

An Economical Costume.
Women with limited incomes are apt to deem the shirt-waist not only the most useful but the most economical of garments worn in conjunction with a cloth skirt. But it is often the case that in the end the selection is not a money saver. For example, cloth skirts are apt to be rather expensive, and they fade and catch the dust that blows so freely in the warm weather. Again a shirt-waist is not a pretty garment, and worn without a jacket with a cloth looks "patchy." In the end money is usually saved by putting the heavy skirt away that it may be fit for cool days. Becoming and inexpensive, likewise stylish and becoming, cambric and gingham frocks, made simply, are delightful substitutes for the heavy skirt and shirt-waist. The trouble with the average woman is that when she starts out to procure one of these useful summer costumes she begins to think of possible trimming for it and elaborate lines upon which to have it constructed, and if there are two things that should be omitted from such a frock they are these very two factors. The best pattern for the skirt is the bell pattern, fitted closely about the hips and either gathered in the back or laid in plaits. The hem should be about four inches deep. The bodice can be built on shirt-waist lines, to be worn with a stock or linen collar and necktie. There are many pretty ways of making these simple bodices. Three plaits in the back and the same number in the front is pretty. Again one plait down the back and two clusters of tucks in each side of the box plait in the front is modish.

Notes.
Some women always remind you of disabled men.
Among the hardest troubles to bear are those that seem needless.
Some one always says you are in a hurry when you are not in a hurry at all.
There are never any girls prettier than the one you are in love with, but there are plenty of women handsomer than the one you generally marry.

Richard Liebke, the eminent German oculist, recently celebrated his seventieth birthday in London, where he has lived ever since the Franco-German war, which drove him from Paris. Among his scientific works the one which most interested the general public was that in which he pointed out that many strange things in the pictures of certain painters are due to defects in their eyes.

Babton Henry C. Morrison, of the Methodist church, is being severely criticized by members of his own denomination for having delivered an address in Louisville the other day in which he said: "Thank God that Abraham Lincoln ever lived and that the Methodist in this country are responsible for the present trouble in China. With bowed head I thank God that in some way I am to blame for the trouble in China to-day. I thank God that each and every one of you and all the Methodists in this country are to blame. It is the itinerancy of Methodism."

Gold Medal Awarded Walter Baker & Co.
PARIS, Aug. 20.—The Judges at the Paris Exposition have just awarded a gold medal to Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A., for their preparations of cocoa and chocolate. This famous company, now the largest manufacturers of cocoa and chocolate in the world, have received the highest awards from the great international and other exhibitions in Europe and America. This is the third award from a Paris Exposition.

The rich man has troubles of which the poor man knows nothing.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Do you have those Allen's Foot Ease, a wonder for the feet. It makes feet of New Shoes feel easy. Cures Corns, Blisters, Itching, Swelling, Hot, Stings, Sore and Sore Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it. 25¢ a box. Write for FREE Address, ALLEN S. GIBBS, LEHAY, N. Y.

A widowed man says his hair reminds him of a fool and his hair.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROS. GREEN'S LAXATIVE. All druggists, refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves's signature on each box. 75¢.

"No woman," says the Manynuk Philosopher, "can be too good to be true."

KIDNEY TROUBLES OF WOMEN

Miss Friederick's Letters Show How She Suffered from Mrs. Pinkham and Was Cured.
"DEAR MISS PINKHAM—I have a yellow, muddy complexion, feel tired and have bearing down pains. Menses have not appeared for three months; sometimes am troubled with a white discharge. Also have kidney and bladder trouble."

I have been this way for a long time, and feel so miserable I thought I would write to you and see if you would do me any good.—Miss EDNA FRICKER, Troy, Ohio, Aug. 6, 1899.

"DEAR MISS PINKHAM—I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound according to directions, and can say I have not felt so well for years as I do at present. Before taking your medicine a more miserable person you never saw. I could not eat or sleep, and did not care to talk with any one. Now I feel so well I cannot be grateful enough to you for what you have done for me.—Miss EDNA FRICKER, Troy, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1899.

