdraw from the Empire. He said he thought he had made it clear in conversations and previous communications that the government "can discuss no settlement which involves a refusal on the part of Ireland to accept a free, equal and loyal partnership in the British commonwealth under one sovereignty."

Mr. Lloyd George in concluding his note still held open the door for further negotiations with Mr. De Valera and colleagues if they are prepared to examine how far the government's consideration "can be reconciled with the aspirations you represent." He declared, however, that the government could not "prolong a mere exchange of notes."

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## HARDING TO CONSIDER THE DEBS PARDON TODAY

Attorney General Makes Exhaustive Study of Circumstances Attending Case

Washington, Aug. 26.—Disposition of the case of Eugene V. Debs, imprisoned Socialist leader, may be taken up with President Harding tomorrow by Attorney General Daugherty, it was stated officially today at the Department of Justice.

The final draft of recommendations of the question of a pardon for Debs has not been completed, officials said.

Mr. Daugherty, it was said, has made an exhaustive study into the history of the case and its relation to the cases of other offenders imprisoned under war laws. He plans, it was asserted, to present to the President a comprehensive study which includes a discussion of the crime for which Debs was imprisoned and its punishment, the law governing the offense and the penalties provided, the relation of the Debs case to any policy with regard to the so-called offenders of this class as well as the particular features of the Debs case individually. No indication as to whether or not a pardon for Debs would be recommended was forthcoming at the department where officials said that as the matter was one for final decision by President Harding, the question would not be discussed officially until the President has acted.

## HOT WATER FLOWING FROM WELL IN FLORIDA

Sebring, Fla., Aug. 26.—Hot water which began flowing eighteen days ago from a well being driven for a local concern still was coming to the surface today at a rate of forty gallons a minute, throughout the period the flow has maintained an even temperature of 130 degrees.

It is the second instance of a hot flowing well observed in Florida, according to persons familiar with the history of the State one having been drilled at Pensacola about twenty years ago. The flow of the Pensacola well was lost when the drill broke through the rock and diverted the water into a subterranean lake.

## CONSIDER RETURN OF TROOPS AFTER TREATY IS SIGNED

No Definite Prediction Made But See No Necessity of Continuing Expense

## GERMANY FOOTS BILL FOR THEIR UPKEEP

Early Action On New Treaty Expected By Both United States Senate and The German Reichstag; American Soldiers Stationed On Rhine Now Number 14,000 Men

Washington, Aug. 26.—Intimations were given in high official quarters today that withdrawal of the American troops from the Rhine will be seriously considered as soon as the peace treaty signed yesterday in Berlin has been ratified by the Senate and the German Reichstag. No definite prediction was made, but it became known that once peace formally was established the administration would feel there would be no necessity of burdening Germany with the support of an army of occupation.

Under the new treaty Germany agrees to perpetuate the promise she made in the treaty of Versailles to pay the expenses of occupation, but there is no direct mention of the subject which could be interpreted as in any way affecting the present situation or hindering the United States either to remain or withdraw.

The Versailles agreement fixed fifteen years as the maximum period of occupation. So far as is known there was no consideration of the subject in the negotiations leading up to the present treaty, and officials take the view here that the decision lies wholly with this government. It is suggested by those favoring the early withdrawal, however, that maintenance of the forces of occupation might impose such a financial burden on Germany as to delay materially her program of reparations.

Cost Million a Month  
Latest available figures place the number of American troops in the army of occupation at 14,000, whose cost of maintenance is nearly a million dollars a month. Only a small part of the maintenance bill has been met by the German government thus far, upwards of \$250,000,000 being due and unpaid to the United States on account of the occupation.

Despite the predisposition of the administration to disengage American relations from any unnecessary entanglements in Europe, many questions still enter into consideration of the question of troop withdrawal. Problems growing out of the occupation already have led to disagreements among the European allies, and it is the manifest hope of American officials to avoid offense to any of them in the course it adopts.

Expect Early Action  
It is considered unlikely that there will be a definite decision pending ratification of the treaty by the Senate and the Reichstag, both of which are expected to begin consideration of the pact late next month.

Meanwhile, however, officials of the State and War departments will make a detailed investigation of conditions in Germany and in the occupied territory for the guidance of President Harding and his advisers.

Although the treaty signed yesterday covers in a general way the question of trade relations by reaffirming many commercial provisions of the Versailles settlement, it was disclosed today that a separate trade treaty with Germany probably will be sought in the near future. It is possible that negotiations to that end may begin even before the general treaty has been ratified.

## ASHEVILLE EXCEPTS TO GAS RATE ORDER

Unwilling To Accept \$2.30 Maximum Set By Commission

Exception to the recent order of the Corporation Commission fixing the maximum charge for gas in the city of Asheville at \$2.30 per 100 cubic feet, that the gas company first improve its service, was filed by George Pennell, city attorney for Asheville, yesterday morning. The city takes the position that the rate is unreasonably high.

