The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1882.

H. A. LONDON, Jr., Editor.

THE DEMOCRATIC Executive Committee of this State will meet in Raleigh, on the 3rd day of May, for the purpose of fixing the time and place for holding the next State Democratic Convention. This convention will nominate candidates for Supreme Court Judge, and Representative from the State at large, and will also ratify the nominations to be made by the district conventions for Superior Court Judges. We suppose there is no need of the convention meeting earlier than the middle or last of July. That is a leisure season with the farmers, and it ought to be held at a time when they can conveniently attend. We do not want a convention composed of scheming politicans and aspiring office-seekers, but of the substantial farmers of the country, and their convenience should be consulted. The city of Raleigh is the most convenient and accessible place that can be selected for holding the convention, and we presume that place will be selected almost unanimously. That city is certainly the place, to which the greatest number can go at the least expense. According to a rule adopted in 1880 the number of delegates is limited, so that our conventions will not be unwieldy mobs. Each county is entitled to elect one delegate for every three hundred democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over one hundred and fifty votes, cast therein at the last gubernatorial election. Chatham county will, therefore, be entitled to send seven delegates. The basis of representation in the Republican convention is different, as they allow each county twice as many delegates as the county has members of the House of Representatives in the Legislature. Chatham, therefore, in the Republican State and District Conventions will be entitled to have only four delegates.

THE EXPENSES of President Garfield's illness, that are proposed to be paid by Congress, are enormous. Early in the session a select committee was appointed by the House of Representatives to audit these expenses, and this committee has made two reports. The majority report appropriates $85,000 to the attending physicians, of which sum Dr. Bliss is to have $25,000. The minority report objects to these allowances as being excessively extravagant, and we doubt not this is the opinion of the taxpayers of America. Garfield was shot on the 2nd day of July and died on the 19th of September, so that the doctors attended him less than three months, and yet it is proposed to pay one of them $25,000 for his services for that short time—a sum that used to be thought sufficient for a whole year's salary for the Presidents. If our Congressmen themselves had to pay some of their extravagant appropriations they would not be so generous(?) and wasteful of the public funds.

A CELEBRATED trial was begun last week at New Haven, Connecticut, and will probably be in progress for two or three months: we refer to the trial of the Malley boys and Blanche Douglass for the murder of Jennie Cramer. The case has attracted much attention, and the evidence against the accused is wholly circumstantial. The Malleys are young men of wealth and social standing, and are charged with outraging and then murdering their victim, who was a beautiful young woman of good report in New Haven.

QUEEN VICTORIA's would be assassin has been tried and acquitted on the plea of insanity. The trial began last Wednesday and ended the same day. This was in striking contrast with the protracted trial of Garfield's assassin. One trial occupied only one day, and the other was dragged along for more than two months! The superintendents of two insane asylums testified to Maclean's insanity, and the jury promptly acquitted him.

AN INVESTIGATION is at last about to be made of the charges and complaints against the Internal Revenue officials in the Sixth Collection District of this State. Senator Vance has succeeded in securing the passage of a resolution for the appointment of three Senators to conduct the investigation, which we hope will be thorough and searching. Very grave and serious charges have been made, and they should be fully investigated.

THE REPUBLICAN Executive Committee of this Congressional District met at Raleigh last week and decided to hold their District Convention at Raleigh, on the 2nd day of next August, when and where they will nominate somebody for Gen. Cox to defeat at the next election.

THE ANNIVERSARY of Mecklenburg's Declaration of Independence will be celebrated at Charlotte, on the 20th of next May, in a grand style. Senator Bayard, of Delaware, will deliver an oration appropriate to the occasion, and it is probable that nearly all the military companies of the State will attend. It is also stated that Gen. Hancock will honor the occasion with his presence.

Hard on Everitt.

