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Increasing cloudiness Tuesday.  
Rain in southeast, Wednesday  
rain.

# The News and Observer

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## FOR MINISTERS IN WEST CONFERENCE

### Bishop Darlington Announces Appointments of Methodist Pastors For Next Year

## MANY CHANGES MADE IN PRESIDING ELDERS

### Head of Davenport College Returns to Ministry After 12 Years Spent in Educational Work; Dr. T. F. Marr Retires as Educational Secretary; List of Appointments

By T. A. SIKES  
High Point, Oct. 24.—The Western North Carolina Conference, which had its session here for the past week in Wesley Memorial Church, came to a close this afternoon when Bishop Darlington read the appointments of ministers for next conference year. This item of business at an annual conference is the matter of supreme importance and the interest this year was even greater than it has been heretofore because of the fact that five districts had to have new presiding elders and several of the leading charges had to be filled by new pastors.

At the hour the Bishop arose to read the appointments there was a stillness in the church that was almost painful. There was not a stir. The contrast of the afternoon session with that of the morning session was so great that it could hardly be recognized as the same body of men. During the morning session it seemed that the preachers had been laying by in store speeches, addresses and talks for the whole year, ready to be released on the last day of conference, and practically the whole of the morning session was consumed in oratory.

## Refuse to Dismiss Preacher

The first outbreak of speech making was caused by Rev. Frank Siler, presiding elder of the Winston-Salem district moving that Rev. E. K. Creel be discontinued without his consent. This motion raised the temperature of the brethren and all seemed to have something to say either for or against the brother being discontinued. The conference refused to discontinue Mr. Creel. The next item that caused over much speech making was when the committee on memorials to the General Conference made its report. Several items in that report called for the second storm of speech-making that was made to limit the speeches to one minute and this was done.

This morning session was taken up with reports of the various boards and committees. The committee on Sabbath observance was the most interesting and its recommendation of far more importance and if they could be put into effect, Sunday newspapers, joy riding, selling gasoline, cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, and everything except medicine on Sunday would be forbidden. This report was adopted without a dissenting vote and the conference goes on record as opposed to the desecration of the Sabbath day in any way.

The minute questions were all finished during the afternoon session. All of these related to the achievements of the Church during the past year, and known as the statistical report. In spite of the depression in the material world the reports show that this has been a year of progress and possibly more money was paid for the various causes than any recent year. There has been a net increase in the membership of the church and the Sunday schools and Epworth Leagues have grown in a healthy manner.

Many Changes Made  
As the Bishop arose to read the appointments there was a stillness that is seldom equaled in a large body like the Western North Carolina Conference. The good Bishop made reference to the appointments, stating that he and the cabinet had done the best they could, that they had possibly made some mistakes, but he desired all to accept the assignments and go out to make the new year the best in the history of the Conference.

In the list of appointments there were many surprises, a number that had not even been surmised by the Aiken cabinet. The new presiding elders appointed are: Rev. J. B. Craven, who has been president of Davenport College for twelve years, to the Charlotte district; Rev. T. F. Marr, D.D., who has for the past year been the educational secretary of the conference, goes to the Salisbury district; Rev. D. M. Litzker, who has been on the Marion district, is transferred to the Statesville district, and Rev. W. A. Newell, for the past four years on the Statesville district, is the new presiding elder of the Winston-Salem district. Rev. R. S. Howie is the new presiding elder on the Waynesville district. Rev. H. G. Boyer, who had served his quadrennium on the Charlotte district, goes as pastor of the First Church Mt. Airy, and W. P. Womble leaves the Mt. Airy district and goes as the presiding elder of Greensboro district, and Rev. J. H. West succeeds him on the Mt. Airy district. The appointments follow:

Asheville District.  
Presiding Elder, H. W. Willis.  
Asheville: Bethel, J. A. Shore; E. K. McElroy; Chestnut street, E. R. Welch; Haywood street, J. I. Bradley; Mt. Pleasant, J. M. Folger.  
West Asheville, L. W. Colson.  
Asheville circuit, M. Wellman, C. E. Newton; supply, J. B. preacher.  
Black Mountain, G. R. Jordan.  
Brevard, L. A. Falls.  
East Biltmore, D. Atkins.  
Elk Mountain, J. C. Chandler; supply, Fairview, G. A. B. Holdrey.  
Flat Rock and Fletcher, M. W. Darlington.  
Hendersonville, Frank Siler.  
Henderson circuit, C. L. F. Tate.  
Honing, H. L. Powell.  
Hot Springs, G. H. Christenbury.  
Leicester, J. O. Cox.  
Marshall, C. M. Carpenter.

