The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1884.

H. A. LONDON, EDITOR.

RESUMING WORK.

After the relaxation and enjoyments of the Christmas holidays everybody finds it rather irksome to resume work and settle down into the old ruts and regular routine of our daily duties. But the holidays have gone and the world again moves on with its busy bustle and strife and turmoil, and ere long (for the months flit by so rapidly) we will all be looking forward to another Christmas and another new year. And thus we drift along the current of our lives, and are but

"Empty bubbles on the rapid stream of time,
That rise and fall, that swell and are no more,
Born and forgot, ten thousand in an hour."

A WORLD'S EXPOSITION.

The proposed international exposition at New Orleans promises to be quite a success. One of its agents, a Mr. Morehead, has recently visited our State in order to secure a proper exhibit of its products and resources. Our State Board of Agriculture will probably make an appropriation for that purpose at its next meeting. It is understood that our exhibit at Boston will be added to and sent to New Orleans after being exhibited at our State exposition next fall. It is stated that Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Company will expend fifty thousand dollars in making their exhibit. The Legislature of South Carolina has appropriated ten thousand dollars for the exhibit of that State. The exposition is to open next December and will no doubt be attended by crowds of Northern visitors.

BUTLER'S CANDIDACY.

Notwithstanding his recent defeat for re election as Governor of Massachusetts Gen Butler still has Presidential aspirations, and may yet prove troublesome to other aspirants. He is very wealthy, is a man of untiring energy and of remarkable ability, and withal is unscrupulous in the use of his money and brains. We have received a copy of "Butler's Combination Paper" which has recently been established in New York city and whose sole object is evidently to elect Butler our next President. The copy sent us (and doubtless sent to every editor in the United States) contains a picture of Butler and a long and most eulogistic biography of him. His name for President and that of Gen Reagan, of Texas, for Vice President are printed at the head of its editorial column and their claims warmly advocated. But we hope and believe that all his efforts will be in vain and the people of the United States be spared the disgrace of having such a man as Beast Butler as their President.

OUR FORESTS.

The people of North Carolina do not appreciate the value of their forests and the importance of preserving them. We are pleased to notice that our State Commissioner of Agriculture, Hon. Montford McGehee, is bringing this matter prominently to the attention of our farmers in a series of articles published in the "Monthly Bulletin", a periodical issued by our Department of Agriculture. The forests of North Carolina are not surpassed by those of any other State, either in their extent or in the great variety of their timbers. And doubtless it is because of their great extent and variety that their value is so little appreciated. Every year our farmers clear their "new grounds" and thousands of acres of valuable trees annually cut down, rolled into pile and burnt up or split into rails to build and repair fences to protect the crops from the depredations of half-starved cattle, whose value is not one half as much as that of the fences built to keep them out. In many States laws are enacted to encourage the cultivation of forests and money is paid for planting out trees, especially along the public highways. In this State, however, the trees bordering on our highways seem particularly doomed to destruction, which might afford a most refreshing shade in the summer. Not only should our forests be preserved because of their intrinsic value, but also because of their beneficial effects upon health and climate. The subject of "Forestry" cannot be given too much attention, and Commissioner McGehee is doing a good work in writing it up.

A CORRECTION.

In an item copied in last week's RECORD from the News and Observer showing the valuation of property in this State in 1883 it should have been stated that a considerable portion of these figures were obtained by the editor of that paper direct from the counties and in advance of the Auditor's report, and for which journalistic enterprise we now take pleasure in commending our contemporary.

Poisoned with Eggs.

From the Raleigh Observer.

News was received in the city yesterday afternoon of a strange and fatal poisoning affair that occurred near Beaver Dam, in Union county, last Sunday morning, resulting in the death of Mr. J. C. Marsh, a young lawyer, and the almost fatal sickness of three of his friends. The party were poisoned by eating eggs that were, by some diabolical means, impregnated with strychnine. It appears that on last Sunday morning Mr. Marsh accompanied by Miss Mimi Peterson, of Morganton, and Messrs. James Boykin and Rose Bain, of Monroe, went out to Mr. Marsh's new home, a short distance from Beaver Dam, to spend the day. Mr. Marsh had recently completed a new residence and was just furnishing it for occupancy by himself and wife. The party arrived at the house in due time and breakfast being prepared for them, they proceeded to dispatch it. Fried eggs constituted one of the dishes and of this Mr. Marsh and his friends partook quite freely. Shortly after eating they were all taken violently sick, and it was evident that something was wrong. The whole party were put to bed and medical assistance was at once summoned. Dr. Ashcraft soon arrived and on making himself acquainted with the symptoms, was at once that it was a case of poisoning. He set about immediately doing what he could for the relief of the unfortunate victims and soon had the satisfaction of seeing Miss Peterson and Messrs. Boykin and Bain showing signs of improvement. Mr. Marsh, however, failed to rally despite all efforts and a little before noon he expired. News of the sad affair quickly spread and as it did here been supposed a great deal of excitement was created. Dr. Ashcraft soon had the facts from the medical men, and later developments were noised far and near, creating those sufferers. At one time it was thought that some of them could not recover, but after using the stomach pump, and powerful emetics it was thought best to leave out of danger.

