

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

- For President, WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska. For Vice-President, JOHN W. KERN, of Indiana. For Governor, W. W. KITCHIN, of Person. For Lieutenant-Governor, W. C. NEWLAND, of Caldwell. For Secretary of State, J. BRYAN GRIMES, of Pitt. For Treasurer, B. R. LACY, of Wake. For Auditor, B. F. DIXON, of Cleveland. For Attorney-General, T. W. BICKETT, of Franklin. For Superintendent of Education, J. Y. JOYNER, of Guilford. For Insurance Commissioner, J. R. YOUNG, of Vance. For Commissioner of Agriculture, W. A. GRAHAM, of Lincoln. For Commissioner of Labor & Printing, M. L. SHIPMAN, of Henderson. For Corporation Commissioner, B. F. AYCOCK, of Wayne.

UNDER Democratic rule in this State there are fewer whiskey stills and barrooms than ever before, and there are more and better school-houses than ever before, and there are more and better churches than ever before. Will any man deny this?

More children are attending the public schools now than ever before, and the school terms are longer than ever before. Will any man deny this?

The death of Col. R. B. Creevy at Elizabeth City, on last Thursday, removes the oldest editor in the United States, as he would have been ninety-five years old next December. Until a few months ago he was remarkably well preserved both in mind and body. He was the oldest alumnus of the University of North Carolina, and was the last survivor of the Episcopal convention that was held at this place in 1838.

EVERY law pensioning Confederate soldiers in this State was passed by a Democratic Legislature. No Republican Legislature in this State ever passed any law for pensioning Confederate soldiers. On the contrary the first pension appropriation for only \$30,000, passed in 1885, was opposed by nearly every Republican member. And yet some Republicans have the cheek to say that their party is a better friend to the Confederate soldier than the Democratic party!

THE welcome and reception given last week to our battleship fleet by the Japanese government and people should banish all fears of war with that nation, and will no doubt cement more closely the friendly ties heretofore binding the two countries. In all the long cruise around the world nowhere has our fleet been more cordially received. The visit of this fleet to Japan is very different from the visit of an American fleet under Commodore Perry in 1852, and the two fleets are far different in equipment!

THE Democratic party has eliminated the negro from politics in this State notwithstanding the bitter opposition of the Republicans, and yet some Republicans are now boasting of their party being respectable enough for decent Democrats to join!

Many Republicans, who opposed the suffrage amendment, now say they are glad it was adopted. If they are sincere they ought to thank the Democrats for it and be willing to help keep the negro out of politics, instead of approving their national platform which condemns our suffrage amendment and declares for a more rigid enforcement of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments!

Which party has done more for the cause of education in this State?

Which party has done more for the Confederate soldiers in this State?

Which party has done more for the insane in this State?

Which party has given our State the best government?

The above questions are respectfully submitted to all honest voters for them to answer at the polls next Tuesday.

THERE will be five ballot boxes next Tuesday at every voting place as follows:

- 1. One for Presidential electors. 2. One for all State Officers. 3. One for Representative in Congress. 4. One for county officers and members of Legislature. 5. One for township officers.

Let every voter be sure that he deposits all five ballots and that every one is a straight Democratic ticket!

BRYAN may not be elected, although his prospects are most favorable, but if he is not elected one thing is certain, he has given the Republicans the worse scare of their lives.

Republican speakers are this week straining every effort, even if the members of the Cabinet entering actively into the campaign and making speeches day and night, trying to stem the tide that is now running so favorably to Bryan.

THAT was a unique and notable function at Raleigh on last Saturday, when was unveiled with appropriate exercises a bronze tablet to commemorate the famous "Edenton tea party." This tablet was placed in one of the niches in the rotunda of the capitol by the Daughters of the Revolution, a most appropriate address of presentation being made by Mrs. E. E. Moffitt, the regent or head of that order in this State. Eloquent addresses were also made by Chief Justice Clark and Lieutenant-Governor Winston.

The "Edenton tea party" was the occasion when, on the 25th of October, 1774, fifty-one ladies of Edenton signed a paper writing pledging themselves not to use or wear any imported dresses until the odious stamp tax was repealed, and it was eminently right and proper that such an act of patriotism should be thus commemorated.

