The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1892.

LOCAL RECORDS.

—Spring Goods arriving daily at O. S. Poe & Son's.

—Guano and Acid Phosphate yet on hand, O. S. Poe & Son.

—Raleigh's fashionable milliner, Miss Maggie Reese, will fill orders promptly and in the latest styles.

—Messrs. Cross & Linehan have received their Spring stock of clothing which they are offering at bottom prices. See their "ad".

--O. S. Poe & Son have a full stock of Chattanooga Plows, double shovels, Georgia stocks, cotton hoes and other farming implements.

—Messrs. Goodwin & Remsberg have a select stock of tombstones and monuments both at Raleigh and Fayetteville, and will fill orders from either place.

—We are informed that the sub alliances at this place, at Mt. Olive, and at several other places in this county, decided at their last meeting that they would not go into the third party.

—Persons desiring to subscribe to newspapers or magazines, foreign or domestic, can save money and risk of remitting by giving their orders to Mr. J. Herbert Readen.

—Ernest Eubanks has opened at W. H. Leonard's old store a select stock of Fancy Groceries, Confectioneries, fruits, tobacco, stationery, &c., which he will sell at bottom prices. Call and see.

—The largest, finest and the ladies say the prettiest and cheapest stock of Spring and Summer dress goods have arrived and now opened at W. L. London & Son which have ever been shown in this market. They have a large stock laces, Swiss and Hamburg trimmings.

—O. S Poe & Son will not attempt to enumerate the many *bargains* they are offering in each department of merchandise, they simply invite you cordially to come and inspect their *new goods*. They will exhibit the largest and most nearly complete stock that they have ever carried.

—The new and fashionable Milliner from Baltimore has arrived and taken charge of the large and handsome stock of Millinery W. L. London & Son have just put in their annex. Call and see the handsome goods and get your hat and bonnet trimmed in the newest styles.

--On next Saturday afternoon the ladies of the Episcopal Church, at this place, will have an Easter egg hunt at the residence of Mr. L. J. Haughton, to which all the children of the village are invited. The hunt will begin promptly at 4 o'clock, and the price of admission is five cents.

—Next Monday being Easter Monday the young folks (and some of the old ones) will go on an excursion or picnic from here to Haywood, just as they did last Easter Monday. There will be quite a number of picnics and fishing parties at different places in the county and we hope that all will have a pleasant time of it.

—Mr. Joshua W. Hackney, of Williams township, died very suddenly on last Tuesday. He had been in his usual health, and, after eating dinner, had gone to his barn, where shortly afterwards he was found dead. He was 73 years old and was one of the most prominent citizens of this county.

--The recent cold snap has been very destructive to all vegetation. Last week there was every indication of an abundant fruit crop, but alas! for human hopes. On Sunday "there came a frost, a nipping frost" (ice formed a quarter of an inch thick) that killed nearly every peach and greatly damaged all the forward vegetables.

—We regret to hear of the sudden death of Miss Emily Frasier, of Gulf, which occurred a few days ago. She had eaten dinner and shortly afterwards dropped dead. Neuralgia of the heart is supposed to have been the cause of her death. She was a lady of many excellencies of character and was highly esteemed by all who knew her.

—Bynum & Headen have on hand *very fine* flour, hominy hay, pure lard, best cream cheese, fresh crackers, parched coffee, canned corn, canned tomatoes, rice, grits, Cuba and fine N. O. Molasses. Good Molasses for 25 cents per gallon, cotton hoes, one and two horse plows, plow points, plow steel, plow handles, &c. Just received, men's and boys' straw hats, new prints and dress goods. A nice lot of ladies fine shoes, &c All of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest for cash.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.—We have received a copy of the report of our State Auditor for 1891, from which we have compiled some statistics that may interest the citizens of Chatham. We find that our county is the fourth in size, having an area of 428,484 acres. The counties that have a larger area, are Robeson, Wake and Columbus. Chatham listed for taxation 2,766 horses, and the counties that listed a larger number are Buncombe, Davidson, Rowan, Randolph, Guilford and Iredell. Our county listed 2,424 mules, and the counties that listed a larger number are Mecklenburg, Wake, Robeson, Edgecombe and Columbus. Only one county, and that one is Buncombe, listed a larger number of cattle than Chatham did, and that was only 90 more. Our county, however, listed a great many more sheep than any other county in the State, and was behind only four other counties in the number of hogs. This is a very good showing for Chatham, and should stimulate our farmers in their efforts to raise live stock and make their own supplies.

