Boats Made of Aluminum.

Some of the boat builders in New England have discarded the use of aluminum in the building of shells. At first the extreme lightness of this metal made it a favorite, but it has been found that it will corrode, and the shell will then be full of pin holes. On the other hand, musical instrument makers are using aluminum in the manufacture of drums. Made of this material, they are not only of light weight, but give out a better tone than the ordinary article.

How It Is Done.

The simple reason why the hurts of prize fighters show no sign and disappear so quickly is because in the treatment of training the flesh is hardened. They can stand a blow like the kick of a horse and not show a bruise. Other men's bruises heal slowly, but if they would use St. Jacobs Oil, they would find there's nothing in the world like it to heal and restore. It acts like magic. All athletes should use it. It's the great renovator. The same with cuts and wounds, if used according to directions, it will heal surely and make the parts sound again.

Many a man set up as a public benefactor who never thinks it worth while to give his wife a word of encouragement.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

The man who said "set a thief to catch a thief" knew what he was talking about.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Love needs no definition. Men and women loved long before there were dictionaries.

To Enjoy Life

the physical machine must be in good running order. A few doses of the new discovery Figs-Pepsin will keep you every morning the feeling that you are "glad to be alive."

The motes that fill the eye of every human being may be removed by care and prayer.

We have sold Dr. Bull's Cough Cure for consumption for 20 years. LAUER, FRANCIS, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 1, 1891.

A gentleman's clothes don't always fit him, but they do always pay for.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

You can never get rid of a difficulty by running away from it.

Spring Medicine

Is especially important to all who are closely confined in poorly ventilated offices and workshops. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great Blood purifier, is the standard spring medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Vitalizes The Blood

"I was a sufferer and take a spring medicine because the close confinement and smell of ink cause my blood to become impure and sluggish." Last winter I had the grip, and when I recovered I was a mere skeleton. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a short time my appetite became better, and by degrees I began to see I was gaining flesh. I can now say there is not a medicine on the market equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. I weigh 160 lbs., against 142 when I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." G. A. HAMMON, Perry, Mich.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

And Spring Medicine. Now is the time to take it, because now is the time when it will do you the most good. Get Only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are homeopathic, easy to take, effective. Hood's Sarsaparilla, 25c.

SIMPLE, CLEANLY, EFFICIENT.

On the Cars, At the Theatre, Anywhere.

IF YOU WOULD BE IN FASHION TAKE A FEW

Ripans Tabules

ALONG WITH YOU

WHEREVER YOU GO.

You can slip them into your pocket, your satchel, your wallet even. To a dyspeptic this means peace of mind under many otherwise trying circumstances.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the **W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes**

All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform, —stamped on sole. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

The rate of taxation has nearly quadrupled in France since 1870.

At the Georgia United States Experiment Station they have proved that the dehorning of cattle does not check milk production.

It is proposed to tunnel into the middle of Mount Blanc, Switzerland, and excavate a vertical shaft to the top, to be provided with an elevator. The cost of the work is estimated at $1,500,000.

Belgian cotton made of wood pulp is said to be cheaper, stronger and prettier than the genuine article, and seems to the New Orleans Picayune, to drive the "deposed king" entirely out of the world.

Living by rule is objected to by a writer in the Hospital, who says that a monotony of diet is by no means to be recommended, and that variety, and even in some cases a little excess should occasionally be indulged in.

California is being literally squeezed for gold just now. Not only are the old diggings in Calaveras and a score of other counties worked over for the precious dust, but the very shore along the ocean in sight of San Francisco is being searched for it.

What a misfortune for W. W. Astor that he was not born a woman! exclaims the New Orleans Picayune. His money might easily have got him a title and entrance into the swellest of European society. As it is his dollars are spent in vain and his aspirations are disappointed.

The terror inspired by the Japanese armies in the Orient is greatly enhanced by the fact that they make no noise. They march with no bands, no drums beat reveille or tattoo, and in action the Japanese utter no cheers. The officers have a code of signals by whistling that serves to direct the movements of the troops.

