The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1888.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

Today has been set apart by the President of the United States and the Governor of North Carolina as our annual Thanksgiving Day, as a day of special prayer and praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for His bounteous mercies and blessings during the past year. This is in accordance with a time-honored custom and is eminently fit for a Christian people to observe, and yet the day will be [illegible] by a majority of professing Christians. They will go about their daily business [illegible] as if there was no such day as Thanksgiving Day. Others will observe it, but in far different ways. Many will enjoy it as a holiday, [illegible] pleasure than on other days [illegible] a better [illegible]. A few here and there will go to church and will devoutly and with grateful hearts return their thanks in prayer and praise to the God who is the giver of of all good things.

As a nation the people of the United States have great cause for thanksgiving today. Our country is at peace with itself and with all the world. [illegible] fully [illegible] blessings of peace [illegible] should [illegible] republic [illegible] ful for the stability of our government. [illegible] the republicans [illegible] State [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Congress [illegible] [illegible] there is a [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] the road law [illegible] in our [illegible] [illegible] no better condition than they were fifty years ago. They are not only a heavy tax upon the people who travel them, but are a disgrace to our civilization.

Of course we would not presume to make any suggestions to the assembled wisdom of the State as to what kind of a road system or road laws should be adopted, but we would most urgently ask our law-makers to do something that will improve the wretched condition of our public highways.

At the recent election some of the States were carried by a very small majority, thus showing the importance of every man voting. The vote of Connecticut was 74,920 for Cleveland, and 74,584 for Harrison, a majority of only 336. Nearly 600,000 votes were cast in Indiana, and yet Harrison's majority there was only about 2,000. Virginia cast about 300,000 votes, and gave Cleveland a majority of 1,555. In several other States the vote was nearly as close.

The House of Representatives in the next Congress is almost a tie, and it is not yet certain whether the democrats or republicans will have a majority. It will not be more than five majority for either party. Several districts are claimed by both parties, and exciting contests over them may be expected.

The official vote of this State for President was duly canvassed last week by the State Board of Canvassers, and the result was announced as follows: Cleveland 147,902, Harrison 134,784, and Fiske 2,692. This gives Cleveland a plurality of 13,118 over Harrison. The Prohibition vote was smaller than most persons supposed it would be.

The board of canvassers will meet again today and canvass the vote for Governor and other State officers. The vote of all the counties shows that Fowle received 149,552, and Dockery 135,988, making Fowle's majority 13,612.

Our Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 23, 1888.

Mr. Cleveland has returned to Oak View in order to prepare his last annual message to Congress. There is little doubt that Mr. Cleveland will certainly stand by the position taken by him on the surplus and the tariff last December. He will make more emphatic his former declaration that it is a "condition, not a theory, that confronts us." He will still advocate the democratic policy of reducing the tariff on raw materials and the necessaries of life, but above all he will insist that the income of the Government should be [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

The negroes of this city have it in their heads that the election of Harrison has put them on top, and they are already making all sorts of demands in relation to the local offices. Fred Douglass wants to be Recorder of Deeds, the notorious Perry Carson wants to be District Commissioner [illegible] Several other negroes are candidates for Commissioner and other positions. [illegible] [illegible] a negro, but the negroes here are a noisy gang, and if Harrison fails to give them some of the plums they will make a big fuss.

The new bureau of correspondence of the Agricultural Department, authorized by the last session of Congress, has begun work under the direction of Prof. W. O. Atwater. For the present the work of the bureau will be confined to furnishing the agricultural experiment stations throughout the country with information concerning the experiments they are engaged in.

The hotels here are beginning to fill up with Congressmen and others interested in the coming session. The republican leaders are extremely reticent when asked about their programme in the Senate. But it is considered certain that they will endeavor to do as little as possible, so as to give Harrison an excuse for calling an extra session.

A Crew Drowned.

Scituate, Mass., Nov. 26.—A terrible loss of life is reported here by a wreck this morning. The large fishing schooner Edward N. [illegible], of and from Boston, went ashore off First Cliff Point at 6:30 last night and immediately went to pieces. Her crew consisted of sixteen men and fifteen of them have perished. One man, Allen [illegible], clung to the vessel and when the tide left her this morning he succeeded in reaching shore. The vessel was discovered by the midnight patrol of the Life Saving Station, but too late to render assistance. She lies bottom up and is a complete wreck.

Our Legislators.

The following is a list of the persons recently elected to our State Legislature:

SENATE.

First District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Hertford, Gates, Chowan and Perquimans: J. K. Abbott, of Camden, W. P. Shaw, of Hertford, dems.

Second District—Tyrrell, Washington, Martin, Dare, Beaufort, Hyde and Pamlico: H. W. Stubbs, of Martin, W. H. Lucas of Hyde, dems.

