

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

More interest has been aroused about the election of a United States Senator in Georgia. The two leading aspirants for the position were Gov. John B. Gordon, the most distinguished Georgian now living, and Patrick Calhoun, Esq., a learned lawyer and the principal attorney of the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company. It was generally believed that Gov. Gordon would be defeated because he opposed the sub-treasury bill. Last week a number of the Alliance members of the Georgia Legislature held a caucus and nominated Mr. Calhoun as the Alliance candidate for Senator. This nomination, however, was severely denounced by many other members of the Alliance, who vowed that they would vote for the attorney and controlling master of so great a monopoly. They even alleged that unfair means had been used to effect his nomination, and openly accused Dr. Macon, the editor of the National Economist, of corruption in securing Mr. Calhoun's nomination. This grave accusation was openly made by some of the best members of the Georgia Alliance, and they charged Dr. Macon with many things, which if published in the Record might subject this paper to the pains and penalties of the boycott proposed by Dr. Macon and Col. Folk for all "the subsidized press" that dared to say anything disrespectfully of them. And yet "which is it?"

As will be seen from a telegram, published in another column, Gordon was elected on last Tuesday, and the scheme to elect Mr. Calhoun was defeated by the Alliance as soon as it was exposed. We wonder if Dr. Macon will make a similar attempt at Raleigh this winter?

ONLY FOUR lawyers will be in the next Legislature of the State of Kansas. The Farmers' Alliance carried the election in that State, and this accounts for the small number of lawyers who will aid in making the laws of that State. In North Carolina it is somewhat the same case. There are fewer lawyers elected to our Legislature this year than ever before known. There are so few indeed, that there will not be enough to form the Judiciary committee in either the Senate or House. In every Legislature there is a committee, called the Judiciary Committee and composed of lawyers, to which is referred all bills that amend or repeal any existing law, and it is considered the most important committee in the Legislature.

The fact of there being so few lawyers in the Legislature will probably prove profitable to the lawyers of the State, and they may reasonably expect a rich harvest as the result of the legislation of the next General Assembly. The fewer lawyers there are in a Legislature the more profitable it is for the legal profession. But is it better for the people? We will see. Any lawyer who is fit to go to the Legislature can make more money by his practice than by the per diem which is paid members of the Legislature, after deducting his expenses.

CONSUMPTION is an insidious disease that has been considered incurable. It is estimated that 90,000 persons die of this disease every year in the United States, a larger number than was killed in both armies during any year of our civil war. Of course then any man would be hailed as a great benefactor of his race who could cure so fatal a disease. We published last week a statement in regard to the alleged cure discovered by a distinguished German scientist, Prof. Koch, and now later investigations tend to show that there are reasonable grounds for believing that his alleged cure is the most beneficent discovery of this wonderful age of progress. It is now thought by the most eminent physicians that Prof. Koch's remedy will certainly be effective in incipient cases and promises well in cases more advanced. It is reasonably certain that a great discovery has been made which will measurably benefit humanity.

THE FIRST State Convention was held last week at Shelby, and was largely attended. During the past year the churches composing the Convention were all in good condition, and were increasing and growing both spiritually and financially. The report of the Treasurer showed that \$13,710.38 had been contributed for State Missions, \$8,972.36 for Foreign Missions and \$4,203.97 for Home Missions. The receipts for the Thomsville Orphanage were \$15,151.15.

The next session of the Convention will be held at Raleigh.

Our Washington Letter.

(From our line the correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14, 1890.

Mr. Benjamin Harrison is no longer "in it." His chances of a re-nomination, if he ever had any, have been knocked into smithereens and the wily Secretary of State is again the autocrat of the badly shaken and demoralized republican party. This is doubly fortunate for the country. Because in the first place, there is no re-nomination, the advice of Mr. Blaine will prevent the Senate passing the Force bill at the coming session of Congress, and in the next place, because if Mr. Blaine be the nominee of the republican party in 1892 he is certain to be defeated. For these reasons the democratic leaders are pleased with the change which has come over their opponents.

All of the wild newspaper talk about the red-hot Speakership campaign that is now being waged in Washington is absolute nonsense. There are not twenty five democratic members elect of the House of the Fifty-second Congress at present in this city. Of course, the matter is being talked about, in that it is the most exclusive subject of conversation in political circles, but still the campaign has not begun, and is not likely to open until Congress meets, and not then unless it becomes certain that an extra session of the newly elected House will be called in the Spring. The names of nearly a score of gentlemen are talked of for the honor, some from the South, some from the West, and some from the Middle States, but so far there seems to be no indication that any section has, or will combine in favor of a candidate because he comes from any particular section of the country, notwithstanding the sensational newspaper dispatches, the contrary sent out from Washington. The democratic party has never been sectional in its policy, and will not at this late day follow the example of the republicans in that respect, and all reports to the contrary may be set down as only a few more republican schemes to divide the electorate solely in the hope of exciting a discussion in the ranks of the republicans, to locate the party. Every democrat with whom I have talked about the Speakership is convinced by the same argument, and has qualified to perform the duties of an exacting office of the highest order, a man with ability and practical experience, and without a name which is at all times coolly regarded. Who will make no mistakes that can be used against the party in 1892. There is, and will be, no fight in the party over this or any other question. It is perfectly natural that many should be an honorable and good natured rivalry to do and to be the most important position under our form of government, and the shaping and controlling of Congressional legislation. Quay must go. The matter has been decided by the republican leaders, who are now waiting for some one to take his place as the head of the republican National committee.

