FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

Corn and Ensilage.

Charcoal is highly recommended as a preventive of scours in sheep, and in an English pamphlet the following recipe for its use appears. The charcoal should be given mixed with the food, except in urgent cases, when it may be mixed in water or drenching gruel, and given as a drench. The dose is one pint to every twenty-five head of sheep or lambs. One spoonful per pint per head for full-grown cattle, horses or pigs; half the quantity for young cattle, and two teaspoonfuls to one dessertspoonful for young calves.

Corn Fodder.

Cut at the right time and properly cured there is nearly all the nutriment of the corn plant, not what it should be. The stalks are full of pith that is rich in sugar. The stalks and fodder while not quite equal to the best hay, are better than any other of the coarse fodders. Various estimates are made as to the value of corn fodder and its merits as compared to hay. Much depends on the variety of corn, the season and the time of cutting both fodder and the grass. For instance, some stalks cured in the usual way, contain about forty per cent. only of digestible matter; cut nearly ripe, sixty per cent. Timothy hay cut in early blossom has been placed at sixty-two per cent., while timothy cut when in ripe has given by analysis as low as forty per cent. of digestible matter. Honest farmers there are who value a ton of corn fodder properly cured equal to a ton of best hay. Others place the value at about two-thirds that of hay.—*Farmer and Mechanic.*

What Goes with the Farm.

Mr. H. A. Haight, of the Detroit Post, gives the following valuable information in the *American Agriculturist*: When a farmer bought or sold questions arose as to what goes with the farm. Lawyers have settled it farmers know just what their farm deeds include. In brief, where no reservations are made in the deed, the conveyance includes the land, buildings as they stand, all such chattels as are affixed to the soil or to the buildings as to become what is known in law as "fixtures." What constitutes a "fixture" depends largely on the intention of the owner in putting it there, and also upon the manner in which it is affixed. Anything so fixed to the solid buildings that it cannot be removed without injury, nearly always goes with the farm; and anything of a permanent nature, fitted for permanent uses, and answering to the intention with which it was placed, generally goes with the land, though it might be severed without any injury. The following example will illustrate. All fences upon the farm go with it, but no fencing materials, as rails, etc., if laid in piles, whether and pile upon the farm and not yet built into a fence, they have never yet been "annexed." Rail piles cut from timber on land on the farm and piled up for the future, may go with it; their original annexation is not severed by being placed upon standing trees in rails. In a case where they were cut with the intention of using them elsewhere than on the farm, they would then be personal property, and will not pass. The distinction in the minds of the parties at the time makes the difference between real and personal property. Hop poles if they have or have not been in the farm, are regarded differently, though at the time of the sale they are stored away for future use. The scaffold poles, however, if left upon the beams of a barn, have been held to be a part of the farm; scaffolds, if taken down, down, a fixture; they are not if roofed up to shelter wood, as then become personal property.

Recipes.

MOCK MINCE PIE.—One pound and a half, rolled, three tablespoonfuls melted butter, a half cupful of vinegar, a cupful of molasses, a cupful of chopped raisins, spice and boil like mince pies.

PLAIN BOILED PUDDING.—One cup of sour cream, one-half cup molasses, one-half cup melted butter, two and one-half cups flour, one teaspoonful soda and a little salt. Mix molasses and butter together, and beat until very light; stir in the cream and salt, and then the flour gradually, until it is a smooth batter; beat in the dissolved soda thoroughly, and boil in a buttered mold an hour and a half. To be eaten hot with sweet liquid sauce.

TOMATO CATSUP.—Boil one bushel of tomatoes until soft enough to rub through a sieve. Then add to the liquid one-half gallon of vinegar, one and a half pints of salt, two ounces of cloves, a quarter pound of allspice, three ounces of good cayenne pepper, five heads of garlic, skinned and separated, one pound of sugar. Boil slowly until reduced one-half. It takes about one day. Set away for a week; boil over once, and, if too thick, thin with vinegar; bottle and seal.

FRIZZLED MUTTON.—Shave a pound of mutton from a leg which has hung at least six weeks; put over the fire in a frying-pan two tablespoonfuls each of butter and currant jelly, and when they are melted put in the shaved mutton; season it rather highly with salt and pepper, add to it a tablespoonful of French mustard, and let it cook for five minutes, stirring it to prevent burning and insure even cooking. Serve it very hot. Frizzled mutton can be cooked in a chafing-dish at the table.

