

THE ELECTION!



A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!! VIRGINIA AND NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC!!

It is with much pleasure that we are enabled, by special telegrams to the Editors, to announce that the elections on last Tuesday resulted most favorably to the democrats. The greatest contests were in New York and Virginia, and the democrats carried both States by increased majorities. Only members of the Legislature were elected in Virginia, and both the Senate and House are democratic by increased majorities. Hurrah for "Ole Virginny!" The republicans had expected to capture that State and break up the "solid South", but they have been grievously disappointed. New York State has given a democratic majority of 12,500, which assures Cleveland's re-election in 1888. More excitement, however, was caused by the election in New York City than anywhere else, and most vigorous efforts were made to defeat the regular democratic nominees, but all in vain, and the straight-out ticket was triumphantly elected. Fellows, the democratic nominee for district attorney, defeated Nicol (the independent democrat) by 25,000 majority, which is a wonderful victory.

In the other states in which elections were held, the result was the same as heretofore, and was just as everybody expected.

THE ANARCHISTS are to be hanged at Chicago tomorrow, and their execution will be one of the most memorable that has ever taken place in America. There are seven of these men to be hanged, and we hope that their terrible fate will have a good effect upon their associates and sympathizers, and teach them a lesson that they will never forget. Our readers will remember that the police attempted to disperse a large meeting of anarchists at Chicago, last year, and a dynamite bomb was thrown into the ranks of the police and killed and wounded about sixty policemen. These seven men were arrested as the leading criminals, and, after a protracted trial, were convicted of murder and condemned to death. Effort after effort has been made to avert their doom. An appeal was taken to the State Supreme Court, and, when their decision was adverse, they tried to get the Supreme Court of the United States to interfere, but did not succeed. So, tomorrow is the day appointed for their execution, and, although many petitions have been presented to the Governor of Illinois for their pardon, it is thought there will be no interference. For some time past their prison has been closely guarded by a large body of armed police, in order to prevent any attempt to rescue them. While we do not rejoice at any man's death, yet we will bear of the hanging of these anarchists with feelings of supreme satisfaction.

One point decided in the trial of these Anarchists is of general interest, and will be heard with pleasure by all intelligent people. In the selection of the jury, the Anarchists objected to every man who had read the newspaper reports of the murder, and the objection being overruled, this point was sustained by the Supreme Court of Illinois. That court declared that "although a juror, called as a jurymen, may have formed an opinion, based upon rumor or upon newspaper statement, he is still qualified as a juror if he states that he can fairly and impartially render a verdict in accordance with the law, and the evidence, and the facts of the case."

This ruling was affirmed by the United States Supreme Court, and therefore is the law all over the United States, and will enable the courts hereafter to have more intelligent jurors for the trial of cases.

OUR STATE SUPREME COURT has this week rendered a decision, affirming the right of the Governor to appoint magistrates in place of those appointed by the Legislature and who failed to qualify in the time prescribed by law. Our readers will remember that the republican Clerk of Guilford county refused to swear in the magistrates in that county, whom the Governor had appointed, and a suit was brought to compel him to obey the law. His contention was that the law authorizing it was unconstitutional, but Judge Shepherd held that it was constitutional, and on appeal the Supreme Court has sustained Judge Shepherd's decision.

Our Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5th, 1887.

The President has held but one public reception since his return and that was early this week, when he shook hands with 300 persons. It is believed it is not his intention to resume his regular receptions until after the meeting of Congress. A delegation representing the British House of Commons and the Trades Union Congress waited upon Mr. Cleveland this week in the interest of their scheme of arbitration to settle international differences by peaceful methods rather than the usual resort to armed conflicts. Right Honorable Lyon Playfair, M. P. was the chief spokesman for the visitors, and he set forth the object of their endeavor in an eloquent and impressive manner—the President graciously responding to his address and cordially reciprocating the amicable utterances of the distinguished Englishman. Preparations are still in progress for the meeting of Congress, and there is much discussion about the preliminary movements, such as the organization of the House and the formation of the important committees. There will be more new members than for many years past, and in consequence, the committees will have to be almost wholly re-organized. Among those relegated to the quiet pursuits of private life are the chairman and three members of the committee on ways and means, three members of the appropriations committee, and nine of the fourteen members of the committee on elections, and so on through the long list—so that the Speaker will have to make room for a great deal of raw material, as it were. So far as the offices are concerned, it is believed there will be no contest, except for the position of door-keeper of the House, for which three or more candidates, including the present incumbent, are offering.

