

THE LEGISLATURE.

The General Assembly will adjourn tomorrow, the 14th, and the members will return to their constituents to give an account of their stewardship.

The counting in of Mr. Hayes was obtained by a series of gross and unjustifiable irregularities and frauds, which cannot be too strongly condemned and reprobated.

The Colored Vote.

We publish herewith an extract from a speech recently delivered in Congress by Hon. J. J. Davis: All his complaint against the Democratic party of the South has its origin in the fact that by the enfranchisement of the colored man, designed to be in the interest of the Republican party, the Democrats have gained power, and our Republican friends have been grievously disappointed.

Our Republican friends commit a radical mistake when they assume that the colored vote belongs to their party as a matter of right. Their arrangement, self-righteously put, is this: First, The party that gave the colored man the right to vote is entitled to his vote.

Colored men are beginning to comprehend this and to understand that if it is good logic, it may be had policy; and when they remember how often the men for whom they have voted have cheated and swindled them, it is not strange that they should conclude to change their votes and regard good policy as better than doubtful logic.

In my district, for instance, some of them can understand and feel the shame of having sent to this Hill one of my predecessors, whose highest merit was that he did not pretend to be honest and who, after having been detected in ways that are dark, and charged with taking a bribe; which he confessed, resigned his seat, coolly assigning as a reason therefor, to use his own language, that he deemed it his duty "to make the play he had discovered."

They remember, too, that some of their political friends organized a bank for them in this city. I hold in my hand now one of the "deposit books" of this institution in which thousands of our colored people deposited their money under such assurances as the following—I read from the book: "Instead of hiding your savings in a napkin, put it in the bank where it will be making money for you!" and then follows a statement to show it will pay. "Let us see" says the little book, "how much a man who saves ten cents every working day for ten years will have if he puts it out at interest at 6 per cent, and then follows the calculation, showing that he would have \$411.13. Many of our deluded colored constituents put their money there, and have only gotten back 30 cents in the dollar.

A large portion of the money of which they were thus swindled, as was proved before a committee of the Forty-fourth Congress, was used to carry the election for Grant in 1872. They are beginning to comprehend the situation and to think for themselves and to ask: How is it that our good friends who love us so, and who are always whining about our rights and wrongs, especially as election time approaches, how is it that these good friends have never invited us to Maine or Michigan, to Massachusetts or to Minnesota, to Iowa or to Indiana, or to some other northern State where sweet liberty was born and grew for us?

Sir, our republican friends undertake the colored man if they suppose that he can always be deceived by the cunning arts of the men who first bewitched and then swindled him. It is a mistake to suppose that he will not follow the great law of self-interest which governs other men—especially our republican friends—and vote in accordance with their interest. In my section, at last, he is beginning to find that his interest is not with the republican party, which unduly taxes the product of his labor—the party which put a tax of twenty-four cents per pound on his tobacco to pay the interest on the untaxed millions of the bondholder and the capitalist.

Do not suppose your baby with Opium or Morphia mixture, but use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup which is always safe and reliable and never disappoints. 25c.

The Stock-Law.

As we promised in our last issue we publish below, the Act recently passed allowing certain counties to vote upon the "Stock Law." We were mistaken in stating that the Commissioners of this county are directed to hold an election in August, as that applies only to the three counties mentioned in section 17. In Chatham an election will be held whenever petitioned for by one-fifth of the registered voters, as prescribed by section 19. The friends of the measure then must bestir themselves and commence getting up petitions, if they wish an election in Chatham.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. (This and section 2 merely mention the counties in which elections may be held. They are 21 in number, and among them are Chatham, Abbeville, Randolph, and Wake is added by another bill.)

3. This act shall not be in force until a good and lawful fence has been erected within any boundaries proposed to be enclosed, with gates on all the public roads passing into and going out of any territory to be so enclosed: Provided, however, that the Yackin, South Yadkin and Catawba rivers shall be deemed a good and lawful fence. And provided further, that no fence shall be required to be erected adjoining any other county, township or district, which shall have adopted a similar law.