## "State Not Ready To Abolish Extreme Penalty"—Governor

### Says Society Must Have Right of Protection Just as Individual—Abolition of Capital Punishment May Become Legislative Issue in North Carolina—Governor Gets Endorsements.

"Ours would be a blessed State if its civilization had reached the point that we could dispense with capital punishment," declared Governor Morrison yesterday stating his belief that the extreme penalty is still needed in North Carolina to meet the demands of law in extreme crimes.

When telegrams, petitions and letters were pouring in upon Governor Morrison last week, asking for commutation or a stay of the sentence of death pronounced upon J. T. Harris, numbers expressed their opposition to capital punishment. Some callers on the Governor in the interest of the Bridgeway merchant executed Thursday, made their appeal for the condemned man on the basis of their opposition to capital punishment. This week, with other letters coming in commending the Governor for the course that he took, some of the writers are taking occasion to express their disapproval of capital punishment, making it plain, however, that they do not expect the Governor to take this into consideration in the administration of the duties of his office.

May Be Legislative Issue.  
With the special session of the General Assembly just around the corner, considerable sentiment has already developed for the abolition of capital punishment in this State. Tennessee, one State that abolished capital punishment, has returned to the supreme penalty. It is practically certain that capital punishment will be an issue either in the special session or in the regular legislative period in 1923.

Governor Morrison was commenting to newspaper men on the letters of commutation received since the execution of Harris, when he was asked to state his views on capital punishment.

The courts, he said, give every man the benefit of the doubt. In the right to challenge, appeal to the Supreme court, and appeal to the Governor, a man convicted of crime, he said, has adequate safeguards thrown about him.

Society Must Be Protected.  
"But society must have its protection just as an individual must have the right to repel assault," he declared. "There are some crimes and criminals that nothing but the fear of the death penalty will deter. It would be a glorious thing if our people had reached the stage where we could abolish capital punishment, but I don't believe we have reached it yet."

The execution of Harris brought the question of capital punishment acutely to public attention. The doubt that some expressed of the fair trial of the man intensified the feeling, even among some who believe that Harris was guilty, that a life sentence in the State prison might have protected society as well, while saving it from the spectacle of legalized killing.

Whatever be their views on capital punishment, and whether or not it will be a legislative issue, the Governor is receiving numerous letters of endorsement for his stand. Private Secretary William H. Richardson states that nine-tenths of the office mail yesterday was made up of this character of communications. Acknowledgments of these letters are going out now from the Governor's office.

## TROOPS CAPTURE FORMER EMPEROR

### Monarchist Soldiers Attempting To Open Way For Charles Defeated In Fight

Budapest, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Ex-Empress Zita and her children were captured today near Komorn and are now confined in the Castle at Tata Tovaros guarded by two companies of government troops.

Colonel Oostenburg's troops covering the retreat of the former rulers were forced to surrender, and are prisoners. The Mpnarchist troops who were attempting to open the way for the entry of ex-King Charles to the Hungarian capital, were defeated this morning in hand-to-hand fighting, in which grades were used near Tata Tovaros, about 35 miles from Budapest. They lost 300 killed and about 1,000 wounded.

The former king sent another plenipotentiary to Admiral Horty, the regent, today, and discussions lasting several hours were carried on, but with little hope of agreement as both parties were obstinate and bloodshed has aggravated the situation.

The Karlist premier, Rakovsky, has issued a proclamation to the nation to rally to the king's banner and fight against "the ungrateful rebel, Horty."

FORMER EMPRESS CHARLES REPORTED AS CAPTURED.  
London, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—It is reported that former Emperor Charles has been captured by the National army, says a Reuter dispatch from Budapest.

After further fighting the Karlist forces dispersed abandoning Charles to the government troops according to this information. He was handed over with every mark of consideration to Col. Falvy, commander of the National army. There is no official confirmation of this report.

FORMER EMPRESS ZITA IS ALSO REPORTED CAPTURED.  
London, Oct. 24.—Former Empress Zita has been captured by the government forces at or near Komorn, a Vienna message received by the London Times by way of Berlin, reports.

DEMAND UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF CHARLES.  
Vienna, Oct. 24.—The Hungarian government demands the unconditional surrender of Charles, a court-martial of his military advisers, prosecution of his political advisers and the disarming of his troops, who will be granted amnesty, according to dispatches reaching here. The government also is resolved upon the abdication and internment of Charles pending arrangements by the powers for his deportation.

