The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1894.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

Visit to Asheville.

For the first time in three years we visited Asheville, immediately on the adjournment of the recent Press convention at Morganton, and remained there two days. Many improvements had been made since our previous visit, so that Asheville is now the most city like city in the State. The paving of the main streets is a great improvement, for there are more paved streets than in any other city in North Carolina, and no city needed them more. And by-the-way these pavements are made of bricks, and they seem to answer the purpose very well. About four years ago the city voted an issue of of $640,000 in bonds for city improvements, and thus far about two thirds of that amount have been expended.

As our readers are aware Asheville is a noted resort for invalids and pleasure-seekers. In the winter they come from the North, and in the summer they come from the South, so that it is well filled with visitors all the year round. There are more and better accommodations for visitors than are usually found in cities much larger than Asheville. In addition to numerous boarding houses there are several commodious and well-kept hotels, the most famous of which is the celebrated "Battery Park", at which it was our good fortune to be most delightfully entertained. This noted hostelry is situated on an eminence that overlooks the city, and yet is within a short walk of its business centre, combining all the advantages of the *rus in urbe*. From this hotel, and the lovely grounds surrounding it, a most extensive and magnificent view is enjoyed.

But the chief attraction at or near Asheville is Vanderbilt's place, and a visit to it is of itself well worth a trip to Asheville. As is well known, Mr. George W. Vanderbilt of New York, a few years ago, bought several thousand acres of land near Asheville and began the erection of a residence that will be the grandest in America, when completed. Work on it was begun four years ago, and it will take probably four years more to finish it. The material of which it is being constructed is chiefly Indiana lime stone, brought there in huge blocks, and then sawed into any desired size or shape and polished by machinery. This process of so easily handling and sawing these immense blocks of stone seemed quite wonderful. Adjoining the residence, and connected by a stone corridor, is the stable, which is a wonder to behold. This is also constructed of Indiana lime stone, and its cost will far exceed the cost of any dwelling in the State. It will accommodate about seventy-five horses and carriages innumerable. The stalls are very expensively fitted up. In the second story of the stable are forty rooms for the servants, including not only bed-rooms, but a parlor, reading room and dining room. Adjoining the residence (or "castle", as it is called) is a tennis court, said to have cost over $50,000. Indeed everything around or connected with the castle is on the grandest and most costly style.

From the castle a very extended view is had of all the surrounding country and of the mountain peaks in the far distance. The approach to the castle is made over a magnificent macadamized road, a drive over which is perfectly delightful. The entrance to the grounds or park (about six thousand acres in extent) is guarded by a sentinel, and no one is admitted without a written permit. From this entrance to the castle is about two miles over the magnificent road that winds and curves in climbing the mountain so gracefully and gradually that you are scarcely aware that you are all the time driving up hill. On each side of the roadway are lovely flowers and evergreens, some natural (indigenous to the soil) and others planted there at a considerable cost. Indeed this drive is as picturesque and charming as nature and money can make it. And this is but a beginning, for it is said that Mr. Vanderbilt has determined to build and adorn one hundred miles of roads, in similar style, through his extensive park. When this is done "Vanderbilt's Park" will be a rival of the renowned Yellowstone Park in extent and beauty of scenery, and will be undoubtedly the most magnificent private park in America. In addition to this extensive property, Mr. Vanderbilt has recently bought 75,000 acres of mountain land several miles distant, which it is said will be used as his hunting preserves.

Of course a great deal of money has been, and is being, expended in this vast undertaking. Hundreds of men are given all sorts of employment, from his superintendent (who is said to receive $100 a day) to the day laborer who receives less than that number of cents. For his employees he has built quite a little town at the nearest station on the R & D. railroad, called Biltmore, where is a comfortable hotel (or "inn" as it is called), stores, post office, &c. His own private railroad connects this station with his residence, three miles distant, so that he can enter his private car at New York and ride in it to the very door of the castle. Indeed we saw this magnificent Wagner car inside the inclosure surrounding the castle, awaiting Mr. Vanderbilt's pleasure. And by the way we saw him also, as he happened to be there on one of his visits of inspection. He seemed to be a pleasant mannered unmarried man, about thirty years old, and without the affectation and haughtiness that frequently afflict millionaires.