4. If the owner of any land shall object to the building of any fence on his land, not exceeding twenty feet in width, shall be confined for the same, as if he had been confined for a misdemeanor, by the North Carolina Railroad Company: Provided, that any fence shall divide a tract of land against the consent of the owner, but may follow the boundaries thereof: Provided further, that a public highway divides a tract of land, the fence may follow the highway, even against the consent of the owner of the land so divided.

5. The county commissioners shall have exclusive control of creating and repairing fences and gates hereinafter provided for, and the appointment of such keepers of the same as they may deem proper, and they are hereby granted plenary powers for that purpose, to be exercised according to their best discretion.

6. For the purposes of the next two preceding sections, the county commissioners may levy and collect, as they do other taxes, a special tax upon all real property, taxable by the State and county, within the county, township or district, which may adopt this Act.

7. Any person wilfully permitting his live stock to run at large within the limits of any territory adopted by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days.

8. It shall be lawful for any person to take up any live stock running at large within any township or district within this act shall be in force, and impound the same, and such impounder may demand fifty cents for each animal so taken up, and twenty-five cents for each animal for every day such stock is kept impounded, and may retain the same, with the right to use it under proper care, until all legal charges for impounding said stock, and for damages caused by the same, are paid; said damages to be ascertained by two disinterested freeholders, to be selected by the owner and such impounder; said freeholders to select an umpire, if they cannot agree, and their decision to be final.

9. If the owner of said stock be known to such impounder, he shall immediately inform such owner where his stock is impounded; and if said owner shall for two days after such notice, wilfully refuse or neglect to redeem his stock, then the impounder, after ten days' written notice, posted at three or more public places within the township where said stock is impounded, and describing the said stock, and stating the day and hour of sale; or, if the day be unknown, after twenty days' notice in the same manner, and also at the court house door, shall sell the said stock at public auction, and apply the proceeds in accordance with the next preceding and succeeding sections, and the balance shall turn over to the owner, if known; and if the owner be not known, to the county commissioners for the use of the school fund of the district wherein said stock was taken up and impounded, subject in three hands for six months to the use of the legally entitled owner.

10. Any person who may suffer damages by reason of said stock running at large, may recover the amount of damages sustained, by an action at law against the owner of said stock.

11. Any impounder wilfully misappropriating money that he may receive under this act, or in any manner wilfully violating any of its provisions, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days.

or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days.

13. Any person wilfully tearing down, or in any manner breaking a fence or gate, or leaving open a gate established or erected pursuant to this act, or wilfully breaking any inclosure within any township where this act is in force, and wherein any stock is confined, so that the same may escape therefrom, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days.

14. The word "stock" in this act shall be construed to mean horses, mules, colts, cows, calves, sheep, goats, jennets, and all neat cattle and swine.

15. That any citizen is authorized to build any portion of the public fence, or any gate across any public highway that may be on his land, at his own expense, and any person who shall unlawfully impair or destroy any fence or gate on the line of any fence provided for in this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days.

16. Any person owning land in a township or district which shall have adopted this act, may have his or her land, adjacent to the township or district adopting this act, enclosed within the fence built in pursuance of such act; and said adjacent land, when thus enclosed, shall be subject to all the provisions of this act, as if it were a part of the township or district with which it shall be so enclosed.

Any number of land owners, within the counties herein mentioned, whose lands are contiguous, may at any time build a common fence around all their lands, with gates across all public highways, and it shall be unlawful for any live stock to run at large within any such enclosure, subject to all the pains and penalties prescribed in this act.

17. The commissioners of the county of Chatham, Wayne and Calhoun shall hold an election on the 1st of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy nine, after giving thirty days' notice of said election, at three or more public places in each voting precinct. At which election, each qualified voter shall be entitled to vote a written or printed ballot, with the words "Stock-Law" or "No Stock-Law," written upon it; and if a majority of the votes cast at said election in either of said counties shall be for the "Stock-Law," then the provisions of this Act shall be in full force and effect in the County so having voted.

