

## WOULD WELCOME OLD GLORY.

### A Deputation of Rich Philippine Natives Called on Consul Williams and Urged That

### EVERY POSSIBLE EFFORT BE MADE FOR ANNEXATION

### Of the Whole of the Philippine Islands. The President Visits Camp Wikoff. Reported Capture of Khartoum-10,000 Lives Sacrificed. Resignation of Cavagnac.

A Manila special says: "A Hong Kong deputation representing the southern Philippines, and consisting of the best and richest natives in Pampanga, Mindoro, Cebu and Mindanao, visited United States Consul Williams recently and urged that every possible effort be made for annexation of the whole of the Philippine Islands. The deputation declared that all classes, the warlike mountaineers as well as those engaged in mercantile pursuits, would welcome the Stars and Stripes, and had resolved never to submit to Spanish or Tagalog rule. They also said there was a large number of those armed with rifles, near Iloilo, ready to support the Americans. They refused to join in the clamor for independence, which they considered a mistake and impracticable. They only wish for annexation to the United States.

Agemalino remains at Bakoor. He recently wrote an important letter to General Otis, which resulted in his receiving a sharp rebuke. The insurgent leader will probably render himself amenable to the American authority.

Resignation of Cavagnac. M. Cavagnac sent the following letter of resignation to M. Brisson, Premier and President of the Council: "I have the honor to send you and beg you to transmit to the President of the republic my resignation as Minister of War. There exists a disagreement between us, which being prolonged, would paralyze the government at a time when it most needs full unity of decision. I remain convinced of the necessity to combat a revision of the case. I do not intend to shirk the responsibilities of the position, but I cannot assume them without being in accord with the chief of the government to whom I have the honor to belong."

In Fine Condition. The fourth annual report of the Southern Railway Company for the year ending June 30, 1898, has just been issued. It is a complete and comprehensive statement of the great railway's business affairs, and shows a most encouraging increase in receipts and profits over the preceding year in all branches. The report shows the gross earnings of the road from operations to have been \$21,095,828.75, the operating expenses and taxes \$14,901,864.24, a gross income of \$6,193,964.51 over 1897, which makes the net earnings from operation \$6,563,974.31, a net increase of \$247,630.49. The statement then shows the net income from other sources, and other expenditures, as interest, rentals, and others, which leaves a balance carried to the profit and loss of \$1,007,914.09, or an increase of \$663,065.44.

Reported Capture of Khartoum. A report, which lacks confirmation, was current in London Sept. 3 that the Anglo-Egyptian forces had captured Khartoum. It was reported that the Anglo-Egyptian army was 2,000 men, while that of the Dervishes was placed at 8,000.

Ager and Sternberg, Rich Relieved. The report of Gen. Huchant as to the condition of the Chikamauga military hospitals has greatly reassured the officials of the army and administration. Secretary Ager, is delighted with the reformation of the sanatorial charges. Surgeon General Sternberg, who has been decidedly worried, is much relieved by the report.

General Swayne's Clever Action. A special from Guaymas, Porto Rico, says: Captain Palma, of the Spanish civil guard, brought General Brooke under a flag of truce, a dispatch from General Macias, extending to the American general, the use of his private residence at the Puerto Rico San Juan, during General Brooke's stay there.

Gen. Pando in New York. Gen. and Mrs. Pando arrived in New York recently from Havana. It is understood that General Pando has come to New York to conclude arrangements that have been making for transports to convey the Spanish troops from Havana to Spain.

Destroyed by a Torpedo. The government steamer John R. Meyer, was totally destroyed by an explosion at Fort St. Philip, La., recently. She had aboard Lieutenant Jorjey and a party engaged in removing the torpedoes laid in the Mississippi river during the lightning of the war. Lieutenant Jorjey had a narrow escape. The killed were Captain Starr, commander of the boat, Sergeant John Newman, of the engineers; Pat Corbin and Ralph H. Rogers. Those wounded were First Lieutenants D. R. Hadden,

## ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

### The Movements of Our Army and Navy Briefly Told.

Gen. Wheeler is returning to Camp Wikoff. During his recent trip to Camp Wikoff, the President of our great country has come here to greet the soldiers that marched so gallantly up San Juan hill on July 1st. He comes here to express the nation's thanks. I wish to tell you that when the President sent me here a few weeks ago to command this camp he enjoined me to the most emphatic language that I should, without regard to expense, endeavor to make comfortable this body of brave men who by their courage have raised this republic to the highest position among the great nations of the world. I have the honor and pleasure of introducing to you the President of the United States.

