Pot Boiling.

From the running of the maple trough in the Spring to the boiling of the apple butter pot in the fall, and all household boiling between times, there are a thousand chances of very severe scalds and burns. In all household work, winter and summer, in great factories and in nurseries, where careless children play with matches, there is need of something to be always on hand in such emergencies, and St. Jacobs Oil fills that want to the letter. With careful attention to directions for use, there is nothing more soothing, healing and curative than this great remedy for pain. It cures promptly, and, making a new surface, leaves no scars. The pain of scalds or burns is acute and torturing, and the relief by the use of the Oil is immediate and sure.

Cleverness is a sort of genius for instrumentality. It is the brain of the hand.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it sets most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Sorrow is only one of the lower notes in the oratorio of our blessedness.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and a speedy cure follows a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. If your druggist doesn't keep it in stock, get him to procure it for you. It will save your life.

The injuries we do and those we suffer are seldom weighted in the same balance.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 11 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." Mrs. M. M. Mecksroth, Freeheld, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easily purgative and effective. 25 cents.

Too Much Commission.

"When Bret Harte wrote, 'For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain, the heathen Chinee is peculiar,' he knew what he was talking about," remarked a resident of Pacific Heights yesterday. "For months I have been wondering at the size of my grocery bills, and finally I became convinced that there was something wrong.

"The matter bothered me so that I finally gave it up in disgust and employed a detective to look it up for me. He found that the grocer was paying my Chinese cook a commission on everything he ordered, and the cook was ordering everything that I could pay for. What we couldn't use he carried down into Chinatown and used to stock a small grocery, operated by his cousin.

"I have since learned that nearly every Chinese cook in the town demands a commission from the butcher, baker, grocer, etc." San Francisco Post.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Will cure the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, and consequent spinal weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the change of life.

Every time it will cure **Backache.**

It has cured more cases of leucorrhœa by removing the cause, than any remedy the world has ever known; it is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills** work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative Wash is of great value for local application.

There is just a little appetizing bite to HIRES Rootbeer; just a smack of life and good flavor done up in temperance style. *Best by any test.*

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 5c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION.

No fewer than twenty-seven expeditions in search of the North pole have been made in the last twenty-five years.

There are between six and seven million Hebrews in the world and two million of these, Sir Samuel Montagu estimates, might be relied upon to go to Palestine if asked.

Hardtack is doomed in the French navy. M. Lockroy has ordered that soft bread baked on board shall henceforth be served out to the sailors instead of ship's biscuit.

The Atlanta (Ga.) Journal has been sending a reporter around to weigh himself on the scales of various grocers. He found his weight vary from 121 to 134 pounds on various scales.

The population of Italy is increasing with great rapidity. This seems, to the Washington Star, to be in line with the philosopher's observation that the poorest people somehow have the largest families.

Canon Gore, in a sermon at Westminster Abbey, London, told his congregation the other day that much of the Bible must have been taken down by shorthand. St. Stephen's sermon, Acts vii, he thinks, could have been reported in no other way.

The publishers' circular estimates that in Great Britain the output of books is as follows: Sermons, one volume a day; novels, five a day; educational books, two a day; art and science, two each every week; histories or biographies, six a week; and law, one every two weeks.

From statistics just given to the public by the Philadelphia Board of Revision of Taxes, that city has fairly won the designation of "The City of Homes." According to this statement there are in the city 263,219 buildings, of which 240,645 are dwellings, leaving out the whole number of buildings in the city only 22,164 devoted exclusively to business purposes other than dwellings.

It is a subject of newspaper comment in southern California that cents are beginning to be used there in the stores and in common retail transaction generally. It is only a few years since any coin smaller than a nickel was a great rarity anywhere west of the Missouri. If the price of anything figured out two cents the odd cent were deducted, if three or four cents the purchaser paid a nickel.

