

Chance.  
A word unspoken, a hand unpressed,  
A look uncast or a thought unpressed,  
And souls that were kindred may live apart,  
Never to meet or know the truth.  
Never to know how heart beat with heart  
In the dim past days of a wasted youth.  
She shall not know how his pulses leap  
When over his temples her tresses sweep;  
As she leaned to give him the jasmine wreath  
She felt his breath, and her face flushed  
With the passionate love that choked her  
And saddens her life now her youth is dead.  
A faded woman who waits for death,  
And murmurs a name beneath her breath:  
A cynical man who scoffs and jeers  
At women and love in the open day,  
And at night-time kisses, with bitter tears,  
A faded fragment of jasmine spray.

### FOR THE FARMER'S HOUSEHOLD.

Quality of Eggs.  
A great many suppose that because an egg is an egg, there is no difference in the quality. What a mistake! There is just as much difference in the strength and richness of eggs as there is between poor and tender beef. Take hens that are kept in an almost starved condition and their eggs will be poor and weak. When poured from the shell they appear small and flat. But, take the same hens and feed them as they should be fed, and the eggs, when emptied from the shell, will be large and round. Every practical housewife knows this. Not only so, but if you would raise good-sized, plump and healthy chickens, you must feed the hens which lay the eggs on good, sound, healthy and nutritious food. Take wheat or potato eggs and set them, and a few, no doubt, will hatch; but the chicks will be weak and feeble, and, therefore, the more liable to pine away and die, and what few do live will never amount to much. But, take good, strong, rich eggs, and nine out of every ten will hatch, and the chicks be strong and healthy, and from any cause you should fail to feed them, their vigorous vitality will enable them to run about in search of something to appease their appetites.

Cultivation of Buckwheat.  
When sown for manure, buckwheat may be put in as soon as the ground is in condition and warm enough to ensure germination. If for seed, it should not be sown until the last week in June or the first week in July. Saw one bushel per acre for seed, and one and a-half if for manure. The yield will range, in a good crop, from fifteen to twenty bushels to the acre. In threshing with the machine, remove most of the teeth from the concave, and go slow. The straw is not of much account for stock-feeding, and has been alleged to be injurious, but this is not proven.

Save the Liquid Manure.  
The liquid yieldings of animals are worth more—pound for pound, than the solid excrements, and are saved with greater care by the best European farmers and gardeners. All the leaks in the stable are not in the roof; those often in the floor are quite as objectionable, and are the cause of a great deal of waste.

Hints for the Housewife.  
A tin covering for fatrons when heating saves fuel and keeps the room from excessive heat.  
To mend broken chinaware take plaster of Paris and mix with the white of an egg. Use water to keep it thinned, and apply.  
For DYSENTERY—Parboiled brown a tablespoonful of rice; put into a cup of cold water and let it come to a hard boil; sweeten a little.

A heavy chalk mark drawn a finger's distance from your sugar-box and all around (and there must be no space unoccupied) will surely prevent ants from troubling it.  
RISOROWM REMEDY.—Oil of paper made by burning a sheet of ordinary writing paper upon a plate, will cure a ringworm, which is caused by contagion or some impurity of the blood; the oil will be seen after the paper is burned in the form of a yellow spot; this applied with the finger twice a day will in a very short time cure the worst of ringworms.

CROPS AND STRAITS FOR THE SICK.—In cooking steaks for the sick, they should always be cut about one inch in thickness. Beat it well with a rolling pin. This renders it tender and preserves the juice. Place upon a broiler and cook for seven or ten minutes, turning frequently. When done lay it upon a hot plate and season with salt and pepper and a little butter. Never chop meat with a sharp instrument. It severs the fibers, thus allowing the juice to escape while cooking.  
DEVILED CRABS OR FISH.—Take cooked crabs, lobsters or fish and pick very fine; make a mayonnaise salad dressing with plenty of mustard and vinegar and cayenne pepper, and mix with fish; also a pinch of thyme, and very fine chopped onion, and season with Worcester's sauce; fill your shells, or crab shells, with the fish, then put crackers or bread crumbs on top, with small pieces of butter, and bake in a hot oven; if the fish is at all dry, pour on some milk before baking.