Plans of a Sugar King.

It is whispered, says the Washington *Republican*, that Mr. Spreckles, the San Francisco sugar monopolist, is quietly engineering a scheme for the cession of the Hawaiian islands to the United States, should Congress determine to abrogate the reciprocity treaty, which it will probably do in the near future. Mr. Spreckles is in receipt of a governmental gift of three or four million dollars yearly through the operations of this treaty, and if it should continue the gratuity, will increase from year to year. The abrogation of the treaty will impose a heavy tax on him, which will amount, in the course of all years, to $[illegible] or $[illegible] annually. He can well afford to pension King Kalakaua and all his uncles, cousins, aunts and other relatives on to the college in more magnificent style than they ever dreamed of to get them out of the way and save such an amount of money.

As these islands are already dominated in the little insular kingdom, and as the monarch is in receipt of a national income it would not take more than a second of gold to charm him from his throne. The total revenues of the kingdom only amount to $[illegible] a year, and as the government is patronized under the other nations, Kalakaua is called to do business on a scale only narrow enough for a real king. To put it briefly and plainly, he is in straitened circumstances for the head of a royal family, and as his native subjects are dying off with leprosy, he will soon have nobody but foreigners to rule. Mr. Spreckles and his associates clearly own the best of the situation, and they are slowly but surely getting clear what is left. They read enough in all that is valuable in the kingdom, and they feel that they ought to have the right to annex their property because unless they want to. The annexation of the Hawaiian islands would, of course, at once settle the key-rock question which is now agitating such a deal.

Mr. Spreckles' dominions consist of eight of the islands, having an aggregate area of [illegible] square miles, and a population of [illegible], of whom [illegible] are natives. A hundred years ago the entire population was [illegible]. Volcanoes, lava, sugar, rice and wood are the only productions. Hawaii is the largest island of the group and is [illegible] times larger than all the others combined. Maui, Oahu and Kauai are next in size. Mr. Spreckles' kingdom consists principally of United States money, being only $[illegible] in San Francisco, Japan is $[illegible] and [illegible] distant from Honolulu. Mr. Spreckles is said to be worth $[illegible] in gold coin. Four years ago he was rated at $[illegible] money.

Parricides.

Much concern is felt in North Germany with regard to the steady increase in the number of parricides, and most of them are attributed to the custom which prevails in many districts among the peasants of making over to their children as soon as the latter are grown up, their property, reserving for themselves only the right of food and clothing for the rest of their days. This custom is popularly called the "stubenrecht" and people of a pessimistic turn of mind have pointed to it as a cause of the increase of parricides, which has been taking such strong hold of the German nation. The prevalence of the "stubenrecht" is thought to be due to the fact that the peasants are slowly but surely losing what is left. They read enough in all that is valuable in the kingdom, and they feel that they ought to have the right to make their property because unless they want to. The annexation of the Hawaiian islands would, of course, at once settle the key-rock question which is now agitating such a deal.

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TOPICS OF THE DAY.

There are said to be fifty injurious insects in our vegetable gardens; fifty in our vineyards, while seventy-five attack our apple trees and more than fifty our grain fields. Seventy-five million dollars is estimated as the damage done to the wheat in Illinois in one season, and nearly ten years ago the annual loss in the United States from insect depredations alone was estimated at nearly $400,000,000.

The election of Congressman John E. Kenna, of West Virginia, to the United States Senate, at the age of thirty-five years, revives the history of similar cases. James Monroe and Hayne, the antagonist of Daniel Webster, became senators at the age of thirty-two years; Stephen A. Douglas at thirty-four, and fully a dozen men at Mr. Kenna's age. Aaron Burr was one of the number. Dwight M. Sabin, elected to the national Senate, as Senator Windom's successor, is thirty-nine.

Why do suicides often subject themselves to the most horrible tortures in the effort to get rid of their lives? A man in Newark not long ago deliberately saturated his clothing with benzine and then set fire to it. We often hear of suicides torturing themselves to death with violent corrosive poisons. A few years ago a man in Brooklyn, having become tired of life, crawled into a furnace head foremost. The desire to commit suicide is bred of a morbid mental state which, in cases like these cited, must have been developed into positive insanity.

