One square, one insertion \$1.00 One square, two insertions

ments Liberal Con-

tracts will be made.

VOL. XXIX. PITTSBORO, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1907.

Issued By the President That Will Stop Land Frauds

ENTRIES MUST BE BONA FIDE

Is in Form of Letter to Secretary Hitchcok and Directs That Hereafter no Certificte, Patent or Other Evidence of Titles Shall be Isaned Under Law Until Actual Examination Has Been Made on Ground by Authorized Official of Government-Lands Already Examined in This Manner Are Excepted From Provisions of Order.

Washington, Special. - President Roosevel has determined to put an end, it possible, to frauds in the acof public lands by individuals and corporations. He has directed that, hereafter, no patent shall he issued to public land until an exannuation of the ground shall have been made by an authorized officer of the government.

The President's order is in the form of a letter to Secretary Hitcheock, and, under its provisions, orders are being sent out by the officials of the general land office. Following is the text of President Rossvelt's letter.

· Washington, Jan. 25, 1907.

"The Secretary of the Interior. "Ser:-To prevent the fraud now practiced in the acquisition of public ands of the United States, I have to lired that hereafter, no final certificales, patent or other evidence of titles shall be issued under the publie land laws until an actual examination has been made on the ground by an authorized officer of the govnment; but the following shall be excepted from the force of this or-

Exceptions to Order.

...(1)-Ail claims which have hereinfore been examined on the ground authorized officer of the goverament, whose report is found satis-

"(2)-All calims where heretofore on officer of the government other than officers authorized to take final proof, shall have been present at the taking of final proof to cross- examme claimant and witnesses, if such proof is found satisfactory.

- All claims where claimant's compliance with law has been estabished by contest or other regular adverse proceedings.

· 4)-Entries which may have be confirmed by virtue of an act of

- Selections and entries in which he residence or improvement is namived by law, when the lands embraced therein are strictly speaking in agricultural districts, or when charger has been fixed by investigation and classification made in accombinee with law.

" | Cases of re-issuance of patents because of some clerical error in the patent heretofore

"(7)-All Indian allotments which have been regularly approved in accurative with instructions of the Secretary of the Interior.

"You will issue all necessary instructions to carry this order into ef-. This order is in lieu of my order

December 13, 1906. Signed) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Contractor Charged With Peonage Sent on to Grand Jury. Rosnoke, Va., Special.-John Sabusy, a railroad contractor arrested charged with peonage, was sent on to the Federal grand jury by United

States Commissioner White after a hearing that lasted two days. First Georgia Regiment to Camp at

Jamestown Exposition. Vorfolk, Va., Special.—Announcement was made from Jamestown Ex-Position headquarters that the Fifth fiergia Regiment, the crack regiment from that Sete, will encamp at the experition from June 9 to 17, comng direct from Atlanta under command of Col. C. L. Anderson.

For Placing Additional Anchorage dington, Special.-Rear Ad-2. F. Harrington, U. S. navy. abmitted to the Navy Departan estimate of \$15,000 for placadditional suchorage marks in oton Roads as part of the genplan to have Hampton Roads and adjacent waters ready by the midof April to receive the foreign oning to the Jamestown Expowork includes the placpile beacons and making the publication of an anchorhart and trales of anchorage ther important preparations of

Marriott Will Probably Recover.

Ormond, Fla., Special,-Fred Marwho was seriously injured when cing automobile was wrecked cacing along, Ormond-Dayton at a speed of nearly 125 miles hour, passed a fairly comfortable and probably will recover. It leared at first that the driver stained internal injuries, but no ation of anything of that kind leveloped.

What Our National Lawmakers Are Doing From Day to Day

The Senate accepted the proposition of the House of Representatives to increase the salaries of Senators. Members and Territorial Delegates to \$7,500 annually, and those of the Vice President, the Speaker of the House and members of the President's cabinet to \$12,000. This action was taken by a vote of 53 to 21 and followed a duscussion of nearly three hours. An amendment confining the increase to cabinet officers and the presiding officers of the Senate and House, was voted down, as was also a proposition to postpone the increase until 1913.