SOME of the Republicans profess that they are glad that our suffrage amendment was adopted, although they bitterly opposed its adoption, and yet they endorse their party's platforms, both State and national, which condemn our suffrage amendment!

We have heretofore published, and commented on, the plank of the national Republican platform, which condemns our suffrage amendment, but we herewith print it again, as follows:

"We declare once more, and without reservation, for the enforcement in letter and spirit of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution, which were designed for the protection and advancement of the NEGRO, and we CONDEMN all devices that have for their real aim his DISFRANCHISEMENT."

But some Republicans, when pressed to the wall with the above plank of their platform, say that this is only a part of their national platform and is not a part of their State platform. This, however, is not true, for their State platform expressly endorses it in its first plank, which is in these words:

"We endorse the principles and policies of the Republican Party as enunciated in its platform at Chicago June 16, 1908."

Notwithstanding the professions of these Republican speakers and papers that they are glad of the disfranchisement of the negro, they would gladly give him the ballot again if they could, and their platforms expressly so declare!

With such plain declarations in the Republican platform condemning the disfranchisement of the negro, are the white men of North Carolina willing to place the Republican party again in power in this State and give that party a chance of again giving the ballot to the negro?

Answer with your vote next Tuesday!

If Marion Butler is to be believed ex-Judge Spencer B. Adams is not only unworthy of being the chairman of the Republican State executive committee but ought to be in the penitentiary. Our readers will remember that Adams had sued Butler in the superior court of Guilford county for \$50,000 damages, because Butler had published a libel on him, charging him with having been bribed when a judge in the Indian Territory. On last Monday Butler filed his answer to Adams' complaint, in which he insists that Adams was bribed and was guilty of gross corruption when acting as a judge. Butler in his sworn answer not only does not retract anything he had published about Adams, but he swears that it is all true and seems confident of proving it at the trial.

Now, is not this a sweet mess! Here is presented the spectacle of the most adroit Republican leader in this State swearing that the chairman of the Republican State committee, and the head of that party, has been guilty of bribery and corruption when acting as a judge! And yet with the head of their party charged with such a crime the Republicans say that their party has at last become respectable enough in this State for Democrats to join it!

The truth of history should be preserved. The Republican speakers and papers have persisted in saying that cotton was lower in price during Cleveland's administration than at any other time since the war, and they predict that the price will be low again if Bryan is elected. This persistent statement is not true, and it is a matter of record, that cannot be disputed, that during Cleveland's administration cotton averaged a higher price than during McKinley's administration!

Hon. Fred. A. Woodard, of Wilson, has recently published a statement as to the price of cotton that should be remembered by every person who wishes to know the truth about this matter. We copy from his statement the following:

"Upon examining the prices of cotton from the year 1893 to 1900, inclusive, I find that the New York prices for these years cover the administrations of Cleveland and McKinley.

"Cleveland was inaugurated March 4, 1893. The highest price reached by cotton during the year was 9 and fifteen-sixteenths cents per pound; the lowest price was 7 and one-fourth cents per pound. In 1894 the highest price was 8 and five-tenths, the lowest was 5 and nine-sixteenths. In 1895 the highest price was 9 and three-eighths, the lowest was 5 and nine-sixteenths. In 1896 the highest price was 8 and seven-eighths, the lowest was 7 and one-sixteenth.

"McKinley was inaugurated March 4, 1897. The highest price reached by cotton for that year was 8 1/4 cents per pound, the lowest was 5 and thirteen-sixteenths. In 1898 the highest price was 9 and nine-sixteenths, the lowest was 5 and five-sixteenths. In 1899 the highest price was 7 and thirteen-sixteenths, the lowest was 5 7/8. In 1900 the highest price was 11, the lowest was 7 and eight sixteenths.

"It will thus be seen that cotton reached its lowest price during the years 1898 and 1899 of McKinley's administration. Taking the average price during the administration of Cleveland and McKinley, we find that for the year 1893, the first year of Cleveland's administration, cotton averaged 8 2/3 cents per pound. The first year of McKinley's administration cotton averaged 6 15/16 cents per pound.