Conference between Mr. Pennell and attorneys for the Carolina Power and Light Co., which owns the Asheville gas plant, failed to prevent the filing of exceptions. Charles E. Johnson, president of the company, declared that he would have to borrow the money with which to finance the contemplated improvements, and that he would be unable to borrow money while the case was still pending on exceptions.

## HARVEY NOT SURPRISED BY DIRIGIBLE DISASTER

London, Aug. 26.—George Harvey, the American ambassador had a premonition that disaster would befall the ZR-2 and was uneasy about the whole enterprise according to the Daily Mail. The newspaper says that Mr. Harvey, talking to friends, including Major Souter, military attaché, and Captain Hyde, assistant military attaché of the American embassy, at his country home at Weybridge, Wednesday, said:

"I distrust the whole undertaking of the R-38 (the old name of the dirigible) crossing the Atlantic especially at this time, although I am not entering the navy department for buying the ship. Although my premonition is not founded on a scientific basis, I think the enterprise is hazardous and useless and that it will not be of much gain."

Bandits Loot Los Angeles Bank  
Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 26.—Between \$20,000 and \$45,000 was obtained by the bandits who robbed the Huntington Park Branch of the Los Angeles Trust and Savings Bank today, it was announced by the bank officials.

## AMERICAN LEGION HEARS MORRISON AND DANIELS TALK

State Commander Cyrus D. Hogue Presents Splendid Report at 3rd Annual Meeting of Department

## COLONEL FORBES TO MAKE ADDRESS



Col. Charles R. Forbes, newly appointed director of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, arrived in Asheville yesterday to inspect the Government hospitals there for disabled soldiers, and this morning he will make an address before the North Carolina department of the American Legion in Hendersonville.

## LAW LICENSES GO TO SEVENTY-EIGHT

Twenty-five Fail in Biggest Class of Supreme Court Examinations

Seventy-eight of the 104 applicants for license to practice law in North Carolina were successful in the Supreme Court's examination, conducted last Monday, according to the announcement from the court yesterday. In addition, one county applicant was licensed and the application of two others under the county rule have not yet been passed on.

Only one woman was among those who faced the examination Monday in the biggest class of applicants in the history of the court. She was Miss Marie Shank, of Asheville, and her name was among the successful.

The Supreme Court begins its Fall term here with the calendar of the First District Tuesday morning. Here are the successful applicants for license to practice law:

William Bryan Bell, Winston-Salem.  
Troy Thomas Barnes, Lenoir.  
Kenneth Miliken Hiram, Mt. Airy.  
William Bryan Rose, Catawba.  
Caviness Hector Brown, Lenoir.  
James Albert Bridger, Bladenboro.  
William Sprague Burleson, Bonaville.  
Sherwood Bramley, Raleigh.  
William Ireland Hordman, Currie.  
Hubert Bentley, Spring Hope.  
Reford William Binkewelder, Concord.

Nathan Roscoe Bays, Lenoir.  
Thomas Duncanson Cooper, Graham.  
Alfred Huff Combs, Columbus.  
James Lee Crowley, Jr., Concord.  
Alfred Meredith Carroll, Burlington.  
John Nelson Duncan, Beaufort.  
James Allen Dunn, Salisbury.  
Simon Alexander Delap, Lexington.  
Stover Poe Dungan, Rutherfordton.  
Paul Rhine Eaton, Yorkville.  
Paul Bert Edmondson, Goldsboro.  
John Baird Edwards, Mars Hill.  
Archie Elledge, Winston-Salem.  
Stephen Edward Eure, Jr., Wilming.

John Wesley Foster, Davie county.  
Jefferson Ledrick Fountain, Raleigh.  
Alfred Hatchett Gwyn, Beaufort.  
Joseph M. Catts Hammerly, Charlotte.  
John Henry Halstead, Washington.

Daniel Merritt Hodges, Jr., Asheville.  
Hubert Roy Haskins, Monroe.  
John Hubbard Holt, Jr., Elizabeth.

Joseph Johnson Harris, Buncombe.  
Robert Otis Higgins, Charlotte.  
Harvey Starbuck Harwith, High Point.  
Brantson Reson Holder, Puk Hill.  
Lawrence Wooten Jarman, Seven Springs.  
Bartlett Braxton Jones, Elizabeth.

Samuel David Johnson, Asheville.  
John Yates Jordan, Jr., Asheville.  
Benjamin Bailey Lipefelt, Chapel Hill.  
George Alexis Marsh, Jr., Charlotte.  
Marion Alexander Mison, Warsaw.  
Jonathan Earle McMichael, Winston-Salem.

Sam Joseph Morris, Meigs, Families Co.  
Daniel Prather McKinnon, Rowland, Robeson county.  
Forrest Glenwood Miles, Warrenton.  
Charles Leslie Nichols, Brevard.  
John Ernest Norris, Holly Springs.  
Eric Norfleet, Roxahall, Bertie Co.  
John Montgomery Oglesby, Concord.  
Colon Curtis Parker, Curdsville.  
Neal Yates Pharr, Charlotte.