The parade of the Seventh Army Corps was the most magnificent military pageant ever seen in Jacksonville. Nearly 20,000 men were in line, and every regiment presented a fine appearance. Good weather favored the soldiers, and not a drop of rain fell during the day. The procession started at the first sharp of the bugle, and marched in the most magnificent manner. It was led by the 1st Regiment, followed by the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

Normal charges have been preferred against Major Bennett and Major Long, of the Fourth Illinois Regiment, by Colonel Auld on charges of conduct unbecoming officers and gentlemen. They will be tried by court-martial. Major Bennett, who was arrested, has been released and is now in his quarters. Major Long, who was also arrested, has been released and is now in his quarters.

Mexico in the New World has the largest standing army, with a strength of 1,000,000 men. It is estimated that the United States has 2,000,000 men. The Argentine Republic has a population of 10,000,000. The United States has a population of 70,000,000. The British Empire has a population of 300,000,000. The Russian Empire has a population of 100,000,000. The French Republic has a population of 40,000,000. The German Empire has a population of 60,000,000. The Italian Kingdom has a population of 30,000,000. The Spanish Kingdom has a population of 30,000,000. The United States has a population of 70,000,000.

Now that hostilities are over, the United States is at liberty to recover from the British battleships the cruiser Albany, which she captured in the Gulf of Mexico, which was one of the two captured from Brazil just prior to the outbreak of the war.

The transport City of Mexico, with General Shafter on board, has been ordered to leave the Gulf of Mexico. The City of Mexico is a transport ship of the United States Navy.

An order has been issued by the Navy Department detaching Commander J. C. Smith, from command of the battleship Texas, at New York, and placing him in command of the second squadron of the North Atlantic fleet, with the cruiser New York as his flagship.

A soldier died for three days ago at the Military Hospital, when he woke up, and before the doctors recovered from their surprise, got off the dissecting table and walked into the next room, where he wrote down some words on a piece of paper to make sure that he was alive and awake. The doctors now say that he has completely recovered from his lethargy.

The department of the Gulf was ordered to send all the recruits for the regular army now in the department to Montauk Point at once.

Floyd W. Gay, Company E, Sixty-fifth New York Regiment, charged with robbing the mails at Camp Alger, has been honorably discharged from the service of the United States, for failing to pay and acknowledge his debt, and sentenced to serve three years in hard labor in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

The second division of the Seventh Corps was reviewed recently by Gen. Lee at Jacksonville, Fla.

A counsel for Surgeon L. C. Duncan, of the Twenty-second Kansas, have made application to the judicial authorities at Fairfax, Va., for the release of their client on bail, but this will not be finally passed upon until official advice is received of the court martial trial. Duncan's trial by the State authorities is set for September 15th.

Private Alex LaBake, Company I, Second Wisconsin Volunteers, was placed in the Federal prison at Leavenworth, Kansas, recently, to remain for life, for the murder of Private Thomas Starnard, of the Third United States Infantry, in a saloon room at Vance, Porto Rico.

Medical officers at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, deny that there have been deaths at the camp hospital from yellow fever.

Colonel Kimball, deputy quartermaster general received from General Miles a dispatch dated Ponce, September 1, stating that 1,200 troops sailed on that date from Puerto Rico on the transatlantic steamer, Mississippi, for Cuba, Alamo, Chester and Ogdan. He himself sailed on the Ogdan. The transports will all come to New York.

The following troops have been ordered mustered out: Ninth Massachusetts, Seventh Illinois, Fifth Illinois, Sixty-fifth New York, Fifth Ohio Infantry, First Wisconsin, Third United States Cavalry, Fourth Texas

## A WOMAN'S INFLUENCE

CHAPTER I  
Margaret had finished her breakfast, and was sitting at the table, when she saw a woman enter the room with a bundle under her arm. She looked at her with a surprised expression.

"What is that?" she asked. "How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

"How nice you will find your well-contrived dress. See, you are waiting for me. I shall not be long. I have had a very hard day's work. Margaret turned from her book as the woman entered the room with these words.