An investigation was made into the cause of the poisoning, and it was found that the eggs eaten by the party contained a quantity of strychnine. The eggs were purchased in Anderson, in Beaver Dam. Mr. Austin bought them from a country man, but he could throw no light upon the affair. There is no doubt some of foul play, as it is a strange thought to be the result of accident on the part of the countryman who sold the eggs. It is supposed that parties with the intention of poisoning chickens, or something of the kind, placed the poison in the eggs, and the countryman, not knowing the fact, sold them to Mr. Austin, and hence the fatal result. Mr. Marsh was a young man of fine attainments and promising talents, and his death is a sad bereavement to his friends and relatives. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved young wife and to the family of the deceased. Mr. Marsh was to have moved into his new home to-day, and for some time past had been busily engaged in arranging it for occupancy.

An Amusing Joke.

From the Greensboro Patriot.

There was a wedding near town one day last week, and as is usual on such occasions, some of the boys got very funny all of a sudden. After the marriage ceremony had been said and dinner was about half over, a young man drove up and while he was taking his horse from the buggy, hitching, dusting pants, &c., "Old Nick" put it into the heads of some of the mischievous ones to "play a trick" on him. Shortly and secretly a youth about fifteen years old, who had by surreptitiously procured in goods order, went to that and with an unusual appearance, was readily granted. Upon coming out of the store he found everything was tastefully arranged to a very formal reception between the male young men and the unmarried youth in women's clothes. In the course of time and when all were ready, the introduction took place, and right away "it took like hot cakes." Some one suggested a drive to Greensboro. Agreed to by all and none entered more heartily into the proposed than the newly introduced pair. Buggies, horses and mules being announced ready, all came to town in a great glee, and especially did the young married man and his interesting girl seem to enjoy the trip. In fact, some of the very watchful and curious ones say that more than once in the trip he was seen with his arm cautiously and earnestly encircled around her waist. It has been insinuated that the question was popped, but we are meaned to doubt that. The procession, composed of four buggies and about a dozen on horseback paraded principal streets under whip and spur and finally stopping in front of a leading store the mask was taken from the boy and the secret divulged.

The court house at Brook Haven, Mississippi, was burned by incendiaries Sunday night. All the records were destroyed.

The internal revenue collections for the first five months of the fiscal year are $11,485,081 less than during the corresponding period last year.

The Crops of 1883.

J. R. Dodge, Statistician of the Agricultural Department, has just completed preliminary estimates of the principal crops of the country for the year 1883, which are to be printed as a special report for December. They show that potatoes, as well as all other roots, and oats, have grown immensely and yielded abundantly. The average yield of corn per acre for the present year, Dodge says is nearly 23 bushels—or more exactly by preliminary estimates 22 7-10—which is 12 per cent. less than the average yield for a series of years; or 1,541,306,835 bushels. This stands for the quantity of the present crop. The quality, he says is another consideration. If soft corn is cribbed in mass and after a few weeks of mild and moist weather is badly injured or even spoiled, it does not change the fact that the corn was grown and harvested. It is doubtless true that the quality of corn north of the parallel of 40 degrees is worse than for many years and will increase practically the amount of shortage indicated by the number of bushels. As the whole of the corn grown in 1883 in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dakota, added to half of that grown in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska would make a 40 bushel crop, only one fourth of the whole crop a possible deterioration of 10 per cent. in all of it would be equivalent to ten per cent. reduction in the value of the entire crop. Our Illinois agent makes the quality 31 per cent. less than an average in that State. An effort will be made later, after the worst crop has been felt, to test the feeding value of the year's product. It is proposed, however, to reduce the present loan equivalent of merchantable corn or cereal, estimated by experts for formality and inspection. Therefore as many as one bushel to a dozen will be found to be damaged by frost, some to such a degree as to be checked with weevil or flooded by overflows and become soft corn that is mainly nubbins. What is intended here is a forecast to point out exactly how to find the exact truth as it may, but in. There is nothing unusual in figures of consumption by supposing the truth as the case could be owing to the poor corn the year. The estimate of corn crop in 1883, Dodge says, should be a reason to the farmers of the country. The general corn the West of 1883 corn grown in lesser latitudes, the planting of Nebraska seed in Minnesota, and of Kansas seed in Dakota, has demonstrated the folly of attempting to grow unsuitable seed in a climate to the northward. Much of the corn from frost was have been weeded and used even carefully selected from the best corn grown in the immediate neighborhood.