A young democrat, named George B. Everitt, changed his politics and became a strong republican, and finally succeeded in ousting Dr. Wheeler (an old fire-tried republican) from the office of Revenue Collector in the Fifth District, and in getting the place for himself. In order to gain popularity with the negroes he went to their Convention, held at Goldsboro last month, and the Goldsboro Star edited by a negro thus speaks of him:

"We have some experience in politics, and the underhanded workings of tricksters. But the manner in which the Hon. Geo. B. Everitt conducted himself at and in the colored State Convention in Goldsboro on the 29th ult. astonished many good people in this section of the State, where he had the good fortune to spend his boyhood. He said on the cars when on his way to the Convention that he wanted to be treated as a colored man in the Convention, and that he wanted the colored men to consider his claims as though he was a negro. We are sorry to note that the manner in which he acted put us more in mind of a dose negro at a corn husking than a white man who claims to be Revenue Collector of the Fifth District of North Carolina. He passed around the Convention for two days trying to get a chance to speak, but whether he was a delegate from Forsyth county we are not advised, though he was in regular attendance at the Convention and showed a disposition at several times to speak when the judiciary resolution was under discussion. However, the evening before the Convention adjourned he was permitted a few minutes to address it upon the condition of the colored people in the 5th Revenue District of North Carolina. We sincerely hope that Mr. Everitt will never be persuaded again to surrender his dignity and follow up a negro convention, for we feel for any white man who has nothing more to do than loaf around a colored convention especially where he is not wanted—and may the Lord deliver him hereafter from such a position."

Our Washington Letter.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22d, 1882.

The last week has not been an especially good one for Robeson, as the House acquitted itself by practically sitting down on one or two of his pet schemes—especially the navy reconstruction job. There would not be so much objection to the Navy bill if it were at all certain that money appropriated for that purpose would be honestly expended. All Americans feel more or less ashamed of the position we occupy among the Nations as a maritime power, and would be willing to see it somewhat improved. But this condition of affairs is as much due to Robeson and his course as Secretary of the Navy as to all other things combined, and there is a feeling that he is not the proper person to manipulate the work of building up. The present scheme is believed to be a job, and as such it has been in exceedingly bad odor. There is one thing Robeson can do and have his own way about it—he can run the Speaker, and, at the present rate, if he don't run him into the ground, politically speaking, before the end, of his term I shall be disappointed. In fact it is as good as done already. No Speaker has ever been so unpopular or made such an unmitigated partisan ass of himself.

The Shepherd investigation has taken something of a different turn this week and promises after all to be somewhat interesting. Shepherd himself, who has for the time disappeared from the scene, has made the impression here that he is a smart, quick witted person, who may or may not be telling the truth, but who is clever enough to make what he says look like the truth. His half confidences and his refusal to testify on many most important points weaken the force of what he has revealed so far that unless he can hereafter substantiate the material points by other evidence than his own what he has said will amount to but little. He has been, on the whole, too smart for the committee, which, in the beginning, was not much inclined, so far as the Republican part of it went, to discover more than it could help. They have curiously missed the real object of the inquiry, whether purposely or through dullness it is not easy to say. It may be that by the time this is in print we shall have got at something really important.

The difference between the two Republican Senators from Pennsylvania and their followers is, so far as appearances now go, irreconcilable. Senator Mitchell says openly that he intends from this time forth to fight Don Cameron either in or out of the party. Gov. Curtin has urged upon the Democratic Senators that the wise policy of the Democrats in the Senate will be to stand by Senator Mitchell in voting on the President's nominations. As a matter of policy from a party standpoint there can be no question of this. But the practice of many of the Democratic Senators is to permit personal considerations to outweigh party advantages, and some of them doubtless continue to prefer Don Cameron's dinners and lunches, and conclude that it will not pay them to help widen the breach in the Republican party of Pennsylvania at the expense of giving them up.