The session will probably be fruitful of new and radical schemes of legislation, among which I will mention in addition to those heretofore enumerated a bill to restrict foreign emigration—that is, of the vicious element—and the paternal idea to take the telegraph under the fostering care of the general Government, which in its evil and centralizing tendencies may be regarded as a fit companion piece to the iniquitous Blair Educational bill. If the United States take control of the telegraph system of the country, the next move will be an absorption of the railroad lines. Such legislative measures flourish in despotic governments like Russia and Turkey, but they are foreign to the soil of the land of the free and the home of the brave, and I do not think this unrepresentative legislation can be grafted upon our tree of liberty, at least as long as the great Democratic party stands as the guardian of the Constitution and the hope of our republican system. The Postmaster General has raised quite a commotion among merchants by his enforcement of the law prohibiting the mailing of packages of third and fourth class matter in advertising wrappers. It appears that the relation has been regarded as a dead letter for years, but in his recent revision of the rules, Mr. Vilas ordered that it be made effective; thus such articles can now only be sent as first class matter.

Can it be that the office-seekers are at last satisfied? It would appear so from the statement of Secretary Bayard, who says that the dignified and responsible office of First Assistant Secretary of State goes begging—that is, of those whom he would wish to have it. So here is an opportunity for those patriots whose innate modesty has hitherto prevented them from heeding the call of duty to assert their claims to public office. The reduction of the national debt for the first four months of the current fiscal year was \$40,786,035, the total debt now, less cash in the Treasury, being \$1,238,692,701, while the interest-bearing debt is something smaller. There was a clear gain of two million and a half dollars in Government receipts that month over the amount received for the same time last year. President Cleveland, Secretary Whitney, and Colonel Lamont, have subscribed very liberally to the New York Democratic Campaign fund—the first \$1,000, the second \$2,500, and the third \$250, and besides, many department clerks have handsomely contributed to this same purpose.

Only one business house was left standing in the town of Trenton, Arkansas, which was swept by fire. Fourteen persons were made dangerously ill in Pittsburg by bad milk, and three of them came near dying, but they are all recovering.

Newspapers are published in 70 of 96 counties of North Carolina. There are 17 dailies, 1 semi-weekly, 44 weeklies, 1 semi-monthly and 5 monthlies.

The Anarchists Desperate.

DYNAMITE BOMBS FOUND IN THEIR CELL—ONE ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Sometimes ago Sheriff Matson decided to search and clean out the cells of the seven distinguished prisoners, and Sunday was set for the examination. Word was sent by the sheriff to the friends of the condemned that no admittance would be given to jail, and yesterday morning the entire force of deputy sheriffs reported at the jail for duty. It was shortly after 9:30 o'clock when Lingg and Engel were led from their cells to the consultation cage, and the search began.