The chief crop, Dodge says, is left to take care of itself. In the case of the potato crop, the estimate of 1883 is 168,000,000 bushels, and the cotton product, as shown by the Department, is about 6,000,000 bales. There will be another investigation after the close of the cotton harvest and the shipment of a large portion of the crop, when plans for more accurate estimates hereafter may be suggested. Dodge says has hitherto been possible.

The Dead of 1883.

From the Wilmington Star.

During the year that has just closed an unusual number of North Carolinians of prominence in their counties have "gone over to the majority." Among the dead were men of State reputation, of good abilities and of much usefulness. We cannot give all but we are able to reproduce a sad list. Among the dead of 1883 were the following:

Hon. John W. Shackelford, Rev. Dr. W. T. Brooks, Capt. Stephen A. Goodwin, J. W. Harper, Dr. Wm. B. McLean, Rev. W. M. McIlwaney, Judge John M. Cook, Rev. W. H. Bass, Col. Edward R. Liles, Col. David Coleman, Maj. Samuel C. Barnett, Charles N. B. Evans, Hon. J. T. Leach, Daniel W. Courts, Dr. R. W. Green, Dr. Silas Weatherstand, William B. Giles, Capt. John W. Liles, Gen. Atlas J. Dargan, Capt. A. P. Hurt, Rev. Lemon Sheik, Col. John McRae, Prof. Carey D. Grandy, Hon. Abram S. Rencher, Gen. J. B. Littlejohn, Amos P. Gaither, Dr. M. T. Wadkin, Hon. Walter F. Pool, Rev. Oscar J. Brent, Col. Geo. Wortham, Capt. Wm. Biggs, Rev. Dr. John Paris, Rev. William Hall Jordan, James M. Pool, Ashley B. & G. Railroad, Hon. John B. Hammond, Dr. George W. Stinson, Rev. H. P. Cole, Peter Adams, Dr. E. J. Pritchard, Dr. R. B. Burton and Dr. W. W. Green. Among those who had been editors or were editors at the time of their death were Col. Liles, Charles N. B. Evans, Col. George Wortham and Capt. Wm. Biggs.

Government Printing.

From The Farmers' Gazette.

During the last fiscal year there was printed in the Government Printing Office, by order of Congress, 14,418,744 documents, varying from a fifty committee report of a single page to the ponderous "Medical and Surgical History of the War," which has one thousand pages to the volume. Upwards of 12,000 volumes of unfinished work were completed and sent out during the same period. The issue of the "Congressional Record" for the second session of the Forty seventh Congress reached 38,750 volumes. There were printed 60,000 copies of eulogies on the six members who died in the second session; some of these eulogies were volumes containing 120 pages of speeches. Of the report of the Commissioner of Agriculture 390,000 were printed. This huge office, to execute its mountains of work, employs 2,100 persons, whose daily pay aggregates $5,000.

The list of failures in the United States during the past year is very heavy, over ten thousand having occurred.

Murdered the Wrong One.

A despatch to the New York Herald from Raleigh, N. C. dated Dec. 27th, says:—"On Monday morning, 17th inst., Willie Watkins, a white lad sixteen years old was found lying dead near his father's house four teen miles from this city. The Coroner's inquest developed facts which resulted in the arrest yesterday of John H. Pool, white, nineteen years of age. He disclosed the particulars of the crime, placing the guilt upon Joseph J. Williams, white, who is eighteen years of age. Williams and one George Peebles were rivals for the affections of Miss Watkins, sister of the murdered lad. Williams had been forbidden by the girl's father to enter the house, and on Sunday night, 17th inst., he covered himself near the house, armed with a rifle, to kill Peebles. Pool being near by. A man's form came down the path from the house. Williams fired and the man fell dead without a struggle. Williams then called Pool to see his victim. The latter turned up the face of the dead man, and at once burst into tears, saying: "It is Willie, not Joe, you have killed." Williams then threatened Pool with death if he disclosed the affair, and said he had better be made several attempts to shoot Peebles. Today Williams was arrested, and he and Pool are in jail here. They will be tried at the January term of Superior Court.

