The Chatham Record.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1886

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR CONGRESS.
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
Of Orange.

FOR SOLICITOR.
JACOB A. LONG,
Of Durham.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE:
W. N. H. SMITH.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES:
THOMAS S. ASHE.
A. S. MERRIMON.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.
3rd Dist.—H. G. CONNOR.
4th " —WALTER CLARK.
6th " —EDWIN T. BOYKIN.
8th " —W. J. MONTGOMERY.
10th " —ALPHONSO C. AVERY.
12th " —JAS. H. MERRIMON.

The attempt of a faction of the republican party to hold a State convention was a dismal failure. We published last week an account of the so called convention held by them at Raleigh on the 22nd of September, and mentioned that they had nominated a full judicial ticket. We also mentioned that the nominees for the Supreme court would probably not accept, and already our prediction has in part been fulfilled. Ex-Judge Bynum, who was nominated for chief justice, has published a letter most emphatically declining the nomination. Doubtless the other nominees will follow his example, and thus the democratic judicial ticket will practically have no opposition, and this is just as it ought to be. Our nominees for the Supreme court and the Superior court are all eminently worthy of the united support of both parties—of all the people of the State—and their unanimous election would be a fitting and deserved acknowledgment of their purity of character and judicial learning. North Carolina has never been blessed with better judges than those who will be elected in November, and the contrast between them and the judges who were elected by the republicans in 1868, shows the difference between democratic and republican supremacy, and is another proof of the benefit of democratic rule in our State.

Our people generally do not appreciate the great importance of having good judges, and a pure and learned judiciary. They usually take much more interest in the election of their county officers and members of the Legislature than in the election of the judges who pass upon their lives, their liberty and their property. And yet the value of having good judges cannot be overestimated. The democratic party then certainly deserves great credit for giving our people such good judges—such acceptable judges—that even the republicans do not resist their re-election. And yet there are a few chronic grumblers and disappointed office-seekers who are trying to break up the democratic party!

Mr. Nichols attempts to deceive the people by pretending not to be a politician or a partisan. He styles himself an "independent," and calls himself the people's candidate, and yet he has been and is now one of the most bitter republicans in the district and is a chronic office-seeker. He became a republican for the purpose of getting office and in that way has he succeeded. Since 1873—a period of thirteen years—he has held office for about ten years. From 1873 to 1877 he was principal of the deaf and dumb and blind asylum; after that he was a revenue officer under Col. Ike Young; and then for four years he was postmaster at Raleigh, receiving a salary of $3,000 a year. Although he now pretends not to be a republican, yet in 1881 he was republican enough for Garfield to appoint him postmaster at Raleigh in place of ex-Gov. Holden!

Thus it will be seen that Mr. Nichols is a chronic office-seeker, having received the large sum of about $22,000 in ten years from the different offices held by him. It is very natural then for him now to wish for another office, for a when a man once begins to eat out of the public crib he never wishes to stop.

Hazing is forbidden at the University of North Carolina, and those students who are guilty of it are summarily expelled. Two students of that institution were recently expelled for blacking the freshmen, and all good citizens will heartily approve their expulsion. The faculty deserve public commendation for their efforts in this behalf. Students who go to a public institution of learning, even though they be freshmen, are entitled to protection from injury and insult, and the college or school, that does not protect them, does not deserve patronage.

Our Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct. 1, 1886.

During the past week more than five hundred persons have been discharged from Government service in Washington. Of these discharges three hundred and sixty were accredited to the Government Printing office and two hundred to the Washington Navy Yard. It says twenty-five thousand dollars per month will be saved in the Government [illegible] and the work in the Government Printing Office will go as well as before. At the Navy Yard [illegible] will be lost for the discharges were made with the intention of [illegible] a useless naval station [illegible] ordnance foundry. It is the determination of the present administration with the help of Congress to improve the naval strength of the United States. Notwithstanding the fact that nearly one hundred millions of dollars were expended during the four previous Republican administrations ostensibly for the Navy, the Naval force of this country is [illegible] to that of [illegible] Argentine Republic, and [illegible] countries. In other words we are the weakest naval power. [illegible] vessels [illegible] for or commissioned [illegible] four years hence [illegible] rank in naval power [illegible] Chili, Argentine [illegible] Norway, Portugal and Sweden [illegible] a par with Turkey, Spain [illegible] and Denmark, and below [illegible] England, France, Germany, Austria, Italy and Russia [illegible]

Secretary Manning [illegible] the city and will resume the Treasury portfolio. [illegible]

[illegible]

"[illegible] I have done [illegible] great deal of good, which I do not think has ever [illegible] been fully appreciated [illegible]"

Culverts Stopped.