Church Music.  
Dr. J. G. Holland, the talented editor of *Spirit*, in one of his discursive moods writes as follows of music as a means of worship: "The churches are full, as a rule, where the music is excellent. This fact may not be very flattering to preachers, but it is a fact, and it is quite a legitimate question whether a church has a right to surrender any attraction that will give it a hold upon the attention of the world, especially if that attraction is an elevating one, and in the direct line of Christian influence. Congregational singing is well enough in its place and proportions, but very little of the inspiration of music comes through it."

### A STORY FOR CHILDREN.

On a sunny hill-side grew a little colony of May-flowers. They had slept quietly through the long winter, tucked up, snug and warm, in their covering of snow; and now the bright sun looked down on them, and the wind stirred them, and the birds called to them, and they raised their strong, hardy leaves, and lifted up their stems of small buds, and rejoiced that spring was near. A little girl came out among them. She said to herself: "I am going away to-morrow. I can't stay to see the dear May-flowers open, so I will take some of them with me, and keep them in water, and they will remind me of this beautiful place, and perhaps they will blossom."  
"Oh," said the May-flowers, "please don't take us!"  
But the wind blew so that Mary; the little girl, did not hear them, and she pulled stem after stem, till she had as many as she could hold in her small hands. Then she looked around her at the blue sky, and the branches of the trees against it, and the soft, dead leaves flying in the wind, and the patches of white snow in the hollows; and away in the distance the lighthouse and the blue water.  
She said good-bye to it all, for she was afraid she might not see it again soon; and the little May-flowers said good-bye to it, too.  
The next day Mary tied the May-flowers together, and wound a piece of wet paper around their stems, and they started on their journey.  
The cars were crowded and hot, and Mary held the flowers very tight for fear of losing them, and the tall people rested their elbows on them, and the stout ones pushed against them, and they thought they would die.  
But soon the paper was taken off, and the string was untied, and they were put into a vase of water.  
The little May-flowers drooped for a time, and could not hold up their heads.  
Mary set them in the open window, and a gay bird in a cage sang to them; but they mourned for their pleasant home, and they did not like to stand with their feet in the water, and they said:  
"Let us give up in despair."  
Then the bird sang, "Cheer up! cheer up! chirrup! chirrup!"  
They did not listen to him at first, but by-and-by they said to him:  
"Why do you say that to us? Do you know that we have been taken from our home and our friends on the hill-side, where the sun shines, and the birds sang all around us? How can we live and be happy here, and with our feet in the water, too?"  
But the bird said: "Cheer up! The sun is shining on you, and I am singing to you as well as I can, and how much better it will be for you to blossom and be beautiful, and make some one happy, than to do nothing but wither and be thrown away. Do you think I like to be here, shut up in this cage, when I have wings to fly? No! If this cage-door should be left open, you would see me fly up to that chimney in a second."  
"Could you?" said the little flowers.  
"Yes, indeed," said the bird.  
"Would you?" said the flowers.  
"Yes," said the bird, "and then into that tree, and then away to the woods somewhere. But while I am here, I think I may as well sing and be gay."  
"Perhaps he is right," thought the flowers; so they lifted up their heads and looked up.  
Mary gave them fresh water every day, and loved them dearly, and talked to them of the beautiful hillside; and the cheerful bird sang to them, and at last the little buds began to grow and make the best of it.  
One bright morning, just two weeks after they were gathered, the largest bud opened its petals, and blossomed into a full-grown May-flower!  
It was white, with a lovely tinge of pink, and oh, so fragrant! Mary all cried with delight, and she kissed the dear flower, and carried it to every one in the house to be admired. The bird stood on tip-toe on his highest perch and flapped his wings, and sang his best song.  
"Was I right?" said he. "Did I give you good advice?"  
"Yes," said the flowers, "you were right. To blossom and be beautiful, and make some one happy, is better than to give up in despair and do nothing."  
—St. Nicholas.

