

TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1894.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

THE ELECTIONS!
DEMOCRATS VICTORIOUS!!



Alabama Democratic—Tennessee Democratic—Fusionists
Defeated—A Great Victory, &c.

Tennessee and Alabama have set a glorious example for North Carolina to follow. In both States the populists and republicans had formed a fusion, or coalition, and had made great boasts of what they would do, but the unfeared democracy rallied under their old standard and swept the field, winning a glorious victory in each State.

The election in Tennessee was held last Thursday and in Alabama on last Monday, and in each State the populists were confident of success, but in each State they were defeated by over 20,000 majority. We are especially rejoiced at Cobb's defeat for Governor in Alabama, and by such an overwhelming majority.

Let the democrats of North Carolina take heart, and sweep this State as our brethren have done in Alabama and Tennessee!

THE STATE convention of the populists was held at Raleigh on Wednesday of last week. The only regular nomination made was that of W. H. Worth for Treasurer, the same candidate who was defeated for that office two years ago. Instead of nominating candidates for the Supreme Court, resolutions were adopted declaring their intention to cast their ballots for W. T. Faircloth for Chief Justice, and for D. M. Furches, Walter Clark and H. G. Connor for Associate Justices. The two former are republicans, Faircloth having been the republican nominee for Lieutenant Governor in 1884 and Furches the nominee for Governor in 1892. These two were selected at a joint caucus of the republican and populist leaders. Clark and Connor are democrats and their names were put forward without their knowledge or consent. Judge Connor has published a card asking his friends not to vote for him, and Judge Clark also has published a card declaring that he will not be a candidate unless nominated by the democrats. Judge Furches also stated, in an interview with the editor of the Stateville *Landscape*, that he will not be a candidate unless nominated by the republican State convention. It will be seen that the populists, not having any lawyers fit for judges or willing to accept their nominations, are reduced to the necessity of bringing republican and democratic lawyers to be their candidates. It will be noted, however, that in selecting these four lawyers, the populists selected the two republicans who were agreed on by the republican leaders, but did not consult any democrats in selecting the two democrats.

The platform is quite long (would fill two columns of the Record) and yet in no part of it is there any mention of the sub-treasury scheme, the government ownership of railroads, or woman suffrage, which have heretofore been three of the chief "reforms" advocated by the populists. Nor is there any mention of the repeal of the county government system, and when this omission was noticed in the reading of the platform in open convention some delegates demanded an explanation, whereupon "Boss" Butler, with his fox-like running, stated that this was omitted because of the conflicting opinions upon the question. In other words, in those sections where the present system of county government is unpopular they should advocate its repeal, but in those sections in which it was popular they should urge its continuance. A right shrewd scheme, isn't it?

CREDIT should be given Congress for the recent passage of a bill to subject to State taxation national bank notes and United States Treasury notes, which have heretofore escaped taxation. The House passed this bill some time ago, and the Senate passed it last week.

In THE wild and visionary schemes of the populists were adopted and an attempt made to carry them into execution, this country would be ruined and our boasted government "of the people, for the people and by the people" would be a ignominious failure. The so-called "reforms" that are being continually proposed by the populists really seem so ridiculous that it is impossible to consider them seriously. For instance, in order to relieve the taxpayers they greatly proposed for the government to buy all the railroads, thus incurring a debt of about ten billion dollars. Then in order to lighten their taxes still more, Senator Peffer proposes for the government to buy all the west notes, and thus incur another debt of hundreds of millions. Then in order to relieve the farmers, Senator Peffer proposes for the government to levy and collect all its revenues by taxation of real estate alone. And in order to give the people full control of the government, he also advocates the abolition of both branches of congress and that all power shall be lodged in the hands of an oligarchy, composed of one from each State.

And not satisfied with these "reforms" Senator Peffer, a few days ago, proposed in the Senate still another. He introduced a petition and bill requiring the Secretary of War to inaugurate a system of public improvements, at which employment shall be furnished to all citizens applying, at the minimum wages of \$2 a day and for this purpose \$25,000,000 of Treasury notes to be issued. This petition and bill were introduced by request of the United States Industrial Army, as the troops are called who followed Coxey and other cranks to Washington.

Now, is it not time for all good and honest men to stand up? How can they belong to a party or follow leaders, propounding such foolish and impractical schemes?

THE DEMOCRATS of the seventh district have shown their good sense by again nominating the Hon. John S. Henderson as their candidate for Congress, and upon this we congratulate not only them but the State of North Carolina. This is the sixth time that he has been nominated for Congress, having already been elected five times, and at the expiration of his next term will have served a longer time than any other Representative from this State, since the war. We are truly glad that at least one district in this State does not follow the foolish custom of all the other districts, which retire from Congress their Representatives as soon as they acquire some experience and are becoming useful.