President Pro. Tem. Davis, of the Senate, is too big for all the chairs in the chamber and had, a day or two ago, his third breakdown since he became a member of that body. The trouble with the Illinois Senator is that he forgets an ordinary chair cannot sustain the four hundred-pound mass of flesh which belongs to him. He ought to follow the example of the late Senator Dixon H. Lewis, and only use chairs specially constructed to stand the strain. Judge Davis, who had put another Senator in the big, strongly-braced chair which he occupies as presiding officer of the Senate, had been strolling around the chamber to stretch his legs, and passing by the chair which belongs to Senator Brown, of Georgia, and is abundantly able to hold his weight of one hundred and twenty-five pounds, he took a notion to rest himself. He sank into the chair, and the chair sank to the floor in broken pieces, which were strewed all over the Judge as he lay sprawling. As he scrambled to his feet with a sense of injured dignity fresh upon him he saw that Senator Butler, of South Carolina, who occupied the next seat, was smiling broadly, and his ear caught the whisper of some one on the other side styling him the "Jumbo" of the Senate. He was so indignant that he stalked around the Senate chamber several times, and then, becoming a little more composed he selected another chair after a critical inspection and deposited himself in it. Senator Butler went over to him for mollifying purposes, but the Judge waved him off and declined to listen to him. On the last occasion that he bursted through a chair Mr. Conkling, who was then in the Senate, chuckled audibly, and he would not take any notice of him for a week after.

PHOSO.

The "Liberal" Movement.

We copy from the Winston Republican one of the "Stalwart" Republican papers of this State the following editorial, which we commend to the consideration of those anti-prohibition Democrats who favor the so-called "Liberal" movement:

"In our opinion there is not, can not and ought not to be a liberal movement in North Carolina. Who would lead it? Surely not Republicans, because the party is already sufficiently liberal in its principles. If we turn to the Democrats for Mahone, whom have we? Possibly Gen. Clingman, a once brilliant, but now extinguished luminary, or Col. Johnson, a burnt out remnant of the olden time; or James M. Leach, another fossil; or Charles Price, a younger aspirant for position, already forgotten by his party. Not one of these gentlemen has any following; and it would be ridiculous for the great Republican party, which, at the last election, polled 116,000 votes, expend its energies for the advancement of men who could add nothing to its strength. What is the basis of this talk about liberalism? To speak plainly, it arises from the agitation, last summer, of the Prohibition Question. Thus newspaper opposed the adoption of the statute, thinking then, and believing now, that the question should be approached with extreme caution, and recognizing the fact that very many of the best Republicans in North Carolina advocated both sides. The Republican party is strong enough to fight its own battles. It needs aid from neither rejected anti-quaries nor antique counsellors. Some of the extremists believe that the Prohibition Republicans can be safely ignored. We did not belong to the Prohibition wing of the party, but have the highest respect for many who did; and we say with frankness and deliberation, that in our opinion it will not do to adopt such a policy of party law and government as will drive away from us those of the 'old guard' who may have differed with us upon this question. They are too bold, too intelligent and too numerous, to be thought lightly of, and if we know their temper and disposition, they will not tamely submit to anything that would make them lose their self respect. They will insist that this question shall be left out of party politics; and while we differ with them honestly upon it, we think their demand not unreasonable.

* * * * * * * * * *

A brief review of the Prohibition agitation is not inappropriate. When it commenced, no one as we know of, thought of it as a political question; nor can it now rightfully be regarded as such. In the Legislature, Democrats and Republicans alike supported the bill; but in proportion to their members more Republicans in the General Assembly voted for it than Democrats. Some of the ablest of the Republican members strenuously urged its passage in Raleigh, and afterwards canvassed for it among the people.

In the light of these facts, it becomes a serious matter for one section of the Republican party to assume that another part is not orthodox.

There are now hundreds of just such Republicans in the different counties of North Carolina. Many of them, by force of natural ability and character, are leaders in their localities. They have served upon the local Prohibition committees, and are thoroughly identified with the movement—yet they are as good Republicans as any one can claim to be."

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Diabetes.

No danger from these diseases if you use Hop Bitters; besides, being the best family medicine ever made. Trust no other.

General News.

Charles Robert Darwin, the well known scientist and author, is dead.

Fifteen conductors on the Cincinnati and Dayton Railroad have been discharged for stealing.

The Bible upon which the Senators have taken the oath of office for fifty-three years was stolen Wednesday night.

On the coast of Labrador the people are suffering intensely for want of food. Some have already died of starvation.

A negro doctor without experience and with a diploma only two years old has been placed in charge of the lunatic asylum in Richmond, Va., by the Mahone Legislature.

Mr. John F. Slater, a wealthy manufacturer of Norwich, Conn., has made known his intention to create a fund of $1,000,000, the income of which is to be used for the education of freedmen.