THE PRESBYTERY.—The 158th session of the Presbytery of Fayetteville is being held this week in the Presbyterian church at this place. The session began on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. After devotional exercises and a sermon by Rev. D. Fairley, the Presbytery was called to order by Rev. W. F. Thom, the Moderator of the last session. The roll of ministers and delegates was called by the stated Clerk, Rev. P. R. Law, and a quorum answered to their names. The election of a Moderator being the first business, Rev. D. R. McBryde and Rev. J. M. Clark were placed in nomination, and a vote being taken resulted in 17 votes for Clark and 15 for McBryde. On motion, Rev. J. S. Black and Mr. J. W. McLaughlin were elected temporary clerks. On motion of Rev. W. F. Thom the hours of meeting for each day were arranged as follows: at 9 a. m. until 11:30 when religious services will begin; meet again at 3 p. m. and at 8 p. m.

At the meeting yesterday morning three ministers from other Presbyteries, Revs. William M. Eldridge, D. W. Fox and W. B. Arrowood, were duly examined and admitted as ministers of the Fayetteville Presbytery and signed the required obligations.

An order was taken for the organization of a new church within the bounds of Bluff church, in Cumberland county.

A number of committees were appointed and vacancies filled.

The most important and interesting feature of yesterday's proceedings was an elaborate and carefully prepared report on Church and Christian Education by Rev. P. R. Law, chairman of a special committee appointed for that purpose. The report contained many valuable historical statistics as to the church and cause during the past hundred years, and recommended that the churches composing this Presbytery make subscriptions for the establishment of an academy of high grade to be under the management of the Presbytery.

The following is a list of the Ministers present: Revs. D. Fairley, H. G. Hall, D. D., J. M. Clark, J. S. Black, K. A. McLeod, A. N. Ferguson, P. R. Law, W. R. Arrowood, W. M. Eldridge, M. Mott Smith, D. N. McLaughlin, Joseph Evans, J. W. Johnston, W. F. Thom, D. R. McBryde, and J. M. Rose, Jr.

The following lay delegates are in attendance on the Presbytery: J. R. Graham, J. W. McLaughlin, R. S. Blue, M. McN. Kelly, Malcolm McLean, D. A. Blue, J. M. Blue, J. M. McIver, J. B. Massenburg, James Dunlap, J. M. N. Johnston, William Black, J. A. McPherson, A. C. Wicker, J. B. Brown, John D. McLeod, D. C. Shaw, L. Shaw, D. J. McDonald, J. A. Alston, John W. Scott, D. L. Currie, D. Y. White, J. T. Roberts, James R. Thomas and D. Z. Harper.

Until two years ago Chatham county was in the Orange Presbytery, but in 1891 was transferred to the Presbytery of Fayetteville, which was organized in 1812 and is now composed of the counties of Chatham, Cumberland, Harnett, Montgomery, Moore, Richmond and Robeson. According to the last annual reports there are 64 churches in this Presbytery, 22 Ministers and 7,165 members, a larger number of members than in any other Presbytery belonging to the Southern General Assembly.

The meeting of the Presbytery will close on Saturday, but a few of the Ministers will remain over and preach here on Sunday. Our citizens of all denominations are entertaining the delegates as hospitably as they can and have extended to them a most cordial welcome to our ancient Borough.