Secretary Whitman's report will be largely made up of analyzed argument in favor of "protection" and of the McKinley tariff law in particular, and it is hoped by the democrats that Mr. Harrison will demolish the record made in his message. If the republican party, as represented by the administration and the party in the present Congress, and especially by the new tariff law the President will not only meet the President, but they will be obliged to denounce Congress.

Senator John Sherman is somewhat paradoxical in a newspaper interview. He professes absolute sequences to the country as the result of the democratic Government, then naively adds that the only hope of the republican party is that the country will be less prosperous during the next two years than it was last year. The republican party avows it was the author of the McKinley tariff law.

Representative Ferris of Virginia, who led the demagogues in an attempt to defeat the passing of the Longston bill, is in the news. He was asked what he thought the best House would do, and he responded as follows: "Its most important duty will be to revise the tariff, and by bills covering certain articles to attempt a general revision, but the duty on binding, ready-made clothing and the necessaries of life will be reduced. We shall not support any among the population of the Senate who have learned by experience what Mr. Blaine's rare political sagacity means. Then will come a clean cut free coinage bill. In positions we shall be national not extravagant. We will not go back to the old rule which allowed one man to obstruct legislation, but there will be no rule. The House framed by Mr. Reed," speaking of Representative Darnell's support of a bill, which is to amend an act known as Congressional. Mr. Ferris said: "It is not a fair bill, and I intend to fight it, if it fall and I will not see it."

Revolt in Honduras. By Lingeris, San Salvador, via Galveston, Nov. 11.—On the evening of the 9th inst. a part of the garrison at Tegucigalpa, Honduras, was incited by Gen. Longino Sanchez to revolt. A took possession of the arsenal. President Bogran at once took the field against the insurgents, rallying Pueblo to his support. Already there has been severe fighting. San Salvador has, up to the present time, remained neutral.

Gordon Elected Senator.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 18.—John B. Gordon was elected to the United States Senate to succeed H. M. Joseph, Jr. The Senate voted first and then the House got twenty-five votes to elect for the field.

The House voted at 12 o'clock, and Gordon, in the call of the roll, received thirty-four votes. There were a number of absences, and Gordon's support through the House like a bonfire under the wildest excitement on the part of the members.

The attempt to betray the Alliance was frustrated by a pair of the members, who had been grossly imposed upon by the same representations, to their faith in principle. Calhoun and his associates were so grossly deceived as to secure for him a caucus nomination from the Alliance members of the Georgia Legislature, and he thought this was the first and a sure step to the election as United States Senator today. But the great scheme of manipulation through false representations was exposed by some brave men, and the result was a repudiation of Calhoun by the very men who found out just in the nick of time that they had honored him with too much confidence. He may not get the railroads, but the Alliance has decided not to let him run that or anything else.

The W. C. T. U. Convention.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—Yesterday was the second day of the National W. C. T. U. Convention. The program was: Session and Temperance from 9:30 to 11:30, and Temperance from 11:30 to 1:30. Dr. J. C. Williams, of the W. C. T. U., presided, and a number of reports were read. The report of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union was especially interesting, and showed a wonderful increase in the work of the union all over the world. The city is full of delegates, and all private residences are filled with delegates. The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union is a wonderful organization, and its work is being carried on in every part of the world. The convention is a grand success, and the delegates are all well.

Hoped With a Negro.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—A Negro was elected to the position of a Senator at Raleigh, N. C. The election was a grand success, and the delegates are all well.

A Train Falls Through a Bridge.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—This morning a freight train was wrecked by crossing a bridge over the river in this city. The train consisted of five loaded with logs, falling into the water. A man who was crossing the bridge was killed. The bridge was built by the State, and the accident was a grand success.

Killed by a Boiler Explosion.

PITTSBORO, Pa., Nov. 17.—A terrible accident took place at Markettown, this county, at 7 o'clock this morning, which resulted in the death of three men and the maiming of five. While the employees of Edward Fox's stove factory were preparing to start to work and the engine getting up steam in the boiler, one of the large boilers exploded. The boiler was completely wrecked. Henry E. Perry, aged 71, Samuel Hubert, aged 25, and Charles Oswald, aged 45, were instantly killed. Among the men seriously injured are Samuel Epler, Frederick DeLong, Albert Ruppert, John B. Anderson and Charles Albert, all terribly maimed and in pain. DeLong and Albert are limbs broken. The exact cause of the explosion is not known. The force of the explosion was felt a distance of five miles. The bodies of the killed were partially mangled. Charles Risher received fatal injuries. All seven of the injured were dwelling in the neighborhood when the explosion occurred.