Senator Beveridge of Indiana, began an extended address setting forth the child labor conditions of the country, in support of his pending bill prohibiting inter-State commerce in articles which are the product of from 3 oclock until 4:30 and gave notice that he would conclude his address Thursday.

President Roosevelt's message in support of the ship subsidy was received and read by both houses of Congress.

After the reading in the House, the message was referred to the committee on merchant marine and fisheries, from which a mail subsidy blocked by a struggling mass of mill measure has just been reported, in the Senate the message was sent to the committee on commerce.

The President calls attention to the great desirability of enactment of legislation to help American shipping and American trade by encouraging the building and running of lines of large and swift steamers to South America and the Orient.

For An Increase of the Navy. An appropriation of about \$95,-000,000 is provided for in the naval appropriation bill agreed upon by the House committee on naval affairs. The bill provides for an additional battleship of the type agreed upon in the naval appropriation bill of last year. It also makes provision for two torepdo boat destroyers and appropriates \$2,000,000 for submarine. This \$2,000,000 is additional to the \$1,000,000 for submarines provided in the bill last year, which has not yet been expended. Provision is made for about 3,000 additional sailors and 900 additional marines.

The new battleship provided for in the bill is to be a sister ship of the monster authorized by Congress last year, which the bill requires should "be a first-class battleship, carrying as heavy armor and as powerful armament as any known vessel of its class, to have the highest practicable speed and greatest practicable radius of action." The cost of the new bat-

tleship is estimated at \$10,000,000. To Abelish Pension Agencies.

The House voted to abolish all pension agencies throughout the country, 18 in number, and centralize the payment of pensions in the city of Washington. This ection was y port, the fire damp exploded. taken on the pesion appropriation bill after spirited opposition on the part of those having pension agencies in their States.

By a vote of 58 to 114 an amendment offered by Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, restoring the number of agencies to 18 as at present, was defeated, and . then an amendment offered by Mr. Gardner, of Michigan, consolidating all the agencies in one was adopted without division.

The pension appropriation bill carrying \$138,000,000 in round numbers was passed.

A message from the President was read relative to insurance, and at 2:30; out of respect to the memory of the late Senator Alger, of Michigan, the House adjourned.

A Brief Session.

The Senate was in session Saturday only for a little more than an hour, the early adjournment being taken to permit attendance on the funeral of the late Senator Alger. A' few bills of minor importance were passed, but most of the time of the sitting was devoted to the further discussion of Senator Hale's resolution providing for an inquiry into the personal interest manifested by naval trie current. Mrs. Carper was also officers in the navy personnel bill. The resolution was ultimately referred to the committee on naval affairs.

Washington Treatre Burned.

Washington, Special.-The Academy of Music, at Ninth and D streets, northwest, was almost completely gutted by fire of unknown origin which broke out about 5 o'clock Thursday morning. A number of offices were located in the building, as was also the Spencerian Business College. None of these were clamaged by fire, but were flooded by water, the fire being confined to the stage and auditorium of the theatre. The loss is estimated at \$30,000. The building was insured for \$75,000.

Telegralipic Briefs.

Dr. Charles D. Walcott, director of the Geological Survey, was elected secretary of the Smithsonian Insti-

President Roosevelt sent a special message to Congress, urging the passage of the Modified Ship Subsidy

The new River and Harbor bill caries appropriations of \$2,215,000 for Baltimore.

REVIEW OF WORK OF CONGRESS | FOUR DIE IN BURNING FACTORX

Mill No. 1 of Cochedo Manufacturing Company, Dover, N. H., Burned to Ground-Bodies of Four Boy Operatives, Charred Beyond Hope of Identification. Found in Smoking Ruins and it is Believed Another Will be Discovered.