## A REVISION DECIDED UPON.

### France and Germany May go to War Over the Dreyfus Case.

### AN ANGLO-GERMAN ALLIANCE.

Serious Charges Against Surgeon Hubbard. Set by Margots—some of the German Warship will be withdrawn from Maine. New Light on Cavagnac's Capture.

A special from Paris says the most pessimistic feelings exist. It is the common belief that Great Britain and Russia are on the eve of war, and that the consequences of the Dreyfus scandal will involve France in war with Germany. The government is doing its best to stem the rising tide of agitation by a studied silence which scandalizes the Journal Debats and other papers. If any success in getting over the crisis. Almost all the ministers, it is believed, are now in favor of revision. M. Cavagnac is alone obstinate, insisting that the most first finish his departmental matters, and that even then he will only not under pressure of a threat of publication abroad of such disclosures as would leave him no alternative to revision.

A special dispatched to the London Evening Standard, from Paris, says the French cabinet has decided on a revision of the Dreyfus case. An Anglo-German Alliance. A special from London of Sept. 2, says a report was current here today that a treaty of alliance between Great Britain and Germany, on the lines of the speech of Mr. Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, is said to have been concluded yesterday. It is said that a similar plan was first made by the British Government in 1897, when it was proposed to give Britain a free hand in Egypt. The Daily Mail says: "We learn that Mr. Chamberlain and the German ambassador, Count von Helldorf, have signed a document preliminary to a treaty which will give Britain a free hand in Egypt and allow England to lease Delagoa Bay from Portugal, at a cost of between £5,000,000 and £7,000,000. Germany will, as a further condition, support a bill in the Reichstag for the extradition of naturalized British subjects in Egypt. Mr. Chamberlain's secretary, has left London for the continent to submit to Lord Salisbury a copy of the treaty."

Serious Charges Against Surgeon Hubbard. Dr. G. A. Foster, of Chattanooga, has preferred charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman against Major Surgeon Hubbard, D. Hubbard, of the Sixth New York Regiment. The specifications are that Dr. Hubbard "perjured and swore" at Dr. Foster and other Chattanooga physicians who had been called to attend Surgeon Frank, of the Sixth New York, who was recently injured under the wheels of a moving railroad train, that Hubbard had removed Frank, who was in a state of prostration, from the train, and carried him to his quarters, against the protest of Foster and other physicians, and that as a consequence Frank died on his way to the division hospital, losing the only chance he had of recovery by being improperly handled.

In Re Withdrawal From Manila. A special official despatch from Berlin, says: A state of peace having been established between the United States and Spain, orders have been given that the German naval force at Manila be reduced to one or two ships, which, pending the complete restoration of order in the Philippine Islands, will suffice for the protection of German subjects and interests in that region.

New Light on Cavagnac's Capture. In a recent report, presumably to Gen. Gomez, Don Calisto Garcia declares Admiral Cervera occupied by land, and surrendered to 400 men, who delivered him with 1000 sailors to the American navy.

A Manila special says: Several ship loads of insurgent troops have invaded the Southern Islands, with the view of seizing everything possible prior to the settlement of the peace conditions. General Lina, the Spanish commander, with a flotilla of gun boats, is acting energetically, but the insurgents have captured the outlying islands of Romblon and Palawan, where they found treasures to the amount of \$24,000.

A special from Birmingham, Ind., says: "A horrible accident occurred at Stinesville in which four men were instantly killed by a dynamite explosion and many others seriously injured. The men were blasting rock for a new pier when a terrific explosion of dynamite occurred."

The Fever at Orwood. The Marine Hospital Service was officially advised of the ten new cases of yellow fever which have been discovered at Orwood, Miss. The officials are at once on the origin of the fever there, and have no definite theories to work upon.

Deputy State Treasurer Short. The shortage of \$5,000 in the accounts of former Deputy State Treasurer Hiram C. Gerrish, of New Bern, has been announced by State Treasurer Carter. The State loses nothing by the shortage, as Major Gerrish's bondsmen have made good the amount.

Four Young Women Drowned. By the accidental sinking of a sail of a pleasure yacht on Pungo Lake Bay, near Elio Is., four young women were swept off into the water and drowned.