The Detroit Free Press says that when they bury a Congressman at the public expense the cost is about $3,000. When his friends bury him the whiskey and cigars are left out and the bill is about $300.

The New Jersey legislature has passed a bill that when a jury in civil cases have been out six hours and have not agreed upon a verdict, the court shall accept a verdict from nine of the twelve (three-fourths).

A telegram from Shreveport, La., dated 23d, says: The heaviest rain, wind and hail storm experienced for many years passed over this city about daylight yesterday. Trees and fences were blown down in all parts of the town.

The Court has set Monday, May 10th, for hearing the argument on Guiteau's bill of exceptions. Chas. H. Reed will argue the case alone for Guiteau. Mr. Scoville's formal withdrawal from the case was read in Court Monday.

A theological student in Pennsylvania has become insane from an attempt to memorize the entire Bible. His memory was wonderful. He studied nothing but the Bible and in five years he was able to repeat book after book in nearly every portion of either the Old or New Testament.

Brown Pierce, a farmer living near Richardson, Texas, on coming from the field to dinner, one day last week, found his wife hanging to a door-knob, and his three children lying on the floor, side by side, dead. The supposition is that Mrs. Pierce strangled her children and then took a strong dose of laudanum.

A telegraphic despatch from Augusta, Ga., dated 23d inst., says: A terrific rain storm, accompanied by hail, visited this section about midnight last night, lasting several hours. It is feared that considerable injury has been done to the crops, and especially to the young cotton, which will necessitate replanting. The estimated rain fall is five inches.

In the case of Hallet Kilbourn against J. G. Thompson, ex Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, for damages claimed to have been incurred by the defendant arresting him (Kilbourn) in 1876, and taking him to jail, where he was confined for forty-five days, till released under a writ of habeas corpus, the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff of $100,000 damages.

A Terrific Tornado.

A telegram from Pittsburg, Pa., dated 20th, says: Later details from yesterday's tornado at Mt. Pleasant increase the magnitude of the disaster. Everything above ground in the track of the storm was carried into the air. One large barn has so completely disappeared that not a splinter of it can be found. One man found his wife dead near their house with their eleven months old child in her arms unhurt. Two older children were so badly burned from their clothes taking fire that they died; they cannot account for the flames. Two other children of the same man will probably die from similar burns. The track of the storm was narrow and through a sparsely settled region.

Bonitz Hotel Burned.

A telegram to the News & Observer, from Goldsboro', dated 24th inst., says: Bonitz' Hotel in this city was destroyed by fire at three o'clock this afternoon. The building was brick, three stories high with forty rooms. Most of the furniture was saved but damaged. The fire was first discovered on the roof. The cause is supposed to be a defective flue. The loss is estimated at $10,000; insurance $6,000. During the progress of the fire three men were slightly wounded. The proprietor had left for Washington City a few hours previous.

The hotel was a handsome building, containing some forty rooms. It was on Centre street, in a few yards of the railroad tracks, and was only separated by a street from the opera house.

Grateful to Invalids.

Floreston Cologne is grateful to invalids, because it is refreshing without the sickening effect of most perfumes.

A Foolish Mistake.

Don't make the mistake of confounding a remedy of merit with quack medicines. We speak from experience when we say that Parker's Ginger Tonic is a sterling health restorative which will do all that is claimed for it. We have used it ourselves with the happiest results for Rheumatism and when worn out by work. See adv.—Times.

Dr. WM. LYNCH,
DENTIST,
Will visit Chapel Hill on the second Monday in each month.
All calls left with Dr. A. B. Robertson or D. McNeill will be promptly attended to.
Feby 2, 1882. tf

Patents for Inventions.
E. W. ANDERSON. J. C. SMITH.
ANDERSON & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
700 7th St., Washington, D. C.
No fee for preliminary examination. No fee unless patent is allowed. Less fees than any other responsible agency. Books of information sent free of charge. References furnished upon request. nov10-tf

D. T. JOHNSON,
COTTON SELLER
—AND—
Commission Merchant.
Ag't for Barker's Standard Guano,
And Chemicals.
ORDERS FOR
GRAIN, MEAT, MOLASSES, &C.,
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
(Correspondence Solicited.)
Office, S. E. corner Wilmington and Martin Sts.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having qualified as Administrator of Mrs. ADELICIA NOTT, deceased, I hereby notify all persons holding claims against said deceased to exhibit the same to me on or before the 6th day of April, 1883. L. D. VON NOTT, Adm'r.
April 6, 1882.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. F. A. WILEY, Cashier.
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK,
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.