Third District—Northampton and Bertie, George Bishop, rep.

Fourth District—Halifax: T. L. Emry, dem.

Fifth District—Edgecombe: Fred Wimberly, rep.

Sixth District—Pitt: W. R. Williams, dem.

Seventh District—Wilson, Nash and Franklin: Dr. R. W. King, of Wilson, James G. Sills, of Nash, dems.

Eighth District—Craven: George Green, dem., rep.

Ninth District—Jones, Onslow and Carteret: Benj. Brock, of Jones, dem.

Tenth District—Duplin and Wayne: Abner Robinson, of Duplin, and B. F. Aycock, of Wayne, dems.

Eleventh District—Greene and Lenoir: John Walters, rep.

Twelfth District—New Hanover and Pender: F. B. Rice, rep.

Thirteenth District—Brunswick and Bladen: John N. Bennett, of Brunswick, dem.

Fourteenth District—Sampson: E. W. Kerr, dem.

Fifteenth District—Columbus and Robeson: M. Campbell, of Columbus, J. F. Payne, of Robeson, dems.

Sixteenth District—Cumberland and Harnett: W. E. Williams, of Cumberland, dem.

Seventeenth District—Johnston: J. H. Pou, dem.

Eighteenth District—Wake: J. L. Banks, rep.

Nineteenth District—Warren and Vance: H. H. Faulkner, rep.

Twentieth District—Durham, Orange, Person and Caswell: T. H. Hughes, of Orange, J. A. Long, of Person, dems.

Twenty-first District—Granville: J. W. Pittard, rep.

Twenty-second District—Chatham and Alamance: Samuel J. Crawford, of Alamance, dem.

Twenty-third District—Rockingham: A. L. Moore, dem.

Twenty-fourth District—Guilford: A. S. Holton, rep.

Twenty-fifth District—Randolph and Moore: J. J. White, dem.

Twenty-sixth District—Richmond and Montgomery: J. T. LeGrand, dem.

Twenty-seventh District—Anson and Union: R. L. Little, of Anson, dem.

Twenty-eighth District—Cabarrus and Stanly: Paul B. Means, of Cabarrus, dem.

Twenty-ninth District—Mecklenburg: J. Sol. Reid, dem.

Thirtieth District—Rowan and Davie: T. B. Bailey, of Davie, dem.

Thirty-first District—Davidson: F. C. Thomas, rep.

Thirty-second District—Stokes and Forsyth: [illegible], rep.

Thirty-third District—Surry and Yadkin: W. W. Hampton, rep.

Thirty-fourth District—Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander: W. W. Barber, of Wilkes, W. D. Turner, of Alexander, dems.

Thirty-fifth District—Alleghany, Ashe and Watauga: W. S. Farthing, dem.

Thirty-sixth District—Caldwell, Burke, McDowell, Mitchell, Yancey: [illegible] of Caldwell, and S. B. [illegible] of Yancey, dems.

Thirty-seventh District—Catawba and Lincoln: Dr. J. R. Turner, of Catawba, dem.

Thirty-eighth District—Gaston and Cleveland: Jonas F. Hoyle, of Gaston, dem.

Thirty-ninth District—Rutherford and Polk: D. A. B. Twitty, dem.

Fortieth District—Buncombe and Madison: V. S. Lusk, rep.

Forty-first District—Henderson, Haywood and Transylvania: M. C. Toms, dem.

Forty-second District—Jackson, Swain, Macon, Cherokee, Clay and Graham: L. J. Smith, of Macon, dem.