John Gilliam Proctor, Lumberton.  
Elmer Ennes Prunier, New Bern.  
William Cody Purcell, East Durham.  
James Merrill Peace, Henderson.  
Marion Butler Prescott, Ayden.  
William Tannabill Poik, Warrenton.

George Simmons Quillen, Spencer.  
George David Robertson, Asheville.  
Whitman Erskine Smith, Albemarle.  
Egbert Milton Spivey, Maury.  
Charles Seligson, Raleigh.  
William Whitfield Slodge, Weldon.  
Charles Walton Stevens, Winston-Salem.  
William Tolman Shaw, Raleigh.

(Continued on Page Two)

## MRS. LITTLE BRINGS GREETINGS FROM THE VETERANS AT DURHAM

Governor Points To Legion As Bulwark Against Bolshevism and Anarchism; Former Secretary of Navy Given Big Ovation When He Rises To Speak; He Praises Qualifications of Legionnaires To Act As Leaders In World's Chaos of Today; Women's Auxiliary Holds Interesting Meeting; Various Committees Named

Hendersonville, Aug. 26.—Dancing proved a greater attraction to many of the delegates to the third annual convention of the American Legion than the possibility of a verbal encounter between Governor Cameron Morrison and Josephus Daniels at tonight's session which marked the end of the first day's work of this year's convention.

The courtesies was thronged with eager and anxious people two hours before the meeting was called to order. People who had hoped to see some indication of the recent controversy between the Governor and Mr. Daniels were disappointed. They reached hall almost at the same time and sat side by side in front of the judge's rostrum.

Morrison Speaks First  
Colonel Alvin M. Albert, vice-commander of the American Legion bureau of Americanism, introduced the Governor.

Governor Morrison's address was an impassioned denunciation of the growing tendency towards the acceptance of anarchism and bolshevism in some sections of this country, the greatest menace he said this country has to face today.

"I am satisfied that you have contributed more to the cause of freedom and orderly government than any man who comes after you will ever have an opportunity to do." Said the Governor, "I think your victory over autocracy was a final one, and that democratic government will live forever by reason of the great victory to which you contributed so gloriously."

Colonel Albert paid a glowing tribute to Josephus Daniels when he introduced him to the audience, referring to him as the "greatest Southerner of his day and generation." The former Secretary was greeted with a demonstration that was only equalled by that which he experienced in referring to Woodrow Wilson as "the greatest living man in the world."

"To whom," asked Mr. Daniels, "can a staggering world turn for confidence, for devotion to law, justice and equality, with calm steadfastness, so well as the men who charged unafraid into the trenches of the German? They and those who were comrades in sacrifice can meet the world's need today of peace, of industry, of comradship. It is to them that the world looks."

Visitors Welcomed to City  
Some slight deviations were made from the official program at the morning session. Alfred H. Lawrence, department chairman, was unable to reach the convention hall and a demonstration was made by Dr. E. E. Doman, pastor of the First Baptist church of Hendersonville. Wilshire Griffith, commander of the local Post of the Legion, who has been indefatigable in his efforts to insure a successful meeting, pleaded inability as a public speaker and "passed the buck" of making the address of welcome to Yates Arledge, a member of the Hales' M. Smith Post, of Hendersonville, who is also a member of the city council. Mr. Arledge made an effective address of welcome on behalf of the local post and was followed by W. A. Smith, dean of the Hendersonville Bar, and the city's most enterprising citizen, Dan S. Holmberg, alternate National committee member, responded to the addresses of welcome after which congratulations the convention settled down to business.

Hogue Makes Fine Report  
The reports of the various committees and officers of the North Carolina department for the year's work showed that within the past year the Legion has made great progress. State Commander Cyrus D. Hogue, of Wilmington, who presided, outlined his annual report.

"The greatest work the Legion has accomplished in the State," said Mr. Hogue, "has been for the sick and wounded and unfortunate ex-service men." He told of the numerous letters reaching the office each day expressing warm gratitude for the unfortunate soldiers. Mr. Hogue paid a glowing tribute to Dr. Adam Fisher, of Charlotte, who has been in charge of the hospitalization work. Mr. Hogue paid his respects to the press of the State for its splendid co-operation along the lines of publicity.

He stated that he had asked the press of the State to refrain from playing up stories of men charged with crime being ex-service men and that the practice had been greatly lessened. The address of Mr. Hogue was brought to a close by reviewing the fine work done by State Adjutant Cale K. Burgess, of Raleigh.

Mr. W. R. Robertson, of Charlotte, presented a motion in memory of the late National Commander Frederick W. Galbraith, Jr., and upon its unanimous passage the convention stood rigidly at attention, "facing west for a moment in memory of the beloved and lamented Galbraith."

Reports made by Adjutant Burgess

(Continued on Page Two)