TWO OTHER MEMBERS OF KARLIST PARTY CAPTURED  
Budapest, Oct. 24.—The Karlist Premier Rakovsky and Count Andrássy were captured at the same time as former King Charles and Queen Zita, near Komorn. The Karlist forces are fleeing in all directions.

MRS. CRANE PREPARING TO ENTER SUIT FOR MILLION  
Chicago, Oct. 24.—Mrs. Elida Pina Crane, divorced wife of Herbert Crane, Chicago iron founder, is returning to Chicago from Costa Rica, her home, to begin her proceedings against Mr. Crane for \$1,000,000, James Hamilton Lewis, Mrs. Crane's attorney, announced today.

Mr. Lewis said Mr. Crane now is attempting to avoid payment of \$70,000, balance due on the \$100,000 fixed by the judge in the divorce suit. Mrs. Crane also will request she be given the Crane estate at Geneva, Ill., as a home for her and her son, Mr. Lewis said.

Given Further Time.  
Washington, Oct. 24.—The Supreme Court granted the government an extension of time, until November 29, to take testimony in the case of the State of Texas against Texas, involving the Red River boundary.

## BEER REGULATIONS ISSUED BY MELLON COME AS SURPRISE

### New Rules Cover Comprehensive Use of Beer, Wines and Liquors As Medicines

## TO PUSH ANTI-BEER MEASURE IN SENATE

### Physician Can Now Prescribe Case of Beer or Two Quarts of Wine at One Time For Use of Patient; Treasury Head Says Department Unable To Delay Issuance Longer

Washington, Oct. 24.—As unexpected as a rain storm in a desert, regulations permitting the manufacture and use of beer for medicinal purposes were issued today by the Treasury Department.

Withheld since March 3, last, when former Attorney General Palmer held the use of beer as a medicine to be legal under the prohibition laws, the issuance of the beer regulations came as a complete surprise to leaders of the dry forces who declared there had been an understanding with the Treasury that the new rules should not be promulgated until the Senate had acted upon the pending anti-beer bill.

To Push Anti-Beer Measure.  
Issuance of the beer regulations will cause redoubled efforts to effect the passage of the anti-beer measure. Senate leaders declared while Wayne R. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, described the Treasury's action as "less defensible than at any other time."

Secretary Mellon, in announcing the issuance of the beer rules declared that "the legal rights of the parties concerned being plain, the department is unable longer to delay the issuance of these regulations."

The new rules cover comprehensively the use of beer, wines and spirituous liquors as medicines. The amount of beer a physician may prescribe at one time for the use of the same person is limited to two and a half gallons, the equivalent of a case but no arbitrary limit is placed upon the number of such prescriptions a physician may write or the same person may obtain within a given period.

Two quarts of wine was the limit put upon a single prescription for that beverage but otherwise the regulations are the same as for beer.

Can Prescribe Liquor Also.  
Spirituous liquors are limited to one pint within any ten-day period and alcohol for external use was limited to a pint to the same person at one time.

Prescriptions for these medicines may be filled only by a licensed pharmacist, who is also a retail druggist, or a licensed pharmacist in the employ of a retail druggist.

Prescriptions are not refillable and the regulations declare that a pharmacist "should refuse to fill any prescription for liquor if he has any reason to believe that physicians are prescribing for other than medical uses or that a patient is securing through one or more physicians quantities of intoxicating liquor in excess of the amount necessary for medicinal purposes."

In connection with the issuance of prescriptions the regulations said: "No prescription may be issued for a greater quantity of intoxicating liquor than is necessary to use as a medicine by a person for whom prescribed in the treatment of an ailment from which such patient is known by the physician to be suffering."

Malt Liquors Permitted.  
Besides beer the regulations permit the use for medicinal purposes of other intoxicating malt liquors such as ale, porter, malt extracts and similar fermented malt liquors containing one half of one per cent or more of alcohol by volume.

Manufacture of these medicinal preparations is confined to duly qualified brewers on brewery premises and may be sold by them only in bottles and closed cases.

The new regulations according to Secretary Mellon, are in accordance with the former Attorney General Palmer's interpretation of the law.

Medical beer can be sold in only a few states, Mr. Wheeler declared in a formal statement, and would then be used "largely by bootleggers."

"Every brewer who has violated the law within a year is disqualified," he said, "and we will fight every application on this ground as we have practically all violated the law."