"In 1894, the second year of Cleveland's administration, cotton averaged 6 15/16 cents per pound. The second year of McKinley's administration, cotton averaged 5 15/16 cents per pound.

"The third year of Cleveland's administration cotton averaged 7 23/32 cents per pound. The third year of McKinley's administration cotton averaged 6 27/32 cents per pound.

"The fourth year of Cleveland's administration cotton averaged 8 1/8 cents per pound. The last year of McKinley's administration cotton averaged 9 1/4 cents per pound.

"It will thus be seen that cotton averaged during Cleveland's administration 7 6/7 cents per pound, and during McKinley's administration 7 1/16 cents per pound.

"The lowest average price cotton has ever sold at since any record has been kept of its price was during the three first years of McKinley's administration.

"The prices referred to were New York prices. North Carolina prices were at least one half to three-fourths of a cent less than the New York prices."

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.

That President Roosevelt would quit the White House to toil about Oyster Bay doing nothing no one has predicted but the interest of the people have taken in the future career is expressed in the almost daily reports of some new enterprise in which he is to engage in. The latest is to the effect that after his return from Africa he will become associated with Dr. Lyman Abbott in the publication of the Outlook. So far the rumor has not been denied by the expert denier Mr. Loeb, and it is possible that it has some foundation in fact. No doubt the President will continue to desire an audience only a little less than the public desires to hear from him but it is problematical if he will find work on any magazine sufficient to occupy his time and vigor. The advertising that the Outlook gets from the report is no doubt beneficial to that journal and it is probable that it will eventually have contributions from him but the idea of the President battling with the printer's devil and reading the manuscripts of poems on Spring and other ambitious topics is not in accord with the popular conception of his tastes and abilities. President Cleveland, it was said, felt an intense reaction from the arduous political life he led after his retirement and in his own correspondence he lamented the inability to take an interest in the small affairs of life saying that he felt like a steam engine hitched to a mill wagon when he had to concern himself with them. How much more will Roosevelt feel the change, leaving it after such a strenuous career and still in the prime of life and ambition! It is probable that it is the recognition of this psychological state that has determined him to break the fall by a hunting trip to Africa where in the jungle he will work off some of the energy that has for such long period been expended on Congress and the many reforms he has undertaken. To many of his friends during the last year he has declared that he did not know what he should do when he "lost his job" but as he is not the man to sit down and weep for more worlds to conquer he will be apt to do the things which come to hand and to continue to do more of them than any man we know anything about. It may be that the accounts of his trip which he has already agreed to supply Scribner's and later political articles for the Outlook are simply his way of "marking time" until some thing more important turns up for him to do.

There is no lack of local politics in Washington during these remaining pre-election days. As all the world knows we have an "ideal" system of government in the District of Columbia there is no suffrage here. If a resident of the city wants to vote he must by fiction have a domicile in some state or territory and so there to deposit his unique and delicate ballot. The citizen of Washington is a disfranchised resident merely. Nevertheless Mr. McFarland, the chairman of the three commissioners who rule the District, told us this is an ideal government, hath told the world so in Chatiquas addresses and MacFarland is a plausible man. But in spite of this assurance to the people of the District are getting tired of this ideal "sauntily faultless, icily regular, splendidly null" government and are clamoring for a change. The government is by a triumvirate presumably one democratic one republican and an army officer called the Engineer Commissioner. These Gentlemen are often at loggerheads and are frequently shifting the responsibility from one to another, resulting in much tergiversation and indecision.

The agitation at the national capital over the work of making more safe the public schools from fire and other dangers would be of little more than local importance were it not that it is being repeated in nearly every city of the country. The great school fire in Cleveland last winter in which so many little children were sacrificed to the stupidity and carelessness of the school authorities gave the first impetus to this movement which like so many others in this country is being carried to excess in many sections.

The Republican State committee seem to have plenty of money to use in this State. They paid \$367.50 for a special train to carry Tom Settle from Asheville to Durham one day last week in order that he might fill an appointment to speak at Durham.