It is estimated that the reduction of the public debt for the month of December is about $12,000,000.

General Grant fell on an icy sidewalk in New York, a few days ago and painfully injured his leg.

Cook, who murdered his wife at Springer, N. Mex. was sentenced to ninety five years imprisonment for the crime.

Mr. Gladstone, the ex-premier, says that a very good summer is always expected by weather wiseacres after a severe winter.

A Little Rock, Ark., dispatch reports a big fight in the State Senate between a sheriff's posse and a gang of horse thieves in which several men were killed and wounded.

A woman in Hazel-hurst, Ga. was found dead on her premises by her husband on his returning from work on his arrival. The truth of his charges she stood unmoved through the body.

While a procession of Orange Irishmen was parading the streets of Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, a few days ago, they were fired upon by Catholic Irishmen and two killed and eighteen wounded.

While a gang of Italian workmen were engaged in digging a trench for the Lynn, Mass., water works, the earth gave way, engulfing them. They were dug out of the five buried by and one fatal, injured.

The following postoffices in North Carolina of the fourth class have been added to the list of Presidential postoffices, and the salary of postmaster fixed at the figure below each: Hamlet, $1,200; Hillsboro, $1,200; Kinston, $1,100; Salisbury, $1,100.

An examination into the accounts of Bee Clerk, the resident ex-doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, reveals the fact that his wife and his son were placed on the pay rolls between the sessions of Congress, when nothing was done, and other employees were granted furloughs, which permitted them to remain at home nearly all the time.

The total receipts from internal revenue for the first six months of the fiscal year ended to-day are $81,196,291; receipts for December $9,855,761. The estimate made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue of receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1884, was $120,000,000, and the receipts for the first six months seem to confirm the accuracy of his judgment.

Charlotte Observer: Last Wednesday night a serious collision occurred on the Western North Carolina Railroad between a passenger and a material train. Engineer C. H. Edwards of the passenger train, is supposed to be fatally crushed about the shoulders. —Last Wednesday afternoon, as a freight train was crossing the trestle over Long Creek, on the Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad, a truck under one of the cars broke and the wheels jumped from the rails, knocking the trestle timbers out of position, and the said train went down to the ground with a terrible crash. William Simmons, a brakeman, and Joe Henderson, the fireman both colored were killed. All the other train hands escaped with small bruises. The trestle was about thirty feet high. —A heavy storm on the 27th day of December is something unusual for this section of the country, but it came last Thursday afternoon all the same. During the early afternoon the skies presented the appearance of a sultry August day. All along the western horizon dense black clouds loomed up, patches of fleecy clouds sailed across the blue vault overhead and the sun shone with a warmth that made closed doors and windows uncomfortable. About 4 o'clock the black clouds had spread over the heavens, there was a sudden rise in the wind and a terrific downpour of hail immediately followed. The duration of the hail fall was about six minutes and the ground was whitened with the stones for fifteen minutes afterwards. —Since the first of last November groups of men, women and children could be seen almost daily at the depot in this city waiting for the train to carry them off for homes in Texas. Ten per cent. of the emigrants were from Rowan county, but large numbers went from Cabarrus, Iredell, Union, Mecklenburg and Anson counties. During the past two months these counties have sent fully two hundred and fifty emigrants to Texas.

Rockingham Spirit: A civil engineer by the name of Codington, representing Northern capitalists, is engaged making a preliminary survey of Pee Dee river with the view of rendering the same navigable for flatboats from the narrows in Stanly to Cheraw. The syndicate represented are said to possess ample means. —A young man by name of Barfield, residing near the Ellerbe Springs was accidentally shot Christmas day. A buckshot entered the lower part of the unfortunate man's back, inflicting a painful but is hoped, not a dangerous wound. —The store house of Mr. William W. Hailey, at Pekin, Montgomery county, was burned last Sunday night. Loss about $4,000; insurance $2,000. It is thought that the house was first robbed and then fired to conceal the robbery.