Dover, N. H., Special,-Dover's most disasterous fire, which occurred Saturday, cost the lives of four and probably five young mill operatives and a property loss of half a million dollars. The fire destroyed Mill No. 1 of the Cochedo Manufacturing Company. The bodies of four boys, charred beyond hope of identification, were found in the smoking ruins, and as five boys are known to be missing, it is believed that another body will be discovered.

The missing boys are: Charles Cosgrove, aged 16 years. Constantine Elopulous, aged 16 John Nicholopulous, aged 15 years,

-Redden, aged 15 years. -Hester, aged 15 years. Several of the injured were hurt

while descending by ropes. The fire broke out in the mill not long after the 500 or more operatives had asembled for their day's work. Friction from helt generated sparks, which lodged in a mass of cotton and the flames quickly spread throughout the building. The exits soon became hands, and many were obliged to jump from the windows. Others secured ropes and descended to the ground.

There were several daring rescues by firemen. - Four imprisoned men on the fourth floor were taken out of a window, though not until they had climbed one by one down a stout pole which the firemen had made fast to the top of a ladder too short to reach the window sill. The total loss is \$500,000, covered by insurance.

12 Killed in Explosion.

Weston, W. Va. & Special,-Five Americans and seven Italians are known to be dead as the result of an explosion of fire damp in the Pennsylvania Company's mine at Lorenz, W. Va., near Buchannon, W. Va., which occured about 5:30 Saturday evening. Immediately following the explosion the mine caved in and nearly caused the entombment of all the miners estimated at 100. The bodies of 12 dead men have been recovered and it is not known at this time whether any others met death. The Americans who were killed are:

Charles Boseman. William Bailey. James Scott.

Charles Johnson. Glenn Miles.

The bodies of seven Italians have also been recovered, but as they are known only by numbers, their identity is not possible.

The explosion occurred just as the day force was leaving the mine. Only a few of the men had reached the surface when, with a terrific re-

The five Americans and seven Ital ians who were killed, were found about 100 feet back in the mine. Apparently the 12 men had been overcome by gas and died, as their bodies were not burned.

W. P. Fife Dies Suddenly.

St. Louis, Special.—W. P. Fife. capitalist, died suddenly at o'clock Sunday at the St. James Hotel. Mr. Fife was in the hotel lobby came suddenly ill, and soon lost consciousness. Dr. William Beherns was hastily summoned from the Southern Hotel, across the street, but could do nothing for Mr. Fife, who died shortly after the doctor's arrival. Dr. Heherns says the death was probably due to a heart attack, but is not positive.

Asks \$10,000 For Husband's Death. Roanoke, Special.—Mayor Joel P. Cutchin, representing Mrs. Edward Carper, entered suit against the Roanoke Railway and Electric Company for \$10,000 damages for the death of Mrs. Carper's husband, who was killed some time ago by an elecinjured in the same manner, and it is probable that suit will be entered for damages in her case.

Damage Sustained by Battleships. San Juan, P. R., By Cable, Act cording to information obtained here, which however, cannot be verified, the damage sustained by the United States battleship, Connecticutt when she ran on a reef while entering the harbor of Culebra Island, consisted of an indenture, forward, 50 feet long. It is also said that 7,000 feet of lumber and 300 barrels of cement were fixed to stop the battleship' leaks. A court of inquiry is investi gating the accident, the responsibility for which is not known. The officers of the Connecticut refuse to discuss the matter.

Hartwell, Ga., Institute and a Residence Burned.

Macon, Ga., Special.-The Hartwell Institute at Hartwell, Ga., was burned Thursday morning. Pianos and furniture were saved, but badly damaged. Several hundred pupils attended the institution. A large residence was also burned and the owner badly hurt by falling from committee agreed to fix solicitors' reading: roof. Loss not known.

TAR HEEL LAWMAKERS

The Chatham Record.

What Our State Lawmakers are Doing Raleigh. Railroad Hearing.