Backache Cured.
"DEAR MISS PINKHAM—I write to thank you for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. It is the only medicine I have found that helped me. I doctored with one of the best physicians in the city of New York, but received no benefit. I had been ailing for about sixteen years, was so weak and nervous that I could hardly walk; had constant pain in my back and was troubled with rheumatism. Menses were irregular and painful. Words cannot express the benefit I have derived from the use of your medicine. I heartily recommend it to all suffering women.—Miss MARY HARRISON, Windsor, Pa.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Kind Treatment of Horses.
Don't whip a horse when he stumbles or shies. Stumbling is often the fault of bad shoeing, and for that the owner, of course, is to blame, and not the animal. Shying is a relic of the wild state of the horse, and one that receives a lash from the whip when he swerves aside suddenly from some imagined danger or strange object will be only the more timid, nervous and excitable when he again encounters an object that creates sudden alarm.

Grass For Pigs.
Notwithstanding the anatomy of the pig would seem to dispute the proposition, grass is necessary to its best development. The small stomach would seem to indicate a grain ration, or concentrated food of some sort, and so it does. Hogs are wont to consume a large amount of food, converting it into pork; therefore, the first thing required is to enlarge his capacity to eat or, in other words, to enlarge his stomach. Grass being bulky in proportion to its nutritious qualities is the very thing and involves the only known method of enlarging the stomach. At the same time, it furnishes the protein needed to develop flesh, muscle and bone. Then when we have a large frame built up with enlarged digestive capacity it is an easy matter to put on the fat with corn or other carbohydrate foods.

Grapes on a Side Hill.
An Indiana subscriber writes that he wishes to put quite a steep hillside with southern exposure into grapes, but is afraid that when plowed it will wash and destroy his vines. He asks advice. Our correspondent's description of this hillside leads us to conclude that he has an ideal site for a vineyard. If the hillside is too steep to permit of drainage as a remedy for washing, do not break up the soil at all, except where the vines are to be planted. There each vine is to be dug up about a year square of ground, and during the summer keep the grass out short. The first year stake the soil out, place the permanent support.

This inquiry suggests the fact that there is a great deal of hill land in Indiana, and in almost every State, that might profitably be planted to grapes. This fruit is easily grown, and ought to be grown on every farm at least in sufficient quantities to furnish a supply for the family. To grow grapes to perfection they need attention, but one can plant the Concord grape and if it is utterly neglected afterward, it will produce fruit. There is no fruit grown upon the farm that is more delicious or healthful than the grape. Its culture deserves wider attention.—The Horticulturist.

Guinea Fowls.
If farmers would devote more attention to Guinea fowls and become familiar with their many good qualities, we would find them among almost every flock of poultry.

Guinea fowls cannot, of course, supplant or even rival chickens, but they at least deserve a place in the poultry world.

There is no more delicious or palatable dish than a young Guinea fowl, and the eggs, though small, are very rich and delicate.

The greatest objection to them is their wild nature, which prompts them to seek the woods in search of nests.

The young birds will leave the nest almost as soon as dry, and unless the mother and young are confined in a tight coop the tiny things will stray off and hide.

They are tender until two weeks old, after which time, if protected at night, they grow rapidly, and require practically no attention.

They must have free range, and when given it will gather all they require to eat, and during winter weather they need no special care, since they do not begin to lay until spring, any way.

They are not subject to any of the many diseases which afflict chickens, and really merit the attention of farmers and poultrymen.—Home and Farm

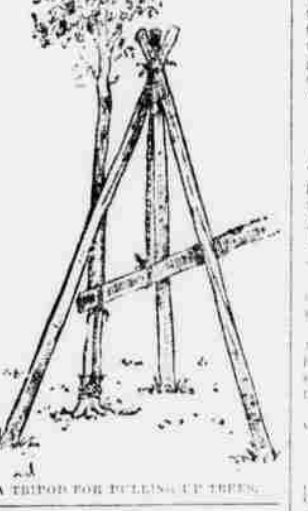
Poultry For Farmers.
For a certain class of farmers, poultry-keeping is a very appropriate business, and may be made very profitable. Those who are possessed of plenty of patience, kindness and gentleness of disposition, a scrupulous love of order, a habit of close observation, and who are ready in finding out the cause when anything goes wrong, will be successful in raising poultry, says a writer in Prairie Farmer. It would be folly to try to keep fowls on the borders of a forest or the margin of a swampy or such places. It would be a great advantage to live near a summer boarding house where there is good demand for eggs and chickens, or near a large city where early plump chickens sell for seventy-five cents per pound, and where cheap food may be procured. Upon the character of the climate depends greatly the kind of buildings needed for poultry kept for business and profit. When the chickens are sheltered by rows of corn stalks, rye or potatoes they are safe from hawks. They are kept busy scratching in loose ground, and will scratch out and eat every potato bug. This furnishes them employment and some wholesome food. If the owner of such a chicken farm is a gardener or florist, and his wife manages the poultry part of the business, producing every year 200 or 300 pairs of chickens for market, besides eggs and old fowl, success may be reasonably expected.