100
Buggies, Rockaways, Spring Wagons, &c.
made of the best materials and fully warranted, to be sold regardless of cost. Parties in want will consult their own interest by examining our stock and prices before buying, as we are determined to sell, and have cut down our prices so they cannot be met by any other house in the State.
Also a full stock of
Hand Made Harness
REPAIRING done at bottom prices, and in best manner.
Send for prices and cuts.
A. A. McKETHAN & SONS,
Fayetteville, N. C.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—HAVING qualified as Executor of Thomas Fike, deceased, I hereby notify all persons holding claims against said deceased to exhibit the same to me, on or before the 20th day of April, 1883. H. H. FIKE, Executor.
April 20, 1882. 4w.

THE NEW PEERLESS SEPARATOR
FOR 1882
Cannot be excelled for threshing, cleaning, and saving the grain. Manufactured by Hunt & Seth, Tarboro, N. C. For particulars, cut, size and price list, address W. L. LONDON, Pittsboro, N. C., Agent for Chatham county.
April 20 3m

FOR SALE.
An Aultman, Taylor Horse-Power
Will be sold at a great sacrifice. It is as good as new, having been used only part of one season. Will be delivered at any point in the county. Can be seen by call at Office.
J. M. McNeill,
Moncure, Chatham N. C.
or, JAMES McNeill,
Pittsboro', N. C.
April 20, 1882. 4w

PARKER'S
GINGER TONIC
An Invigorating Medicine that Never Intoxicates
The delicious combination of Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many other of the best vegetable remedies known, cures all Disorders of the Bowels, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Lungs, & is
The Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.
If you are suffering from Female Complaints, Nervousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Pain in the side, Dull Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, take Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will strengthen brain and body and give you new life and vigor.
100 DOLLARS
Paid for anything injurious found in Ginger Tonic or for a failure to help or cure.
$1 size, $1 at druggists or by exp. Large size (holding 2½ times more) $1.75. Send for circular to Hiram Ketchum & Co., 115 Wm St., N.Y.

ONLY THREE CENTS
is what it will cost you to write us and secure our circulars and prices of the
MOST ELABORATE
AND
Complete Stock
OF
Agricultural Implements & Machines
ever offered in our State.
800 bushels Field Peas.
800 bushels Extra Early Georgia Cotton Seed.
ORCHARD GRASS.
MILLET.
Early Amber Sugar Cane Seed.
ENGINES.
SAW MILLS.
REAPERS.
MOWERS.
THE GRAY THRESHER AND SEPARATOR, $115 to $200.
Write for particulars.
L. L. POLK & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
April 13 1882. 1m

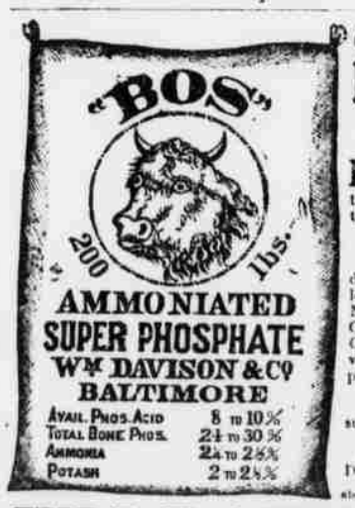
Miscellaneous Advertisements.