Intese interest was shown in the hearing on the radway regulation and rate bill by the Senate and House committee. The Senate chamber was packed with people. The following railway officials: President of the Southern Railway W. W. Finley; Vice Presidents A. B. Andrews and Culp, and General Manager Ackert, General Counsel Thomas, Passenger Traffic Manager Hardwick, Freight Claim Agent Hooper, and Comptroller Plant-all of the Southern, were present. Second Vice President Sevier, General Counsel Watts, General Superintendent Hix, of the Seaboard: General Passenger Agent Craig, General Superintendent Anderson, Assistant General Counsel Elliott, of the Atlantic Coast Line; Vice President Stagg, Traffic Manager Cheatham, Treasurer Duke, General Counsel Fuller, of the Durham & Southern; General Manager Nichols, General Passenger Agent Reid, of the Carolina & North Western; of the Aberdeen & Asheboro, President Henry Page, of the Norfolk & Western, William A Guthrie; of the Raleigh & Southport, President Mills, were also there.

Senator Graham presided, Chairman Yount, of the House committee, sitting with him. Speaker Justice sat near Chairman Graham and acted as grand inquisitor. Chairman Graham said the question to be discussed this afternoon was whether the passenger rate should be reduced and to what extent.

Mr. Finley Speaks. President Finley, of the Southern, was the first speaker, and made an excellent impression. Speaker Jusfice plied him with questions. He said that if the Legislature would make the passenger rate 3 cents straight, with no second-class fare. the Southern was willing to accept it. He declared he could see no reason for reducing the rate to 2 1-2 cents here. He did not oppose the regulation of railways by the Legislature, but he did not believe in Legislatures administering railway affairs. The present trouble, he said, is not of rates but of lack of facilities for the business man or the producer to reach his market. He said the Southern had no financial con-

nection with the South & Western. General Passenger Agent Ryan, of the Seaboard, was the next speaker. He was loaded with figures about the passenger rates in various States, to show that in States where reductions had been made the increase in travel was not so great as had been expected and that the loss to the companies was not made up. House Committee Endorses Anti-

Pass Bills. This same committee held a hearing on two bills. Graham's and Justice's regarding newspaper passes. Graham says his bill is not intended to affect newspapers. Justice says his bill puts newspaper people on the same footing as other folks. His bill is the one mainly considered. Graham's bill is the inter-State commerce bill with the provision that this shall not conflict with the State

Speeches were made by Messrs, H. A. London, John M. Julian, W. C. Dowd, Rev. J. O. Atkinson, Archibald Johnson and Representative Jacobson in favor of the amendment offered by the Press Association. Speaker Justice was present, asked numerous questions and insisted upon the endorsement of his position chatting with friends when he be- by the committee. Several members of the House committee took a keen interest in propounding questions to Press Association representatives. At the conclusion of the argument the committees went into executive session. The result was that Justice was sustained by a vote of 6 to 5 by the House committee. The Senate committee unanimously decided not to interfere with the present law, thus allowing editors to retain their present rights in this regard.

Pass Third Reading. Bills passed third reading: Regarding the graded schools at Plymouth.

To separate prisoners with tuberculosis from other prisoenrs in county jails. To take from magistrates juris-

diction of cruelty to animals and give it to the Superior Court. To reduce fees and pay of county

officers of Johnston. To amend the law regarding land entries by requiring both parties to give bond when protest is filed. To give flume companies the right of eminent domain over a strip over

16 feet wide and making them common carriers, subject to regulation | Confederate veterans. The commitby the corporation commission. To prohibit non-residents from the State from gathering clams, oysters and tarapins in Brunswick county To regulate fees of jurors in Edge-

combe. To amend the law regarding the passage of fish in the Cape Fear and North rivers. To appoint M. M. Bullard a magis-

trate in Grady township, Pender

county. "Dope Bill" Killed. The House on Friday killed the soft-drink bill, popularly known as the "dope bill." In the Senate a number of bills were passed to second and third reading, and about this. the usual number of local measures were introduced in both houses. The salaries at \$2,100.

Bills Ratified.

To give the United States exclusive jurisdiction over lands on which there are public buildings of the government.