The DESTINATION of a few political bosses was never more forcibly illustrated than at the State convention of the populists, held last week at Raleigh. A more complete "sent and dried" convention was never held. The delegates were only allowed the mere privilege of openly ratifying that which their bosses had previously arranged. Marion Butler was the head and front, the one master hand that guided and completely controlled the convention. And yet these men are the ones who have so long and so loudly denounced machine politics and ring rule!

Populism and Crime.
From the *Washington Times*.
The Populist party pretends to be purer than any other party—claims, in short, that all active Populist organization are scoundrels; yet wherever the Populist party is, there is much doubt of its receiving the necessary two-thirds vote of Congress.

Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, has received a letter from the executive committee of the Democratic Free-Soil League of that State, asking him to announce his candidacy for the U. S. Senate and to make a personal canvass of the State. While Mr. Bryan has not himself yet so announced, there is little doubt among his friends that he will in a few days accede to the requests of the committee.

There is one reform that should be forced on Congress by public opinion; and that is the abolition of the attachment of new legislation to the general appropriation bill. No better example of the viciousness of the system could be sought for than was presented by the Senate this week when an amendment to the Supply and Appropriation bill prohibiting the purchase of the "Hillman site" upon which to build a new government Printing Office, was adopted. It would be impossible to get the House to agree to this purchase if presented in a separate bill, hence the action of the Senate upon which Hillman has a "pull," to force the House to agree to a general appropriation bill bill.

It is generally admitted that the Hillman site is适切 for the purposes and expense in price, and costs it not for the population of the city. Hillman it would be difficult to even have legitimately considered as among the eligible sites. It remains to be seen whether the House will allow itself to be bulldozed into voting a quantity of public money to Gen. Hillman just because certain Senators just want to help him along.

Frost in Indiana.
Columbus, Ind., Aug. 4.—Frost is reported in a number of places in this and Brown counties to day. One farmer declares that he wrote his name in the frost on a board fence this morning. The like of this has not been reported here for years.

Maj. Rufus S. Tucker, of Raleigh died on last Saturday night of paralysis.

The negro murderer, Orange Page, was hanged at Raleigh on last Friday. The execution was private.

At the democratic convention of the seventh judicial district held last week at Fayetteville, N. C., A. McLean, of Robeson, was nominated for solicitor on the 427th ballot.

The democrats of Durham have nominated the following: R. B. Boone for the Senate, S. F. Tomlinson for the House, C. B. Green for clerk, P. Lansford for register, F. D. Markham for sheriff, J. W. Pope for treasurer and N. A. Ramsey for surveyor.

Representative W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, has announced himself a candidate for the United States Senate for the term beginning March 4th next. His platform is tariff for revenue only, an income tax, and the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Fifty-one deaths from sunstroke occurred in New York city during last week.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3, 1894.
The so-called "conservative" democratic Senators have it in their power to end the tariff deadlock in an hour, but they have so far declined to make use of their power. It is now apparent that the democratic conference on the tariff bill can easily come to an agreement on the bill if they could be assured that the agreement would receive the votes of the 43 Senators necessary. The fact of that assurance is the only stumbling block at this writing. They naturally hesitate to report an agreement when they are in doubt whether it would be accepted or rejected by the Senate, knowing that its rejection would mean the failure of all tariff legislation. However, the measure is becoming so strong on the side of the original democratic Senators from the outside that it is the general belief that they will soon consent to give in to a sufficient extent to get a bill through that can be accepted by all good democrats. So strong is this belief that the House democratic caucus which was to have been held Thursday, has been deferred for a few days, when it is hoped that a compact will result in necessary.

President Cleveland very properly declined to officially receive the resolution sent to Washington by the ex-Queen of Hawaii for the purpose of trying to prevent the recognition of the Hawaiian republic. They say Secretary Gresham, but mostly as individuals. This whole Hawaiian business will probably be left in the hands of Congress, where President Cleveland placed it many months ago, and when Congress directs the formal recognition of the republic—a resolution to that effect is now pending in the House—it will be done, and not before.

Senator Vorhees, who has been ill to take part in the top conference, is now much better, although not yet well enough to resume his duties.

Representative Hutchison, who is a lawyer of high standing in addition to being a taxicominated deserved prominence in the House, has grown tired of seeing every attempt to control or check-trail by individuals by actions at law, wrecked by collision with the Constitution, and has offered a joint resolution proposing this amendment to the Constitution: "Trusts and monopolies dealing in agricultural products, or other articles of prime necessity, shall not exist in the United States, and Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation." This is not, but there is no doubt of course, the ground, but in view of recent exhibitions of the influence of trusts in Congress, there is much doubt of its receiving the necessary two-thirds vote of Congress.

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Monazite Mining.

(From the *Weekly Times*.)

The monazite sand digging has struck our farmers, who are happy in extracting money out of the beaches and getting \$120 cash per ton for monazite.