Democrats	37
Republicans	13
	50

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Alamance—Robt. W. Scott, dem.
Alexander—R. P. Matheson, dem.
Alleghany—R. A. Doughton, dem.
Anson—J. J. Dunlap, dem.
Ashe—Raney Belvins, rep.
Beaufort—J. S. Marsh, dem.
Bertie—E. R. Outlaw, dem.
Bladen—C. C. Lyon, dem.
Brunswick—Rufus Galloway, dem.
Buncombe—M. E. Carter, J. S. T. Baird, dems.
Burke—J. H. Hoffman, dem.
Cabarrus—C. McDonald, dem.
Caldwell—W. C. Newland, dem.
Camden—F. M. Beford, dem.
Carteret—A. H. Chadwick, dem.
Caswell—Wilson Cary, rep.
Catawba—A. M. Hewitt, dem.
Chatham—S. G. Wilson, J. M. Edwards, dems.
Cherokee—W. R. Trull, rep.
Chowan—H. A. Bond, Jr., dem.
Clay—J. S. Bell, dem.
Cleveland—Dr. W. C. Hamrick, dem.
Columbus—J. J. Long, dem.
Craven—J. B. Hussey, rep.
Cumberland—T. H. Sutton, A. D. McGill, dems.
Currituck—Pierce Hampton, dem.
Dare—Rollinson, dem.
Davidson—Wall and Z. V. Walser, rep.
Davie—John Hendrick, rep.
Duplin—J. R. Miller, dem.
Durham—John T. Nichols, dem.
Edgecombe—Justice and Bridgers, reps.
Forsyth—Charles Reynolds, rep.
Franklin—C. M. Cooke, John T. Clifton, dems.
Gaston—R. A. White, dem.
Gates—Martin Kellogg, dem.
Graham—Reuben Carver, dem.
Granville—R. Amis, H. G. Tilley, reps.
Greene—N. B. Beeman, rep.
Guilford—J. W. Woods and O. Starbuck, reps.
Halifax—W. H. Anthony, F. H. Taylor, dems.
Harnett—Wm. Pearson, dem.
Haywood—W. H. Hargrove, dem.
Henderson—J. G. Grant, rep.
Hertford—J. L. Anderson, dem.
Hyde—M. Makely, dem.
Iredell—J. B. Holman, A. Leazar, dems.
Jackson—W. A. Dills, dem.
Johnston—Josephus Johnston, R. W. Wellons, dems.
Jones—F. M. Simmons, dem.
Lenoir—Steele F. Wooten, dem.
Lincoln—W. A. Hoke, dem.
McDowell—W. M. Bantou, dem.
Macon—George A. Jones, dem.
Madison—Lawson, rep.
Martin—J. R. Coffield, dem.
Mecklenburg—James C. Long, J. W. Hood, N. Gibbon, dems.
Mitchell—S. M. Baurer, rep.
Montgomery—J. C. Crowell, rep.
Moore—M. J. Blue, dem.
Nash—J. B. Phillips, dem.
New Hanover—V. Howe, Jno. Holloway, reps.
Northampton—A. R. Jacobs, N. R. Rawls, reps.
Onslow—Thos. F. Gilman, dem.
Orange—Thos. M. Cheek, dem.
Pamlico—R. D. McCotter, dem.
Pasquotank—Bates, rep.
Pender—R. C. Johnson, dem.
Perquimans—Jos. D. Parker, dem.
Person—T. J. Yancey, dem.
Pitt—M. C. S. Cherry, G. B. King, dem.
Polk—R. T. Thurston, dem.
Randolph—I. H. Pugh, Benjamin Millikin, reps.
Richmond—T. J. Wooten, dem.
Robeson—D. C. Regan, T. M. Watson, dems.
Rockingham—T. W. Hopkins, G. T. Ward, dems.
Rowan—J. S. McCubbins, dem.
Rutherford—Thomas J. Wilkins, dem.
Sampson—W. E. Stevens, D. W. B. Murray, dems.
Stanly—W. R. Lothian, dem.
Stokes—J. A. Leak, dem.
Surry—Luther Wrigh, dem.
Swain—Frank, dem.
Transylvania—J. N. C. [illegible], rep.
Tyrrell—David Alexander, dem.
Union—J. A. Marsh, dem.
Vance—J. G. Watson, rep.
Wake—L. D. Banner, R. C. B. J. [illegible], J. A. Temple, W. H. [illegible], reps.
Warren—R. C. Ward, rep.
Washington—J. H. Sanders, rep.
Watauga—J. H. Crisp, rep.
Wayne—B. J. Ham, Jno. R. Overman, dems.
Wilkes—E. O. Martin, rep.
Wilson—Nathan Bass, dem.
Yadkin—H. M. Vestal, rep.
Yancey—S. P. Whitington, dem.

Democrats	[illegible]
Republicans	[illegible]
	12[illegible]

How Indiana Was Carried.

Indianapolis, Nov. 24.—The wanton, flagrant and open corruption practiced at the polls by the Republicans at the recent Presidential election will be exposed in detail in the United States Court before [illegible]. Never before in the history of our government has a great State been so grossly prostituted as Indiana was three weeks ago. Not from one county, but from every county of the State comes the same report. No secret was made of the bribery; there were openly organized gangs of floaters from ten to fifty under the guard of a custodian marched to the polls, [illegible] [illegible] deposit. Men who [illegible] have openly and [illegible] boasted of their infamy, and their names in many instances are in the hands of United States District Attorney [illegible].

The lowest estimate placed on the amount of money dumped into Indiana by Republicans within a week of election is at $700,000. Over a hundred cases will be presented to the Grand Jury for bribery and illegal voting in Marion county alone, principally in Indianapolis, where it is conceded that the Republicans did not attempt to spend much money for corruption. They were watched very closely by the Democratic workers who had Dudley's letter fresh before them, but in spite of all this over 150 cases were detected and over one hundred of them were clearly indictable. In the State at large over five hundred cases have been reported of bribery, intimidation and fraud. They are not confined to one county, but in every county.