Recent statistics of longevity reveal some interesting facts. In cold countries like Norway there are many centenarians, and many are also found in hot countries near the equator. Very old people are numerous among the mountains of the northern states and in the swamps of Louisiana. They are just as common in our largest cities as they are in the farming districts. Locality and climate apparently have little to do with longevity, concludes the Atlantic Constitution.

Four thousand miles of railroad were in contemplation in China when the war with Japan broke out. The proposed roads included a grand trunk line from Peking to Shanghai, a trunk line from Peking to Hankow, a line from Peking to Mouk-den in Manchuria and a line from Peking to Kangsu in the extreme west. Of course all work has been abandoned, and no one knows where money will be raised to resume operations. Li Hung Chang has always been a vigorous advocate of railway construction.

The one thing that seems to the New York Tribune well-nigh certain in regard to the future of Eastern nations is that extensive and revolutionary changes, such as have not been witnessed for many generations, will follow the struggle between Japan and China. Japan will be more than ever determined to assimilate its industrial and monetary systems to those of Europe and America. China will probably have to choose between extinction as a single and independent Power and a radical and thorough reconstruction of all its methods. No one can foresee the great changes in monetary condition which may result from causes so far-reaching, and affecting the operations of so large a part of the world's population.

The Railway Age (Chicago) is authority for the assertion that 373 railway companies are now building or preparing to build 24,347 miles of new line. As this amount equals that built during the past four years the news is of some significance. Of the above amount 3,000 miles are now being graded or are under contract. In relation to her transportation facilities the West is by no means dead on her feet at the present time. For the greater part the new enterprises hitherto reported had had reference to lake navigation. One of the lake projects is for a ferry from an Ohio port to a Canadian terminal across Lake Erie, transporting cars over what may almost be deemed an ocean voyage. Another Ohio company has organized to navigate the Erie canal, and is having an outfit of boats and tugs built. This and striking goes to illustrate the position taken by the committee of the New York Produce Exchange, that that canal, properly enlarged, is capable still of giving the cheapest line of through transportation from lake ports to Liverpool. It is clear that a part of the West shares this idea. It is to be observed that the substantial advance in meat products, coupled with the full prices obtained for her rather short corn crop of last season, are putting the West in a position of responsibility for meeting such engagements as she enters into.

FOR FARM AND GARDEN

DIGESTIBILITY OF WHEAT.

The recent extensive use of wheat as an animal food has led to investigations as to its digestibility. It has been found that the latter is increased 10 per cent by feeding the wheat crecked instead of whole. Containing less fat, this grain is better suited than corn for the production of lean meat. The Minnesota station also finds that the manure from wheat is worth about one-quarter more than that from corn.—New York World.

NERVOUS HORSES.

Finely bred, intelligent horses are often very nervous. They are quick to take notice, quick to take alarm, quick to do what seems to them, in moments of sudden terror, necessary to escape from possible harm from something they do not understand. This is why they shy, bolt and run away. A sheet of white paper in the road may seem a yawning chasm; the open front of a baby carriage the jaws of a dragon ready to devour him, and a man on a bicycle some terrifying sort of a flying devil without wings. But we find that the moment he becomes familiar with those things, or any that affright him, and knows what they are, he grows indifferent to them. Therefore when your horse shies at anything, make him acquainted with it; let him smell it, touch it with his sensitive upper lip and look closely at it.

TO TEST EGGS.

Of course, in every setting there are apt to be unfertile eggs. If these are taken out and others put in their place you are more apt to have a better hatch, as the hen has been sitting on eggs for three long weeks that could not possibly hatch. In the first place, when setting the hen use only eggs of a medium size—not too large or too small. After they have been undergoing the hatching process for three or four days, get a lamp that has a clear and bright light, and in the dark hold an egg to the end of a tube which can be made by rolling paper so that it is open at each end. Look through the tube and egg at the light. The egg that seems to be entirely clear you can rest assured is not fertile, and it will be perfectly useless to place it back under the hen; but if it is dark or contains large spots or specks on the inside you have excellent chances of hatching a chick from it.—New York Witness.

FARROWING TIME.