### A Maryland Sketch.

A writer in *Harper's Magazine* for May, in the course of an article on the coast counties of Virginia and Maryland says:  
The soil of Peninsular Virginia is rather kindly than rich. Certainly it has not that richness of virgin land of which it is said, "Tickle it with a hoe, and it laughs in a harvest;" but light manuring produces a quick return and ample crops, and that considerably earlier than in other places north of Norfolk. There is still a remnant of the old style of farming to be seen, of which it was said that there were only three crops raised in Virginia—corn, hogs and negroes, of which the hogs ate all the corn, and the negroes devoured all the hogs. One of these "crops," however, is removed from the list.  
The "poor whites" is poor—very poor. The small farmers of the North cannot compare with these in absolute destitution of money.  
"Doctor," said one of them, who had slowly recovered consciousness after being terribly injured by an exploding grist-mill. "Doctor, I reckon I'm pretty badly bruck up, ain't I?"  
"Yes, my man; you are hurt just about as badly, to stand a chance of recovery, as any man I ever saw."  
"Tuet's so, thet's so. Wa'll, doctor, do you know, thet ez poor as I am, an' ez much ez I need money, I—I wouldn't ev'ed this happen to me fer—fer twenty-five dollars!"  
Many of these poor whites are day-laborers on the neighboring farms, but work a small patch of potatoes or corn on their own account, in ground mostly so filled with stumps and so given to overgrowing bushes as to be useless to any but themselves. One sometimes sees them working in their fields. Paterfamilias does the plowing, Filius Minimus drops the corn, and the rest come in regular sequence, Mater leading the hoeing.

### The Peach Crop.

The peach trees throughout Maryland and the lower section of Delaware give appearance so favorable that there is every prospect for one of the largest crops that has been gathered on the peninsula. The fact that the blossoming is from two to three weeks later than last year lessens the chances of injury by any frost or freezing weather. The statements that many orchards have been ruined because of last year's failure is denied. Only the old trees that had ceased to be fruitful were cut down, and the new trees coming into bearing will more than fill up the space vacated by the old trees. Arrangements are making for shipping to the West, where there will be a demand in consequence of the failure of the crop there. A large portion of the crop will go to the drying houses and canning establishments. The failure last year has left the market bare of dried and canned peaches, so that the demand must be large. There has been a general trimming of trees and an improvement in the cultivation of orchards by plowing and the use of fertilizers, that will doubtless reward the owners. The following are the statistics of the peach crop for the last twelve years, as indicated by the number of carloads shipped over the Delaware railroad, which, however, does not include the large quantity that reaches the Baltimore markets by steamers and sailing vessels: In 1867 the shipments amounted to 2,050 carloads; in 1868 only 24; in 1869 to 4,619; in 1870 the crop was a partial failure, and the shipments reached 2,707; but in 1871 there was a full market, and 5,004 carloads were gathered; in 1872 1,091 loads; in 1873 2,832; in 1874 1,296; and in 1875 the largest crop was gathered, amounting to 9,472 carloads. The indications now are that the crop of 1879 will be equal to this. In 1876, 2,117 carloads; in 1877, 1,031; and in 1878 only 869, the crop being almost a total failure.

### Canada Responsible.

If Sitting Bull and his bands of warriors should be able to flank the Canadian mounted police and take a notion to swoop down upon Dakota and the northwestern settlements, there will be a fair chance for our people to get even with the dominion in that little matter of the fisheries award. According to the ruling of our authorities, our settlers would have no redress from the government for losses incurred in consequence of such a raid. When the dominion authorities permitted Sitting Bull to find a refuge within their borders they became responsible for him and for all his acts. If, therefore, he should descend upon the border and burn the settlements, our citizens would have no claims to adjust with Canada, and our government could demand another arbitration and refuse to permit any redress to set as referee upon it. The knowledge of this on the part of the Canadians will probably make them bestir themselves actively to prevent any such contempts as an Indian raid this summer, and it will make them only the more urgent for Sitting Bull's return to the charge of the truly paternal Indian bureau.