18. That said election a majority of the votes, in either county, shall be cast for the "No Stock-Law," then the "Stock-Law" contemplated by this act shall not be in force in such county as a whole, but shall extend to each of those townships wherein a majority of the votes cast at said election shall have been for the "Stock-Law," and it shall also be in force within the limits of the district described in section two of this act, if a majority of those voting at said election, living within the limits of said district, shall have so voted in favor of said "Stock-Law."

19. Upon the written application of one-fifth of the qualified voters of any county herein mentioned, made to the county commissioners thereof, at any time hereafter, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to from time to time submit the question of said "Stock-Law" or "No Stock-Law" to the qualified voters of said county. And if at any such election a majority of the votes cast shall be in favor of said "Stock-Law," then the provisions of this Act shall be in force over the whole of said county: Provided, however, that no such election shall be held in any county as a whole oftener than one time in any one year. And if, at any such election, a majority of the votes cast in any township shall be for the "Stock-Law," then the provisions of this act shall be in force in every such township.

20. Should any one of the townships in either of said counties, at the first election to be held hereafter, fail to adopt the provisions of this act, or if no election shall be held in a county then upon the written application of one-fifth of the qualified voters in any township, made to the commissioners of the county where, in said township is situated, at any time hereafter, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to submit the question of said "Stock-Law" or "No Stock-Law" to the qualified voters of said township. And if, at any such township election, a majority of the votes cast shall be in favor of said "Stock-Law," then the provisions of this act shall be in force in said township: Provided, that no such township election shall be held oftener than once in any one year.

21. Every election held under this act shall be conducted under the same rules and regulations, and according to the same penalties, provided by law for the election of members of the General Assembly.

22. Any county commissioners who shall refuse in any respect to obey the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned, at the discretion of the Court: Provided, That the provisions of this Act shall not be construed to apply to persons driving stock to market.

This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Correspondence.

WE WILL BE PLEASSED TO RECEIVE COMMUNICATIONS ON ANY SUBJECT THAT MAY BE OF INTEREST, BUT WE MUST INSIST ON A RESPONSIBLE NAME ACCOMPANYING EVERY ARTICLE, AND ALSO THAT IF BE SENT BY MAIL, THE EDITOR IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LOSS AND OPINIONS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

FOR THE RECORD, MARY'S STORE, GILNATH CO.

Mr. Ferron:—The Stock Law and the Fence Law are being greatly discussed in this vicinity by both parties; but I am happy to say that the Stock Law is rapidly gaining ground, and I sincerely believe, in the course of two years, that it will be legally enacted. I can't see why it should not. The non-landholders seem to think it would be beneficial to none but the landholders, but I conceive this to be a sad mistake. I will advise them thus far, should a landholder employ one to cultivate his land and will not agree to furnish his stock a pasture, not to work for him; for it would be treating him with perfect justice. Generally speaking, their stock are like old Solomon's dollars, "low and scattering"; therefore, pasturing for their stock would be but a small item. Were the Stock Law enacted, all impediments to water, as water-fences, would be dispensed with; a week's labor or probably more would be annually saved to every farmer which, under the present Fence Law, is consumed in repairing and building fences. Were the time, that is consumed in building and repairing old fences, applied to raising manure and mending the soil more profitably, it would be much to be regretted, and more especially so if it were applied to those whose farms are entirely destitute of soil manure. In my judgment, it would cause a considerable improvement to our stock-raising; for hereafter that I think this, is that people would not be troubled with so many sorry stocks, which would require a large portion of their time and attention. There would be less stock; but better stock. Therefore some cattle now in this neighborhood, that I think will be thoroughly dried by the 31st of March from their present appearance.

Wishing you much success as an editor, and your paper a large circulation, I remain,

Yours very truly, GAVIN MAXIM.

FOR THE RECORD, WILLIAM'S TOWN, MARCH 4, 1879.