Engel's cell was first entered and thoroughly examined. The bed and bedding were looked over, the cracks in the walls, and the table thoroughly explored, and clothing hanging around the cell was searched, but beyond a few empty cigar boxes, some fruit, books and papers, nothing was found. Then the deputy sheriffs entered Lingg's cell, while its former occupant planted himself in a corner of the temporary prison and watched them with eager eyes. He was as pale as death, and trembled like an aspen leaf as the searchers moved around in the little stone walled room. Suddenly two of the three men inside jumped out into the corridor, while the third man held at arm's length a small wooden box, which he carefully carried to the jail office and laid on Jailor Fols's desk. The box contained six or seven pieces of gas pipe, each about six or seven inches in length, filled with some heavy substance and plugged at both ends. Jailor Fols picked up one, which was closed at one end with a round iron stopper, and one of the officers pronounced it a veritable dynamite bomb. Just then Sheriff Matson arrived at the jail and ordered that the dangerous weapons be replaced in the box and sent to a chemist for analysis, although there was no doubt as to the result of the examination.

Not the least remarkable phase of the bomb discovery is, that it came about from the fact that anarchist George Engel attempted suicide Saturday night by taking an ounce of laudanum. About 12 o'clock, Emil Zoener, who is on the night death watch, passed Engel's cell and was attracted by groans coming from within. On stopping to inquire the cause, he found Engel breathing heavily, and lying prostrate on his back. He called him by name but received no answer, and on opening the cell door discovered that the man was unconscious and suffering from the effects of some stupefying drug. After repeated attempts to awaken the sleeping man, Zoener became alarmed, and decided to call in Dr. Gray, from the insane ward, in same building. Dr. Gray was sent for immediately. On going to Engel's cell, the doctor soon discovered that Engel was suffering from poison. Hinges dilated and rolled spasmodically. Dr. Gray at once commenced active work on his patient. As soon as Engel came to be raved and cursed at being disturbed in his sleep, and asked the reason of his being awakened. He protested that he had only drunk a little whiskey, and was all right. His condition, and subsequent events, showed that Engel was deliberately lying, and that in the face of death he was at once forced to take medicine and kept constantly walking for an hour until all danger had passed. From that time on, surveillance over him was not relaxed for an instant. The attempted suicide of Engel is what led to the search of the cells in the morning. Besides the discovery of the explosives among the effects of Lingg, there was found in Engel's cell the bottle from which he had taken laudanum. It was concluded in the trial. Three or four drops of laudanum still remained in the bottle, and Engel was confronted with the evidence of his intended suicide. He continued to deny it, but at last sullenly admitted the truth of the accusation. He had preferred death by his own hand, he said, any carrying out of the sentence under the law. Engel stubbornly refused to disclose how he obtained the poison. The bottle affords no clue, and, like Ling's dynamite, the source of the poison is a mystery.

The Assembly Building Located. From the North Carolina Teacher. The question as to locating the Teachers' Assembly Building was submitted to the Executive Committee by special letter setting forth the various propositions from places which were eligible, and the vote was almost unanimous in favor of Morehead City; therefore, the delightful "Summer Capital by the Sea" will be the future home of our North Carolina Teachers' Assembly. The profession in the State is indeed to be congratulated upon such a fortunate selection, as this popular seaside resort combines every element which will in any way make the annual sojourn of the teachers pleasant, interesting, recuperating, restful, healthful and mutually improving. There are many pleasures and pastimes to be had at Morehead City which cannot be so abundantly found at any other place within our knowledge. It is as easy of access as can be desired, and with the improvements at once to be made in the Atlantic Hotel property there will be ample accommodations for our large and rapidly growing Assembly.

The contract for erecting the Assembly Building will soon be completed, and the work will be commenced at a very early day, so that everything will be in readiness by May 1st, 1888, in good time for the next meeting of the Assembly. Now, let North Carolina indeed have the grandest of all educational meetings, and let every teacher or friend of education need stay away for fear that there will not be sufficient accommodations and comforts for all.

Subscribe to the Record.

The Lightning Calculator.

Wilmington (Ky.) Letter to the Courier-Journal.

