The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1898.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

No man can now tell whether there will be war, and one man's opinion about it is as good as another's. Active preparations are being made for war by both Spain and the United States. No report has yet been made by the Naval Court of Inquiry as to the cause of the blowing up of the battleship Maine. Of course this long delay is giving our country more time to prepare for war, and troops and munitions of war are being collected all along our coast.

It is now thought by many well informed persons that, without regard to the findings of the court of inquiry, our government will demand the independence of Cuba and enforce that demand if necessary. The terrible sufferings of the unfortunate Cubans should appeal to the sympathy of all mankind. It is credible reported that 200,000 Cubans—men, women and children—have died of starvation. Humanity demands that this slow-but-sure starvation should cease!

The office holders' meeting in Raleigh last week was a remarkable gathering of the enemies of Populists, whose only object is to devise the surest plan of retaining their offices.

This remarkable meeting was called to order by an office holder, State Auditor Ayer, and on his motion another office holder (Secretary of State Cowles) Chairman was elected. The names of delegates from thirty-five counties are published in the Raleigh papers, and nearly every one is an office holder. All from this county are office holders, and some of them hold more than one office. The Chatham office holders or pensions' Pops, who attended this meeting, were the following: Senator John W. Atwater, Register Hatch, J. E. Bryan who is also a United States Commissioner, Register Howard for voting for Populist and discharged by reason of his being a Pop; Sheriff J. J. Scott, Register of Deeds John E. Fearrington and Mr. R. B. Lineberry, who is county superintendent of the public schools, Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, coroners and treasurer of the county almshouse, deputy sheriff and deputy clerk of the superior court.

The meeting was held behind closed doors all night, not adjourning until 8 o'clock in the morning. The object is said to be three-fold, or factions, in the meeting. One faction favored co-operating with the Democrats; another favored co-operation with the Republicans, while a third favored the straight-out Populist fight. It is reported that all the Chatham office holders except Senator Atwater, favored co-operation with the Republicans, and that Mr. R. B. Lineberry declared that "the man who talks of fusion or co-operation of Populists and Democrats is simply wasting breath." But Senator Atwater is reported as declaring "that unless the Populists endorsed the recent utterances of the National Republican party, the Democratic party and the Republican silver party, the Populist party in North Carolina would fall to pieces, and that so far as his county was concerned, if the Populists wavered in this regard, the Democrats, fighting under the silver banner, would carry the county by 400 majority."

Finally, after much discussion, by a vote of 46 to 26, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That the spirit of this conference warrants the assertion that any differences which may have existed in the People's party of North Carolina are eliminated, and the sense of this conference is that every effort to prevent discord hereafter will be an object of grave suspicion, and the promoters of such an effort may be looked on as inimical to reform and good government.

Resolved, That the spirit of the recommendatory addresses by the National Chairman of the People's party, the Democratic party and the Silver Republican party, involving a union of all forces favoring a reform of the National financial system, is cordially endorsed, since such reform was the inspiration of the People's party, and is now its greatest purpose.

Resolved, That it is the hope of the conference that the State convention of the People's party may be able to devise means for furthering all its principles and efforts as will in no wise compromise the integrity of the party or the beneficent results of legislation already accomplished."

The railroad commissioners, by a vote of two to one, have overruled the exceptions filed by the railroad companies and have affirmed their former order reducing the passenger rates to two and a half cents a mile for first-class fare and two cents a mile for second-class fare. Of course the railroad companies have appealed to the courts, and no doubt the anti-injunction order of Russell's appointees will be reversed.

The Record will not undertake to say whether or not the railroads can afford to run for transportation for less than all thinking men must admit that this order, made by our railroad commission, was clearly contrary to the law and facts appearing on record in the case before them. In every judicial proceeding the court must disbelieve one side before it can decide the case, and in this case the railroad companies, which have not a dollar invested in the business, have made oath to the fact that the rates fixed by the commissioners would not pay them a profit on the business done in this State, while the commissioners, who have not a dollar invested in railroads, have made oath that the rates fixed by them would pay a profit. Of course the judge before whom the case is pending must believe one set of witnesses and disbelieve the other set, and his decision will be appealed from to the Supreme Court, and will probably not be rendered for a year or more. In the meantime the railroads will be compelled to charge the reduced rates, and if the Supreme Court should finally decide that the rates fixed by the commissioners were unreasonably low, the railroads could not collect from the people the increased charges.

Everything has now been done that can be done to secure the nomination of Democratic candidates for Governor and Congressmen who believe that the U. S. Senators should be elected by the people, and not by the Legislatures, and who believe that the Democratic party should not be a party of trickery and fraud, as it was in 1894, when it stole the Legislature from the Populists and elected Democratic Senators by means of the most infamous election frauds ever perpetrated in North Carolina. The Democratic party has now a chance to redeem itself, and if it does not do so it will richly deserve defeat. The Democratic party has been in power in this State for seven years, and has had ample time to show what it can do for the people, and if it has failed to do anything for the people it should be turned out of power. The Democratic party has had a fair trial, and if it has failed to do anything for the people it should be turned out of power. The Democratic party has had a fair trial, and if it has failed to do anything for the people it should be turned out of power.