THIRD PARTY RESOLUTIONS.—As requested, the Record publishes the following resolutions adopted at Pace's Mill, on last Saturday:

"We, the citizens of Baldwin township, in mass meeting assembled, do assert that while we have supported the principles and honored the leaders of the old political parties that we have not received that recognition from the law making power that we deserve but that legislation has been entirely one sided, and in the interest of the plutocracy and has well nigh brought us to bankruptcy and ruin. Therefore

Resolved 1st That our hopes are based on the success of one whom we believe is worthy of any office or honor that can be conferred on any man in this great country. It is through him and his followers that our republic must be brought to the glory and the fame that was conceived in the minds of our Revolutionary fathers. We recognize Col. L. L. Polk as the man. We believe him to be a true patriot and a great statesman. Therefore, we denounce and condemn every effort that has been or will be made to thwart his great work and malign his good name.

2nd. That we further assert that a political organization is necessary to redress the grievances of which we complain and that we heartily endorse the platform adopted by the Confederated Industrial Organization at St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 22-24, 1892, and that it is our purpose to support that political organization which represents our principles.

3rd. While we do so much regret to sever our connection with the old political parties, with which we have affiliated so long, it seems the time has arrived when we will have to forever abandon the same and in the future not support any man for office who is not in sympathy with us and our demands.

4th. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the *Progressive Farmer*, *Alliance Echo*, and CHATHAM RECORD for publication."

In publishing the above the RECORD cannot refrain from adding a few words of comment. In the first place it is through no fault of the *democratic party* that "legislation has been entirely one sided", because that party has not had charge of the legislative department of the national government in over thirty years. Why then hold that party responsible?

In the next place, if our countrymen's only "hopes are based on the success" of such "a true patriot and great statesman" as L. L. Polk, may the good Lord have mercy on them!

Third Party Meeting.

A public meeting was held in the interest of the third party at Pace's Mill, in Baldwin township, on last Saturday, at which from seventy-five to one hundred persons were present. By request of some of the true democrats of that neighborhood Mr. A. H. Merritt was present and was invited to address the meeting. As most of our readers are aware, Mr. Merritt is one of the most prominent and intelligent members of the Alliance in the State, and proves his intelligence by being opposed to the third party. On this occasion he made a most capital speech, which we would like to publish in full for the benefit of our readers. He directed his arguments against the Third Party movement. He said that the Alliance was a non political organization. If it went into politics it would become amenable to the laws of the State forbidding secret political societies and consequently disrupt and ruin the order forever. The Alliance was a protest against bad legislation. The Republican party was responsible for every oppressive law upon the statute books. The Alliance speakers had been at fault in all their addresses to the people in blaming the Democrats equally with the Republicans. The Democratic party was of the people and for the people and in no way equally with their demands for reform. Reform could never come through the Third Party—it must come, if it comes at all, through the Democratic party. It would be suicidal to our best interests to desert the democratic party now. It would make sure the defeat of the democratic candidate for President and fasten more firmly forever the grip of the Republican party upon the nation. It would turn the state over to the rule of the Republicans until the day of 68—the days of Dawson, Littlefield and Furgeson taught us expected to return to haight our present good government.

It would be political madness to go over into the Third party even if all its doings were just and proper, but some of the demands were not only not just but positively repugnant to every principle of good government.

To get possession of the railroads the government would have to confiscate or purchase. If it has a right to condemn the railroads it would have the same right to condemn factories, mills, stores of all kinds, land and mules. The assessed valuation of the railroads, amount to nearly ten billion dollars. This is no inconsiderable sum. It would take the last dollar of Gould and Vanderbilt combined to pay the interest on that debt for one year or about twice as much as all the property in N. C. It would entail a debt that it would take generations and perhaps centuries to pay.

Further, the government could not afford to take the roads as a free gift. The experience of our own state shows the utter folly of a State's undertaking the management of Railroads. The President now has the appointment of about 150,000 officers. Add 750,000 Railroad officials, and 100,000 for telegraph and telephone operators. This would give the President one million of appointees. With the army and navy and all the railroads at his command he would have more power than the Czar of Russia or any despot on the globe. Power would be completely centralized, and any ambitious man could perpetuate his own rule till it should be overthrown by a revolution.