Reuben Fields, a most extraordinary individual, has returned to his home near this place, after an absence of some years in the West. Fields is known far and wide as the "Mathematical Prodigy", and, indeed, he is a most wonderful creature. Perfectly illiterate, not being able to tell one letter or figure from another, he bears the same relation to the science of mathematics that Blind Tom does to music. Fields is now about twenty-eight years of age, and his ability to quickly and correctly solve the most difficult problems was discovered when he was but eight years old. That faculty continued to develop until he is able to solve, with lightning-like rapidity, any problem in simple or compound fractions, or anything in the higher branches of mathematics. For instance, the moon is a certain number of miles from the earth; a grain of corn is so long; how many grains will it take to connect the points? The answer to this or any other problem comes like a flash. He can also tell to the fraction of a second the time of day or night. This marvellous man has been tested by the most expert mathematicians and his answers to problems have been found to be invariably correct. Scientists have examined Fields' head and pronounce his wondrously developed faculty a profound mystery to them. Fields knows little else than this extraordinary ability. He claims that his power in this respect is a direct gift from his Creator and liable to be taken away from him if not properly used. The possessor of this gift never went to school a day in his life, and never did a day's work, except to occasionally aid merchants in invoicing their goods, and in this business he has been known to keep a score or more of clerks busy footing up columns of figures. He is a very large man and has a look the reverse of intelligent. Having no occupation, he lives among his acquaintances, putting up wherever night overtakes him. He is very proud of his gift and frequently compares himself to Sauson. Fields gave an exhibition of his powers before Gov. Crittenden and other distinguished men of Missouri on a late visit West, and they unhesitatingly pronounce him one of the greatest wonders of the century.

Burned to Death. NASHVILLE, Nov. 5.—A special from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: Miss Annie Dendrick, great grand daughter of Jas. W. Dendrick, late Chief Justice of Tennessee, was burned to death yesterday afternoon at Jonesboro, Tenn. Her father was burning cane off a lot near the house, when her clothes caught fire and were entirely burned from her body. She suffered excruciating pain for three hours, when death relieved her of her terrible suffering.

Fire at Reidsville. REIDSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 7.—The steam plug tobacco factory of Sampson, Richardson & Co was burned this morning. Over one hundred thousand pounds of manufactured tobacco was consumed and twenty thousand pounds of leaf. Loss estimated at seventy thousand dollars; insurance on factory and stock \$64,800. The safe containing books and papers is still in the debris. This was the most complete tobacco factory in the State. The packing house of E. M. Read was also burnt, loss fifteen hundred dollars. Several business houses caught and the town was endangered but the fire department saved it.

Twelve Persons Drowned. NORFOLK Va., Nov. 4.—A distressing accident, by which twelve or more persons lost their lives, happened in Pasquotank Sound, N. C., last night. The schooner Ocean Bird, Capt. Edward C. Daniels, with mails and passengers from Nag's Head and Manteo, N. C., left the latter point for Elizabeth City yesterday. The vessel failed to reach her destination to-day, and searching parties were organized, one of which found an upturned boat of the Ocean Bird adrift in the sound. From the condition of the boat it is thought that the schooner was capsized by a squall, immediately sunk and that all on board perished.

A Handy Pocket Atlas. An attempt to put in pocket size the contents of a large reference Atlas is usually accompanied by rough, inaccurate, and inelegant engraving and printing, but in the New Pocket Atlas of the World, published by Trivison, Blakeman & Co., 753 & 755 Broadway, New York, this is not the fact. Ninety-one Maps, containing nearly every geographical point of interest throughout the world, are given, and each is a gem of the engraver's art. Delicately yet distinctly colored, these maps are exquisite illustrations of the best color printing today obtainable. While the Maps leave nothing to be desired by way of fullness, they are fully up to date, and show every recent discovery, or change of boundary.

One hundred and twelve pages of terse, well-arranged, and accurate information concerning every important country or state on the globe, follow the maps in this compact volume. In fact, the book is not only a comprehensive Atlas, but also a condensed Gazetteer of the whole world, and all put in an attractive and substantial binding, and sold for fifty cents. If not found at your bookseller, on the receipt of this sum the publishers mail it to you at once.