At farrowing time a thin sow is almost as objectionable as a fat one, as the high feeding it is necessary to start in with is apt to bring back the fever in her system to the injury of herself and litter, while a fat sow is feverish, ill-tempered and careless of her offspring. To keep the sow in good order feed moderately until after the pigs come. For the first twenty-four hours after farrowing keep away all food except a few quarts of bran, given as a drink, in plenty of warm water. The feed should then be increased gradually, until at the end of a week the sow is on full feed.

While suckling her pigs the dam should be aided in the production of milk by liberal and judicious feeding. Good slop and corn, and access to the best pasture should be given. When three or four weeks old the pigs may be separated from the dam, and shelled corn may be supplied, but it is not good to give them too much corn or meal. Milk and bran make growth and muscle. At eight weeks they may be completely weaned, and may be fed all they will eat. Remember that the hog is a grazing animal, and give them a chance to follow nature by providing pasture.—New York World.

PRESERVING EGGS FOR LONG PERIODS.

Numerous methods of preserving eggs are in use. The idea of all of this is to keep air out of the egg, as by such absence of oxygen decay can be arrested for a considerable length of time, especially if the eggs are perfectly fresh at the start and are kept in a cool dark place. The standard method, most used by speculators and dealers, is to put the eggs in limewater. The process is as follows, this recipe having been widely sold at $5 under pledge of secrecy:

Take twenty-four gallons of water, twelve pounds of unslaked lime and four pounds of salt, or in that proportion according to the quantity of eggs to be preserved. Stir several times daily and then let stand until the liquor has settled and is perfectly clear. Draw or carefully dip off the clear liquid, leaving the sediment. Take for the above amount of liquid five ounces each of baking soda, cream of tartar, saltpeter and borax and an ounce of alum. Pulverize and mix these and dissolve in one gallon of boiling water and add to the mixture about twenty gallons of pure limewater. This will about fill a cider barrel. Put the eggs in carefully so as not to crack any of the shells, letting the water always stand an inch above the eggs, which can be done by placing a barrel head a little smaller upon them and weighting it. This amount of liquid will preserve 150 dozen eggs. Is it not necessary to wait to get a full barrel or smaller package of eggs, but they can be put in at any time that they can be obtained fresh. The same liquid should be used only once.—American Agriculturist.

SOW LESS WHEAT.

It is always easier to offer advice than to accept it. And this is especially true when the person who offers the advice has less practical experience than those to whom it is offered, because in that case the adviser cannot appreciate fully the difficulty of putting his advice in practice. Nevertheless, it is a fact, that a mere onlooker may at times be able to see more clearly the progress of a battle and the dangers to which the contestants are exposed than those who are in the thick of the fight.

The advice which heads this article is offered to farmers throughout the country in full consciousness of the fact that there may in many cases be good reasons why it should not be followed. That possibility does not, however, weaken in any degree, but rather intensifies, the argument that all who can find any other profitable use for their land should, for this year at least, devote a smaller portion of it to wheat than has been their custom; in order that they may be less dependent upon the price of wheat for the success of their year's operations, and also that they may have a better chance to get a paying price for what wheat they do raise.

In view of the continuous increase of the production of wheat in Russia and in South America, there seems at present to be little prospect that the price of wheat will advance to the figures which were current three years ago, even if there shall be a considerable falling off in the production of wheat in this country.—New York Witness.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Only a fool punishes a horse for being afraid.

"Bench talk" never kept a garden free from weeds.

The general consensus is that there is no money in cookin' food for stock.

The good horseman will water his horse before feeding him, especially in the morning.

A cold winter means a hot summer. The ice made by the one will be needed by the other.

The way to apply lime is to broadcast it on a newly-plowed field, so as to retain it near the surface.

The constantly decreasing price of the essential oil is likely to restrict new plantings of peppermint.

Lettuce is perfectly hardy, and may be sown in open ground as soon as the soil is in proper working order.

An acre of land is ample for a hundred hens, but more may be kept if due care and cleanliness be observed.