A visitor to the Zuni Indians, of New Mexico, says that some of the consequences of the visit by the leading men of the tribe to the East, last summer, have been unpleasant. Pedro Pino, the oldest of the tourists, has been telling such stories of his adventures, and of the marvels of the white man's ways, that he has gained the reputation of being the liarest one in the nation. The principal incident, however, is caused by his report that the prettiest white woman he saw in Washington was handsomer than the prettiest Zuni girl. A young chief who had been presented with a number of trinkets by the Washington women, and who wore them home with pride, was obliged to give them up to his jealous wife, who overhauled them.

The New York *Graphic* has been figuring up the places that foreign-born citizens occupy in the councils of our nation. The Irish-born members of the next House of Representatives are twenty in number, while the Germans-born are seven. Of the twenty Irish members four are from Missouri, New Jersey and Pennsylvania have three each, New York and Indiana, two each, Massachusetts, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Nevada and California one each. Out of the twenty, three are Republicans. The seven Germans are credited one each to New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts, and two each to Michigan and Wisconsin. Two of the seven are Republicans. The only State the majority of whose delegation of the next House is foreign-born is New Jersey.

A St. Louis man of wealth, being about to undergo a long-run surgical operation, sent for a lawyer to draw a will. He rich and carefully explained that his relatives were numerous, who had rarely remembered him that they cared nothing for him aside from his money, and that he had long before decided to leave them nothing. His reason for previously making no will was that he had not decided what to enrich, or whether he should let his estate go to charities. In view of a possibly fatal result of the surgeon's work, however, he would devise everything to his faithful lady, who had taken excellent care of him and was a deserving woman. It was clear that, in case he recovered, he meant to destroy the document. Nevertheless it was drawn with legal care, witnessed by the usual physicians, and signed by the testator. It died within an hour. Wills are contested before juries in Missouri, and the nieces won a verdict against the will; but the court of appeals declares that there was no reason for believing that it was made under any undue influence or fraud, and therefore it must stand.

A Remarkable Veteran.

A remarkable warrior recently presented himself at Constantinople in order to render homage to the sultan. This veteran, known as "Hadi Bey," the Circassian tailor, claims that he is 127 years of age and that he has seen 105 years of military service. He asserts that he was born in 1762, and entered the Turkish military service under the Sultan Abdul Hamid in 1777. Since then he has served in the Ottoman army (to which he still belongs) under eight successive sultans. He is said to have participated in sixty-five battles and unnumbered smaller affrays, and to have received twenty-three wounds. He is still erect and vigorous, and possesses a remarkable appetite. The present sultan is said to have treated him with much kindness and attention. There is some doubt expressed as to the accuracy of Hadi Bey's statements relative to his age, but he certainly has had a long and remarkable career.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

Long Marriage Engagements.

Taking the United States through, there is not a large city, says the Philadelphia *Press*, where marriage engagements are so formally announced and looked upon as such solemn obligations as in Philadelphia. Long engagements also prevail to a considerable extent, and they are looked upon as good things, because they familiarize young people with each other and give them a chance to test their congeniality and escape in time if they find they do not agree.

A Quick-Witted Woman.

There is one woman in London, says a correspondent, who has her wits about her, and when you come to think about it the fact is highly creditable to London. On the street a thief suddenly snatched her purse from her and instantly disappeared in the crowd. In the purse was some small change and a check for £10. The lady spent no time in a fruitless attempt to catch the thief or find a policeman. She went to the nearest postoffice, took a telegraph blank and sent a dispatch to the bank saying: "When anyone presents a check signed by —— for £10, arrest him and detain him till I come." She then got into a cab and drove to the bank. When she got there she found a policeman explaining to a very astonished young man that he would have to wait a little as they expected a lady visitor. The young man will have three years to get over his astonishment.

Fashion Notes.

Scotch ginghams are largely imported.

Corn blue is a favorite color for new dress woolens.

The new muslins are soft finished, without any stiffening or size.

Jagged, raggedy-edged flounces and ribbons are coming in vogue.

Plush remains in high favor for household decorative articles.

Irregular points called rocks' comb edge the new Ottoman ribbons.

A kind of moss has made its appearance among the clothing goods.

The finish and the designs of the new prints are very beautiful and artistic.

Bangles and bracelets, with very large and heavy pearls in front, will be much worn.

Cloth for polonaises is seen among new goods with moss finish in the new shades of corn blue.