### His Donation.

*Scribner* tells an anecdote of the days when Emerson, Longfellow, Holmes and others used to dine together in order to indulge in brilliant after-dinner repartee, to the effect that one day the club stopped at an old-fashioned tavern kept by Zack Porter, who had some ducks brought in and carved by himself, as a mark of consideration to the distinguished guests. The knife was keen and was wielded by a deft hand; the slices fell about the platter like a mower's swath, until the carcass was bare as a barrel.  
"What do you do with the bird after that?" Lowell asked of the landlord.  
"Wall," said Porter, with a curious twinkle in his eyes, "when I've sliced off the breast, an' the wings an' legs like that (pointing to the shell), I gin 'rally give the carcass to the poor."

### Sketch of Shakspeare's Life.

William Winter, the talented dramatic critic of the *New York Tribune*, has written an interesting account for *Harper's* of the "Immortal William." It appears from the best authenticated accounts that the bard of Avon went to school when seven years old, and left it when about fourteen. He then had to work for his living—his once opulent father having fallen into misfortune—and he became an apprentice to a butcher, or else a lawyer's clerk (there were seven lawyers in Stratford at that time), or else a school teacher. Perhaps he was all three and more. It is conjectured that he saw the players who from time to time acted in the Guildhall, under the auspices of the corporation of Stratford, that he attended the religious entertainments which were customarily given in the neighboring city of Coventry, and that in particular he witnessed the elaborate and sumptuous pageants with which in 1575 the Earl of Leicester welcomed Queen Elizabeth to Kenilworth Castle. He married at eighteen, and leaving a wife and three children in Stratford, he went up to London at twenty-two. His entrance into theatrical life immediately followed—in what capacity it is impossible to judge. One dubious account says that he held horses for the public at the theater door; another that he got employment as a prompter to the actors. It is certain that he had not been in the theatrical business long before he began to make himself felt. At twenty-eight he was known as a prosperous author. At twenty-nine he had acted with Burbage before Queen Elizabeth, and while Spenser had extolled him in the "Tears of the Muses," the envious Green had disparaged him in the "Groat's Worth of Wit." At thirty-three he had acquired wealth enough to purchase New Place, the principal residence in his native town, where now he placed his family and established his home, himself remaining in London, but visiting Stratford at frequent intervals. At thirty-four he was heard of as the actor of Knowell in Ben Jonson's comedy, then now, of *Every Man in his Humor*, and he received the glowing eulogium of Meres in *Wits Treasury*. At thirty-eight he had written *Hamlet* and *As You Like It*, and, moreover, he was now become the owner of more estate in Stratford, costing him £200. At forty-one he made his largest purchase, buying for £40 the titles of Stratford, Old Stratford, Dishopton and Welcombe. In the meantime he had smoothed the declining years of his father, and had followed him with love and duty to the grave. Other domestic bereavements likewise befell him, and other worldly cares and duties were laid upon his hands, but neither grief nor business could check the fertility of his brain. Within the next ten years he wrote, among other great plays, *Titus, Lear, Macbeth, and Coriolanus*. At about forty-eight he seems to have disposed of his shares in the two London theaters with which he had been connected, the Blackfriars and the Swan, and shortly afterward, his work as we possess it being well-nigh completed, he retired finally to his Stratford home, where he passed his last days, and died somewhat suddenly, on his fifty-second birthday.

### To Enjoy Life.

The best recipe we know of, if you want to be miserable, is to think about yourself—how much you have not made, and the poor prospects you have for the future. A brave man, with a son in him, gets out of such pitiful ruts and laughs at discouragements, rolls up his sleeves, whistles and sings and makes the best of life. This earth was never intended for a paradise, and the man who rises above his discouragements and keeps his manhood will only be the stronger and better for his adversities. Many a noble ship has been saved by throwing overboard its valuable cargo, and many a man is better and more humane after he has lost his gold.

### The Speech Writers of Washington.

A Washington correspondent says: The "original speech writers," a class of literary gentlemen who make a living by furnishing speeches to order to members of Congress, have been quite busy of late. One of these gentlemen furnished six speeches on the army appropriation bill. He has already got one up on the disputed points in the legislative bill, and has orders for four more. These speeches are among the best that will be delivered in the bill, and, besides being well-filled with flowers, are stored with facts and more information than a new Congressman could gather in a month.