Selection of Seed Corn.
Corn is not sufficiently rich in proteins, the rarest and most valuable constituents of a food stuff, to insure even the best utilization of its wealth of starch. If the percentage of proteins could be permanently increased the value added to this crop would be incalculable. Analysis of numerous samples of corn made by the Kansas experiment station have shown that not only is there a great difference between varieties, but that in different ears of the same variety the proteins may vary by more than 8.5 and 14 per cent. In this variation lies the possibility of great improvement. There is no reasonable doubt that by intelligent and

persistent seed selection a considerable increase in the proteins may be made in existing varieties.

Chemical analysis has shown that the germ is richest in proteins. Therefore, choosing kernels in which the germ is in larger proportion to all the rest is necessary to insure getting seed that is richer in proteins. Selecting corn with a large germ is not as difficult as might be supposed. Take a few grains from the ear, neglecting the butt and tip, where they are more or less distorted in form, and with a sharp pocket-knife, begin at the tip of a large where it was attached to the cob and make several cross sections from one thirty-second to one-sixteenth of an inch in thickness, and observe the relative proportion of germ that the section shows. Repeat this on a number of kernels, and make longitudinal sections of other kernels also. These sections can be made in less than five minutes to tell how to do it, and for months of them a very useful judgment can be passed upon the corn. The relatively small amount of seed required for corn planting makes it feasible to give special attention to selection of the seed. At the same time attention should be given to the soil factors that combine to produce a large yield. A variety satisfactory in these respects should be chosen as the basis upon which to develop an improvement in the percentage of proteins.—American Agriculturist.

When Transplanting Trees.
The more earth that can be left clinging to the roots of a tree planted to be transplanted, the more certain is the tree to live. It is, of course, better to dig about the tree so as to leave a bank of earth about the small roots, following out and gently feeding the job roots as they are met in cutting a trench about the trunk. Then the tree must be fitted bodily, if possible. There are several ways to apply liquor for this purpose, one of the best being shown in the cut. A tripod is riged



with three stout poles and a lever is attached in the manner shown. As the tree is lifted a new "shell" can be secured by holding by the chain on the tripod. Where the tree is supported by the chain or rope at the end of the lever the rope should be well wrapped in old cloth to prevent injury. If the ground is dry at the time of transplanting it will be necessary to thoroughly soak the ground all about the trunk since the earth will cling together and to the roots much better in this way. If dry, the earth falls apart readily. Elm and maple are not difficult to transplant, but oaks must be moved with the greatest care and with as little disturbance of the roots as is possible. If the trees are to live, New York Tribune.

The Health of Dairy Cows.
The health of dairy cows and the conditions under which the animals are kept are perhaps not in every case what they might be. Indeed, it may be said some degree of confidence be afforded that such remains to be desired. In regard to these exceedingly important points, but while the need for improvement is undisputed, it is essential alike for success and in justice to the owners of dairy herds, that what measures of reform are instituted should be practical and trustworthy. In regard to this, as to many other agricultural questions, numerous theories and suggestions are promulgated, but most of them are of the arbitrary character calculated to hinder rather than to aid the farmer in his effort to attain the maximum of profit and efficiency while yielding little or no tangible result. As a representative conference of brain bodies in this country, recently called in connection with the prevention of tuberculosis in its relation to the meat and milk supply, the following among other resolutions was adopted, viz: "That all farmers shall conform within the space of six, twelve months from the time of organization into force, with the following conditions: (1) An impervious floor; (2) a plentiful supply of good water for drinking; (3) a proper drainage; (4) a deposit for manure at a sufficient distance from the barn; (5) a minimum cubic content as regards sub-stallments of 200 cubic feet for each adult beast; (6) a minimum floor space to each adult beast; (7) sufficient light and ventilation."