As many as six different colors appear in some of the new Ottoman ribbon rocks' comb corsage bows.

Bodices of velvet, whether plain or braided, are elegant and fashionable for afternoon, dinner and reception toilet.

Checks, large polka dots, Greek keys, stripes and shamrock leaves are among the designs of the new sateens and ginghams.

New cotton dress goods exhibit great variety in color and designs than ever, while the finish is simply admirable.

Sleeves and the collars of dresses are trimmed with dark velvet collars and cuffs of lace put on over the dress collar and cuffs.

The newest fancy in plush decorations on pedestals for ornaments covered with this material, either plain or decorated with artistic embroidery.

The satin that forms the underdress of a ruffle ball dress may be light weight. Crêpe silks and satins are also permissible under lace draperies.

A Year at Castle Garden.

Last year 520,[illegible] passengers were landed at Castle Garden, New York. Of these immigrants were [illegible] 11,264. This exceeded the total number of [illegible] 10,[illegible], and was far less than in any previous year. Of last year's arrivals 195,465 were Germans, 52,708 were Irish, 11,517 were Swedes, 10,[illegible] were English and 27,[illegible] were Italians. The arrival of immigrants of the various nationalities at New York, 16[illegible]21; Illinois, 51,[illegible]; Pennsylvania, [illegible]; Ohio, 23,[illegible]; Michigan, 20,[illegible]; Minnesota, [illegible]; Iowa, 13,[illegible]; Massachusetts, 11,[illegible]; New Jersey, 11,8[illegible]; Missouri, 9,[illegible]; Connecticut, 8,[illegible]; Indiana, 5,[illegible]; California, 1,521; Florida, 2,[illegible] and Rhode Island 2,110. The remainder were divided among the other States. The large number, "forty-six per cent.," credited to New York is explained by the fact that many emigrants make the city their stopping place for a time and after wards go permanently to the West or elsewhere without making known their destination to the commission.

The cost of receiving and caring for the emigrants per head was in 1880 forty cents, in 1881 forty-eight and four-fifth cents, in 1882 forty-four cents. In all preceding years since 1847 the cost ranged from $2 to $2.50 per head.

A California man has invented a patent stovepipe, having screw joints, against which no living or inanimate thing can possibly contend. To this benefactor of mankind all honor is due, but what always need is a cane-seated chair that won't floor a man when he stands on the edge of it.

Tending baby is a tendency to make a man a pugilist. He gets used to making punches and knocking down.

A Chinaman's Moral Ledger.

The idea of posting one's good and bad deeds in a ledger, so as to be able to strike a balance now and again with a view to determining one's chances in the next world, is one that would be hardly likely to occur to any one but a Chinaman. In the last number of the *Chinese Recorder*, Mr. Scarborough, the author of the interesting work on "Chinese Proverbs," gives us an extract from the running account kept with the gods by one Li-Chang Tsung, which we may safely say is unique in the annals of book-keeping. On the debit side we find the entries: "For being at variance with my brothers through listening to my wife's talk, 100; for improper treatment of my wife's parents, 100; for smoking opium ten times, 10." The numbers indicate, of course, so many black marks. For good, we find on the credit side of the account: "For burying a poor corpse by my own exertions, 1,000; for carefully nursing my sick mother, 500; for persuading my wife to join me in meritorious works, 100."

It is claimed for Pottsville, Pennsylvania, that it has the most real name in America. Through its shaft, 1,550 feet in depth, coal is hoisted four to a mile and a half every day.

The Tall Sycamore of the Wabash.

The special correspondent of the *Indianapolis Journal*, concluded in a recent communication, the following from Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees: I rubbed St. Jacobs Oil a splendid remedy. I suffered from an attack of rheumatism in the back and kidneys with some rheumatism in the back. It was rheumatism of the back. I used St. Jacobs Oil, and found it very efficacious. It gave me instantaneous relief, and has cured me completely.

Professor Parsons, who for thirty years [illegible] any other man would remember the Fourth of July. It was what has happened in the last thirty years that has worried him.

Young and old, and old men, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses, should send two stamps for large medical treatise, containing full particulars of the Wood Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y.

Excess of Mexico is almost the home of Schenck's [illegible]. With a population of 15,000,000 [illegible] Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup [illegible] consumption.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I [illegible] your "Favorite Prescription" and never see it fail to [illegible] the desired effect.