The recently cabled report that Mark Twain has sold the copyright of his forthcoming book for $5,000 may or may not be true, but it is significant, to the New York World, that such a sum is not considered incredible for the copyright of a piece of light literature. It shows how greatly the multiplication of books has enhanced the earnings of successful authorship. The more extensive the field and the keener the competition in it the greater the rewards of success. And competition was never keener nor the field larger nor rewards more glittering than now. It is true that they are only for the few—only for those who really succeed in giving the reading public what it demands—but they do exist, and the multiplication of schoolhouses is increasing them year by year.

In the absence of dramatic novelties, London is smiling over the accounts to hand of a play being produced at the principal theatre of Bangkok, Siam. If it shows some biological confusion in the Siamese mind, it also exhibits flights of fine fancy much more daring than Ibsen, Pinero, or even Sudermann attains. It makes Ceylon the capital of England, and the drama starts with the assumption that the King of Siam has promised to marry Queen Victoria, and has found it inconvenient to keep his contract. The British Queen, accordingly, invades Siam in quest of breach of promise damages, and there is a magnificent scene in which the Duke of Cambridge, whose youth is miraculously restored, has a terrific battle-axe combat with three Siamese war fairies. The English are defeated with tremendous carnage, but then the King of Siam relents, explanations are exchanged, and he leads the blushing Queen Victoria to the altar after all.

Sea Soup.

The discovery that the sea is a vast brew of microscopic creatures explains how fish can thrive in deep sea waters where there are neither vegetable growths nor animal forms visible to the naked eye.

This puzzled students of fishes for a long time and they formed many curious theories. Great shoals of herring at certain times leave the coastwise waters and disappear in the apparently foodless waste of the sea, yet they return fat. Certain kinds of whales thrive under the same conditions.

This was a mystery until it was recently settled beyond reasonable doubt that both whale and herring are able to subsist on the microscopic organisms which swarm even in the waters of midocean.

The sea is in fact a great nutritious soup and the fishes are in it and like it.—New York World.

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

USE OF WINDMILLS.

These machines are exceedingly convenient where there is plenty of wind, as in level localities, and a large variety of them are made. But it will not be nearly so economical to make one as to buy from the makers, who have the patterns and the fittings all ready for use. A good one may now be procured for $50. Such a one will afford about one-fourth of one horse power. This is large enough to cut wood, feed for cattle, or pumping water for farm use.—New York Times.

HINT TO FRUIT GROWERS.

Do not plant fruits expecting to make money from them, says J. H. Hale, unless you can enjoy and love their culture; have a taste for and belief in the fruits first, and then by planting right varieties and giving the most thorough culture, liberal feeding, judicious pruning and thinning of the fruit at the proper time, with honest packing, and tasteful display in the market you will make sure of liberal rewards. Markets are overstocked with medium and low grade goods, but there is an ever-increasing demand for very choice products. A farmer located in the northeastern section of the United States, within easy access of the best markets, is the best situated for profitable fruit growing of any in the country.—American Agriculturist.

THE TIME TO PLOW ON HILLS.

"Plow before the leaves are out" is the advice generally given by our agricultural exchanges. That is well enough for trees that are in full bearing and past their prime. Such trees need all the vitality they can command to perfect their crops. Plowing while the tree is dormant does not seriously injure it if the plow is not run deeply near the tree. The cutting off of small roots is easily replaced when the growing season begins. But if the roots are cut badly after the leaves are out the tree cannot supply sap as fast as the leaves exhale it, and there is a consequent check in growth. This for young trees that are making so much wood growth is just what is needed. It used to be said by farmers that the buckwheat crop was the best for young orchards. The plowing for that is done in midsummer, and one or two years of such treatment will always induce the formation of fruit buds, and bring the tree into bearing. This habit of fruit bearing once formed is continued, unless insects or blight cause the fruit to fail after it is set, and the blight is very largely prevented by liberal use of mineral manures.—Boston Cultivator.

SCIENTIFIC STRAWBERRY GROWING.