A typhoon, which raged on the night of September 17th, struck the Island of Hoi Ling with its full force. The total number of lives lost is believed to be between one and two hundred. On the Islands of Chik Lung, some ten miles distant, thirty-two lives were lost and three passage boats sunk.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., of the Raleigh Baptist Tabernacle, has received a unanimous call to the Dudley Street Baptist church, Boston, Mass.

Water courses and marshes are the abodes of fever and ague; Laxador has proved a most valuable preventive of malaria and an efficacious remedy in the treatment of malarial diseases. Nothing stupefying or dangerous, no laudanum or Opium, enters into the composition of that famed remedy, Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25 cents.

DO NOT FORGET THAT J. W. SCOTT & Co., Greensboro, N. C., carry one of the largest stocks of goods in Central North Carolina. Merchants invited to call in person or send orders by mail. Very respectfully, J. W. SCOTT & CO., Greensboro, N. C. Oct. 27, 1887.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having qualified as the administrator with the will annexed of J. M. E. WEAVER, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against the said decedent to exhibit the same to me on or before the 25th day of October, 1887. H. A. LONDON, Oct. 27, 1887.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having this day qualified as administrator upon the estate of Robert Shilps, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of October, 1887, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned. JOHN DARRINGTON, Adm'r of ROBERT SHILPS, Oct. 20, 1887.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—H. A. LUG qualified as the executor of Richard Clegg (colored), deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against said estate to me or my attorney, T. H. WOMACK, on or before October 20th, 1887, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. A. F. THOMAS, Executor of Richard Clegg, Oct. 20, 1887.

AT THE GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN RALEIGH.

- WHITE BLANKETS FROM \$1.00 per pair. COLORED BLANKETS FROM \$1.00 per pair. COMFORTS AND SPREADS. CANTON FLANNEL FROM 7 1/2 cents per yard. ALL WOOL FLANNEL FROM 15 cents per yard. TABLE LINEN, TOWELS, NAPKINS, SHOES AND BOOTS. CHILDREN'S RUBBERS 25c. MISSES RUBBERS 30c. LADIES RUBBERS 35c. MEN'S RUBBERS 45c. RUBBER COATS AND CIRCULARS. LADIES AND MISSES HOSIERY. LADIES' MERINO AND WOOL VESTS. A COMPLETE LINE OF MILLINERY GOODS. WM. WOOLCOTT & SON'S No. 14 E. Martin Street, RALEIGH, N. C. Nov. 3, 1887.

AT THE BANNER

WE ARE OFFERING A Complete Stock OF

- Dry Goods, Notions, CARPETS, RUGS, MATS, LADIES AND MISSES SHOES, Gents' Furnishings, second to none in size and variety, etc., etc.

Dress Goods and Trimmings a specialty.

We are offering them at prices which most commend themselves to the public. We guarantee satisfaction and one rule will be to deal fairly with all men. This is our platform and we trust it will find a hearty support from the readers of the Record.

Samples sent to any address on application. Yours respectfully, MUSE & SHAW, Successors to ELLIS & MUSE, STORES BLOCK, MAIN ST., DURHAM, N. C. Sept. 29, 1887. 3ms.

Wyatt & Taylor, GROCERS,

General Commission Merchants and Cotton Sellers.

We have on hand a full line of HEAVY GROCERIES, FEED OF every description, also BAGGING AND TIES, which we offer to the public at bottom prices.

Will make cash advances on Cotton in hand, when desired. Give us a trial and see what we can do. WYATT & TAYLOR, No. 15 East Main and Exchange Place, RALEIGH, N. C. September 16, 1887.