Cheated by Spiritualists.

PITTSBORO, Pa., Nov. 17.—Paul H. Manning is suing the Susquehanna Spiritualists to recover from them \$1,000 and O. B. Brown of Landport \$200, which he alleges they swindled him out of. He says that he believed in Spiritualists, and that the rappings were directed to the house of the Browns, who were mediums in a residence communications from his dead wife, Adeline.

Men of Great Wealth.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—Andrew Carnegie is the richest man in the world, and he is a man who knows it. He is a man who works at 84 a week, and his money is not his own. He is a man who is a great success, and his money is not his own. He is a man who is a great success, and his money is not his own.

Hard to Find the Bottom.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—The market is hard to find the bottom. The market is hard to find the bottom. The market is hard to find the bottom.

San. Jones' Brother Kills a Negro.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.—A Negro was killed by a white man in this city. The man who killed the Negro was San. Jones' brother. The man who killed the Negro was San. Jones' brother.

People Wonder

People wonder why the market is so hard to find the bottom. The market is hard to find the bottom. The market is hard to find the bottom.

Improvement

The market is showing signs of improvement. The market is showing signs of improvement. The market is showing signs of improvement.

Revolt in Honduras

San Salvador, Honduras, has revolted. The revolt in Honduras is a grand success. The revolt in Honduras is a grand success.

OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

We just needed the six weeks' rushing business we've had to realize fully on what a broad base we really were standing this fall. If you haven't had a look at us yet, you will be surprised when you do see us. Our stores are wonderfully, completely stocked, and at the most attractive prices.

MEIN'S CLOTHING.

Overcoats: light, heavy and medium weights, from \$5 to \$30. Ought to be something within these limits to suit everybody. All here whenever you want them.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Overcoats from \$1 to \$15. You'll see all the styles that will be worn this season, in the very noblest patterns. Suits, Kilts, Two or Three Piece Suits and Long Pants Suits for school, play or dress, from \$2.50 to \$15. No such line elsewhere.

HATS

Never had a better stock of hats than we've got now. Boys' \$1.25 to \$1.50; Silk Hats \$5 to \$7; Boys' and Children's Hats \$1 to \$2.50. More hats than you've ever had. Prices reasonable.

FUR, FINE, FINE.

Underwear 25c to 50c; you may want them. Dress Suits, lined made; Kid Gloves, dressed and undressed, all \$1 to \$2; fine and cheap. Silk Hosiery, white, fine and good; and Knives, 50c to \$2; a fine assortment of suspenders. We are also agents for the Waco Rubber Cup, Bass Suspenders. Every buckle warranted for two years. If any buckle breaks, bring it to our store for a new one, and you get a new pair in place of the old one. If you let us know, we'll come to describe half our stock.

S. & D. BERWANGER, R. LEIGH, N. C.

FIRE, FIRE, EVERYBODY OUGHT TO INSURE THEIR PROPERTY.

W. C. HOME INSURANCE CO. This is a Home company and deserves the patronage of all North Carolinians. It was organized in 1808 and has paid over half a million dollars in losses and there is no one connected with it who is not a native-born citizen.

All losses paid promptly. Every prudent man ought to insure his property.

For terms, see application to H. A. LONDON, Agent, W. S. PRIMROSE, President, September 4, 1890.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

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Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Lungs and throat.

LUMBER!

All kinds of LUMBER for sale at the PITTSBORO SHUTTLE MILL. WEATHER-BORING, CEILING AND FLOORING.

Business and Rice Dues, on the River. Shuttles and other goods. Dues at only \$1.25 per 100 feet. W. S. WOODS, JR., Proprietor, Sept. 16, 1890.

OLD NICK, 120 and 4 Year-Old Goods.

RYE OR CORN WHISKEY, PEACH OR APPLE BRANDY.

That is made by us is the best and oldest in North Carolina. Write for Prices. Let us see if you can't get a better price.

OLD NICK WHISKEY.

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GIVE US A TRIAL.

200 consignments of all country produce solicited. PORTA POWELL, Sept. 25, 1890. 30a.

TO THE TEACHERS OF CHATHAM COUNTY.

Prof. A. B. Merritt will hold a Teachers' Institute at Pittsboro, N. C. on the 24th of November. All who are public school teachers are invited to attend. The Institute will be held at the Hotel. The Institute will be held at the Hotel.

EVERYTHING A FARMER NEEDS.

Every Farmer invited to call on us when he visits Raleigh, and extra good bargains will be given him.

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