With the foregoing propositions there is little amiss, as cleanliness and ample ventilation in housing are unquestionably matters of vital importance, but the same cannot be said regarding the further resolution suggesting that Parliament should be asked to authorize local authorities to apply in all districts the tuberculin test in order to discover whether these cows suffer from tuberculosis. Here the meeting made the mistake of accepting the tuberculin test as absolutely reliable, when it certainly has not yet proved itself to be. In no properly organized exhaustive experiment has tuberculin shown itself a certain diagnostic for tuberculosis, and to carry out this second resolution of the Glasgow meeting would mean intolerable annoyance and hardship for the farmer without the prospect of appreciable benefit resulting to any of the interested concerned.—London Daily Post.

Proverb to Quote.
Many a proverb has gained currency purely because it was easily committed to memory.—Puck.



You will never find our Doctor out. He is here to give advice without charge to those who need him—to those who don't, sometimes. He doesn't always recommend the Ayer medicines, because the Ayer medicines are not "cure-alls."

Perhaps if we tear a leaf from his correspondence it will show you what we mean. Here is a letter which came last March.

"DEAR DR. AYER:—I want your advice for my little boy. He is getting very thin. He has no appetite. He is fifteen years old. When he was four years old he had long fever, but his health was good and two years ago began to fail. He is failing fast. The doctor here says he has the bronchitis. He says all the time a wet lung. The spits are big, thick, and white. Yours truly, Mrs. MARGARET MURPHY, March 25, 1899, Kinbrae, Minn."

And this is the way the Doctor answered Mrs. Murphy:

"DEAR MOTHER:—We will look on the Throat and Lungs in which we trust you find just the information you desire. I have already begun at once the use of this remedy for your young son, giving him only the dose. Then procure some good preparation of cod liver oil, as Scott's Emulsion, and give him that, as well. Pay particular attention to his diet, giving him such nourishing foods as rice, steak, fresh fruit, good milk, eggs, etc. Above all, keep him out of doors all that the weather permits. There is nothing that will do him more good than plenty of fresh air. Let him live out of doors all that is possible. By carrying out these general suggestions we shall hope to hear soon that your son is improving in every way. Very truly yours, J. C. AYER, April 5, 1899."

You see, it wasn't only the Ayer medicines that we recommended. The first idea of the Doctor was to cure that boy. The result is told in this letter:

"DEAR DR. AYER:—My little boy has improved so much since I thought your advice that I want to write and tell you how thankful I am. When I wrote you, on March 25, he only weighed 32 pounds, but now he weighs 52 pounds, and all this gain since the 5th of April, when I first began to follow your directions. Please let me thank you again for what you have done for my boy. Truly yours, Margaret Murphy."

Perhaps it was the cod-liver oil; perhaps it was the Cherry Pectoral. Probably it was both. But, more than either, it was the good, sound advice the Doctor gave in the first place. We are here to serve you in just the same way, and we will tell you the medicine for your case or tell you what medicines to avoid.

Five out of ten of our correspondents need a doctor rather than a prepared medicine, and we tell them so. If the doctors only knew it, we are working with them every day.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sassaaparilla
Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Cataplast

The Best is always used as a basis for Comparison.

GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic

Is the standard prescription of America for Malaria, Chills and Fever.

How often do you hear imitators say "Our medicine is just as good as Grove's" or "It is better than Grove's". Do not be satisfied with the "just as goods". There are no "just as goods"—Grove's is the best as such comparisons admit—Grove's is many times superior both in merit and popularity to any other chill preparation manufactured, and is the only chill cure sold to jobbers in car load lots. Every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States and Cuba sells Grove's on a No cure, No pay, basis. Price 50 cents.

Grove's Tonic broke up a 10 days' spell of fever which a physician thought would last several weeks.

"During my recent illness your Chill Tonic proved of beneficial effect—it being highly endorsed by my family physician. 3 bottles broke up a 10 days' spell of fever which at first was thought by the doctor would last for several weeks. Your excellent remedy is having a tremendous sale throughout this section, more so than all other Chill Tonics combined, as I am informed by various druggists."

Yours truly, A. ROSCOWER,
Goldsboro, N. C.

It is easy enough for a millionaire to believe that contentment is better than wealth—for he finds it harder to acquire.

The Best Prescription For Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simple iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50¢.

Every mortal who is weighed in the balance is found wanting—something he doesn't need.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by showing a bar of Allen's Grape Nuts Fruit after each meal.

Sympathy is one of the chief factors of feminine charm.

All good men alike to PINKAM FADLESS DEXA, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Too many men mistake their faults for misfortunes.