J. I. NISSEN ROUND HOUND WAGON, MANUFACTURED BY C. F. NISSEN & CO., SALEM, N. C. We use best Steel Tinable Skin made, and will not b.cak. They are the sole manufacturers of the Improved Round Hound and Straight Hind Hound, made of perfectly straight grain timber Weusesquare tenon on the end of the spoke that goes in felloe. They make all styles and sizes of first-class wagons. Do not be deceived: see that you buy the wagon bearing the name of J. I. NISSEN on hind gear and axle, and get the best wagon made. The J. I. NISSEN WAGON is sold and fully warranted by W. L. LONDON, Agent, Pittsboro, N. C. Oct. 27, 1887. 6ms.

NOW READY! W. L. LONDON'S SPLENDID STOCK! OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS! These Goods have been Bought at the Lowest Figures! And will be Sold at the Very LOWEST Prices Possible for CASH! HIS STOCK OF Dress Goods IS THE LARGEST AND FINEST EVER BROUGHT TO CHATHAM! LONDON KEEPS BY FAR THE Largest and Cheapest Stock of Clothing IN THE COUNTY! LONDON KEEPS ANY AND EVERY THING! HIS HOUSE IS NOW FULL FROM CELLAR TO GARRET! LONDON'S prices are very low for cash! LONDON pays the highest cash prices for COTTON and other produce! NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS AT LONDON'S! If you intend to buy anything, call at W. L. LONDON'S, Pittsboro, N. C., October 27, 1887.

BUY YOUR FURNITURE! FROM THE DURHAM FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Durham, N. C., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF Parlor, Chamber, Dining-Room and Kitchen Furniture, CLOCKS, PICTURES AND MATTRESSES A SPECIALTY. METALIC CASKETS, BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS. September 8, 1887. 3ms.

RALEIGH MARBLE WORKS. CHAS. A. GOODWIN, PROPRIETOR.

MONUMENTS and TOMBSTONES, IN ITALIAN OR AMERICAN MARBLE OR GRANITE, furnished in all styles and best workmanship. Send for prices and designs. CHAS. A. GOODWIN, RALEIGH, N. C. October 27, 1887. 2ms.

BOYS, YOUNG MEN, OLD MEN, EVERYBODY! BUY YOUR CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, HATS, Etc., OF David Rosenthal, Corner Fayetteville and Hargett Sts., RALEIGH, N. C., who has just returned from the Northern markets where he purchased the largest and most select stock that he has ever handled, and is now offering the public SPECIAL BARGAINS in everything in his line. A HANDSOME LINE OF O. K. BOY SUITS AT LOW PRICES. PARENTS SHOULD SEE THESE SUITS before clothing their boys for the fall and winter. SPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR SCHOOL WEAR. DAVID ROSENTHAL, Corner Fayetteville and Hargett Sts., Oct. 27, 1887.

1867. 1887. FALL TRADE. J. J. THOMAS, GEO. W. THOMPSON, JR. J. J. THOMAS & CO., General Commission Merchants

COAL FOR SALE. The undersigned is now working the Farmville coal mine near Egypt, and is now prepared to supply in any quantity a first-rate quality of TULLOCH COAL, said to be the best in this State. Send orders to W. H. SEGROVES, Oct. 19, 1887. EGYPT, N. C.

FARM FOR RENT. That valuable farm belonging to the estate of the late J. W. McPherson is offered for rent or lease for a term of years. It consists of 800 acres lying on Deep River, and is one of the best farms in Chatham. Apply to P. M. HADLEY, July 7, 1887. Evans, N. C.

GOODWIN & CO. MACHINISTS, FOUNDERS, STEAM, WATER & GAS FITTERS, DURHAM, N. C.

GOODWIN & CO. MACHINISTS, FOUNDERS, STEAM, WATER & GAS FITTERS, DURHAM, N. C. We have on hand a full line of HEAVY GROCERIES, FEED OF every description, also BAGGING AND TIES, which we offer to the public at bottom prices. Will make cash advances on Cotton in hand, when desired. Give us a trial and see what we can do. WYATT & TAYLOR, No. 15 East Main and Exchange Place, RALEIGH, N. C. September 16, 1887.