More frequent dry seasons call for a change of methods in strawberry growing, writes C. D. Carter, of Michigan. In order to fight the drouth successfully and do the cultivating with horses, set the plants thirty or thirty-two inches apart in the row, and plow both ways. The rows must be straight, so that the cultivator may be run close to the plants. Keep the entire surface covered with a dust mulch. Growth will then continue through a drouth.

In the winter cover the whole space with a mulch. In spring make a small opening over the crown of the plant with a pointed stick. The leaves will grow up through this opening. The mulch can then remain to prevent evaporation and to keep the berries clean. In the fall the fruit will be larger, better colored and sweeter than if grown in the matted row. Varieties like Haveriand will have as high a color as Parker Earle.

I have followed this plan for three years, and I would no more think of going back to the matted row than I would cut my hay with a scythe. This system is made easily possible by the invention of the automatic runner cutter, which gathers up and cuts the runners, leaving them about a foot in length. A new fruit stem will result from every runner which is cut. I have counted as many as 32 fruit stems on a hill from which the runners were cut the year before. Less labor is required to get the patch in condition for succeeding crops than by any other system.

If ground is limited, set the rows thirty-three inches apart, and the plants 16 1-2 inches apart in a row, and cultivate one way. This plan will require more hoeing, but the yield per acre will be twenty-five percent greater. Select varieties which send out runners freely. Keep these cut off. Crowns four to six inches across will result. Two quarts to the hill is not an excessive yield, and the quality will be first-class.—New England Homestead.

HOW TO TREAT CERTAIN FRUIT PESTS.

The Cornell university agricultural experiment station is doing a good service for the farmers of the state in reporting by means of widely circulated pamphlets the results of its observations and experiments among insects and other things which destroy fruits and vegetables. One of the latest of these pamphlets shows the results of investigations of the pear psylla and the New York plum scale. During the past five years the pear psylla has inflicted such severe losses upon pear growers in various parts of the country that it threatens seriously to interfere with the successful cultivation of this fruit. During severe attacks of this little pest old trees put forth but little new growth, new shoots often droop and wither in May, the leaves turn yellow and the fruit grows but little, and in midsummer the leaves and half-formed fruit often fall from the trees. This insect also indicates its presence by secreting large quantities of a sweet, water-like, sticky fluid called "honey dew," which often covers all parts of the tree, and it has literally rained from the trees in some cases and smeared the backs of horses during cultivation. A black fungus soon grows all through this honey dew and thus gives the tree a disgusting blackish appearance, as if treated with a thin coat of black paint or soot.

Experiments show that it is not advisable to fight this pest in the egg stage. Nevertheless it is advisable that the insect's ravages should be checked early in the season, as most of the damage is done in this state before June 15. To do this the experiment station recommends that the kerosene emulsion should be used after having been diluted with about 15 parts of water. This emulsion is made by mixing a half pound of hard or soft soap with a gallon of water and two gallons of kerosene. As the nymphs begin to hatch just as the leaves are expanding, then is the time to begin spraying. May 15 is usually the time in this state. When they are numerous a second or third spraying will sometimes be found necessary. The emulsion will not injure the trees in the least, and it should be applied liberally and thoroughly. As to the treatment of the adult psyllas this recommendation is made:

"A thorough washing of the trunks and larger branches of the trees in winter with kerosene emulsion (at least five percent kerosene), or a strong soap solution, will destroy many of the adults in hibernation in the crevices of the bark. It is reported that a whale oil soap solution has been thus used very effectively in New Jersey. We believe it is a practical method, and should be practised in infested orchards."

The New York plum scale is a pest well known among the farmers of this state. It affects not only plum trees, but frequently is to be found on quince and apple trees. The kerosene emulsion is also recommended for killing this scale, which is caused by the presence of an insect. There is no question about its killing the scales hit by it. The emulsion should be diluted with but four parts of water instead of 15, as in the treatment of the pear psylla, and the work should be begun early in the spring.—Troy (N. Y.) Press.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

You cannot make eggs out of fattening food.