Staunton, Va., Sept. 30.—This morning the Supreme Court of Virginia [illegible] in the case of [illegible] who stands convicted of the murder of Lillian Madison, at the old reservoir, Richmond, Va., [illegible] that the petition for a rehearing is denied. This remands the case to the Hustings Court of Richmond, by which the prisoner [illegible] penalty by hanging unless executive clemency intervenes.

If some enterprising fellow would now corner the market on Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup he could make his fortune. Beware of frauds.

"For I am declined into the vale of years," she said a little sadly, but indeed I don't much mind it since I can get Salvation Oil for 25 cents.

A Dwelling Bewitched.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1.—Frank Worley of Grayfield, a pleasant suburb of Philadelphia, is wondering whether his house is bewitched. His neighbors [illegible] speculate upon the subject, but firmly believe that the house is under an occult spell. Worley is a quiet man of [illegible] and [illegible] For days past the house has been the scene of startling manifestations. Mirrors crack or shiver without visible cause. Crockery [illegible] to fling itself out of the windows without the interposition of human hands. Everything breakable has now been carried from the house, but this [illegible] and scores of [illegible] have been [illegible]

[illegible]

Subsequently all of the debris was gathered up and dumped in an adjoining field, where it now lies. It is estimated that over 1,000 persons visited the house yesterday. [illegible] which an excited crowd watched several hours and were rewarded at 10.05 o'clock in the morning by seeing it fall to the floor, dive out of the door and burst in the yard. Mr. Worley says that his actual loss will be about $500. Of the 300 jars of fruit in the cellar 280 were demolished.

Various theories are being brought forward as the real cause of the phenomena. Among those who have the least tendency to believe in spooks the general opinion is that the house is bewitched by magnetic influence. The [illegible] say, [illegible] the little girl who was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Worley [illegible] 12 years of age, of a very nervous nature and [illegible]

[illegible]

Why Change?

[illegible]

State News.

[illegible]

Winston Republican: A little child of Mr. Alph Doub, living near Bethania's Ferry, Davidson county, swallowed a grain of corn a short while since, which lodged in its windpipe and came very near producing suffocation before the little one could be brought over to Dr. Robinson, who with surgical aid rendered speedy and permanent relief. —In this county there lives a very respectable colored man, bearing the name of Richard Zigler. He is now advanced [illegible] years and belongs to that particular [illegible] who [illegible] has won many friends among the white people and his word is counted as good as his bond. Richard has quite a romantic history [illegible]

[illegible]

The General Assembly of Knights of Labor met in Richmond on last Monday.

[illegible]

Shiloh Academy.

MALE AND FEMALE.

[illegible]

H. LEONIDAS COBLE, A. B.,
[illegible] Mill, N. C.

July 15, 1886.

THE BANK OF DURHAM,
DURHAM, N. C.,

Offers its services to the public.
[illegible] arrangements made for time deposits and every accommodation [illegible] current accounts of [illegible], and others.

March 18, 1886.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

GRAND OPENING SALE

—AT—

CHATHAM WAREHOUSE,

SILER CITY, N. C.,

Tuesday, October 26th, 1886.

Having leased said property, I take pleasure in announcing to Farmers, Dealers and the public generally that I am now prepared to pay highest cash prices for all grades of Tobacco.

SALES EVERY DAY COMMENCING AT 11 a. m. PROMPTLY.

Our market is well backed by buyers at home and from a distance. I have orders already for nearly 1,000,000 pounds, and am determined to make it to the interest of our farmers to patronize their own home market.

Bring on your Tobacco; I guarantee satisfaction—all I ask is a trial.

Very respectfully yours,
W. D. MOORE,
Proprietor.

October 7, 1886. 2ts.

W. A. SLOAN, Jonesboro, N. C.
A. J. SLOAN, Chatham Co., N. C.

BUFFALO WAREHOUSE,

JONESBORO', N. C.,

FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF TOBACCO.

We have just completed an addition of 80 feet to the Buffalo Warehouse, making it over 150 feet long, and have fitted it up with all of the modern [illegible].