To except Anson county from the law prohibiting the throwing of sawdust in streams.

Abolish the March term of Onslow court; also joint resolution giving the Senate committee on the railroads and the House committee on public service corporations power to send for persons and papers pertaining to passenger triffic and freight

> IN THE HOUSE. Dillingham's Bill.

Dillingham's bill, introduced, is one of the most important before the Legislature, and 300 copies of it are ordered printed. It is understood that this bill is recommended by the Senate and House committees on education after a long and careful consideration, and it carries out the views of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction as expressed in his report; also the views of the State Labor Commissioner; the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly and other organizations. It provides that the qualified voters in any district, township or county may petition the county board of education asking that compulsory attendance be ordered from any school or schools and the board, if it finds the petition has been signed by a majority of such voters, may in its discretion, order compulsory attendance. The board may, upon such petition, hold an election submitting to the voters of such district, township or county the question of such compulsory attendance. designating the time, appointing election officers and advertising the fact 30 days before such election, which would be held mainly under the general law governing elections, the expense to be paid out of the school funds, and if the majority is in favor of campulsory the board shall order it upon the school or schools named found that the enrollment in any school or any district for the preceding year has been less than 60 per cent., or that the average daily attendance has been less than 85 per cent. of the school census, the board of educators in the county shall have the power in its discretion, without petition or election to order compul-

sory attendance upon such schools. Shall Compel Attendance. Every parent or person having control of the child over 8 and under 14 years of age, shall cause such child to attend the public schools in its distriet for 16 weeks in each school year, such year beginning July 1st and ending June 30th, unless the parent or person having control shows that the child has received elesewhere during the year regular instruction for 16 weeks in the studies taught in the public school. Children over 12 shall not be subject to this employment when lawfully employed at labor at home or elsewhere. Violation of this last section in a misdeamor, punishable by a fine not less than \$5 or more than \$25.

Winborne introduced a bill to amend the constitution by extending the operation of the "Grandfather Clause' to 1918. (The Republican State platform demanded an extension only to 1912.)

Pass Third Reading. The following bills passed third reading:

To incorprate Mortimer, Caldwell county. To restore the dogs of Franklin county their ancient immunity from taxation. (Buckett, introducer of

this bill, making a humorous speech in advocacy of it.) To amend the prohibition law of Johnson so owners of vineyards and orchards can make and sell in quantities not less than a quart, wine and

cider of their own manufacture. To provide for the election by vote of the people of the commissioners of Vance county.

To amend the charter of Roanoke Rapids. To add Davidson county to the anti-jug law of 1905.

To amend the charter of Highlands, Catawba county, and extend its boundaries. To prevent trespassing on the lands

of another in Bertie, and to protect To provide for the payment of jurors, allotting dower and widows' al-

dowances. To amend the acts of 1905 so as to pay special veniremen in Columbus and Onslow \$1 per day.

Speaker Justice's bill to enlarge the powers of the corporation commission regarding public service railways was ordered printed and made a special order for Saturday noon. Liberal to Veterans.

The Legislature is going to be even more liberal than was expected to the tees on pensions will, it is learned Saturday, recommend a bill carrying \$450,000 annually, this being an increase of \$175,000 over the present annual appropriation. The committees from the first manifested a very

liberal spirit. A favorable report is made on the Senate bill making 10 years' separation a cause for absolute divorce. Several lawyers appeared in favor of the bill, which covers only a few cases, one or two being perhaps notable. Many of this kind have been introduced in past years to cover a particular case, and only a few years ago there were some notable instances of

Pass Third Reading.

To revise the charter of Lexington

To appropriate \$20,000 additional to the Jamestown Exposition, making the total \$50,000.

NO. 25.

To amend the charter of the South & Western Railway, so as to give it the power to condemn land on the right of way of other railways which out necessary for the use of the lat-

Funreal of Senator Alger.