Issuance of the regulations, he added, was "bad politics" both from the standpoint of the temperance people and the brewers.

Senator Sterling, Republican, South Dakota, in charge of the anti-beer measure in the Senate declared the bill would be taken up immediately after disposal of the pending tax bill and that there "was no question of its ultimate passage."

## HEAVY RAIN ACCOMPANIES STORM HEADED NORTH

### HAVANA, Oct. 24.—A tropical storm raged today over the province of Pinar del Rio, and tonight was reported in press dispatches as leaning toward Florida. There was a heavy rainfall which caused rivers and creeks to rise, but only slight damage resulted. Owing to the stormy weather in the Gulf, sailings between Havana and Florida ports have been temporarily suspended. Vessels destined for Mexican Gulf ports also are being held in the harbor.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The tropical storm has moved to the Gulf and tonight is centered near latitude 25 and longitude 85 and moving slowly northward attended by shifting gales over the east Gulf and winds of hurricane force near the storm center, the weather bureau announced tonight.

Storm warnings remain displayed on the Gulf coast from the mouth of the Mississippi eastward and on the East Florida coast.

Hurricane warnings were ordered today on the West Florida coast from Key West to Apalachicola.

Later tonight the warning was extended northward along the Atlantic coast to Charleston.

FORMER EMPEROR CHARLES REPORTED AS CAPTURED  
London, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.) It is reported that former Emperor Charles has been captured by the National Army, says a Reuter dispatch from Budapest.

## NO PROPOSAL FOR SETTLING STRIKE FROM LABOR BOARD

### Government Body Does Not Expect To Present Plans at Wednesday's Meeting

## SIGNALMEN REFUSE TO JOIN IN WALKOUT

### Any Proposal For Preventing Walkout Must Emanate Either From Labor Leaders or Railroad Heads, Board Members Declare; Expect Extended Hearings

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The United States Railroad Labor Board does not intend to present any plan for settlement of the railroad strike situation when the 1,600 Union and carrier chiefs convene with it Wednesday in response to its citation and any such proposal must emanate from the labor leaders or the railroad heads board members declared tonight.

The board members explained the hearing technically is to determine if the transportation act has been violated and that they had decided at informal meetings it was their duty to see that provisions of the railway law were made effective, although it would take any steps which might tend toward promoting a clearing up of the crisis.

At the same time the board formally announced "there was great hope for settling the strike." All of the Union men and the rail heads summoned must attend every session, the board stated, an dthe Coliseum, scene of many great gatherings, has been hired for the hearing which will be open to the public.

Signalmen Refuse to Join.  
From the labor side came announcements that the 15,000 signalmen will not be authorized to strike, thus limiting the prospective strikers to 475,000 trainmen, conductors, switchmen, engineers, firemen and telegraphers and increasing the number of men whose leaders have pledged them not to walk out, to about a million and a half. The 75,000 telegraphers apparently were definitely committed to a strike when E. J. Manion, their President announced in St. Louis, there was no intention of changing the decision for these men to support the "Big Five" in the walkout scheduled for October 30.

The information that the labor board would not go into the conference with any specific plan for solution of the rail difficulties followed an announcement from the board that the presidents of the Big Four brotherhoods in a telegram had again warned the board the strike could not under any circumstances be postponed although it might be settled.

Expect Extended Hearings.  
The message was looked on by board members as especially significant in view of the fact that the board has not been backward in letting it become known that the hearing is expected to drag out for some time and that it is depending on the union chiefs to obey orders not to permit a strike pending a decision from the conference. This decision, members of the board said, undoubtedly would not be rendered until after October 30, the date set for the strike.

It was explained at the Board's office that the hearing probably would be opened with a statement from Judge R. M. Barton, chairman of the board, telling why the conference was called and outlining the Board's desire for further information.

One member of the board in discussing the possibility of the hearing last night said that the board's order that all of the 1,600 chiefs must attend every session, that a daily roll call would be held and that such procedure undoubtedly would take considerable time.

The board also plans, it was said to discuss the day's proceedings in nightly executive sessions, thus making an early adjournment necessary each day.

Railway Executives Gather.  
Railroad executives began gathering here tonight for the Wednesday meeting but the general influx is not expected until tomorrow when the standing presidents committee of the Association of Railway Executives will hold an informal session to discuss its attitude. The carrier heads thus far have taken the attitude that they will have little to say in the conference, maintaining that the board's citation was directed mainly at the labor unions and that the roads were summoned simply because both sides must be represented.