Last Thursday was a big day for the monazite men, whom Mr. Givens, the agent of the Wissahickon Independent Light Company, of Gloucester, N. J., paid in one day \$2,650 for a car load of monazite. This amount paid to our farmers is only a precursor to bigger payments and larger shipments of monazite to New Jersey.

Monazite, whose most valuable ingredient is thorium, worth more than gold, is being extensively mined in Rutherford, McDowell, Cleveland, Lincoln and Spartanburg counties and promises to be worth more than a dozen gold mines, and our farmers, since the crops are finished or yield by, are busy prospecting and digging up this valuable and abundant mineral used in electricity. Ten thousand dollars has already been paid in this county.

J. A. Queen, in Upper Cleveland, worked five days at three mining troughs with only six laborers and dug 1,600 pounds of monazite per pound. So he made \$250 each in five days with six laborers and says "there's millions in it." He says a man can buy a 400-acre farm with two branches of it and plenty of monazite, then the purchaser who digs monazite out of the branches can pay for the purchase money in one year and get also a few dollars in gold while panning for monazite.

The process of securing monazite is similar to gold digging, as monazite and gold are very heavy and noted for their heavy specific gravity, sinking to the bottom of the pan as though while the sand and lighter particles are washed away and float upon the water, the monazite remaining at the bottom.

Parham Sun.—The Globe Ware house, which has been run as an Atlantic warehouse, will be closed on the 1st of October. The stockholders held a meeting yesterday and voted upon this course. They believe, we hope, the last Atlantic warehouse in the State to go out of business.

Lincolnton Reckoner.—We learn that Jas. A. McDonald, a colored man residing in the Antioch section of this county, was killed by lightning last Saturday evening. He was hauling straw at the time and his body was not found till the next morning. The horse was rear by entangled in the harness, but unhurt.

Albuquerque Gleamer.—Jas. A. Fouts, son of Mr. T. C. Fouts a few days ago found a hawk's nest and laid plans to capture the bird of prey. He set two steel traps in the nest and the result was that he caught 5 grown hawks, one snake and one possum in five or six days. He has found another nest and in the same way proposes to take in the occupants. James is a public benefactor.

Newbern Journal.—Mr. J. W. Chapman of Aurora has made four crops of oats from one sowing. Every year he would break up the land with a two horse plow, preparatory to planting and before planting time came his horse would have a good stop taken up, and he would let them remain. This year being the fourth year he plowed up the land immediately after cutting the oats and planted in corn and has a very fine crop of corn.

Bangert News.—Mr. S. H. Webb informs us that on one day last week White, Williamson & Co. bought some eggs, and that afternoon sold them to a family. They found a couple spoiled and put the others away in the cellar to return home. Next morning three of them had hatched out goslings. The lady took them to the store for exchange. Mr. Williamson giving her five cents change for three young goslings and will raise them for their being hatched without shell.

Jas. R. Rivers, Sept. 1, 1894.

This is a Home company and serves the populous areas of North Carolina.

It was organized in 1868 and has paid over half a million dollars in losses and there is not one contested claim against it.

All losses paid promptly. Every prudent man ought to insure his property.

For terms, &c., apply to

H. A. LONDON AGENT.

W. S. PRIMROSE President.

January 11, 1894.

The course of instruction will be thorough, and is designed to cultivate in the student every virtue, by teaching him to think and to stimulate him to pursue his studies in higher institutions of learning. Special attention will be given to preparing boys and girls to enter our best colleges and universities.

The applicant for admission into the school is required to that class which, on examination, he shows himself qualified to enter, and he is required to master thoroughly the studies of that class before he is allowed to advance to a higher one.

The teacher will strive to impress upon the student that moral rectitude is the only safe basis of character, and to cultivate in him Christian principles, refined feelings, a high sense of honor, and a scrupulous regard for truth.

TERM FOR MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.

Primary English Branches, \$1.50

Intermediate " " 2.00

Higher " " 3.00

Contingent Fee per session, 25

\$1.00 per month extra for each additional

class.

No deduction from tuition will be made except in cases of severe and protracted illness.

Pittsburgh is noted for its healthful climate, and for the hospitality, intelligence and morality of its people. Board can be obtained in the town at very reasonable rates, and we solicit foreign patronage.

Parents are urged to send their children on the first day, so that they may be properly classified.

Reports will be sent to patrons every ten weeks.

TUITION MUST BE PAID AT THE END OF EACH MONTH.

EXECUTRICE'S NOTICE.—HAY-

ES, a widow, residing at 101 Franklin Street, in this city, has

been compelled to sell her property,

which she has owned for

many years, and is desirous of

disposing of the same.

She has engaged Mrs. A. M. Thompson, of 101 Franklin Street, to act as her attorney in the sale of her property.

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