Dry scratching places will pay for all they will cost.

You cannot keep poultry for profit in crowded quarters.

Sour milk is valuable for laying hens and growing chickens.

You cannot succeed with chickens and ducks in the same yards.

You cannot expect fertile eggs when the fowls do not exercise.

You cannot make a business out of poultry culture without applying business principles.

Good management has much to do with success in any pursuit, and this is especially the case with poultry keeping.

The Babcock test is unmerciful; it sometimes condemns the nicest looking cows in the herd. But it always tells the truth.

In feeding poultry for market it is well to remember that averaged sized fowls of all kinds are in better demand than those that are of extra large size or weight.

Immense fortunes have been made by small economies. Saving little things has built up the greatest manufacturing concerns of the country. If the dairyman will only stop the leaks and practice small economies he will get rich faster. For example, stop that waste of fat in the skim-milk; get rid of that cow that eats all she earns and all that her stable mate earns.

To reduce the cost of milk production, says a writer, employ better cows; give them rations composed of elements best adapted for economical milk-making; feed regularly with a generous hand. Absolute comfort, in the stables and out, is altogether indispensable; pure water, salt, gentle and humane treatment, a strict attention that never grows weary in looking after cleanliness of every surrounding, are all strong factors in the direction of pecuniary advancement and of getting satisfactory returns on the dairy farm.

A vein of gold-bearing ore has been found in the Creede district, Col., where nothing but silver was known to exist. It assays nearly $5,000 to the ton, and the community is very much excited about it.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A five-cent black Confederate postage stamp sold in New York the day for $155.

Fourteen sea ducks were brought down at a single shot by a hunter near Bar Harbor, Me., recently.

If all the houses in England were placed side by side they would cover a space of 450 square miles.

Benjamin McKenney, an eighty-one-year-old resident of Cape Porpoise, Me., has just cut three new teeth.

A Missouri farmer is buying potatoes for ten cents a bushel and fattening hogs with them. He says that they are better than corn, and very much cheaper.

Benjamin Liverman, who died in Minneapolis the other day at the age of ninety-five, claimed to have been the first drummer that ever went on the road. He traveled first for a jewelry house.

A practical diver can work from four to seven hours daily below the bottom of a vessel, and can clean from seven to fifteen square yards per hour, according to the condition of the bottom.

In the middle of an onion she was peeling a few days ago a woman in Bath, Me., found a gold ring. The explanation offered is that someone dropped the ring in the onion bed, and the onion grew around it.

A Mississippi girl had two lovers. It was hard to decide between them, so she suggested a foot race—the winner to take the prize. The first race was a "tie," but there was a marriage after the second one.

A double wedding took place at Burbank, near Wooster, Ohio, in which twin brothers were married to twin sisters. Irena V. Repp was made the wife of Vernon R. Stair, and Elena Repp the wife of Vertal R. Stair.

A Superior, Wisconsin, man is suing a railroad company for $2,500 for the death of his two children. The house was on fire, and a railroad train blocked the street and delayed the fire engines getting to the house in time to save the children.

A man near Newkirk, Oklahoma, took his neighbor's cat saturated its tail in kerosene and set it on fire, thinking it would run home and burn the neighbor out. Instead it turned and jumped into the barn of the perpetrator and burned it down.

Forty thousand acres of virgin forest in northern Idaho will soon be turned over to the sawmen of a big lumber syndicate. It is expected that this area will yield more than 100,000,000 feet of white and yellow pine, red and white fir, cedar, and tamarack.

A twenty-nine pound tognee, the biggest fish ever known to have been caught in Moosehead lake, Me., was hooked by a guide a few days ago. It measured three feet four inches in length, and is thought to be the largest specimen of the trout family ever caught in Maine.

An Almshouse for Stray Dogs.