Raleigh Visitor: Mr. Williamson Page died at his residence in Morrisville, Wake county, at one o'clock this morning, at the age of eighty-seven years. —During the progress of the State Fair in 1881, a collision occurred near Youngsville on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad by which two or three parties were killed and several injured. Suits were brought against the railroad authorities for damages. The cases were finally referred to Hon. W. Dortch, Col Walter Clark and W. Hinsdale, Esq., as referees. A compromise was reached yesterday, and the following are the amount of damages awarded: George S. Baker, Administrator of Dolly Perry, colored; damages allowed $1,400, less $250 paid to wife of deceased and released by her to the railroad company. George S. Baker, administrator of R. O. Redford, colored; damages allowed $1,500, less $250 paid to the father of the deceased. P. B. Hawkins, administrator of Warren Alston, colored; damages allowed $1,500, less $250 paid the father of the deceased. W. W. Green, administrator of Bright Green, colored; damages allowed $1,000. Benjamin B. Collins, white; damages allowed as per verdict and costs. Benjamin B. Collins, white; damages allowed as per verdict and costs. Benjamin Foster, colored; damages allowed $500. Cyrus Harris, damages allowed $500. Wiggins, colored; damages allowed as per verdict and costs. W. T. Liggett, white; judgment against plaintiff for costs. In this case it was found the plaintiff had made a settlement voluntarily with the road. Be claimed $5,000.

Climbing the Spiral Stairs.

[illegible]

Dec. 27, 1883. 4w E. E. RAINE, Clerk &c.

FRANKLIN VILLE CHAIRS.

[illegible] W. L. LONDON.

Dec. 6, 1883.

THE BANK OF DURHAM,
DURHAM, N. C.
W. T. BLACKWELL, President. E. A. WILEY, Cashier.

Receives deposits, payable on DEMAND or at a time agreed on. Will buy and sell stocks and bonds on the usual favorable terms. Will buy and sell Exchange on the North or Europe at current rates. Correspondence solicited.

Attention, All!

[illegible]

G. S. HARPER.
Nov. 29th, 1883. 6tpd. S. C.

LAND [illegible]

A. A. THOMAS,
Attorney at Law, Washington, D. C.

R. & A. A-L. R. R.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

No. 1—Leave		No. 2—Leave	
Raleigh,	7 45 p m	Hamlet	2 30 a m
Cary,	8 15 p m	Hoffman	3 14 a m
Apex,	8 30 p m	Lemon's	3 37 a m
New Hill	8 55 p m	Silver's	3 54 a m
Merry Oaks	9 17 p m	Manly	4 13 a m
Manchester	9 25 p m	Cameron	4 65 a m
Dalgleish	9 36 p m	Sanford	5 08 a m
Sanford	10 30 p m	Osgood	5 32 a m
Cameron	11 17 p m	Manchester	6 24 a m
Manly	11 46 p m	Merry Oaks	6 42 a m
Silver's	12 06 p m	New Hill	7 06 a m
Lemon's	12 28 p m	Apex	7 22 a m
Hoffman	1 00 p m	Cary	7 44 a m
Arrive Hamlet,	1 45 a m	Arrive Raleigh,	8 30 a m

Train number 1 connects at Hamlet with C. C. Railway for Charlotte and all points south. Train Number 2 connects at Raleigh with the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad for all points north.

The Local Freight train, with passenger coach attached, leaves Raleigh at 5.30 a. m. and arrives at 2.40 p. m.

JOHN C. WINDER, Superintendent.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

A GRAND MARK DOWN!
AT
SAMPLE S. BROWN'S
Mammoth Double Store,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

The continued mild weather, having made the Fall and Winter season of 1883 unusually short, I find I have too many goods on hand in some lines and in order to reduce stock have made a

SWEEPING REDUCTION

in prices of Ready made Clothing, Overcoats, heavy Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Cloaks, Dolmans, Jersey Jackets, Shawls, piece goods, Blankets, Quilts, Men's Underwear, &c., &c., &c.

I now offer

Heavy Overcoats at $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00;
Good Overcoats at $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00;
Fine Overcoats at $9.00, $11.00 and $14.00;
Heavy Suits at $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00;
Good Business Suits at $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00;
Fine Dress Suits at $11.00, $12.50 and $14.00.

This is no humbug and no joke, but a genuine markdown in prices to reduce stock.

I offer special bargains in Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Mens and Boys' Hats, and Ladies Cloaks and Shawls.

You are cordially invited to examine these goods and prices and you can save money by doing so.

Respectfully yours,
SAMPLE S. BROWN.

November 15, 1883.