Very truly, MRS. A. M. RANKIN, 141 Blake Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

[illegible] display in their windows [illegible] from 1 to [illegible] feet above the sea level.

If you see Hilliard, take Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," the original "Little Liver Pills" of all druggists.

We have [illegible] goods of them a year, and they are far the most popular of most in our trading goods.

ON THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.

For Nervous Debility, Old Manhood, Weakness, Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Electric Appliances, on trial for 30 days to young men or old, who are afflicted with nervous debility, premature decay and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address, Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

THAT BRAND OF MINE

is three times the size it was before he began using Wells' Health Renewer, $1. Druggists.

Don't Worry about the rat, "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bedbugs, flies.

We can insure any person having a bald header troubled with dandruff that Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, will do all that is claimed for it. It will not stain the most delicate fabric and is delightfully perfumed.

A Cure of Pneumonia.

Mr. D. H. Rose, of Albany, New York, says that his daughter was cured of a severe case of pneumonia which had gone to the last stage, and all the best physicians gave the case up as hopeless, by the use of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and adds that he will always recommend it as a first-class medicine.

Mothers, Attention!

Mrs. [illegible], Spencer county, Ind., says: "I have used Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for my children, and it has never failed to relieve them." Mothers, also, [illegible] Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the most valuable medicine for children.

Money spent in a permanent warm hotel house or boat schedule houses. They are the best investments.

Nurse is uglier than crooked boots, straighten them with Lyon's Heel Stiffeners.

Dose Cup. Advertisement in smaller column.

YOU SHALL DAVE IT

If you want it. If your druggist or grocer does not [illegible] New York, send [illegible] cents in stamps [illegible] Lafayette street, Rochester, N. Y.

Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Debility and all nervous weaknesses are promptly cured by Allen's Brain Food. $1 per box, 6 for $5. At druggists and at Allen's Pharmacy, 365 First Ave., N. Y.

WARNER'S

Beware of Fraud.

Unscrupulous parties have tried to imitate our Remedy and deceive the public by using SIMILAR NAMES, but do not be deceived; see that the word SAFE with picture of an Iron Safe, on a black wrapper and white letters is on every package. Also, see that it is on the label and stamp, and take no other.

H. H. WARNER & CO.
ROCHESTER, N.Y.

ONLY $20

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COLLEGE, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

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$10 20 50 100

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ELASTIC TRUSS

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USE NONE BUT THE BEST. THE GREAT FAMILY SOAP MAKER

SAPONIFIER

THE ORIGINAL CONCENTRATED LYE

DECORATION STAINED GLASS.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR

Talbot's Carbolized Salve.

TEACHERS' WANTED

HELPERS' GUIDE.

$72 a week.

$5 to $20 per day at home.

$66 a week in your own town.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
Is a Positive Cure
For all those painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
A Medicine for Women. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.
The Great Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.
It will cure entire the dragging pains, Inflammation and Ulceration, the excessive flowing, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and imparts the pale cheek of woman the fresh color of the spring and early summer roses.
Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely.
It permeates every fibre of the body, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.
It cures Bloating, Headaches, nervous prostration, weakness of the back, and Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every taint or humor from the blood, at any time when it may be in the system, or have reached a boil.
Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 to 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either $1. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for the former, $1 per box for the latter. Sold by all druggists.
Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents per box.
Sold by all Druggists.

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HAS BEEN PROVED
The CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
It is a sure cure for all
DISEASES of the LIVER.
Malaria.
Ladies.
KIDNEY-WORT

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A NEW DISCOVERY.
It Will Not Color the Buttermilk. It Will Not Turn Rancid. It is the Strongest, Brightest and Cheapest Color Made.

SAMARITAN NERVINE
CURES AND
NEVER FAILS.

ADD TO YOUR INCOME
GRAIN, PROVISIONS & STOCKS

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A Leading London Physician Establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS.

CONSUMPTION.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
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ENGINES, THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Horse Powers, Clover Hullers
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FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
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Survival of the Fittest.
A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 25 YEARS!
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!
THE OLDEST & BEST LINIMENT
EVER MADE IN AMERICA.
SALES LARGER THAN EVER.
The Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known for more than thirty-five years as the best of all Liniments for Man and Beast. Use it to-day and you will find it a friend. It cures when all others fail, and penetrates skin, flesh and muscle, to the very bone. Sold everywhere.