Washington, Special.-In accordance with the wishes of himself and family, the funeral of the late Senator Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, which was held at the family residence in this city at 2 o'clock Saturday, was simple but impressive. The ceremonies were conducted by the late Senator's friend and former pastor, Rev. Dr. Wallace Radeliffe, of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church in this city, and Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, the chaplain of the United States Senate.

Mysterious Crime Done.

New York, Special.-Dr. Charles W. Townsend, one of the best known physicians and surgeons on Staten Island, was shot and probably mortally wounded while in bed in his home in New Brighton, S. I., early Saturday. The case is surrounded by mystery, but from the meagre details which have been permitted to leak out by the officials, it is believed that the doctor was the victim of a man who sought vengence for some real or fancied wrong.

Nine Foreigners Blown to Atoms. Roanoke, Va., Special .- A Richmond special to The Times says nine men, all foreigners, were blown into eternity by a dynamite explosion Saturday on the Tidewater Railroad near Pearisburg, Va. The laborers were at dinner and a quantity of the explosive which was being thawed in front of a fire blew up. The bodies were badly mangled and were hurled quite a distance.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

There is a big surplus over the public expenditure in Russia.

Elections to the new Russian Douma show continued Socialist Relentless war on gambling is be-

ing waged in France by the Premier, Consul-General Foster gave a luncheon in honor of Secretary Root at

Ottawa, Canada, Jamaica supports a population of 750,000 people, only two per cent. of whom are white.

The one hundredth anniversary of

General Lee's birth was celebrated throughout the South. The St. Louis Electric Bridge Company has been licensed to span the

Mississippi at Venice, Ill. Senator Bravo. Moderate leader, declared that the hope of Cuba lies in an American protectorate. Josiah Flynt Willard, widely known

as the author tramp under the name of Josiah Flynt, died in Chicago. There were \$60,000,000 worth of motor cars manufactured and sold in the United States the past season.

The Supreme Court ordered that

the defendants in the Chattanooga lynching case appear and give bail. Grand Duke Vladimir returned to Tsarkoe-Selo, as the St. Petersburg police would not guarantee his safety. Premier Clemenceau effectively broke up what was meant to be a gi-

gantic Socialist demonstration in Archibald R. Eldridge, assistant chief engineer of the Burlington Railroad, killed himself at Chicago while

cleaning a revolver. The police authorities of Paris acknowledged that their force is not large enough to deal with the criminals that are just now infesting the poorer districts of the city.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Marconi has been converted to Spiritualism. Rudyard Kipling's uncle, the Rev. F. W. Macdonald, is making a first appearance as a writer.

King Leopold of Belgium is prominent shareholder in some of the largest hotels in Europe. William J. Bryan has eighty-six

engagements to lecture the coming summer at \$500 a lecture. False reports that J. P. Morgan was seriously ill revealed the fact that he has practically retired from

business.

It is said in London that Lord Curzon might have been the head of the British Legation in Washington had he so willed.

Secretary Taft is not a rich man and he tries hard to live on his \$8000 a year. His smallest annual bill thus far is said to have been \$15,000.

Senor Enrique Creel, the newly

appointed Mexican Ambassador to Washington, is a multi-millionaire, the son of a Kentucky lather and Meican mother. President Roosevelt has been notified that France has conferred the

Legion of Honor decoration upon Professor Brander Matthews, of Columbia University. It is said that there is only one member of the present Cabinet who easily lives within his salary-Secre-

tary James Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture. The German Ambassador at Washinston, Baron Speck von Sternberg. has had his salary increased \$4000 a year on account of the increased

cost of living in the United States. Alabama's new Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, B. B. Comer and H. B. Gray, are Birmingham neighbors. The following bills passed third | They live on the same street and within a few doors of each other.

They are also close friends in politics, I probably lose many more.

London's "Universal Provider" Murdered in His Store.

Killed by a Man Calling Himself His Son. Who Afterward Turned Revolver on Himself.

London .- William Whiteley, known as "The Universal Provider," who established the great department store in Westbourne Grove, the first of its kind in London, was shot dead by an unidentified man, who afterward attempted to commit suicide.