Desirable Scholarships. Two each in North and South Carolina, one each in Virginia, Georgia and Tennessee, are offered by Elizabeth College, Charlotte, N. C.

When a fellow has let all his chips in a poker game it can't do him much good to call a cab or raise an umbrella.

Statistics prove that the people who suffer most from insomnia are not the ones who sit through Sunday morning sermons.

FIT'S permanently cured Sufferer nervousness after three days' use of Dr. King's Great Peppermint Cure. It is simple iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50¢.

No matter how homely a man may be, there is always some woman who thinks he is handsome.—Philadelphia Times.

I do not believe Plac's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds. JOHN F. POTTS, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 18, 1900.

Mrs. Winkler's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, &c. a bottle.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used, except on prescriptions from reliable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. H. F. J. HERVEY & CO., Toledo, O., guarantee to refund the money if the ointment does not cure. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, price 25¢ per bottle. H. F. J. HERVEY & CO. are the best.



Personal Appearance of Aguinaldo's Wife

The few Americans who have called upon her in Calle San Jose have found a good-looking Filipino woman of about thirty years, clad in the graceful thousands of her less prominent sisters, says Harper's Bazar. She is better looking from the Filipino standpoint than from ours; she is plump, pleasant-faced, and, to her country folk, distinctively attractive. She will not talk Spanish with a foreigner; it is said that she can speak this language, but does not care to do so. To hold converse with her it is necessary to enlist the services of a Tagalog interpreter.

Today "In Senora Presidente" has the appearance of a woman who has suffered, not in the term of her unhappiness yet past. Her eyes, with their expression of sadness and dejection, show her distress of mind. For this there is due cause. Her husband is probably a fugitive, hiding in the mountains, and every day lessens his chances of ultimate pardon at our hands if he captures him. He may be dead; if he still lives he is in danger every minute of the day, wherever he may be. I do not believe Mrs. Aguinaldo herself knows where he is, nor that she has heard from him since she came to Manila. She is fully aware of the dangers which surrounded him in the Igorrote country when she left him last Christmas, because it was the unmistakable hostility of these same Igorrotes that decided her to seek the protection of our lines. She lost her infant daughter last November, and later her three-year-old son died in Baco.

Who He Was.
Stranger to shabby individual—Are you the janitor of this building?

Shabby individual—No, sir. The gentleman with the big diamond pin and silk hat who just went up in the elevator is the janitor.

"Then you are one of his assistants, I suppose?"

"Yes, I suppose so. I'm the owner of the building"—Chicago News.

The powers that be—love, money, ambition, and a good dinner.

\$3.00 W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

The modern, practical, economical shoes for progressive men are the W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes. Perfect shape, that hold their shape and fit well worn out. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.

A \$5 SHOE FOR \$3.50. A \$4 SHOE FOR \$3.

The real worth of our \$3 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$1 to \$3. We are the largest makers and retailers of high-grade shoes in the world. We make our shoes in our own factories, and we control every step of the manufacturing process. Our shoes are made of the best materials and are guaranteed to give you the most service for the money.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

BOILER FLUES
Pipe and Fittings
Six Car Loads in Stock. Cut and Ship Quick.
LOMBARD
Foundry, Machine and Boiler Works and Supply Store, Augusta, Ga.

NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, ROANOKE, VA.
MORE CALLS FOR GRADUATES THAN IT CAN SUPPLY.
Send for Catalogue.
Enter Sept. 4.
CHAS. E. ECKERLE, President.

For 23 years we have been making shoes and our shoes are known all over the world. Our shoes are made of the best materials and are guaranteed to give you the most service for the money.

Columbia Business College, Columbia, S. C.
Best Business and Short-hand Course, better accommodations, and more Graduates than in positions than other Business Colleges in S. C. Combined. Terms low. Catalogue FREE.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives relief from dropsy, edema, and other ailments. It is a powerful diuretic and is guaranteed to give you relief from all such ailments. Price 25¢ per bottle.

FISO CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. It is a powerful lung tonic and is guaranteed to give you relief from all such ailments. Price 25¢ per bottle.

ATTENTION is facilitated if you mention this paper when writing advertisements. \$0.25

That Little Book For Ladies will tell you all you need to know about the most popular and profitable business in the world. Price 25¢ per copy.

12 columns with 1000 words. Thompson's Eye Water