OUR STOCK
OF
Spring and Summer
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHINGS
AND
HATS, IS COMPLETE
AND OUR
GRAND SPRING OPENING
Will take Place April 4th.
To which we respectfully invite our friends and the public generally,
BERWANGER BROTHERS'
LEADING CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
Fayetteville Street, Opposite U. S. P. O., RALEIGH, N. C.
☞ Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

RALEIGH MARBLE WORKS.
I. W. DURHAM,
FAYETTEVILLE St., RALEIGH, N. C.
DEALER IN
NATIVE AND FOREIGN GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES, TABLETS, &C.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
☞ CALL OR WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND DESIGNS. ☜

FERTILIZERS and SUPPLIES
IN STORE AND DAILY ARRIVING:
20,000 pounds C. R. Sides and Shoulders.
25,000 pounds Bran.
3,000 pounds Choice Timothy Hay.
300 bushels Seed Oats.
1,000 barrels Hawail White Ice Meal.
2,000 bushels White and Mixed Corn.
1,000 sacks Stewart's Sea Foam Guanos.
500 sacks Walker's Green Phosphate.
1,000 sacks Standard Patapsco Guano.
1,000 sacks Graffin's Fine Quality Ammoniated Guano.
1,000 sacks Farmer's Acid Phosphate, guaranteed to be the highest grade in the market, over 13 per cent. available Phosphoric Acid.
500 sacks Baltimore Ammoniated Dissolved Bone.
Coffees, Sugars, Flour, New Cuba and New Orleans Molasses, and a full line of other goods.
The above goods will be sold as low as any one can sell first class goods, and all guaranteed. We can confidently recommend the above Ammoniated Guano and Acid Phosphate to be the best offered in this market. Call and examine the goods before purchasing.
NORRIS, WYATT & TAYLOR.
Raleigh, N. C., March 1, 1882.

SELDOM EQUALLED! NEVER EXCELLED!
ALLISON & ADDISON'S
"STAR BRAND"
COMPLETE MANURE
FOR
Corn, Cotton and Tobacco!
No fertilizer ever introduced has undergone severer tests, or come out of them with a better record, than the
"Star Brand" Complete Manure.
It has been in use in Virginia and North Carolina since 1873, and during that time has been applied to all kinds of soil under every variety of season. Evidence that it has given general and great satisfaction is found in the fact that since its introduction over
20,000 Tons
have been sold in this market alone: and also in letters and certificates from
5,000 Planters and Farmers
of Virginia and North Carolina, who have used it from one to eight years—all going to establish it as a fact that, all things considered, it is
Equal to Any and Surpassed by None.
We offer it with great confidence for use on the COTTON, CORN and TOBACCO crops to be planted in 1882, with the assurance that it is in all respects fully equal to what it has been in the past. Knowing the materials which enter into its composition, and manufacturing it under our personal supervision, we
GUARANTEE THE STANDARD.
It has been the aim of all connected with this Guano to produce the best possible fertilizer at the lowest possible cost, and we claim that our extended experience and unusual resources and facilities have enabled us to approach this more nearly than has been done in any other fertilizer with which we are acquainted. Those who have been using it unite with us in the opinion that
By its Use the Consumer Gets the Greatest Benefit from the Smallest Outlay.
An ordinary application of this Guano will cause an increase of 100 to 200 per cent. in quantity—at the same time improving the quality and hastening the maturity of the crop.
ALLISON & ADDISON,
Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.
For sale by our Agents at all important points at prices as low and on as liberal terms as any other standard high grade fertilizer. We solicit your confidence and patronage.
W. L. LONDON, Agent at Pittsboro', Egypt, Moncure and Merry Oaks.
J. G. FOUSHEE, Agent at Gulf.
February 16, 1882. 2½ms.



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BUY FOR CASH.
BELIEVING the past season has convinced the intelligent class of planters that it would be better to buy for Cash than Cotton option, we offer this
FIRST-CLASS FERTILIZER
(PRIVILEGE TAX PAID.)
direct to the Planter for $30 per ton in car load lots. Less quantities $32 per ton. No Agents. Those only who can pay Cash, need write for prices. Farmers' Clubs, Grangers and dealers are invited to visit our Works or write us. We also import and manufacture a full line of
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS,
such as Acid Phosphate, Sulp. Ammonia, Nitrate Soda, Kainit, &c.
All goods subject to analysis of PROF. DARNEY, Director of Ag. Exp. Station.
☞ If we are unknown to you ask your Banker about us.
WM. DAVISON & CO.
118 W. Lombard St., Baltimore.