SENATOR Jarvis's proposition to hold senatorial primaries is more plausible than proper, and is such an innovation that it should be very carefully considered before it is adopted. Without discussing now the policy or propriety of electing senators directly by the people, we would suggest that as long as the present system prevails senatorial primaries are hardly proper, because by them the smaller counties would lose, in a great degree, the weight and influence which they now wield in voting for Senators through their members of the Legislature. In other words this proposition, if adopted, would have the effect of indirectly changing the constitutional plan of electing senators. If the constitutional plan is defective and needs amendment, it ought to be amended and changed in the proper way, and not evaded in the manner proposed.

THE PRESIDENT of the French Republic was assassinated on last Sunday by an Italian, about 21 years old, who was at once arrested and was with great difficulty rescued from being torn to pieces by an enfuriated mob. So great a crime has sent a shock of horror throughout the civilized world, and has aroused the deepest sympathy, especially here, in the United States, whose citizens have twice been afflicted with a similar bereavement of Providence.

THUS far we have heard of no opposition to the recommendation of Capt. N. S. Parker as collector of this Judicial district, and we hope there will be none. His re-election without any opposition is not only deserved by him, but it would also be highly creditable to the voters of the district, as indicating that they duly appreciate the services of so competent and conscientious an officer.

Judge McIver Paralyzed.

Correspondence of the Wilmington Messenger.

LAURINBURG, June 23

Private letters from relatives of Judge James D. McIver, to friends here, say that he has been stricken with a form of paralysis that has usurped him very nearly to lose the use of his right side. He rode the Twelfth Judicial district this spring, succeeding Judge Armfield who was sick last fall. Consequently, the work of the district was full, and very heavy on Judge McIver. From February until the middle of June he worked almost incessantly, and just as he was rest ed again to his family, while attending church last Sunday, nature gave way and he lies now prostrate from over work and great change of climate, so the letters say. His physicians hope that rest and care will gradually restore him.

Greensboro is a Dry Town.

GREENSBORO, June 27.—At the regular meeting of the board of aldermen last night all the saloons in the city applied for license, but the board refused to grant them, thus making Greensboro a dry town. This action came about in this way. Capt. R. J. Fisher runs a bar in the rear of the Benbow House, and a majority of the board voted to compel the Captain to move his bar out on Main street, the same as the other saloons. This action incensed those who were in favor of allowing the hotel to remain as it is, and although in favor of license, they voted against all the applications. What the outcome will be your correspondent cannot tell.

A Mother's Fatal Mistake.

Special to the Charlotte Observer.

SALISBURY, June 21.—Herbert, the little fifteen months old son of Capt. W. F. Wilson, died here shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon from the effects of being accidentally given laudanum instead of another medicine. The child has been sick for several days and was being treated. Last night about 12 o'clock or later a sister of Mrs. Wilson got up to give the child medicine and by mistake gave it laudanum. The error was not discovered until too late to save the child. The accident is a lamentable one, and a very sad one to the bereaved parents.

Washington Letter.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 22, 1894.

"What can't be cured must be endured," is a homely adage that is about all the consolation that the average democrat can get out of the delay in the Senate in passing the tariff bill. Senator Harris, as the democratic leader, has done all that one man could do, and he has been ably supported by some of the democratic senators, but, unfortunately, not by all, and the margin is too small to force anything without a united support. Some of the democratic Senators seem to have an idea that when they pledged their votes to the bill they had performed their whole duty; as a consequence, here's another week gone and the final vote is not in sight, although it is difficult to see what excuse the republicans will have for prolonging the agony longer than next week. A democratic Senator remarked in my hearing today: "I don't believe the republicans will ever consent to have a vote taken on this bill until we compel them to do so." Whether this is true or not, I understand that it is the intention of nearly all of the republicans to make long speeches on some portion of the bill next week. If that is allowed it is a very easy mathematical calculation to show the impossibility of passing the bill next week.