By gathering up and burning the dead leaves and branches in the orchard, insects and fungus diseases may often be held in check.

Mustard is a plant that farmers consider a weed, but it can be put to good use, however. If not allowed to go to seed, it is very easily kept down.

April is the best month to apply manure to the orchard, as the growth of the trees starts then, and the feeding roots are ready for the food within their reach.

If every man who owns and drives horses really knew the difference between a good horse and inferior ones, there wouldn't be enough good ones to go around, and the commons would be full of cast off, valueless horses, says a contemporary.

For many years the value of wood ashes as a portion of the diet of hogs was unknown, but experiments have shown that when wood ashes were allowed with the food the bones are strengthened. Ground bone also gave excellent results when given to them.

If a field has not paid you, change the soil or crop. Test the milk and dispose of the profitless cows. Sell the scrub horses and stop feeding them. Get rid of the surplus cocks and the old hens. Weed out everything unprofitable. It is true today that the seven lean kine devour the seven fat kine.

Buying Curios in Rome.

"When a choice is made the object is negotiated for largely by expressive pantomime. Brisk holding up of fingers and turning down of thumbs, like the children's game of 'wiggle-waggle,' forward a mutual understanding between buyer and seller. If the customer be wise, and feign indifference, in nine cases out of ten he will gain his point; though as the price falls his spirit does not rise proportionately blithe and debonair as should be the case. On the contrary, he is reduced to a companionably cheap and pitiful figure himself by the superb air of renunciation and inimitable shrug of the shoulders with which his purchase is conferred upon him. 'It is yours! I give it to you!' With indescribable dignity thus does the huckster, wearing the modernized toga of ancient Rome, forego his righteous claims upon the foreign interloper. So might a kingdom be surrendered and the conqueror humiliated at the moment of victory."—Outing.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Forty-eight English pennies weigh as nearly as possible one pound.

It takes just one month to send mail from Buluwayo Africa to London.

Among modern weapons the bayonet has changed least since its invention.

China has only forty miles of railway on which to transport 400,000,000 people.

There are two Orders of the Swan, one in Flanders, the other a private Order in Prussia.

The fishermen along our coasts and in our waters catch $45,000,000 worth of fish every year.

At the Bon Marche (cheap market) Paris, last year 662 persons were arrested for kleptomania.

Uncle Sam's mines produce 113,238,845 tons of bituminous coal and 46,850,450 tons of anthracite.

Little oak trees, an inch and a half high, are grown by Chinese gardners. They take root in thimbles.

The total valuation of all the farm products of every description was by the last census $2,460,107,654.

The German Empire contains 211,000 square miles, the French Republic 240,000 and the British Isles 121,004.

The Chinese Empire is divided into eighteen great provinces, representing an average area each of 248,000 square miles.

In several European countries butter is sold by the yard. The rolls are a yard in length, and are sold in sections to suit purchasers.

A white-headed vulture captured in the year 1706 and taken to the aviary at Schoenbrunn Castle, Vienna, lived until 1826—120 years.

A parrot belonging to Miss Frances Gilman of Belmont, Va., died the other day. It had been in the family for forty-five years, and was a great talker.

A gigantic camellia, twenty-four feet high, near the royal castle at Pillnitz, near Dresden, Germany, produces annually, it is said, at least 50,000 blossoms.

Rev. James A. McKay, of Platte, (Missouri) Presbytery, is one of the preachers who still rides his circuit. During the last six months he has ridden 1,500 miles.

It is computed that the great system of lakes, of which Superior, Michigan and Huron form a part, with the river of St Lawrence, which flows from them, contain together half the fresh water of the globe.

A. L. Makenzie, an Englishman, has carded the eternal gratitude of students in general by versifying and setting to simple music "Dates of the Sovereigns of England," from the Norman conquest to the present time.

In 1572 somebody sent Catherine de Medici a box of powdered tobacco leaves. She acquired a taste for the herb, both chewing and snuffing, or rather smelling it, and for many years the plant was called in France herbe de la reine.

Made a Fortune in Postage Stamps.