### Accumulation of Interest.

A Boston merchant with a turn for figures, and with an uncommonly shrewd student of social problems, has been calculating the growth of the immense fortune now concentrated in the hands of Mr. Vanderbilt. Presuming the great railroad king to live twenty years, and reap annual harvests of interest on his present vast property no larger than the modest rate of seven per cent. would yield, he says that in 1883, Mr. Vanderbilt's estate will be worth \$323,000,000. It seems incredible, but the figuring does not appear faulty.

### An Optical Illusion.

Take three differently colored wafers—red, violet and orange—place them upon a large piece of white paper, in a triangular form; hold the paper in a strong light, and fix the eyes upon the wafers, and gazing upon them steadily for two minutes; then turn them away from the wafers to a blank part of the paper, and you will see three spectral wafers, but the colors will be different: the red wafers will now be represented by a green one, the violet by a yellow, and the orange by a blue.

Alexander Stephens is the chairman of the Committee on Weights and Measures. Comment is unnecessary.

### FACTS AND FANCIES.

Almost any one will get his back up when you intimate that he is going to back down.  
Seth Green says fish have much sustaining power. It means, perhaps, they are good to prop a gate.  
If we may believe the *Atlanta Constitution*, it is the late frosts that have toughened spring chickens.  
Far happier are they who always know what they are to do, than they who have to determine what they will do.  
Stones, the counterpart of cannon balls in size and weight, are found in the bed of the Cannon Ball river, a branch of the Upper Missouri.  
In the National House of Representatives there are now 34 Johns, 30 Williams, 15 Jameses, 14 Thomases, 13 Georges and ten Josephs.  
In one day recently 1,385 bills were introduced into the House of Representatives, which is the largest number ever presented at one sitting.  
The monarchs of Russia, Austria and Spain are expected to be the guests of the Emperor of Germany in June next, when his golden wedding is to be celebrated.  
Bishop Potter, the venerable head of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of New York, will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his accession to the episcopate in November next.  
As an evidence of the number of men out of employment, and the liking for a little authority, it is stated that there are 3,000 applicants for positions on the police force of Baltimore.  
A man in Brattleboro, Vt., has just paid to a merchant there a note he gave his father seventeen years ago, with interest, although the note had been outlawed and lost and the matter forgotten.  
A little girl in one of the public schools the other day had occasion to parse the word "Angel." Coming to the gender she stopped dismayed, and asked her teacher if "there are any men angels."

There is only one object in the world which will attract a young lady's attention from the handsome young man she meets on the street, and that is another woman with a hat two laps ahead of any style she has yet seen.  
When a man puts the glue brush in the ink, and then sticks the pen in the paste pot while he resenes the brush, he is apt to let them both rest while he gets up and frees his mind of certain notions in regard to what a fool he is.  
The New England Conference took strong action against holding camp-meetings on Sunday. It regards these places as the resort of vain and ungodly persons who want to make a day of frolic of what ought to be a day of rest.  
After his election President Taylor wrote to his son Richard, just deceased, inviting him to come to Washington as his private secretary. Dick refused the offer haughtily, saying that he "wouldn't play second fiddle even to the President of the United States."

It is generally supposed that Chinese "rice paper" is made from rice. It is really made from the pith of a tree, which grows to the height of two feet, and which is also used for the manufacture of artificial flowers and certain toys and fancy articles.  
Frank Wilson, of Yancey county, N. C., wished to go West, but lacked the wherewithal. So he killed a goose, bled himself, told his brother he had killed a neighbor, collected \$200 from him and others to enable him to escape, and ran away.  
"Have you given electricity a trial for your complaint, madam?" asked the minister, as he took tea with the old lady. "Well, yes, I reckon I has, I was struck by lightning last summer and hove out of the window; but it didn't seem to do me no sort of good."

When a Baltimore cook had got her kitchen fire well under way, the other morning, she was greatly frightened by seeing a mouse scurry across the stove. Her screams soon brought the family to the spot, the most courageous of whom opened the oven, when out crawled a partly-cooked kitten.  
A little five-year old child who had just lost her father received a ticket of reward from her teacher a few days ago. As soon as school was out she ran home to show the ticket to her mother, and when she showed it the child said: "Mother, I have held the ticket up to the sky all the way home, so that my father could see how good I have been."

Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, a cure guaranteed in every case. Not one shake after the first dose—a never-failing and positive cure. Put up in two forms, powders and pills; the name is Prof. Paine's Anti-Septic Powders and Anti-Septic Pills. Dose for a cure, one every two hours until twenty powders or pills are taken; take a liver Laxative Pill every night, and repeat the Anti-Septic Powders or Pills every seven days. Powders \$1.00 per box. Liver Pills 25 cents per box. Send by mail. When ordering be sure and state whether you want powders or pills, include the money in the letter and direct to Prof. W. Paine, 203 S. Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.  
OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### A 1000 challenge is offered that ONE man can saw off a log with this machine in less time than TWO men can cut the same log. This challenge applies to any two men in the WORLD who will accept it. A machine is always on exhibition opposite new custom house. For circulars address, W. W. GILES, N. E. Cor. 6th and Stone streets, Cincinnati, O.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### I WANT A LIVE AGENT

IN EACH TOWN TO SELL MY ARTICLES.  
NO MONEY REQUIRED till sales are made. I will send an outfit, with pamphlets to advertise, by mail, postpaid. This is a good opportunity for agents to add something to their income without risking one cent.  
Write for particulars to  
**W. H. COMSTOCK,**  
Morristown, St. Lawrence Co., New York.

### RUPTURE

Believed and cured, without the injury, trusses, belts, or the use of any medicine, by Dr. J. A. SHEPHERD'S SYSTEM. Office, 251 Broadway, New York. His book with photographic illustrations of the disease, and after course, mailed for 10 cents. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

### WANTED AGENTS FOR

GEN'L DICK TAYLOR'S BOOK  
Destruction and Reconstruction.  
For particulars address  
**W. W. HAYNE,**  
22 Post Office Ave., Baltimore, Md.  
**CARPENTER SAWS,**  
Or any other kind, you can buy yourself in our New Machine, that will cut you the best Saw. The teeth will all remain of equal size and shape. Sent free on receipt of \$2.50, in any kind of United States money. For circulars, address Agents wanted in every town and city. Address W. W. HAYNE, 22 Post Office Ave., Baltimore, Md. We have hundreds of letters from men using our Machine, who say they would not take \$5 for it.

### BURNHAM'S WATER-WHEEL

Standard Turbine  
WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST.  
Prices reduced. *Jumped Iron.*  
OFFICE: 32 South Street, New York, N.Y.

### WANTED TO FORM A CO-OPERATIVE UNION CLUB

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAVING MONEY AND IMPROVING THE PUBLIC GOOD. Any person who will not add up to 12 members in his own neighborhood, should give up his proposal at this time. For full particulars, send for circular to the Co-operative Union, No. 11, New Church St., N. Y. This will not appear again in this paper.

### FITS CURED! FREE!!

An infallible and unrivaled remedy for Fits, Epilepsy or Falling Sickness, warranted to effect a speedy and permanent cure. Price 25 cents per bottle. For my renowned medicine and a valuable treatise sent to any sufferer, enclosing his name, address and Express Address. Send to H. G. BROT, 10 Pearl Street, N. Y.

### \$7 A DAY. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

State of Female, Something New, Indispensable. Turbidity, Rheumatism, Blisters, and all kinds of eruptions. For circulars, address, with stamp, to H. G. BROT, 10 Pearl Street, N. Y.

### YOUNG MEN LEARN TYPING

Free of charge. Guaranteed a private situation. Address H. G. BROT, 10 Pearl Street, N. Y.

### DR. CLARK'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN!  
The Clark Johnson having associated himself with Mr. Edwin Eastman, an escaped convict, long a slave in Wakarusa, the medicine made by the "convicts" is now prepared to lead him in the introduction of the wonderful remedy of that tribe. The experience of "Wakarusa" being similar to that of Mrs. Charles Jones and son, of Washington, Pa., a recent account of whose sufferings were published in the *New York Herald* of Dec. 15th, 1878, the facts of which are so widely known, and so truly parallel, that but little more need be said. Mr. Eastman, while a convict, was compelled to gather the roots, gums, barks, herbs and berries of which Wakarusa's medicine was made, and it is still prepared to provide the same materials for the successful introduction of this medicine to the same use, as when Wakarusa's medicine compelled him to make it.