President Cleveland's little salt water trip did him a world of good. He returned looking like a new man; but the trouble with him is that he works just as hard in the debilitating weather of summer as he does in cold weather, and the natural consequence is that he soon gets run down. He knows this just as well as anybody does, but he is so constituted that he cannot stop work unless he goes away from where the work is.

Speaker Crisp has been confined to his room the greater portion of this week with a stomach trouble. His physician made him stay in the house more as a precaution than because his condition made it necessary. Representative Bailey, of Texas, made a great success as Speaker pro tem.

Commissioner Lochren, of the Pension Bureau, will turn over to Uncle Sam on the 30th inst., the snug little sum of $25,000,000, which by economical management of that bureau he has saved out of the amount his republican predecessor estimated would be necessary to pay pensions from June 1, 1893, to June 30, 1894. Republicans who believe in wasteful and extravagant expenditure of public money will be sure to denounce Judge Lochren for not having paid out every dollar appropriated, but sensible people who believe that public business should be conducted on the same principles which govern successful private establishments will be apt to say: "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

The Senate committee has almost concluded its investigation of the sugar trust. It will hear no more witnesses, except the two or three Senators who have not, owing to their absence, yet been examined. It has already been a safe place that the report will not be unanimous, the republicans being determined to try to make political capital out of the matter.

In order that no inconvenience may be caused by the failure of the regular appropriation bills to become laws by the first of July the House Appropriation committee has reported a joint resolution extending the appropriations for this year thirty days from July 1. This indicates that members of that committee are of the opinion that the appropriation bills can all be passed by the first of August. Democrats hope to have things in such shape that Congress can adjourn about that date.

It might be supposed that with the Senate meeting daily at 10 o'clock and not adjourning before 6, or half past, that Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign committee, would be unable to find any time to devote to the work of the committee. But he does find lots of time. He spends something like an hour at committee headquarters every morning before the Senate meets and he returns in the evening as soon as he gets through his dinner and remains until 11 o'clock or later. Those who are familiar with the work he has already done pronounce him to be one of the most thorough organizers who ever directed the work of a campaign committee. Senator Faulkner is too experienced a political manager to discuss his plans in a newspaper, but it can be said without any violation of confidence that he is confident the democrats will control the House in the next Congress.

The House has again put its official endorsement on Representative Hatch's anti option bill.

Miners Buried Alive.

CARDIFF, June 24.—A dispatch from Pont Y Pridd, Glamorgan, says that a terrible explosion occurred this afternoon in the Albion colliery near that place. Two hundred miners are buried beneath the debris. Their fate is unknown, but it is believed that a large number have been killed.

CARDIFF, WALES, June 25.—A dispatch from Pont Y-Pridd this afternoon says that 172 bodies have been recovered from the Albion colliery, near Cilfynad, the scene of the fire-damp explosion of Saturday.

Caterpillars in Colorado.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., June 22.—Cripple Creek district is suffering from a caterpillar plague. In the vicinity of Four Mile they have eaten all the leaves off the aspen trees. The cuts in the wagon roads are filled up level with them. At the bottom of abandoned prospect holes they lie two feet deep, and Spring Creek has in places been turned out of its course by the caterpillars at points where they are crossing on logs. The army is slowly making its way eastward.

President of France Assassinated

LYONS, FRANCE, June 25.—M. Marie Francois Sadi Carnot, President of the Republic of France, was stabbed in the abdomen by an assassin in this city at 9:25 o'clock last night, and died of the wound at 12:45 o'clock this morning. The assassin is an Italian, named Cesare Giovanni Santo.