The craze for old postage stamps is a good illustration of the bigness of the world, for though we rarely notice more than a penny's worth of stamp trade in any one instance the business is known to produce large fortunes. In a recent issue of the Manchester, England, Courier, the following instance is recounted:

Just before the Zulu war there was in Mauritius a stamp collector who was a friend of the local postmaster. One day he learned that there was to be a clearance of old stock, and obtained permission to buy it all as waste. It occurred to him that he might do the same at other small colonial postoffices and acquire stamps without difficulty. One of his Mauritius stamps he sold not long ago for $4,250, and, according to the Manchester Courier, he has already made between $100,000 and $150,000 by his investment.

Possibilities of Hypnotism.

Henery Labouchere suggests some new possibilities of hypnotism: "Many who have to travel, hate travelling; they might in future, he says, be "hypnotized and laid in a train like dead meat, with a label on their backs indicating their destination. Those, too, who suffer from sickness might be hypnotized, and only awakened at the end of the voyage. A poor man out of work, owing to frost or some such cause, and finding himself and his family without food, might have himself and his family hypnotized until the frost is over."—New York Mercury.

Saving Up.

The waiter had their orders.

"Dearest," he whispered, "do you really mean it when you say you will be mine?"

She was a bit impatient.

"Fitz Maurice," she replied, "did I not just this moment say plain stew when I might have said terrapin?"

That was certainly conclusive.—Detroit Tribune.

Since 1875 $208,000,000 in silver has been shipped from San Francisco for use in Asiatic trade. Over $111,000,000 of it was in Mexican coin and the rest in bars.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER is the purest and strongest baking powder made. It has received the highest award at the U. S. Gov't official investigation, and at all the Great International Expositions and World's Fairs wherever exhibited in competition with others.

It makes the finest, lightest, sweetest, most wholesome bread, cake and pastry. More economical than any other leavening agent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A Strange Story.

A young man, walking to the house of his brother, a yeoman, found the inn at a neighboring town very full. He shared the room of a merchant who was openly counting out his money. Having occasion to visit the garden, and also to borrow a knife, he accepted the loan of a knife from the merchant. On returning to his room he found the merchant gone; he went to bed, slept, rose early, walked to his brother's, and was arrested in the afternoon for murdering the merchant. In his pocket was that tradesman's knife, and between blade and handle was a guinea of Mary and William.

At the inn the merchant's empty bed was stained with blood, and, though the merchant's body was nowhere to be found, the young man was condemned for murder and hanged in chains on his brother's farm. Here a swain observed that the body moved; it was cut down, life was reanimated and the youth fled to sea. Taken by Spaniards in South America, he rose to be warden of the gaol, and while in enjoyment of that office recognized among some English prisoners the person for whose murder he had suffered.

The fact was that the merchant, while the youth was absent in the garden, discovered that he was bleeding freely from a vein which had been opened that day. He hurried to the surgeon in the dark, was seized by a press gang, served his Britannic Majesty in a ship of war, was taken by the Spaniards, and, at last, met, in a gaol of South America, the very man who had been hanged for murdering him in England.—Saturday Review.

We are willing to give up skating as a Lenten sacrifice. We are dead tired of cold weather.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

LINENE REVERSIBLE

Raphael, Angelo, Rembrandt, Titian

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn. They are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They look well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents. A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address

REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY,
77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

Missionaries and Rum.

Ambiguous language often gets the public speaker as well as writer into trouble. This fact was illustrated at one of the Cohoes churches Sunday morning. The preacher was discoursing on missionary work in Africa and was reviewing some of the difficulties which confront the missionary to the dark continent. In this connection he took occasion to inveigh loudly against the rum traffic among the natives, asserting it did more harm than the missionary could do good. "Why," said the preacher, "forty barrels of rum are sent to Africa to every missionary." Of course the real meaning of the good man was obvious, but nevertheless a smile went around the church.—Troy Times.

What an ordinary man eats and the way he eats it would be enough to give dyspepsia to an ostrich—unless the ostrich were wise enough to assist his digestion from time to time with an efficient combination of vegetable extracts. Such a preparation is Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are the pills par excellence for those who sometimes eat the wrong things and too much. They stimulate action in all of the digestive organs. They stop sour stomach, windy belchings, heartburn, flatulence and cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache and kindred derangements.