Railroading has been reduced to a science. None but men skilled in the business can run a railroad. The President would appoint railroad officials as he does post masters—for political considerations. In unskilled hands accidents would become more frequent, travel by rail would become dangerous, transportation of freight would become slow, uncertain, and perplexing. If through the negligence of the road you should lose your stock, or the life of your wife or daughter no damages could be recovered for you cannot sue the government. The proposition to get possession of our railroads was subversive of the foundation principles of our free government. It is impracticable, revolutionary, absurd, monstrous!

Mr. Merritt commented on the Woman's Suffrage plank of the platform and also on the impudent proposition to pay the federal soldiers the difference between gold and greenbacks, but we have heard but little of what he said on these points.

Mr. W. F. Strowd undertook a reply. His remarks were disjointed and desultory. He acknowledged that the Republican party was in the majority in Congress when all those obnoxious laws were passed, but that the Democratic party became equally responsible for them because some democrats voted for each one of them!

He declared that every public document that came from Washington was lying and misleading and that Mr. Merritt's figures taken from the last census report with regard to the railroads were false. He had Spofford's Almanac—no one dare doubt Spofford—and the value of all the railroads was only *three* billions. He was forced to acknowledge to Mr. Merritt that his Spofford was ten years behind date, and that even Spofford had to rely on the *census* returns for his data!

As to paying for the roads the government could issue money based on its own credit without its costing any one a cent—that there was a bill before Congress now to that effect—that it took only about sixty years to build all these roads and it could not take a longer time to pay for them—that a million of men holding offices under the President would be giving him great power, but that the roads were bound to come into the hands of the government, and one million was not so much when compared to sixty five millions, our present population. Both the old parties were abused with severity but the democrats caught it the worst. He concluded by saying he should vote for the resolutions (elsewhere published). Mr. Merritt asked if voting for those resolutions did not fully commit him to the Third party? Mr. Strowd rather evaded a direct reply by saying "it only looked that way". But in the colloquy that ensued Mr. Strowd threw away the mask and said finally, "My course has put me outside the democratic party. I shall not go into any democratic primary or convention. It would be an act of duplicity for me to do so".

And yet this is the same Mr. Strowd, who when seeking the democratic nomination for Congress, in 1890, declared in his speech in the democratic convention that he was "a Hebrew of the Hebrews, a democrat of the strictest sect"!

Third Party Meeting.

EGYPTGROVE, Chatham Co., N. C.

MR. EDITOR: A mass meeting, composed of about 250 of the most prominent citizens in Williams township, was held at Fearrington's Mills, on March 25th, 1892, in order that every man might have an opportunity of expressing his views publicly in regard to the approval or objections to the St. Louis platform. At 12:30 p. m. the meeting was called to order by Chairman, Rev. H. Sears, who stated, in a few well timed remarks, the object of the meeting. The record of the preceding meeting was carefully read before the platform was offered for adoption, and, after a thorough discussion of the various demands contained in the platform, it was taken up by sections for adoption and unanimously adopted. The following resolutions were also unanimously adopted:

1. That we will not support any candidate of any party unless he first endorses and pledges himself to stand by and support the St. Louis platform *verbatim et literatim*.

2. That we believe (under existing circumstances) that we can best have our demands enacted into law by recognizing and supporting the People's party.

3. That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the *Progressive Farmer* and the CHATHAM RECORD for publication and all other papers to copy the same.

Respectfully yours,

M. V. PERE.

Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin.

CLIMAT. OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin issued by the North Carolina Experiment Station and State Weather Service for the week ending Saturday, April 9, 1892, show that very favorable weather crop conditions have prevailed since the beginning of April. The first three months of the year have been cold and wet and spring commenced very late this year, which has delayed farming operations somewhat. The late spring has been favorable to the fruit crop.