The Supreme Court of the United States have decided that they have no jurisdiction in the case and have therefore dismissed the appeal of Railroad Commissioner Wilson against C. Aberth, who was appointed by Governor Russell. Therefore Caldwell and Pearson will retain their offices until the Legislature convenes, if Russell does not remove them also.

At last North Carolina has a daily newspaper; that is, a paper published every day, Sundays excluded. Heretofore all of our "daily" papers have been published only six times a week, but now the Charlotte Observer is being published every day, which journalistic enterprise is greatly enjoyed by its appreciative readers.

The very idea of a gang of selfish office holders meeting at Raleigh, and passing resolutions and dictating what the people of North Carolina must do!

The time has been when the office holders were considered to be the servants of the people, but now they act as if they are the bosses!

Relief for Maine Victims.

Washington, March 21.—The House today unanimously passed the bill for the relief of the survivors and victims of the Maine disaster. The bill reimburses the surviving officers and men for the losses they sustained to an amount not to exceed a year's sea pay, and directs the payment of a sum equal to a year's pay to the legal heirs of those who perished.

The report of the court of inquiry on the Maine disaster will be handed to President McKinley on Friday of this week, and he will transmit it to Congress next Monday or Tuesday, when its contents will be made public.

Chairman Manly's Address.

The Democratic State Executive Committee, at its meeting on the 22nd of last month, authorized Chairman Manly to call the State convention to meet at Raleigh, on the 20th of May. Accordingly he has issued the call, as follows:

Pursuant to a resolution of the State executive committee, adopted at its meeting held February 22nd, Chairman Manly announces that the Democratic State convention will be held in the city of Raleigh at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, May 26th, 1898.

The platform and declaration of principles adopted by the convention of the county executive committees, with principles and county conventions.

The convention will consider the question of the adoption of the Indianapolis declaration of principles adopted by the recent convention of the Democratic party of the United States, and will nominate candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commissioner of Labor and Printing, Commissioner of Insurance, Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Superior Courts, and will transact such other business as may properly come before it.

In accordance with the resolution of the executive committee, the basis of representation in the convention will be one delegate for every 1,000 Democratic votes cast for Governor in 1896, and one additional delegate for a fraction of 500 votes and over. Each county will be entitled to six delegates at large.

Democratic executive committees will call county conventions to meet at the county seats on Saturday, May 21st, 1898, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of electing delegates to the State convention, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them.

The chairmen of county executive committees are requested to see that the primaries and conventions are held at the usual places of voting in the several townships, and that the primaries are held at such hours as will afford every voter a reasonable opportunity to participate therein.

The basis of representation in county conventions will be fixed by the county executive committees.

Democrats who are opposed to the election of United States Senators by the people, and who favor the present system of electing Senators by the Legislatures, are not entitled to participate in the primaries or conventions.

By order of the executive committee.

CLARENCE MANLY,
Chairman State Dem. Ex. Com.
Wilmington, N. C., March 18th, 1898.

Two Sheriffs Shot.

Senatobia, Miss., March 21.—In a shooting affray here today, Sheriff W. J. Bray was killed and Deputy Sheriff Homer Gilmore dangerously wounded.

The row is on between Ashley Cocke and Homer Gilmore. Cocke emptied his pistol at Gilmore, three shots taking effect, while Gilmore missed his assailant entirely. Cocke then walked across the street, meantime reloading his pistol. Sheriff Bray, hearing the shooting, hastened to the scene and drawing his pistol, ordered Cocke to throw up his hands. Cocke at the same time called out to the sheriff not to come any further. Bray fired, but missed, and then Cocke, taking aim shot his antagonist through the head.

Killed by a Mine Explosion.

Madrid, March 18.—A terrible explosion took place today in the Santa Isabel mine, at Belmez, province of Cordova. Twenty bodies have already been recovered and many more are yet unaccounted for. Five of those rescued have succumbed to their injuries.

Carriers are grading the proposed railroad from Raleigh to Lillington.

Washington Letter.

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 1898.

Spain is still exerting her further, now that Spain has made known that the presence of a fleet of U. S. war vessels at Key West and the active preparations for war which are underway in this country are responsible for the recent action of autonomy in Cuba. It is now well understood in Washington that the only object Spain had in view in thus granting this measure of autonomy to Cuba, at the present time, was to prevent Congress and the people of this country from declaring war against Spain before the Cortes of Spain could meet on the 20th inst. Spain has long known that the Cuban question was the only one that could unite the people of this country, and she has been playing for time. She knows that the Cuban insurrection has been a constant drain upon the resources of the Spanish government, and that the longer it continues the more exhausted the Spanish treasury will become. Spain also knows that the Cuban insurrection has been a constant drain upon the resources of the Spanish government, and that the longer it continues the more exhausted the Spanish treasury will become.