An almshouse for stray dogs has been established in New York by Mrs. Laura M. Betts, the widow of a detective, who is a member of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Three hundred and seventy-three dogs and an equal number of cats have been brought to her door within the past year. They are kept, some a longer and some a shorter period, according to circumstances. If it is a fair-looking dog, and there is any probability of a master coming for him, or of his protector finding a good home for him, the poor brute is given the last chance for his life. But if he is sick, mangey or has any of the other hundred and one ills that dog flesh is heir to, he is mercifully disposed of by the people in the "shelter." To such an extent has this "Dogs' Almshouse" grown that the ambulance from the shelter calls at her house twice a week.

Mrs. Bett's home is a modest little two-story frame house. There she lives with her widowed mother. The house is tastefully furnished. But the basement and the back yard, together with a large extension on the basement floor are practically given up to her charges. The cats are always kept in the extension, that peace may reign in this strange family. All the cats and dogs have clean, comfortable beds.

The dogs have a fine respite before the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals takes them away to be asphyxiated. They get meat and warm soup and Spratt's dog biscuits, as much as they want, while they are Mrs. Bett's guests.

Three Houses Form This Parish.

The changes necessary to Queen Victoria street, London, have brought about a curious state of affairs. Piece by piece has been taken from the parish of St. Mary Mounthaw until at present it actually consists of but three houses, and yet it is legally an electoral parish still.

For the propulsion of steamships 1,553 appliances have been patented.

Manners of Great Men.

Count de Lesseps was the type of the French gentleman.

Monroe was, even in his own time, called "a gentleman of the old school."

Bancroft was rather reserved than otherwise with most persons whom he met.

Garrick was generally so quiet that he often created the impression of diffidence.

Henry Clay was said to make the most engaging bow of any gentleman of his time.

Milton was quiet and reserved in conversation, but thoroughly refined and well-bred.

Dante was solitary in his habits and by his austerity chilled most of those whom he met.

Mahommed inculcated politeness in the Koran. He himself was one of the most courteous of men.

Pius IX. both before and after his elevation to the pontifical chair, was a model of studied politeness.

Beethoven was rude and gruff, and seemed to be in a perpetual bad humor with himself and every one else.

Robespierre was urbane in manner and courteous, though brief to those who approached him on business.

Talleyrand owed his success in life to no small extent to the uniform courtesy with which he treated everyone.

Byron was affable to his equals and to those whom he wished to please, but haughty and distant to most others.

The Duke of Marlborough said that he owed his success as much to his elegant deportment as to his talents.

Andrew Jackson was rough in his manners, but could be polite when he pleased. He was always courteous to ladies.

"You can't tell whether a man is a bachelor or a father of a family simply by his looks." "Certainly not; but there is one infallible method of finding out." "What may that be?" "Give him a young baby to hold."—New York Recorder.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. If your druggist has n't it in stock, ask him to procure it for you.

Nurture your mind with great thoughts to believe in the heroic makes heroes.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

An enterprise, when fairly once begun, should not be left till all that ought is won.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If idleness does not produce vice or malevolence, it commonly produces melancholy.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

No obligation to justice does force a man to be cruel, or to use the sharpest sentence.

Just How it Does it is Not the Question.

It is enough to know that Hindercorns takes out corns, and a great relief it is. 15c. druggists.

The injuries we do and those we suffer are seldom weighed in the same balance.

The best way to know whether Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is the best for laundry and bath is to try it. It don't turn yellow like other floating soaps, as it is pure. Red wrapper. Ask your grocer for Dobbins' Floating-Borax.

An old truth stated in a new way will hit and stick where it has often missed.

"I Have Tried Parker's Ginger Tonic and believe in it," says a mother, and so will you when you know its revitalizing properties.