The average dates of planting and harvesting crops are as follows: Preparation of soil generally completed by end of March. Cotton planted April 1st to April 30th, harvested September to January. Tobacco transplanted April 15th to May 30th; harvested August to October. Corn planted about April 1st; harvested in September. Wheat and Rye planted Oct. 1st to December; harvested June 1st. Oats planted October 10th; harvested June 15th.

The recent cold snap did great damage to the truck farms around New Bern.

One might as well try to stem the rapids of Niagara, as to expect perfect health while a Scrofulous taint exists in the blood. Through its alterative and purifying properties, Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes every vestige of Scrofulous poison from the blood.

Durham Marble Works.

R. L. Rogers & Co., Marble Dealers, Durham, N. C., are receiving and have on hand the largest and handsomest stock of marble and granite monuments and tombstones ever brought to this State, and they guarantee to sell the same from five to ten per cent cheaper than any other dealers. They no longer have any agents, but will give their customers the benefit of agents' commissions. They are dealers also in iron railing for cemetery enclosures and lawn vases. When you need anything in their line write for price list and designs and, if desired, one of the firm will call to see you in person, which is always pleasant and gives more satisfaction.

HILLSBORO, N. C., June 25, 1890.

I have used the Electropoise in my family for over a year and am thoroughly convinced it is the surest cure for any disease that is curable, and it is better for women than anything else. I use it for every ailment and it has always given relief at once. I can recommend it to any one that is sick.

Very respectfully,

MRS. JOHN KIRKLAND.

MARRIED.

☞ Notices of deaths and marriages inserted free. Ordinaries charged seven cents a line.

BAY—COVEY.—In Hickory Mountain township, on the 10th inst., by A. T. Dixon, J. P., Mr. LEON-ARD BAY to Miss CARRIE COVEY.

CREEK—DURHAM.—Near Hadley's Mills, Chatham county, N. C., April 7th, 1892, Mr. D. W. CREEK to Miss ETTA W. DURHAM, Rev. O. T. Edwards officiating.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—HAVING qualified as executors of Hosten Hearne, deceased, notice is given to creditors to present their claims to us, or our attorney Thomas B. Womack, on or before April 14th, 1893, or this notice will be plended in bar of their recovery. Sale of personal property, May 9th, 1892.

April 14th, 1892. A. G. HEARNE, S. B. HEARNE.

LAND SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the superior court of Chatham county I will sell at public auction on the PREMISES, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of May, 1892, that certain tract of land in Bear Creek township, containing about 80 acres, adjoining the lands of Susan Gilbert and others, and being the same belonging to the estate of the late Atlas J. Burroughs. Terms of sale: one-half cash, and one-half in six months with 8 per cent. interest.

G. A. SMITH, Commissioner.

H. A. LONDON, Attorney.
April 14, 1892.

SPRING MILLINERY.

Miss Maggie Reese,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Now in stock the most select lot of Millinery ever brought to Raleigh.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

April 11, 1892.

GOODWIN & REMSBURG,

PROPRIETORS OF

RALEIGH and FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE and GRANITE WORKS.

MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES A SPECIALTY.

Write for designs and prices before buying elsewhere.

April 7, 1892.

WHICH DO YOU WISH? A NEW SPRING SUIT? A NEW HAT? —OR— A NEW SCARF?

We are making greater efforts than ever to please you.

WE HAVE THE NOBBIEST LINE OF -S-U-I-T-S- TO SHOW THIS SPRING

that has ever been shown in Durham.

-NECKWEAR-

In the latest shades that are now all the rage.

Later we will say more. Don't forget the place.

W. A. SLATER & CO.,
109 Main Street, DURHAM, N. C.
April 7, 1892.

ELLIS, STONE & CO.,

DURHAM, N. C.

Our new stock for Spring of 1892 now opened.

STYLES WERE NEVER SO HANDSOME!

DRY GOODS, WHITE GOODS, LACES, HOSIERY, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, &C., &C.

Samples on request. Mail orders over $5.00 delivered FREE.

Respectfully,

ELLIS, STONE & CO.