The President was visiting Lyons in connection with the International Exhibition. Upon his arrival here he was tendered a reception at the Prefecture, after which he visited the exhibition. After spending some time at the exhibition, he proceeded to the Palais de Commerce, where a banquet was given in his honor.

At 9:25 o'clock last night President Carnot started for the theatre, where a gala performance was to be given because of his presence in the city. Several carriages were in the procession, the first one being occupied by the President. M. Carnot's carriage was driven slowly along in front of the Palace of Commerce, and then turned into Rue de la République, still following the facade of the palace. When half way down the street, which was lined with enthusiastic crowds of people, who were loudly cheering, a man rushed out of the crowd and sprang upon the step of the President's landau.

Just at this moment M. Carnot was waving with his right hand and saluting with his hat in his left hand in response to the ovation that was being given to him by the crowd. The people close to the carriage saw that the man on the step had a knife in his hand. By the glare of the electric lights they saw the bright blade gleam in the air as the assassin struck decisely, and then President Carnot was seen to fall back in his seat, his face deathly pale. One of his hands was pressed over the spot where the steel had entered his body.

M. Rivatd, Prefect of Lyons, who was seated beside M. Carnot, immediately struck the assassin a full blow in the face and knocked him from the step, thus preventing the man from again stabbing the President, which it was his evident intention to do.

Instantly cries of "Le President est assassiné!" "Mort à l'assassin!" were heard on every side, and the crowd in the vicinity of the carriage swelled to enormous proportions, every member of it seemingly intent upon killing the assassin. He was grasped by a dozen hands, and his life would have then and there paid the forfeit of his crime had it not been for several sergeants de ville, who seized him and attempted to draw him away from his captors. This was found to be impossible, as the infuriated populace were determined to lynch the man, and the efforts of the sergeants availed nothing beyond saving the man from instant death. Blows were rained at his face and head over the shoulders of the police, who had by this time received reinforcements, and many of the blows landed fairly. At last the police succeeded in driving the howling mob back a best space from their prisoner, but to get the captive through the crowd was a physical impossibility.

In the meantime the news of the attempted murder had spread with lightning like rapidity, and numerous guards were sent to the aid of the policemen, who were still struggling to preserve the life of the assassin. With drawn sabres in their hands the guards rode down into the swirling crowd, heedless of whom their horses trampled upon. The crowd slowly gave way before the horses, and at last the centre of the mob was reached. Then a cordon was formed around the ten almost exhausted policemen and their captive, and the march to the police station began. Even thus surrounded the prisoner was not safe, for men in the crowd made frantic endeavors to reach him. The guards repelled these attacks with the flat side of their swords, while at the same time keeping watchful eyes upon the crowd to prevent the prisoner from being shot. Maledictions were hurled upon the captive, and never before has such a wild indignation against a human being been seen in this city.

The landau, in which were General Borius, the Prefect, the Mayor and the wounded President, escorted by a detachment of mounted guards on a gallop, was driven rapidly to the Prefecture, followed by carriages conveying the officers of the President's military household, M. Burdeau, ex-Minister of Finance, and Senator Milland.

On arrival at the Prefecture General Borius, the Prefect, and the Mayor alighted. President Carnot lay motionless and unconscious upon the cushions of the carriage. His eyes were closed, his waistcoat was unbuttoned, and his shirt, on which the bright red cordon of the Legion of Honor was conspicuous, was covered on the left side, just over the heart, by a large blood stain that extended to the hip.

The crowd surged about in the vicinity of the carriage, but the mounted guards and the foot police held them in check some distance from the landau in which the President was lying. Many were the expressions of pity for the President and anger at his assassin.

General Borius, the Prefect and the Mayor, assisted by a number of attendants, lifted M. Carnot from the carriage, and, with difficulty, carried him as tenderly as possible to a room on the first floor of the Prefecture and laid him on a bed.

Dr. Gailleton, who is Mayor of Lyons, then examined the wound.