THE J. P. NISSEN WAGON
GEO. E. NISSEN & CO. Man'f's.,
FACTORY, AT WAUCHTOWN, SALEM P. O., N. C.

If you want the best wagon made, be sure that it bears the above address. We are constantly improving and this wagon is the best in the country, and think the demand for them—as shown by the increase over last year—shows their popularity. Having purchased the entire stock of a special Wagon we can make, we solicit your orders, which will receive prompt attention. Send for circulars and see what those who have used them have to say.

GEO. E. NISSEN & CO.

July 12, 1883.

FALL TRADE
1883.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
123 and 125 Fayetteville Street.
RALEIGH, N. C.

The attention of the good citizens of Chatham county is especially called to our new stock of

FALL and WINTER
Dry Goods,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS and SHOES, HATS, &C.

Every Department is full and complete, and our aim is to be the leading house in the city.

We lead in
Quality, Style and Price.

We can save you money, time and trouble, and give perfect satisfaction in every particular.

Our Wholesale Department
is the most complete in the South.

We ask you to call and see us when in our store your head quarters, and feel at home.

Mr. W. H. Tucker, who has been with the house for several years, is now in charge of the Retail Department, and will be pleased to see his many friends, and wait on them.

P. S. Mind, there is but one place where you will find
The Latest Style,
The Lowest Prices,
The Best Goods,
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

September 20, 1883.

R. H. TOMLINSON & CO.,
NOS. 11 AND 13 SOUTH SIDE PERSON ST.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
&C., &C.,
GROCERIES—Heavy and Light,
HARDWARE
PLOWS, CASTINGS, HAMES,
COLLARS, TRACE CHAINS, &C.,
CONFECTIONERIES,
Tobacco, Cigars and Notions.

They offer a large stock and good selection of everything that one could wish, and the public will always find them prepared to supply their wants.

R. H. TOMLINSON & CO.

October 25, 1883. 3mos.

S. SHEETZ & SON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers,

KEEP always on hand all sizes and styles of Coffins and Caskets.

We have the handsomest Furniture Store that has ever been in Fayetteville. We have on hand and are receiving daily from the northern markets the largest stock with the greatest variety that has ever been in the city.

Come one, come all. We will take great pleasure in showing you around, whether you want to buy or not.

Old Furniture repaired and made to look as good as new, at a very small cost.

October 25, 1883.

Gentlemen's
Fine Clothing,
THE BEST OF ANY HOUSE IN FAYETTEVILLE.

It is simply because I take particular pride in offering to my patrons such

SUITS AND PRICES

as will save them the trouble of looking elsewhere.

Every garment sold is guaranteed to Fit and Quality.

Boys' Clothing
A SPECIALTY!

Money will be refunded if not exactly as represented by

HENRY R. NOVITZKY,
Successor to HENRY ELSON.
HAY ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
October 25, 1883.

A. E. Rankin & Co.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

Keep everything usually found in a
FIRST-CLASS GROCERY.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

The citizens of Chatham are invited to examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

Oct. 25, 1883. 3mo.

J. L. ALLEN,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
HEADQUARTERS
FOR NORTH CAROLINA,
to buy your
Building Material,
SASH, BLINDS, DOORS, SAWED AND TURNED WORK
of all kinds. Satisfaction guaranteed or money returned.

I respectfully call your attention to the largest stock of FINE and COMMON FURNITURE in the State

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES.

If you cant come to the city, send me your orders, and I will give them prompt and personal attention.

Respectfully,
J. L. ALLEN,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
October 25, 1883. 3m

NORTH CAROLINA, CHATHAM COUNTY.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.
T. W. Guthrie, admr of Lucian Burnett, deceased
vs.
L. J. Guthrie.

This is a proceeding for the final settlement of the estate of the late Lucian Burnett, and notice is hereby given to all creditors of said estate to be present and present their claims before me at my office on Monday, 21st January, 1884, at which time and place I will proceed to take and state the account of Thos. W. Guthrie as administrator of Lucian Burnett, deceased.

WM. F. FOUSHEE, C. S. C.

Dec. 13, 1883. 6tds.

R. E. PETTY,
134 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

I take pleasure in informing my old friends and customers that I have recently returned from the Northern markets and purchased an entirely

NEW STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS,
Ladies' Dress Goods,
SHOES AND BOOTS,

and everything that is usually found in a first-class store.

Those wanting goods are invited to examine my stock, before buying elsewhere.

R. E. PETTY.

November 8, 1883.