April 7, 1892.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—[illegible] W. H. MARVIN

J. J. THOMAS, President. B. S. JERMAN, Cashier.
ALF. A. THOMPSON, Vice-President, H. W. JACKSON, Ass't Cashier.

The Commercial and Farmers' Bank,

OF RALEIGH, N. C.

Paid up capital $100,000.00. Authorized capital $500,000.00.

Chartered by the Legislature of North Carolina, February 25, 1891.

DIRECTORS:

J. J. Thomas,	B. N. Duke,	H. A. London,	A. F. Page,
G. W. Watts,	H. B. Battle,	Ashley Horne,	Fred. Philips,
J. B. Hill,	F. B. Dancey,	R. B. Raney,	Wm. Boylan, Jr.
A. A. Thompson,	T. H. Briggs,	J. N. Holding,	

OUR CARDINAL POINTS:

SAFETY, PROMPTNESS, LIBERALITY, COURTESY.

Accounts of Farmers, Banks, Corporations, Administrators and Individuals solicited on favorable terms.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to accounts of Country Merchants and individuals.

COLLECTIONS made promptly on all accessible points.

Our large

LARGE STEEL AND GRANITE FIRE-PROOF VAULT

is fitted with

Time Lock Burglar Proof Safe and Safety Deposit Boxes.

THE ONLY BANK IN RALEIGH WHERE CUSTOMERS HAVE THEIR OWN SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES—A PLACE WHERE MONEY, JEWELRY and VALUABLE PAPERS are absolutely safe.

Correspondence solicited.

Sept. 24, 1891. 1y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—HAVING qualified as the executor of Dr. Thomas A. Brooks, deceased, I hereby notify all persons holding claims against the said deceased to exhibit the same to me on or before the 17th day of March, 1893. All persons indebted to said decedent are notified to make immediate settlement.

March 17, 1892. O. A. HANSEL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having qualified as administrator with the will annexed upon the estate of Samantha Meadows, and all creditors will present their claims to me or to my attorney, Thomas B. Womack, on or before the 15th day of March, 1893, or this notice will be plended in bar of their recovery.

March 17, 1892. THOMAS B. WOMACK.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE of a mortgage executed to me by William Atkins and wife, and recorded in page [illegible] in Book [illegible], in the office of the Register of Deeds of Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction at the courthouse door in said county, on SATURDAY the 16th day of April, 1892, the land described in said mortgage, adjoining the lands of J. R. Maynard and others.

March 17, 1892. D. P. STEDMAN.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE of a mortgage executed to me by Stanford Hearne and wife and recorded on page [illegible] in Book [illegible], in the office of the Register of Deeds of Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of May, 1892, a certain tract of land in Baldwin township, containing 20 acres, and adjoining the lands of J. J. Fearrington, A. D. Burnett and others and described in said mortgage.

April 7, 1892. J. A. THOMPSON.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE of a mortgage executed to me by Thomas H. Melville and recorded on page [illegible] in Book [illegible], in the office of the Register of Deeds of Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction, at the door of the Hotel Pittsboro, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of April, 1892, that certain tract of land in Baldwin township, adjoining the lands of W. F. Smith and others, and being lot No. 9 in the divisions of the lands of Valley Smith.

March 17, 1892. MARTHA A. SMITH.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE of a mortgage executed to me by A. N. Lineberry and wife, and recorded on pages [illegible] in Book [illegible], in the office of the Register of Deeds of Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of May, 1892, the tract of land described in said mortgage, adjoining the lands of John W. Perry, W. A. Lineberry and others, containing about 80 acres, and being the same drawn to Mrs. Sarah Lineberry in the division of the lands of William Lineberry.

March 21, 1892. C. C. CHECK.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE of a mortgage executed to Jasper Gleason, Alfred Gleason and Hines by W. M. & J. W. Gleason and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Chatham, in Book [illegible], page 10, to secure notes to said Hines, I will sell for cash at the Courthouse door in Pittsboro, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of April, 1892, the following tract of land, to wit: [illegible] the lands of John H. Lane and others, being the same conveyed to said W. M. & J. W. Gleason by the [illegible] in the matter of Jasper Gleason, deceased, and containing [illegible] acres, more or less.