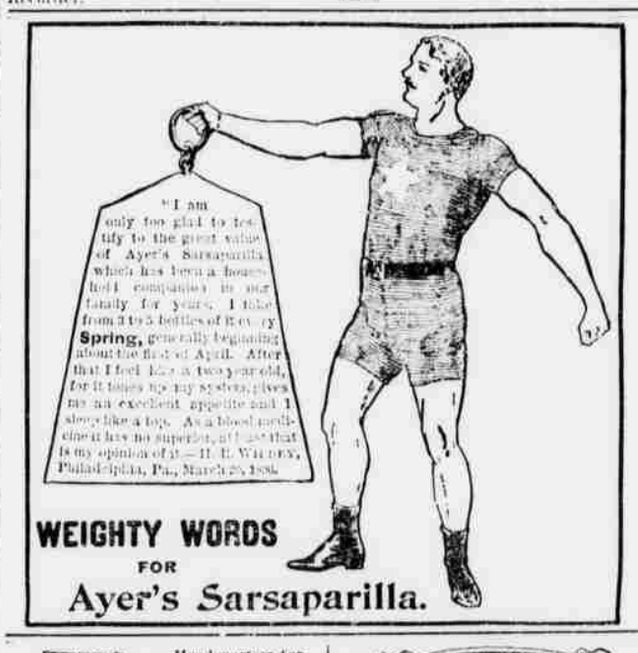
A dwarf sees further than the giant when he has the giant's shoulder to mount.

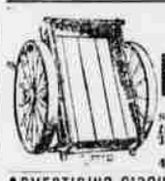
I am cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—LUCIAS LYONS, Bethany, Mo., Jan. 8, 1894.

People seldom improve when they have no model but themselves to copy after.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Humility is the truest abstinence in the world.





Headquarters for DUMPING HORSE CARTS. Wide and narrow tires. Steel axles. Low rates of freight from our works. TATRAM, Pa., to all points. HOBSON & CO., 4 Stone St., New York.

ADVERTISING CIRCULATORS. We small put out circulars this spring. If you want to get in on the ground floor send ref. and two stamps for conf. circ. etc. MAINE MED. CO., Box 8, Stillwater, Me.

ONE of our advertisements in Holiday number of drilling in one year. $7000 says he is glad he took our advice and BOUGHT A MACHINE THAT WOULD DO THE WORK! We make the best line of modern WELL Drilling machinery and that is the kind that pays the most. LOOMIS & NYMAN, Tiffin, Ohio.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

C & B GERMAN ELIXIR. ALL DRUGGISTS. For Skin and Blood Diseases.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent free. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. F. B. Palmer, city editor of the Oskaloosa, Ia., *Times*, under date of May 5th, 1893, relates the following experience: "Recently I was compelled by a serious siege of dyspepsia to leave my office work, and thought to seek relief by a month's travel on the Pacific coast. The rest and change helped me somewhat, but I could find no relief for the awful fiss of indigestion. When about to return home to Iowa I entered a prominent drug store in Tacoma, Wash., and asked for something that would bring relief from my indigestion. The druggist sold me a box of Ripans Tabules for 60 cents. In less than twenty-four hours I could feel a change for the better. From that day to this I have used Ripans Tabules whenever I felt my old ailment getting in its work, and with most commendable results."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (60 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York.

ALABASTINE. IT WON'T RUB OFF. Wall Paper in Unsanitary. KALSOMINE IS TEMPORARY, ROTS, RUBS OFF AND SCALES. ALABASTINE is a pure, permanent and artistic wall-coating, ready for the brush by mixing in cold water. For Sale by Paint Dealers Everywhere. THE DOCTOR.—Some layer of paper is bad enough, you have three here. Baby may receive cut cause blotches. FREE A Tint Card showing 12 desirable tints, also Alabastine Souvenir Book sent free to any one mentioning this paper. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Breakfast Cocoa

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

Real vs. Unreal.

Many a victim of disease is told that his illness is not real but imaginary. Nevertheless the pain is real to the sufferer, and he needs a *real* cure—not an imaginary one. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has to its credit *twenty years of genuine cures*—cures of Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Malaria, Female Infirmities, Liver and Kidney Diseases. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.