The announcement from the signal men today placed ten of the eleven "standard" American Federation of Labor Rail unions formally against a strike at this time, although all have announced that a new vote will be taken after the Labor Board renders its rules and working conditions decisions which are not expected for some time.

## NO OPEN BREAK BETWEEN UNIONS, STONE DECLARES

Cleveland, O., Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Warren E. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, tonight declared "there is no open break" between the "Big Five" Railroad transportation organizations and the organizations of shop crafts which have voted not to join in the strike set to begin October 30.

"There is no open break. The situation is very much overdrawn. Each organization is free to use its own judgment. Each organization preserves its own autonomy." This was Mr. Stone's reply when asked if the action of the shop crafts in voting not to follow the lead of the "Big Five" indicated an open rupture of relations.

Some of the subordinate Brotherhood organizations are expected to settle the two matters simultaneously.

## DEVELOPMENTS OF DAY IN STRIKE SITUATION

Washington: After a conference with district attorneys from New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo and Indianapolis, Attorney General Daugherty said he did not believe there would be a strike but uniformity of policy in any event was determined upon, that the government has the inherent right to protect itself from a paralysis of the transportation facilities and mentioned the conspiracy law.

Chicago: Railroad Labor Board announces there is "great hope" that scheduled strike can be settled and warns public to refrain from "loose talk" about roads or unions.

Labor Board receives word from Big Four brotherhood chiefs reiterating warning that strike cannot be postponed although it may be settled.

The coliseum, scene of many National political conventions, selected by board for strike hearing with 1,600 rail and union chiefs beginning Wednesday. Public invited and announcement made that the 1,600 executives must attend every session.

Officials of signalmen's union, representing 15,000 rail employes, vote not to authorize walkout at present, thus limiting prospective strikers to 475,000 trainmen, conductors, engineers, firemen, switchmen and telegraphers. Leaders warn signal men to perform only their regular work, however.

Labor Board members say it will not offer any plan of settlement of strike situation at Wednesday's hearing and that any such plan must come from the roads or the unions.

Cleveland: Big Four brotherhood chiefs announce that strike situation is unchanged.

St. Louis: E. J. Manion, president of the Railway Telegraphers Union, denies report his 75,000 men may not walk out, and says they positively will stand by the "Big Five" in the proposed strike.

Houston: International and Great Northern passenger service remains normal and freight service rapidly approaches normal despite strike by 600 trainmen which started Saturday.

## DAUGHERTY ACTS TO BLOCK STRIKE

### Program For "Concerted Action" Agreed Upon By Attorney General During Day

Washington, Oct. 24.—A program for "concerted action and harmony of effort" to prevent a tie up of the transportation facilities of the country in the event of a railroad strike was decided upon today by Attorney General Daugherty in conference with United States district attorneys from five cities.

The district attorneys who met with the Attorney General were Hayward, New York; Cline, of Chicago; Wertz, of Cleveland; Lockwood, of Buffalo, and Van Noy, of Indianapolis. They are to confer with Mr. Daugherty again tomorrow when instructions are to be sent other districts attorneys to govern their actions in the event of a strike.

Professing his disbelief in the possibility of a general railroad strike, materializing, Mr. Daugherty declared the conference was called for an "understanding in any emergency." Beyond mention of the conspiracy laws he did not discuss details of the department's plans but indicated it was believed, on the strength of Supreme Court decisions government has, the inherent right to protect itself from a paralysis of the country's transportation facilities and the power to use any laws applicable to accomplish that end.

Mr. Daugherty said that uniformity of proceeding and policy was determined upon in any event. They came to discuss fully the various plans of the department in the event of a strike.

"We did not discuss the merits or matters in dispute between the rail roads and the employes who have threatened to strike. The department of justice takes the position that it has nothing to do with the merits of the controversy and probably at no time would the merits enter into its policy. The department probably would concede that the men have the right to strike, that they even have the right to strike in groups. But it would not say they can strike in violation of the conspiracy laws by an organization of the government of the United States."

## JAPAN WANTS NAVY BIG ENOUGH TO DEFEND SELF

Aboard Steamship Kashima, Mann, Oct. 24.—(By Radio to the Associated Press.) The basis of Japan's program at the Washington conference on the limitation of armaments and Far Eastern questions will be a desire to maintain a defensive navy large enough to cope with any naval force that any other nation would be capable of sending into the Far East, according to information given today to the Associated Press representatives board this ship, which is carrying the chiefs of the Japanese delegation to the United States.