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and TORPID LIVER.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, causing them to perform their natural functions as in youth and

IMPARTING VIGOR to the kidneys, bladder and LIVER. They are adapted to old and young.

BOYLAN-PEARCE COMPANY BOYLAN-PEARCE COMPANY

The New Fall and Winter Suits.

Ladies' and Misses' Coats and Jackets, New Styles in Millinery, Carpets of all Kinds, Art Squares and Rugs.

The New Fall Styles

The Newest Directoire Suits and Sheath Gowns, Reception and Evening Costumes, Tailor-Made Business Suits for Women in an unlimited choice of Style, Material and Colorings.

Broadcloth Suits, elaborately trimmed in Blue, Brown, Black and Green..... \$35.00 to \$65.00

Plain and Fancy Mixed Weaves; new Fall Materials and Styles— \$18.50 to \$32.50.

Silk Dresses, Directoire and Sheath Effects.... \$15.00, \$22.00 and \$25.

Warm Woolen Suits for School Girls—12 to 18 years... \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50

Long Coats and Jackets.

We are making a most comprehensive showing of Wraps of all kinds and at all prices.

Ladies' Long Coats for Street or Evening wear, from \$12.50 to \$25.00

Misses' School Coats..... \$5.00 to \$12.00

Misses' and Children's Bear Skin and Caracul Coats.

These in all prices and colors, and for all ages, from infancy to womanhood

Infants' Bear Skin Coats.....\$2.00, \$3.00 and \$5.00

Children's Caracul Coats..... \$4.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50

Misses' Cloth, Kersey and Plush Coats..... \$8.00, \$10.00 and \$12.00

Ladies' Hats are Little Larger.

There's a good artistic reason for every Hat that's correct style. Long slender costume lines demand large hats. Some you think immense until you put them on with the costume for which they are intended—then they'll prove their absolute artistic correctness.

The "Champlin Hat" is a Directoire Model of Mirrored Velvet, faced with cloth of gold, Jet ornament, Long Ostrich Plume, \$40.00

The "Phillips Hat," Saphire Velvet, mounted with large velvet Lily, Jet bands with a sheath of Ostrich Feathers..... \$59.00

Small Hats, Turban Shapes, trimmed in Pocahontas bands, \$10.00 to \$20.00.

New Styles Carpets and Rugs.

Administer, Lowell, Velvet, Body Brussels, Ingrains and Matting.

New Art Squares, Rugs, Cork Linoleums, Oil Cloths and Door Mats.

All orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Our Mr. T. C. Denson will be pleased to serve his many friends in Chatham.

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Gents' Clothiers and Furnishings. New Models in Men's Fine Clothes.

Now showing the new styles for men and youths.

Our Chatham customers are invited to make our store headquarters Whenever they visit RALEIGH, and our Mr. J. T. Bland will always be glad to serve his former countymen.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.— Having qualified as administratrix of W. Manson Johnson, deceased, this is to notify all persons holding claims against his estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of September, 1908, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This September 15th, 1908. MRS. JERUSA ANN JOHNSON. H. A. London & Son, Attorneys.

Improved Passenger Service Via Southern Railway.

Effective Sept. 6th, the Southern Railway will inaugurate through Pullman car service between Raleigh, N. C., and Atlanta, Ga. This sleeper will be handled on train 139, which leaves Raleigh at 4:05 p. m. and on train 43 from Greensboro, arriving at Atlanta at 6:25 a. m. Northbound on train 44, which leaves Atlanta 9:25 p. m., arriving at Raleigh 12:30 noon, following day. Train 43 connects at Salisbury with train 35 for Asheville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Memphis, Cincinnati, Chicago and other points.

For Pullman reservations, call on or write to W. H. McGlavery, P. & T. A., Raleigh, or R. H. DeButts, P. & T. A., Greensboro.

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The Direct Line to All Points.

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No Trouble to Answer Questions

Coffins and Caskets

A full stock of Coffins and Caskets always on hand and sold at all prices. All kinds and sizes.

B. Nooe, Pittsboro, N. C. Jan. 1, 1908.

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