March 17, 1892. S. M. HOLT, C. S. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF CHATHAM: In the Superior Court.

W. W. GRAVES against DAVID GRAVES.

This cause coming on to be heard and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant, after due diligence, cannot be found within this State, so that the ordinary process of law can be served upon him, and it further appearing that he is a necessary and proper party to this action, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Chatham Record, a newspaper published in Chatham county, that the defendant appear at the next term of this court, to be held at the courthouse in Pittsboro, on the 4th Monday after the first Monday in March, 1892, and answer or demur to the complaint in this action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

C. C. MASON, Clerk.
March 17, 1892. S. M. HOLT, C. S. C.

NORTH CAROLINA—CHATHAM COUNTY. In the Superior Court.

G. W. COLSON, administrator Eliza Coleman, vs. [illegible]

It appearing to the satisfaction of the clerk of this court that the defendants, Thomas Hardy, a non-resident, is a proper and necessary party to this proceeding, and the ends of justice demand that he be made a party defendant, it is ordered that he appear at the next term of this court and answer the complaint in this cause, or the petitioner will apply for the relief demanded therein.

T. B. FOWLER, Attorney. S. M. HOLT, C. S. C.
March 3, 1892.

WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is made of the best stock, in the most approved manner, by the most skillful workmen, and we guarantee it to hold its shape and give more wear than any other shoe.

$5. 00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf imported shoe sold for $5.00 equals French imported shoes sold elsewhere at $7.00 to $12.00.

$4. 00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, using grade as common as is sold elsewhere at $5.00 to $6.00.

$3. 50 Police Shoe Extra, Indorsed by prominent men in all walks of life as the best shoe ever offered at this price. Worth $4.00 to any man who wears it. Boys' three soles, extra quality, $3.00 per pair.

$2. 50 and $2.00 Workingman's Shoe are popular shoes for men who want a good serviceable shoe. Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worth from $2.50 to $3.00 wherever they are sold. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary school shoes.

Ladies' $3.00, Hand-sewed shoe, best imported French calf, stylish and durable. Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best in the world for the money. Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If not for sale in your town, we can supply you. Sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Catalogue free. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. LONDON & SON.

WORTH & WORTH,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Wholesale Grocers.

Only Importers of NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Cargo now in of EXCELLENT QUALITY.

March 10, 1892.

HARDWARE!

STOVES AND TINWARE!

WAGON MATERIAL!

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS!

LIME, PLASTER CEMENT!

AND

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS GENERALLY

TOOLS and CUTLERY.

BARBED WIRE FENCING

ETC., ETC.

LOADED SHELLS,

2 CENTS EACH!

Prices to Suit You!

THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SPRING GOODS.

We have received our first lot of MILLINERY GOODS for the Spring trade, and would be pleased to show them to you.

Our Senior will go North in a few days to complete this stock, and we will offer a better line than ever before.

WARNER'S CORSETS IN ALL SIZES.

[illegible] HOSIERY IN ALL GRADES.

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March 10, 1892.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA—COUNTY OF CHATHAM: In the Superior Court.

John A. Knight, Administrator of J. T. Brewer, deceased,

against

George W. Brewer, Thomas Brewer and William Brewer.

The above entitled action is a special proceeding for an account and settlement of the plaintiff's administration of his intestate's estate, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court by affidavit that the defendants are the heat of kin and heirs at law of plaintiff's intestate and are necessary parties to this proceeding, and are also non-residents of this State and cannot after due diligence be found therein, they are hereby notified to be and appear at my office in the town of Pittsboro, on the 20th day of April, 1892, and answer or demur to the plaintiff's complaint, or the relief demanded therein will be granted.

S. M. HOLT, C. S. C.

H. A. London, Attorney.
March 10, 1892.