Mr. Editor:—I wish to say a few words on the great subject of the "stock-law." I think it would be a great advantage to the farming interest of the whole county, both to land holders and non-land holders. Some of my neighbors seem to think that to adopt the "stock-law" would cause humanity entirely around and that the non-land holders would be oppressed; but I view it in a different light. I contend that the range law has fulfilled its mission in this being no longer a grazing country. If the farming interest of the country could be relieved of the numerous free-range and the time and means employed in raising live stock, farmers would then pay a decent income.

J. W. B.

CHATHAM COUNTY, MARCH 7, 1879.

Mr. Editor:—In consideration of the advance on Guano, please allow us to request the farmers of the county, to meet at their respective voting places, on the 29th inst., to consider the subject, as to whether they can afford to buy it or not.

Very respectfully, MANY CITIZENS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. C. & A. B. Sweeney, GROCERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1 Fayetteville St., No. 4 Martin St., and No. 6 Market Square.

As Grocers, We offer to the trade and consumers, a large and varied stock of HEAVY and FANCY Groceries. Without attempting to enumerate, we keep EVERYTHING usually found in a first-class grocery store.

As Commission Merchants, We have unusual facilities for handling cotton and all kinds of Country Produce—one of our stores being immediately on Market Square.

Our W. C. Sweeney, who has been engaged in the Cotton business for twelve years, gives his personal attention to consignments of Cotton, and any one shipping to us, may feel well assured that their cotton will be properly weighed and highest market price obtained.

Liberal advances made on Consignments.

AS AGENTS, FOR THE—Bradley Fertilizer Company.

We control two of the best Guano manufactures in the United States, both unsurpassed in the cultivation of cotton, wheat, corn and tobacco.

We recommend for all clay soil, Sea Fowl Guano; for light sandy soil, Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime. These Guanos have been used by thousands in this section, and we number among our customers some of the best farmers in the State. Circulars and certificates furnished on application.

Seed Irish Potatoes of the Best Variety! Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 12 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

King of Shirts; WITH Patent Sleeve Adjuster: The Best and Cheapest in the WORLD! TRY THEM AND BE CONVINCED! Manufactured expressly for and for sale by W. P. & J. W. Raleigh, N. C.

Also Agent for the sale of DR. WALKER'S HEALTH CORSET, unequalled for Beauty, Style and Comfort. dec 19-41

T. H. BRIGGS & SONS, Briggs Building, Raleigh, N. C.

HARDWARE! WAGON AND BUGGY MATERIAL, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, WINDING-GLASS, Steam-Engines, Belting, LIME, CEMENT, PLEASTER AND MILL SUPPLIES.

Correspondence solicited. dec 19 6m

The Old North State COOK STOVE FOREVER. The Best Cook Stove for the Price on the Market.

The First Premium at the Fair of 1877 as the Best Wood Cook Stove. For sale by C. C. S. SWEIGER, Fayetteville Street, Opposite the Market, RALEIGH, N. C.

A Full Line of Home-Furnishing Goods. dec 19 6m

PESCUD, LEE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, 107 MARKET & FAYETTEVILLE STREETS, Opposite Post Office, RALEIGH, N. C.

DRUGS! New Store! New Goods! For the better recommendation of our Cash business, we have opened another Drug Store, Corner Martin and Fayetteville Streets, and are prepared to furnish Farmers, Physicians, Country Merchants, and the Public generally with a choice and Fresh Stock of DRUGS, Chemicals, Eye-Stuffs, Fine Goods, Stationery and Glass. Seals, Tobacco, Sarsaparilla, Mineral Water, etc. Give us a call—we can please you in Goods and Prices. dec 19 6m

E. MAHLER, MANUFACTURING JEWELER AND ENGRAVER AND DEALER IN Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware. Keeps a full line of all articles found in a first-class Jeweler's store.

PLAIN and FANCY RINGS Made to order on the shortest Notice. (Send for Patent Ring Book.)

Hair Jewelry, College Badges, Medals and Seals, A SPECIALTY. Orders from a distance solicited. Goods sent on approval to any part of the State on satisfactory references.