### WAKARUSA'S MEDICINE

Wakarusa's medicine has been added to the medicine and nothing has been taken away. It is without doubt the best Preparation of the kind ever used, and has been the means of curing many cases of the following diseases:  
It cures the Liver.  
It cures the Kidneys.  
It regulates the Bowels.  
It purifies the Blood.  
It cures the Nervous System.  
It promotes Digestion.  
It nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.  
It carries off the old blood and makes new.  
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.  
It restores the vitality, heat or color in the blood, which generates scurvy, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors. There are no side effects in its use. It has been used in every part of the world, and it is known to be the best and most reliable, and only being prepared in Wakarusa.

### Edwin Eastman in Indian Costume.

Saves and Nips Yams Among the Cowards. It is the only medicine of the kind ever used, and has been the means of curing many cases of the following diseases:  
It cures the Liver.  
It cures the Kidneys.  
It regulates the Bowels.  
It purifies the Blood.  
It cures the Nervous System.  
It promotes Digestion.  
It nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.  
It carries off the old blood and makes new.  
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.  
It restores the vitality, heat or color in the blood, which generates scurvy, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors. There are no side effects in its use. It has been used in every part of the world, and it is known to be the best and most reliable, and only being prepared in Wakarusa.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### DR. CLARK'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN!  
The Clark Johnson having associated himself with Mr. Edwin Eastman, an escaped convict, long a slave in Wakarusa, the medicine made by the "convicts" is now prepared to lead him in the introduction of the wonderful remedy of that tribe. The experience of "Wakarusa" being similar to that of Mrs. Charles Jones and son, of Washington, Pa., a recent account of whose sufferings were published in the *New York Herald* of Dec. 15th, 1878, the facts of which are so widely known, and so truly parallel, that but little more need be said. Mr. Eastman, while a convict, was compelled to gather the roots, gums, barks, herbs and berries of which Wakarusa's medicine was made, and it is still prepared to provide the same materials for the successful introduction of this medicine to the same use, as when Wakarusa's medicine compelled him to make it.

### WAKARUSA'S MEDICINE

Wakarusa's medicine has been added to the medicine and nothing has been taken away. It is without doubt the best Preparation of the kind ever used, and has been the means of curing many cases of the following diseases:  
It cures the Liver.  
It cures the Kidneys.  
It regulates the Bowels.  
It purifies the Blood.  
It cures the Nervous System.  
It promotes Digestion.  
It nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.  
It carries off the old blood and makes new.  
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.  
It restores the vitality, heat or color in the blood, which generates scurvy, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors. There are no side effects in its use. It has been used in every part of the world, and it is known to be the best and most reliable, and only being prepared in Wakarusa.

### Edwin Eastman in Indian Costume.

Saves and Nips Yams Among the Cowards. It is the only medicine of the kind ever used, and has been the means of curing many cases of the following diseases:  
It cures the Liver.  
It cures the Kidneys.  
It regulates the Bowels.  
It purifies the Blood.  
It cures the Nervous System.  
It promotes Digestion.  
It nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.  
It carries off the old blood and makes new.  
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.  
It restores the vitality, heat or color in the blood, which generates scurvy, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors. There are no side effects in its use. It has been used in every part of the world, and it is known to be the best and most reliable, and only being prepared in Wakarusa.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE, with names of agents and lowest net prices. Send to THE TRENDS CO., 100 N. WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

### THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

OFFER THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST Cabinet and Parlor Organs in the world; makers of HIGHEST TONED and LATEST WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR TWELVE YEARS. HIGHEST PRIZES at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1875. ONE OF THE GREATEST STORES; prices, \$24, \$56, \$78, \$90, \$108, \$126, \$144, \$162, \$180, \$200, \$225, \$240, \$250 and upward. Sell also for Easy Payments. Papers are sent free. HIGHER THAN THOSE OF ANY OTHER ORGAN MANUFACTURER. Catalogue sent free to send for LATEST CATALOGUE,