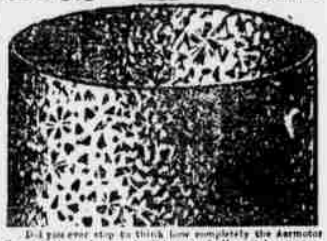
Once used they are always in favor.

STEEL TANKS

We furnish steel tanks with covers, all galvanized after completion, in nests of ten, 8 to 12 feet high and 30 to 36 inches in diameter, at 2½c. per gallon. They do not rust, shrink, leak, give taste to water, nor allow foreign substances to get in. They can be put in garret or barn and thus are protected from freezing. They take no setting up, are cheaper than wood. Tank substructures of all sizes made to order. Send for price list and designs for substructure and ornamental water supply.

AERMOTOR CO. CHICAGO.

2½ CTS PER GAL

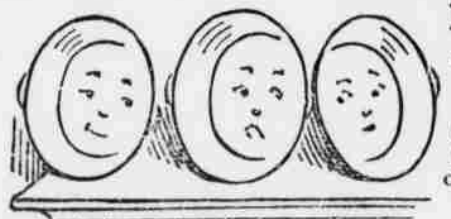


Did you ever stop to think how completely the Aermotor Co. made the modern windmill business? How it has monopolized this entire line of manufacture because of its clean, handsome designs, quality and prices, so far ahead of others to be fabled and seems to taken? Witness the steel wheel, the back geared mill, the high geared power mill, the steel towers, steel and tilting, the galvanizing of work after completion, the genuine centrifugal feed, the improved irrigating and other pumps, the all steel pole saw—one of the most popular things we ever put out—the steel storage and stock tanks. Everything we have touched we have bettered and cheapened. It is the thing we have delighted to do and it has paid. We have established a score of branch houses, so as to have all these goods near those who wish them. The Aermotor Co. has been a great success. It wants to build and fill one more new building. It has 2 acres of land at its present location unoccupied by buildings. It expects to commence in June to cover that 2 acres with a single building, 7 stories high. This will give it 14 more acres of floor space. Then when the public demand requires more goods than can be produced with this added space, it will refuse to extend further or make any effort. It will have done its share to supply the demand. It will then turn away all new comers, UNTIL THAT TIME IT EXPECTS TO CONTINUE TO SUPPLY THE WORLD WITH THE GREATER PART OF ITS WIND WHEELS, TOWERS, GRINDERS, FEED CUTTERS, PUMPS, STEEL FRAME HIZE SAWS, STEEL STORAGE AND STOCK TANKS, STEEL SUBSTRUCTURES, ETC., ETC., GALVANIZED AFTER COMPLETION. IT WILL CONTINUE TO DEAL MOST LIBERALLY WITH THE PUBLIC, FURNISH REPAIRS AT A LOW PRICE, AND BE THE GREAT MODEL SQUARE-DEALING WIND POWER AND WATER SUPPLY HOUSE OF THE WORLD. AERMOTOR CO., CHICAGO.

SALESMEN WANTED to sell our goods by sample to the trade. Salary $75 to $150 per month and expenses, or large commission, to sell on sight to every business man or firm. Horse and salary, or commission allowed for advertising and expenses, if we need to pay them. Address, with stamp, KING MFG. CO., Dept. 6, Chicago, Ill.

WALL ST. NEWS LETTER of value sent FREE to readers of this paper. Charles A. Baldwin & Co., 40 Wall St., N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.



Milk Pans,

and pails, and cans, and bottles (even baby's)—or anything that you want particularly clean, ought to be washed with Pearline.

You'll save work in doing it, and it's a great deal more thoroughly done. Dairies and dealers use Pearline extensively. Just try it once, on your milk-ware or butter-ware—and then say if it isn't the most satisfactory way of cleaning. Pearline is the most economical thing you can use, too. You get so much more out of it.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "This is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.