A Great Charity.

A benevolent enterprise of almost startling dimensions, even in this age of large charities, has been undertaken by Mr. I. V. Williamson, of Philadelphia. He proposes to give $1,500,000 for the establishment of an industrial school and home for poor boys. He has studied his plans and arranged for a intelligent use of this vast sum of money. Architects are already preparing for the erection of buildings and a board of seven prominent citizens has been selected to control the institution.

To have good health medicine is necessary occasionally. As a family medicine we can recommend Laxador, the great regulator, and advise all to have a package constantly on hand for cases of necessity.

We request all mothers to stop using laudanum for their babies, and use Dr. Bull's Syrup, a safe medicine. It contains nothing injurious.

The official canvass of the vote of San Francisco shows the election of Clunie, Democrat, from the Fifth Congressional district, by a plurality of fifty votes.

A Severe Storm.

[illegible] The first storm of the winter [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Washington [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

A [illegible] Murder.

[illegible] [illegible]

Don't Do It.

[illegible] Are you [illegible] mortgage for supplies next year? Have you consulted [illegible] and devoted wife about it? Sit down and take that darling baby on your knee, and ask a [illegible] woman [illegible] We know what it will be. You may be one of those who think women should not be consulted in matters of business. But, my brother, do you know that thousands of [illegible] have been wrecked and thousands of homes have been sold under the sheriff's hammer in this southland, which would have been saved if [illegible] [illegible] If you must go in debt, go to your brothers in the Alliance and secure them, and ask them to get the money for you, and buy for cash. You can live [illegible] independent [illegible] you will raise your own supplies, but [illegible] you'll have to buy [illegible] especially if you buy them on a credit. DON'T DO IT. A [illegible] Want to maintain your freedom and manhood. Don't mortgage it away. Don't do it.

At the Danville tobacco exposition, the first premium, bright wrappers, was sold at $1 80 per pound.

JOHN W. MARKHAM,

DURHAM, N. C.,

Headquarters for Groceries!

[illegible] in Chatham are invited to call on me when they visit [illegible] everything in

Staple and Fancy Groceries:

SUGAR,	MOLASSES,	FISH,	COFFEE,
CHEESE,	FLOUR,	SYRUP,	SODA,
SNUFF,	CRACKERS,	TOBACCO,	MEAT.

SHOES, DRYGOODS, NOTIONS, Crockery, Tinware, &c.

Special Inducements to Country Merchants.

I offer everything at prices that defy competition!

I have another Store for General Merchandise at South Lowell, 12 miles north of Durham.

Nov. 15, 1888. 3m. J. W. MARKHAM.

SERGEANT MANUFACTURING CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.

Manufacturers of

FARRAR TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

COOK AND HEATING STOVES,

Saw Mills, Cane Mills, Horse Powers,

Plows, Straw Cutters, Andirons,

And Castings of Every Description.

Send for Price-List.

PARRISH'S WAREHOUSE,

Durham, N. C.,

WILL BE READY FOR YOUR TOBACCO AFTER JANUARY 16TH WHERE YOU WILL GET THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL GRADES!

Best Warehouse, Best Light, AND BEST ACCOMMODATIONS,

FOR MAN AND BEAST IN NORTH CAROLINA OR VIRGINIA.

Stable Holds 200 Horses!

[illegible] with promptness and accuracy, and the highest [illegible] who may come.

HOMES SUPPLIED.

[illegible]

Money refunded in case of failure, [illegible]

J. H. DENT, [illegible]

Wyatt & Taylor,

GROCERS,

General Commission Merchants and Cotton Sellers.

We have on hand a full line of HEAVY GROCERIES, FEED of every description, also BAGGING AND TIES, which we offer to the public at bottom prices.

Will make cash advances on Cotton on hand when desired.

Give us a trial and we will [illegible]

WYATT & TAYLOR,

[illegible] Raleigh, N. C.

September [illegible], 1888.

HOW GOES THE BATTLE!

In New York? New Jersey? Connecticut? Indiana? The Union?

[illegible]

THE STAR, Broadway and Park Place, New York.

RALEIGH MARBLE WORKS,

[illegible]

RALEIGH, N. C.,

BRANCH YARD,

[illegible]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

MANUFACTURER of all kinds of

Monuments and Tombstones IN MARBLE OR GRANITE.

Also contracts for all kinds of Building Work, [illegible] Posts, Steps, [illegible] all descriptions [illegible] sent to any address [illegible]

[illegible] A. GOODWIN, Proprietor.

March 6, 1888.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule No. 4.

Taking effect Monday, Sept. 24, 1888, [illegible] SUNDAY.

[illegible]

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Supt.

LADIES PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

[illegible]

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DURHAM, N. C.

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March 13, 1888. 1y.