Mr. Whiteley was in his store when the man, who was well dressed, entered and insisted on seeing him. The two men had a heated interview. which ended by Mr. Whiteley threatening to call the police. As he turned to re-enter his office his assailant fired twice from a revolver into the back of Mr. Whiteley's head and then shot himself in the forehead. falling across his victim's body.

The store was full of customers. who were thrown into a panic. The police had some trouble in restoring order. They cleared the place and closed the doors. The murderer is about thirty-five

years old. He gives the name of Cecil Whiteley. He is now lying in a hospital in a hopeless condition. When asked about the affair he said: "I shot my father." Two sons of Mr. Whiteley who

have seen the murderer declare that

they do not know him, and he is a stranger to the entire Whiteley fam-William Whiteley, by birth a York-shireman, has been for years one of the most prominent merchants in London. The Whiteley store is one of the recognized show places of

Great Britain's capital. Whiteley is said to have been the originator of the department store idea. In his own vast establishment almost every conceivable sort of article could be purchased. He was dubbed in fun "The Universal Provider," and came very near to meriting the sobriquet. His employes num-

bered many hundreds. In 1851 Whiteley went to London with \$50 as his sole wealth. He worked a while in a store, saved his money and, borrowing enough from his friends to make up a total capital of \$3500, he opened business in Westbourne Grove in 1863.

His only employes were two girl assistants and an errand boy. The store has grown until now William Whiteley, Ltd., has a capital of more than \$4,500,000. The elder Whiteley was president, and his son, William, Jr., is secretary of the company. The London police have identified

Horace George Rayner. The doctors think that the assassin will recover.

the murderer of William Whiteley as

GEN. RUSSELL A. ALGER DEAD. He Expires Suddenly at His Home in Washington.

Washington, D. C .- General Russell A. Alger, United States Senator from Michigan, died suddenly at his residence here.

Senator Russell A. Alger was a soldier and a very successful business man as well as a statesman. He was born poor and had to work his way along while getting an education, but he afterward made millions out of the timber lands of Michigan which he acquired at the close of the Civil

Mr. Alger was born in Medina County, Ohio, on February 27, 1826. and he was compelled to begin the struggle for existence at a very early age. His father died when he was ten years old, and the lad went to work on a farm to help support his mother. For seven years he worked about in the fields in summer and in winter got whatever schooling he could, with a view to becoming a teacher. At nineteen he succeeded in this ambition and secured a district school in Northern Ohio. While he was teaching he read law between times in the office of Wolcott & Upsord, of Akron, and after he was admitted to the bar he went into the office of Coffinbury & Otis, at Claveland. Six months later he went to Michigan and began to practice at Grand Rapids.

STEEL TRUST BUYS LAND.

Buys 2500 Acres in Gary For Its In-

dustrial City Site. Chicago.-The United States Steel Corporation has just closed the purchase of 2500 acres of land in the new town of Gary, comprising the remainder of the Packer tract, for \$3,000,000. Its acquirement gives the company 8000 acres upon which to build its industrial city, which, when completed, it is now believed. will represent an investment of \$75,-

000,000. The company, it is said, may bring in the belt road, elevating it over the surface tracks, and also the Indiana Harbor Railroad. The Calumet River, which runs in a tortuous course, is to be straightened, and other extensive public works undertaken, including a harbor for which Congress will be asked for an appropriation.

Panama Canal Bid Rejected. The bid of Oliver & Bangs for construction of the Panama Canal was rejected at a White House conference. and there is said to be a probability that the Government may decide to do the work itself.

Asked 99-Year Sentence; Got It. William Reeves, of St. Louis, Mo., charged with killing Ira Chapman. refused to accept a sentence of twenty-five years' imprisonment, saying he wanted a sentence of ninety-nine

Socialists Lose in Germany. . As a result of the elections in Germany it is estimated that the Socialists have lost sixteen state in the Reichstag and on seco I ballots will

years. He got it.