In the meantime the physicians were hastily summoned to attend the President.

After examining the President's wound all the physicians in attendance upon him agreed that an operation was necessary, whereupon Dr. Ollier immediately probed the wound.

While this was being done M. Carnot came to his senses, and said feebly, but distinctly: "How you are hurting me."

M. Carnot remained conscious to the last. He realized that his life was rapidly ebbing, and twice he said: "Je Meurs vrais."

Doctor Ponce leaned over the bed on which the President was lying and said to him: "Your friends are here, Monsieur le President."

M. Carnot replied: "I am grateful for their presence," and in less than a minute he gasped for breath, there was a convulsive shuddering of his body and the President of France was dead.

A Terrible Crime.

From the Raleigh News and Observer, 22nd inst.

Yesterday we printed a rumor of a horrible outrage perpetrated near the village of Apex, just west of this city, on the Seaboard Air Line Railroad, the particulars of which were not then sufficiently authenticated to make public. Early yesterday morning George M. Mills was brought to the jail here upon a charge of an assault with intent to rape or kill his niece, Miss Ina Wimberly. The particulars of this horrible affair we gather as follows:

About 7 o'clock Wednesday evening Miss Wimberly, a young lady about eighteen years old, left her house to go to a neighbor's to borrow some flour and was accompanied by her uncle, George M. Mills, and, as Mills tells the story, while on the way they were assaulted by two men and he was told to leave, which he did, and being partially blind he claimed that he lost his way. He reached home about 12 o'clock that night and told of the assault. About daylight Thursday morning the young girl was found in an out-house in a newly plowed field. She was unconscious and bore marks of a brutal assault. On the left side of the head just above the ear was a deep indentation from a blow from some weapon, while on the back part of her head there were three more evidences of severe blows. Dr. Moore of Apex and Dr. Upchurch of Morrisville were summoned, and upon examination found the skull badly fractured by the blows on the back of the head. A number of pieces of the skull bone were removed and the brain exposed in a space about the size of a silver dollar. When the doctors left their opinion was that the young lady might possibly recover consciousness and recover.

Mills not making satisfactory statements concerning the matter he was arrested upon a charge of assault with intent to kill or rape and a preliminary examination was had before Justices J. C. Burns and L. D. Bennett, and he was held under a $750 bond to the superior court, and in default was sent to jail.

Mills is well known throughout the county. It will be remembered that at January term of our Superior court in 1885 he was indicted and tried for rape upon one Lizzie Jones, his cousin, and only escaped them by it being proven that the woman was of notorious character. He is about 60 years old and very decrepit in appearance, he has only a few teeth and is nearly blind, and presents an aged appearance, that the appearance of a man with such lack of sensibility of refinement, though those who know him best say he lacks much of being a fool.

The whole affair, which yet some what mysterious, clearly expands strongly to Mills as the perpetrator of this horrible crime. A posse of the police had a bloodhound with them, which showed bloody hand marks, while other marks of blood were on the outside of the pants. He has been furnished other clothes and these he wore when arrested will be held as evidence.

A Sad Death.

From the Charlotte Observer.

Last Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock Mr. John Logan Jamison, Jr., stood before the altar in the little chapel at the Thompson Orphanage, promising to love and cherish "until death do us part", the bride who stood by his side.

Yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock he lay a corpse in the little cottage to which he had taken his young bride, and she sat by his side, a widow, after only five days of married life.

The particulars of the sad and distressing affair are these:

Yesterday afternoon after dinner, he kissed his young wife and bride good bye and started for the field where he had been plowing in the morning. The skies grew black with threatening clouds about 3:30, but he was anxious to get a certain amount of work done and continued to work until the rain came on. He had with him Jimmie Justice, one of the little orphanage boys. Each was plowing. They finished their furrows just as the dreadful storm burst over the city. They were too far from the orphanage to get shelter, the place where they were at work being near the southern limit of the orphanage land, not far from the colored graded school. There was a large poplar which stood alone in the field. They sought shelter from the rain under the tree. A few minutes after, there was a blinding flash of lightning, and Mr. Jamison lay dead at the base of the tree, and the mule which he had been plowing, dead a few feet from him.