Impression is given that Japan will not propose the dismantling of the American fortifications in the Pacific. Japan apparently does not believe that America could dispatch her entire navy to the Far East on account of the distance and the lack of sufficient large bases. But if American naval bases are enlarged and Great Britain's bases are expanded, Japan's minimum, it is intimated, must be arranged accordingly.

## EXPECT NO STRIKE BY RAILROAD MEN ON NEXT SATURDAY

### Developments of Last Few Days Make Walkout Extremely Improbable Now

## SOME COMPROMISE TO AVOID IT LOOKED FOR

### Notice That Seventy-five Per Cent of Railroad Employes Not In On Strike Weakens Position of Brotherhoods; Senator Penrose Continues To Be In Sulking Mood

The New News and Observer Bureau, 603 District National Bank Bldg., By EDWARD E. BRITTON. (By Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Oct. 24.—Developments of the last two days are such that the opinion is increasing that it is unlikely that there will be any rail tie up of a serious nature. That there may be sporadic cases, as that of Texas, there are varying opinions, but the majority of those who are keeping in touch with the situation from the government standpoint hold that the big strike which has been threatened will not take place. There is a confident feeling today among high officials of the government who have been keeping tab on the developments in the threatened railroad strike that its menace was fading away. They hold that even if the Railroad Labor Board at its conference with the "Big Four" brotherhood chiefs on Wednesday is not able to secure the withdrawal of the strike order for October 30 that affairs have been so shaped that there will be no serious interference with transportation.

The fact that announcements have been made that in the neighborhood of 75 per cent of the railroad employes of the country have given notice that they are not in on a strike is held to weaken the position of the big unions threatening to walk out, and this fact is held to be a lever that will enable the Labor Board to secure from the heads of these unions a definite promise for at least a postponement of the date for the strike. With that point gained the feeling is that the situation will be in a shape to be composed without any strike taking place.

Penrose in Sulking Mood.  
The peevishness of Senator Penrose over the way the Republican regulars are being walloped by the Democrats and the Republicans of the agricultural " bloc" in the fixing of the tax revision bill is revealed every little while by the adoption of the compromise surtax rate of 50 per cent was forced upon him by the coalition forces and showed it by disappearing from the Senate chamber when the roll was called and did not vote on the amendment at all. There were bitter clashes between Senators Penrose and McCumber on the one hand and Senators Reed and Gerry on the other over the pending measure, for there was no let up in the fight the Democrats made to show that the Republican plan was to take care of the rich at the expense of the poor.

Today the Democrats kept at this work of making plain to the country Republican duplicity in the tax revision bill, while on the Republican side the plains was heard that the forces fighting for the average citizen were delaying the passage of the bill. It is just a continuation of the attitude of the regulars to excuse their own failures to prevent a just and equitable bill and is a follow up in the attempt of Senator Penrose a few days ago to berate Senator Simmons for alleged delays in the passage of the tax bill, asserting that the North Carolina Senator had been absent many times from the Finance committee hearings on the bill, and from the Senate while it was being considered. In response Senator Simmons showed that he was one Senator who had not left Washington during the vacation period except for two days at the close of the vacation, and that it was Senator Penrose himself who was frequently away from the committee hearings and who was delaying the measure.

Senator Penrose tried the same game on Senator Gerry of Rhode Island and got a rebuff of the same tenor, that the Rhode Island Senator had missed seeing Senator Penrose at committee hearings and on the Senate floor. "The charge he makes is false," said Senator Gerry. His scolding of his Republican colleagues for absenteeism from the Senate was in better language, but there is realization in the Senate that Senator Penrose has been sick, that he is still far from a well man now, and so they excuse his ill tempered talk.

Senator Hefflin Takes a Hand  
Senator Hefflin, of Alabama, today took a hand in the debate and took occasion to tell the Republicans that the country was getting more and more disgusted with their failure to live up to their campaign promises and would be glad to get rid of them. He pointed in the course of his remarks, his verification winning applause and laughter from the Democrats while the Republicans looked on with austere countenances and could see nothing funny in what the Alabama Senator said. The original Hefflin version of the brand of "more truth than poetry" that stung the Republicans runs thus:

The people regret  
And rue the hour  
When the Republican  
Party went into power.  
Everything is out of joint.  
That party does nothing but disappoint.

The money lords are in control  
They own the party body and soul,  
The people can only wait and say:  
"Godspeed to next election day."  
Listen to the mournful tale:  
The common masses have no kale,  
There's the empty pocket and the empty pail.

(Continued On Page Two)