H. MAHLER, dec 19-41 Raleigh, N. C.

Bynum Manufacturing Company, L. B. BYNUM, Agent. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. MANUFACTURERS OF THE—BEST YARNS SHEETINGS.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE! LOOK FOR THE SHEETINGS AND YARNS, BRANDED CHATHAM COTTON MILLS. IF YOU WANT THE BEST! FIRST AND ONLY COTTON MILL IN THE COUNTY. Encourage Home Enterprise. oct 5-no 3-11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. T. NORRIS & CO., GROCERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Raleigh, N. C.

SOLE AGENTS FOR—Patapo Guano and Guano Manure, Steam-well Cotton Pow., Atlas Flour, Phlox, Jr., Horse Hoop and Iron Age Cultivator.

We have in store and to arrive—400 Bushels White Bolted Meal, 25,000 Lbs. Bulk Flour Rib-Side, 1,000 Bushels White and Mix of Corn, 800 Bushels Best Oats, 500 Sacks and Barrels Family and Extra Flour, 40 Barrels Sugar—White and Yellow, 25 Bags of Beans, 3 Bar Loads Molasses—New Crop Cuba, New Orleans and Sugar House Syrup, 100 Sacks Marjoram Liver and Fine Salt, 25 Barrels Early Rose Potatoes, 1000 Bags Patapo Guano, 50 Boxes Soap, 100 Kegs Nails, And other goods necessary to make up a full stock.

All of the above goods we will sell cheap for cash, or on time, with satisfactory arrangements. Soliciting orders. We are respectfully,

M. T. NORRIS & CO. dec 12-3m

ALL WOOL CASHMERE! De Alma A New French Fabric of Black Dress Goods, THE LARGEST AND MOST SELECTED STOCK.

LADIES' CLOAKS never exhibited in this market. Felt and Flannel Skirts for Ladies. All qualities, trimmed and embroidered. A LARGE STOCK AND VARIETY OF GOODS, at prices to please.

Carpets, Rugs, FLOOR AND TABLE. Bought from the Manufacturer. All new Styles and Choice Designs never before shown in this market. JUST RECEIVED BY PETTY & JONES' DAILY ARRIVALS.

New and Seasonable Dry Goods. THE JOHANN DEPARTMENT is filled with the most desirable goods and is worth a visit to the Cash at Agency Cash prices. We change will save money by buying of us. We bring to you, the public that a large portion of our goods is being sold at CASH! sep 119 3m

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Consignments of all kinds of Merchandise and Produce solicited. Salt and factory sales guaranteed and prompt returns fully made, for moderate commissions.

Cotton Received also on Storage at Moderate Rates. Raleigh Daily Cotton Market Reports and the latest changes in New York and Liverpool Markets forwarded every day to patrons. Refers to Raleigh National Bank and the business public of the city.

ON HAND: A large invoice of MILBURN WAGONS for sale at \$75 each; substantial work and warranted. OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES at \$80 to \$100 each; workmanship and material guaranteed. Flour, Corn, Oats, Fuder, Hay Meal, Chopps, Brown Stuff, North Carolina Hams, Sides and Shoulders in fact all kinds of Produce always in store. sep 119 3m

J. H. G. GATLING, President. W. S. PRIME, Secretary. INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE—NORTH CAROLINA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY. —OF—Raleigh.

This Company will insure your Dwelling, Mill, Grain, Store, or other building on the most reasonable terms. All losses paid promptly. Encourage Home Institutions. Insure in a first class Home Company. Apply to H. A. LONDON, JR., sept 19 3m Agent.

To the Bereaved! Headstones, Monuments, and Tombs in the Best of MARBLE! Good Workmanship and Cheapest and Largest Variety in the State. Yard, Corner Morgan and Blount Streets, below Wynn's Livery Stable. Address all communications to CAYTON & WOLFE, JOHN CAYTON, Raleigh, N. C. Successors to Feb 13-11