Negro Miners.

STAUNTON, Va., June 25.—One hundred negro men left here today on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for Everson, Pa., to work in the coal mines. This makes about seven hundred sent from this and adjacent counties to Pennsylvania. Five car loads of colored people passed here today going to the coal regions of Kentucky. A large number of them were from Augusta county and Staunton.

The Methodist church at Dobson, Surry county, was struck by lightning June 15th, but not damaged to any considerable extent.

Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin.

CENTRAL OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina State Weather Service, for the week ending Monday, June 25th, 1894, indicate generally improved conditions. A large majority of the reports are very encouraging. The temperature has been above the normal, with generous showers, and the normal amount of sunshine. Some damage by hail is reported and three deaths by lightning. Cotton is blooming.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—A large majority of the reports are very encouraging. The week was warm and in nearly all parts of the district good rains occurred, but a few correspondents report rain badly needed. A little hail fell, but without damage to speak of. "Laying by" corn has begun. Some report corn the finest for years; on the whole the crop seems to be very good. Cotton and peanuts reported fairly good. Tobacco generally very poor. Wheat and oats mostly housed, but yield poor. Grape crop said to be very promising.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.—Throughout many places the past week has continued very dry and crops are needing rain the greater number of correspondents this week report seasonable showers from the 18th to the 21st, which have materially improved the outlook. The weather has been quite warm, with the normal amount of sunshine. Cotton small, but is looking much better. It is blooming. Farmers busy "laying by" corn. Some damage to corn by stalk borers was done during the dry season. Grain nearly all housed, and harvesting proceeding rapidly. Crops generally well worked and clean of grass. Hail in Anson and Richmond counties destroyed crops, and two colored men were killed by lightning.

A Gross Outrage.

CHARLOTTE SPECIAL, Oct., June 23.—Shortly after midnight Adjutant General Lentz, of the Colorado State National Guard, was called from his room, at the Alamo Hotel, and informed that somebody at Cripple Creek wished to speak to him over the telephone. When he appeared to answer the call he was confronted by a masked man, armed with revolvers, who requested him to follow him. General Tarsney called for help and he was quickly clubbed into submission. Several more kidnappers appeared, and carried him to the side walk, where two carriages under guard were in waiting. He was forced into one of the carriages, and both carriages were then driven at a rapid rate to Austin Bluffs. Tarsney was removed from the carriage, stripped nearly, and a coat of tar and feathers quickly administered. After the tar and feathering Tarsney was warned against returning to the Springs.

Jail Delivery at Franklinton.

Special to the Raleigh News and Observer.

FRANKLINTON, N. C., June 25.—Tom and Calvin Coley and a negro named Perry, who were convicted of the murder of a Jewish peddler in Franklin about two years ago, and were to be hung June 13th, escaped from Louisburg jail this morning. Rev. Mr. Morton, together with jailer Connell, entered the jail to hold religious services with the prisoners. On opening the cell door the prisoners grabbed Connell, pushed him behind the bars and locked him up. Mr. Morton grappled with one of the Coleys, but the negro knocked Morton down with an iron bar. The Coleys have been captured, but the negro is still pursued by a large crowd who expect to overtake him before night. Morton was painfully but not seriously injured.

Four Boys Drowned.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 24.—Four little boys were drowned this morning while bathing in the Delaware River and near by creeks. Robert and Percy Lowrey, brothers, respectively eleven and thirteen years old, were bathing in Newton Creek, just outside the city. Percy was holding his brother to swim.

Major Thomas Brown Venable, of Oxford, died on last Saturday.

It is said that the Hon. Charles Price received $51,000 as his fees in the recent sale of the R. & D. railroads.