FULL AND AMPLE ACCOMMODATION FOR MAN AND BEAST.
PERSONAL CARE TO EVERY PILE OF TOBACCO!
POLITE ATTENTION TO FARMERS.
EXPERIENCED AND ATTENTIVE HANDS.
THE HIGHEST PRICES GUARANTEED ON EVERY SALE!
A FULL CORPS OF BUYERS ALWAYS ON HAND!
NO [illegible] BUT WORK IS OUR MOTTO.

W. A. SLOAN & CO.,
Proprietors.

Oct. 7th, 1886. 3ms.

THE CHATHAM HOUSE!

WYATT & TAYLOR,
GROCERS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Call on them or send them your orders, if you wish square dealing.

SERGEANT MANUFACTURING CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FARRAR TURBINE WATER WHEEL,
COOK AND HEATING STOVES,
Saw Mills, Cane Mills, Horse Powers,
Plows, Straw Cutters, Andirons,
And Castings of Every Description.
Send for Price-List.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

All persons wanting lumber will do well to apply to me, 3 miles southeast of Pittsboro. I will sell cheap for cash or barter. All orders filled promptly. J. D. WOMBLE.
May 20, 1886.

1886. SPRING. 1886.

NEW GOODS!

—AT—

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

We take pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that our SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS will be offered at Prices in sympathy with the Low Prices of Farm Products.

We have a more complete line of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTH,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
GROCERIES, &C.,

than ever before offered.

Ladies' Cloaks and Dry Goods a Specialty.

We solicit an examination of our Goods before buying. Thanks for past favors.

The Highest Cash Prices paid for Cotton and other Produce.

Yours Respectfully,
E. R. McLEAN & CO.
Siler, N. C., April 22, 1886.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILWAY.

Condensed Time Table No. 14,

To take effect Sunday, May 23, 1886.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Train Going North No. 1. Mail & Passenger		Train Going South No. 2. Mail & Passenger
Leave [illegible] a. m.	Bennettsville,	Arrive, 7.25 p. m.
Arrive, [illegible]	Shoe Heel,	Leave, 6.08
[illegible]	Fayetteville,	" 4.05
" [illegible] p. m.	Sanford,	" 1.40
Leave, [illegible]	Ore Hill,	" 12.25 a. m.
" [illegible]	Siler,	" 11.00
" 4.27	Liberty,	" 11.24
Arrive, [illegible]	Greensboro,	" 10.00

Freight and Passenger Train leaves Bennettsville daily at 1.15 p. m., arrives at Shoe Heel at 4 [illegible] p. m., leaves Shoe Heel at 4.05 p. m., and arrives at Fayetteville at 8 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train leaves Fayetteville daily at 5.30 a. m., arrives at Shoe Heel at 9.05 a. m., leaves Shoe Heel at 9.30 a. m., and arrives at Bennettsville at 12.05 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train North leaves Fayetteville daily at 7.30 a. m., arrives at Sanford at 11.45 a. m., leaves Sanford at 12.25 p. m., and arrives at Greensboro at 7.15 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train South leaves Greensboro at 6.05 a. m., arrives at Sanford at 11.45 a. m., leaves Sanford at 12.15 p. m., and arrives at Fayetteville at 6.00 p. m.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Supt.
JNO. M. ROSE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Raleigh & Augusta A-L. R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Nov. 15, 1885.	No. 1, daily except Sunday.	No. 3, daily except Monday.
Leave Raleigh,	7 00 p m	9 00 a m
Cary,	8 00	10 05
Apex,	8 25	10 35
Moncure,	9 27	12 25 p m
Sanford,	10 16	1 45
Cameron,	10 58	3 05
Manly,	11 39	4 35
Keyser,	12 15 a m	5 50
Arrive Hamlet,	1 35	7 20

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Nov. 15, 1885.	No. 2, daily except Monday	No. 4, daily except Sunday.
Leave Hamlet,	2 45 a m	5 00 a m
Keyser,	3 56	7 02
Manly,	4 35	8 30
Cameron,	5 16	9 50
Sanford,	6 05	11 15
Moncure,	6 50	12 30 p m
Apex,	7 51	2 05
Cary,	8 20	2 45
Arrive Raleigh,	9 00	3 30

No. 1 connects at Hamlet with Carolina Central Railroad for Wilmington, Charlotte and all points south.

No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway for Fayetteville and all points on that road.

No. 2 connects at Raleigh with Raleigh & Gaston Railroad for all points north.

Through cars without change on trains No. 1 and No. 2 between Charlotte and Raleigh.

WM. SMITH Superintendent.