While threshing wheat in Anson county, on last Thursday, two colored men were struck by lightning, and one instantly killed and the other knocked stupendous.

Mr. B. D. Gray, a prominent citizen of Scotland Neck, was kicked by a horse Friday and died in great agony Saturday night. He was kicked while assisting the Rev. R. T. Vann in hitching a horse, Mr. Vann being without arms.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—HAVING qualified as the executor of James Hogg, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit the same to me on or before the 1st day of June, 1895.

June 7th, 1894. S. G. WILSON.

SALE OF LAND.—PURSUANT to an order of the Superior court of Chatham county, N. C., made May 15, 1894, in an action entitled "Wm. Burns, Admr., vs. Mary Burns," I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at the residence of the late Wiley Burns, on the Wilkes land, containing about 50 acres, adjoining the lands of J. D. Wilder, J. R. Bates and others, on the FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1894, at the court house door in the town of Pittsboro.

June 14, 1894. A. F. GILBERT.

LAND SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the superior court of Chatham county, made in the special proceedings entitled "Mary T. Bynum and others vs. Frank Lambert and others," I will sell for cash at public auction, on the FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1894, the land described as the "Bynum Homestead" place in Morgan township, adjoining the lands of Thos. J. Pugh et al, containing about 72½ acres. This land will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers.

June 13, 1894. M. A. BANNER, Commissioner.

EXECUTION SALE.—BY VIRTUE of an execution in an action entitled "Mary Davis vs. W. D. Martin," I will sell for cash, at public auction, at the court house door in Pittsboro, on MONDAY in July, 1894, at 12 m., the interest of said W. D. Martin in the following described tract of land, to wit: [illegible] containing [illegible] acres, more or less.

June 7, 1894. [illegible], N. C.

LAND SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF an order of the superior court of Chatham county, I will offer for sale, at the court house door in Pittsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1894, a tract of land in the town of Mt. Vernon in Chatham county, N. C., described as follows: adjoining the lands of Russell Lane and others, containing [illegible] acres, more or less. Terms of sale one third cash, one third in six months, and one third in twelve months. Deferred payment to be secured by bond and good security and 6 per cent interest.

June 7th, 1894. R. H. HAYES, Commissioner.

Notice to Creditors.

NORTH CAROLINA—CHATHAM COUNTY.

In the matter of the ill-conditioned Julia Moore and David Moore, infant children of G. P. Moore, deceased.

JULIA MOORE and DAVID MOORE of said county and state have filed their petition before the undersigned for their homestead this is to notify all creditors of G. P. Moore to file such said petition will be heard at my office in Chatham county, in Baldwin township, on FRIDAY, the 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894, when and where they should appear they should be heard.

R. W. BLAND, J. P.

Winston & Hedgpeth, Attorneys.

April 26.

NOTICE OF SALE.—BY VIRTUE of authority conferred on us as executors of James M. Pugh, deceased, and under the power executed by R. W. York and wife Ada York to Jas. L. Pugh, as recorded in Book 103, pages [illegible] in the office of deeds for Chatham county, we will on Monday, the 23d day of JULY, 1894, expose for sale and sell at public outcry at Williams' Mills in Chatham county, N. C., to the highest bidder for cash all that tract or parcel of land in Chatham county, N. C., in Williams township, on the waters of Rocky Creek, adjoining the lands of W. H. Merritt, Jr., M. B. Merritt, Thomas M. Mason, Daniel Johnson and others, and more fully described by said mortgage, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

J. L. PUGH,
MARY L. PUGH,
W. O. CLEMENTS,
Executors.

Tolle & Mebane, Attorneys.

April 17-4.

R. H. HAYES. E. H. DONAGHE.

DONAGHE & HAYES

LAWYERS,

PITTSBORO, N. C.

Judge Donaghe will be in the office on the first and third Mondays in each month and during court.

Jan. 21, 1894.

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B. MOORE, Jr.

Sept. 17, 1893.

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